

The Distribution of Crisis Credit: Effects on Firm Indebtedness and Aggregate Risk^a

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^aThe views and opinions expressed are those of the authors alone and do not necessarily reflect those of the Central Bank of Chile, the Financial Market Commission of Chile (CMF), or the World Bank.

Motivation

- During crises, governments seek to help firms to survive by providing “crisis credit”
 - Popular example from COVID-19: Public credit guarantees implemented through banks
- These programs often face a standard trade-off between micro credit access and macro risks
 - They seek to create incentives and conditions to support many viable firms in need
 - \Rightarrow Potential adverse selection \Rightarrow Potential high indebtedness, debt overhang, and macro risks
- What is the impact of the distribution of crisis credit on micro indebtedness and macro risks?
 1. How does credit (suddenly available) get allocated across the full range of firms?
 2. How do incentives and economic environment influence demand, supply, and equilibrium allocation?
 3. How does micro-level indebtedness get aggregated, affecting macro risks?
- Study credit guarantee program in Chile during COVID-19 (a.k.a. *FOGAPE-COVID* in Chile)
 - Policy coverage: 24% of eligible firms and 4.6% of GDP (formal firms: 3.6% of GDP)

This Paper (and Talk)

■ Policy and data [► Details](#)

- Administrative financial and real microdata for universe of formal firms, banks, and transactions
- Unique financial data on firms' applications and banks' approvals for credit guarantee program
- Comparison with employment protection program

■ Micro credit allocation

- Applications and approvals to study the role of demand and supply
- Impact of credit program on firm leverage and credit flows
- Assess the causality of the credit program and pandemic (dynamic lockdowns, RDD)

■ Macro risk assessment

- Empirically: Via aggregation of micro data and impact on risk of banks and the government
- Quantitatively: Via counterfactual model simulations

■ Robustness analyses

■ Conclusions

Policy

Institutional Details of the Public Credit Guarantee Program

- Expand credit guarantee program: Fiscal injection of US\$3 billion (1.1% of GDP)
- Starts April 24, 2020
- Goal: Finance working capital up to 3 months of pre-pandemic sales
- Basic eligibility: Pre-pandemic sales < US\$35 million
- Attractive conditions for firms
 - Nominal interest rate cap: Monetary policy rate (0.5%) + inflation target (3%)
 - 6-month grace period + payment horizon of 24-48 months
 - Loan could not to be used to repay pre-existing debt, which needs to be restructured
- Some details on mitigating factors of policy design
 - Past due days < 30
 - Guarantee rate: 85% for small, 80% for medium, 70% for medium-large, and 60% for large firms
 - Deductible: 5% for small, 3.5% for medium, 2.5% for medium-large, and 2.5% for large firms

Micro Credit Allocation

$$\text{Banked Firms : } \Pr(\text{Program Use}_i = 1) = \Phi(\alpha_s + \alpha_c + \beta_1 \text{Risk}_i + \beta_2 X_i + \epsilon_i)$$

(1)

	Public Credit Guarantee				Employment Protection
	Applications (1)	Approvals (2)	Use (3)	Use (4)	Use (5)
Risk	0.538*** (0.035)	-0.257*** (0.021)	0.337*** (0.034)	0.147*** (0.033)	-0.016 (0.022)
Increase in Sales Dummy	0.186*** (0.008)	0.019*** (0.006)	0.195*** (0.008)	0.210*** (0.008)	0.053*** (0.007)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	0.188*** (0.007)	0.019*** (0.006)	0.193*** (0.008)	0.211*** (0.008)	0.112*** (0.006)
Use Employment Protection	0.117*** (0.005)	-0.010*** (0.004)	0.095*** (0.005)	0.095*** (0.005)	
Use Public Credit Guarantee					0.056*** (0.003)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.649	0.918	0.505	0.483	0.185
Dependent Variable Std. Dev.	0.477	0.275	0.500	0.500	0.389
Number of Firms	62,848	35,918	62,871	67,240	62,102
R ²	0.061	0.033	0.045	0.043	0.081
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sample	Eligible	Eligible	Eligible	Selection Model	Eligible

Intensive Margin: Demand Stronger Only in Guaranteed Credit

$$\text{Credit Guarantee Users Sample : } \frac{\Delta Debt_i}{Sales_{i,2019}} = \alpha_s + \alpha_c + \beta_1 Risk_i + \beta_2 X_i + \epsilon_i \quad (2)$$

	Δ Guaranteed Debt / Sales 2019		Δ Non-guaranteed Debt / Sales 2019	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Banked	Unbanked	Banked	Unbanked
Risk	0.095*** (0.007)	0.171*** (0.019)	-0.065*** (0.011)	-0.020 (0.014)
Increase in Sales Dummy	-0.003 (0.002)	0.010** (0.004)	0.007** (0.004)	0.006** (0.003)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	-0.007*** (0.002)	0.004 (0.004)	0.004 (0.004)	0.004 (0.003)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.138	0.116	-0.013	0.015
Dependent Variable. Std. Dev.	0.076	0.079	0.128	0.062
Number of Firms	31,782	9,119	31,782	9,119
R ²	0.033	0.091	0.029	0.066
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

► Eligible Sample

Macro Risk Assessment

Indebtedness Decomposition: From Micro to Macro Debt-to-Sales Ratio

- Consider a partition G of firms into groups indexed by g (e.g., risk levels ► Other Groupings):

$$\sum_{g \in G} \underbrace{\left(\underbrace{\frac{D_{gt} - D_{gt-1}}{Y_{gt-1}}}_{\text{Within Change}} \underbrace{\omega_{gt-1}}_{\text{Weights}} \right)}_{\text{Group Change}} = \underbrace{\frac{\Delta D_t}{Y_{t-1}}}_{\text{Aggregate Change}} \quad (3)$$

	$\Delta \text{Debt/Sales}$		$\Delta \text{Debt/Sales}$
	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Within Change (p.p.)	Weights (%)	Group Change (p.p.) (= (1) \times (2))
Risk Groups			
High Risk	4.34	1.8	0.08
Medium Risk	3.18	4.1	0.13
Medium-Low Risk	2.26	8.4	0.19
Low Risk	-0.15	59.3	-0.09
No Risk Data	0.48	26.4	0.13
Aggregate		100.0	0.44

Expected Loss: Banks and the Government

Risk Groups	(1) Total Public Credit Guarantee Program (Million USD)	(2) Total Public Credit Guarantee Program (%)	(3) Default Probability (%)	(4) Effective Guarantee (%)	(5) Expected Loss/GDP (= (2) × (3) / GDP) (%)	(6) Government's Expected Loss/GDP (= (4) × (5)) (%)	(7) Bank's Expected Loss/GDP (= (5) - (6)) (%)
High Risk	606	8	18.17	35.8	0.04	0.01	0.03
Medium Risk	1,085	14	9.86	32.3	0.04	0.01	0.03
Medium-Low Risk	1,867	25	5.68	28.2	0.05	0.01	0.04
Low Risk	3,975	53	2.05	21.1	0.03	0.01	0.03
No Risk Data	1,489	17	18.17	35.8	0.11	0.04	0.07
Total	9,022 (3.6% GDP)	100	7.48	27.3	0.27	0.09	0.18

- Credit allocation across risk is proportional to size distribution of firms [▶ Figure](#)
- Aggregate expected loss of 0.27% of GDP, an order of magnitude lower than size of the program
- Majority (2/3) of expected loss is taken by banks, but unexpected loss is taken by government

Macroeconomic Risk and Mitigating Factors

- Despite micro adverse selection, macro risk stays relatively small due to several mitigating factors:
 1. Riskiest firms in the economy were excluded, even when program targets SMEs [▶ Risk Samples](#)
 2. Partial guarantee + deductible \Rightarrow Banks screened firms (more for large firms) [▶ Rejections](#)
 3. Deductible cushions banks from tail risk: Higher default risk \Rightarrow Higher effective guarantee [▶ Simulation](#)
 4. Most credit flows toward large and safe borrowers
 5. Low ex-ante and ex-post default risk (so far), partially due to weight of safer firms
 6. Solvency of the banking industry increases by \uparrow capital, $\downarrow \downarrow$ risk-weighted-assets (RWA) [▶ Solvency](#)
- Combination of mitigating factors by policy design (1-3) and by equilibrium outcomes (4-6)
- Policy facilitator: Central bank backs lending by banks through liquidity support [▶ Liquidity Support](#)

Robustness Analyses

- A number of robustness tests performed
 - Variations in specifications ▶ Default Model ▶ Spread
 - Different samples ▶ Unbanked Firms
 - Different aggregations ▶ Risk Sharing
- Results are not COVID-19-specific
 - Comparisons with the employment protection program
 - Effect of firm performance since the onset of the pandemic (sales change)
 - Effect of lockdown policies ▶ Maps ▶ RD Results ▶ RD Sales
- Model simulations: Counterfactual roles of policy ingredients

Conclusions

Conclusions

- Despite a large credit program that reaches many firms in a couple of months and features micro adverse selection (extensive and intensive margins), macro risks remain contained
 - Due to mitigating factors by policy design and by equilibrium outcome
 - Identification of micro elasticities and aggregate macro outcomes only possible due to rich financial+real admin data
- The crisis is not over yet
 - Default rates could end up being larger, though banks are cushioned by deductible and guarantees
 - Necessary to continue to monitor these risks as the recovery moves forward
- Results feed into academic and policy debate on trade-off between financial access and macro risks

Thank you!

	(1) Number of Firms	(2) Share of Total Number of Firms (%)	(3) Share of Employment (%)	(4) Credit Stock (%)	(5) Share of Value Added (%)
<i>Panel A: Universe of Firms</i>					
Formal Firms	602,874	100	100	100	100
Active Firms	449,615	75	92	82	100
Public Credit Guarantee Eligible Firms	434,394				
Public Credit Guarantee Users	102,688				
<i>Panel B: Firms with Observables for Firm-Level Estimations</i>					
Default Model	96,424	16	61	51	67
Selection and Leverage Model	119,153	18	50	44	74
Banked Firms	67,240				
Unbanked Firms	51,913				
Public Credit Guarantee Eligible Firms	114,606	17	35	21	19
Banked Firms	62,927				
Unbanked Firms	51,679				
Public Credit Guarantee Users	40,901	6	14	9	7
Banked Firms	31,782				
Unbanked Firms	9,119				

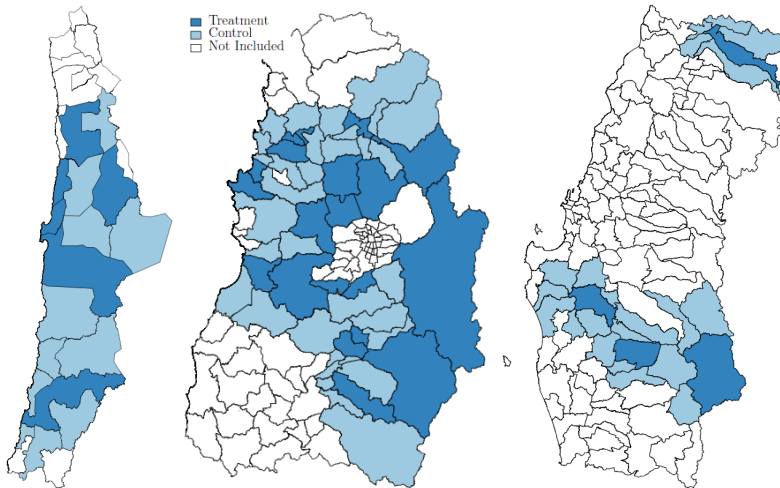
$$\text{Baseline Sample : } \Pr(\text{Default}_{i,t} = 1) = \Phi(\alpha_s + \alpha_c + \beta \text{Characteristics}_{i,t-1} + u_{i,t}) \quad (4)$$

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Log(Net Worth)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)
Log(Value Added / Number of Workers)	-0.021*** (0.001)	-0.020*** (0.001)	-0.018*** (0.001)	-0.018*** (0.001)	-0.019*** (0.001)	-0.019*** (0.001)	-0.017*** (0.001)	-0.017*** (0.001)
Firm Age	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)
Log(Wage Bill)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)
Log(Annual Sales)	0.007*** (0.001)	0.006*** (0.001)	0.002** (0.001)	0.002*** (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	-0.000 (0.001)	-0.003*** (0.001)	-0.003*** (0.001)
Log(Credit Stock)					0.013*** (0.001)	0.013*** (0.001)	0.013*** (0.001)	0.013*** (0.001)
Spread Ex-ante					0.003*** (0.000)	0.003*** (0.000)	0.003*** (0.000)	0.003*** (0.000)
Number of Firms	96,424	96,424	96,424	96,424	96,424	96,424	96,424	96,424
R ²	0.051	0.061	0.064	0.073	0.095	0.103	0.104	0.112
Industry FE	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Municipality FE	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Pred. Default Prob. Banked Firms	0.088	0.088	0.088	0.088	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089
Pred. Default Prob. Unbanked Firms	0.113	0.113	0.107	0.107				

$$\text{Banked Firms} + \text{Different Samples} : \Pr(\text{Program Use}_i = 1) = \Phi(\alpha_s + \alpha_c + \beta_1 \text{Risk}_i + \beta_3 X_i + u_i) \quad (5)$$

	Used Public Credit Guarantee			
	(1) Only Eligible Firms	(2) Eligible Firms + Firms with Overdue Payment	(3) Eligible Firms + Mega Firms	(4) All Firms
Risk	0.337*** (0.034)	0.084*** (0.032)	0.412*** (0.034)	0.147*** (0.033)
Increase in Sales Dummy	0.195*** (0.008)	0.206*** (0.008)	0.193*** (0.008)	0.210*** (0.008)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	0.193*** (0.008)	0.208*** (0.008)	0.190*** (0.008)	0.211*** (0.008)
Use Employment Protection	0.095*** (0.005)	0.088*** (0.005)	0.098*** (0.005)	0.095*** (0.005)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.505	0.478	0.498	0.483
Dependent Variable Std. Dev.	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
Number of Firms	62,871	66,407	63,758	67,240
R ²	0.045	0.039	0.048	0.043
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Predicted Default Probability:				
Banked Firms	0.084	0.087	0.083	0.086

Dynamics Lockdowns and Spatial RD Design: Maps

[Return](#)

(a) Northern

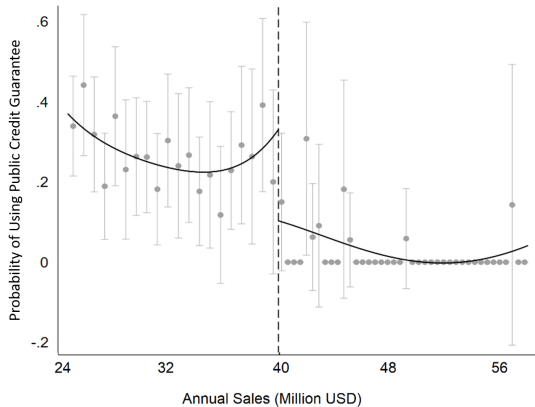
(b) Central

(c) Southern

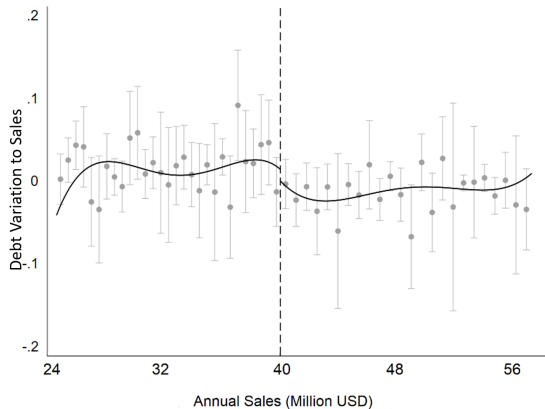
Dynamics Lockdowns and Spatial RD Design: Results [▶ Return](#)

	Public Credit Guarantee			Employment Protection
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Use Public Credit Guarantee	Public Credit Guarantee Applications	Public Credit Guarantee Approvals	Use Employment Protection
<i>Panel A: Region Fixed Effects</i>				
Post	0.025*** (0.004)	0.019*** (0.003)	0.098*** (0.005)	-0.009*** (0.001)
Lockdown	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.000 (0.004)	-0.022* (0.010)	0.022 (0.014)
Lockdown × Post	0.005 (0.003)	0.012*** (0.002)	0.008 (0.004)	0.019*** (0.000)
Number of Observations	103,932	103,932	32,238	110,439
Number of Firms	11,483	11,483	3,569	12,202
R ²	0.009	0.007	0.065	0.010
<i>Panel B: Municipality Border: Neighboring Municipalities Fixed Effects</i>				
Post	0.028*** (0.003)	0.014*** (0.003)	0.099*** (0.007)	0.002 (0.004)
Lockdown	0.090*** (0.005)	0.033*** (0.004)	-0.132*** (0.009)	0.068*** (0.003)
Lockdown × Post	0.007 (0.008)	0.024*** (0.007)	0.010 (0.015)	0.028*** (0.005)
Number of Observations	14,796	13,419	3,978	17,172
Number of Firms	1,644	1,491	442	1,908
R ²	0.013	0.013	0.075	0.012

RDD: Positive Effect of Credit Guarantee on Indebtedness

[Return](#)

(d) Use Credit Guarantee



(e) Leverage: Debt-to-Sales

Banked (Unbanked): Non-Guarantee Credit Complement (Substitute)

[Return](#)

$$\text{Eligible Sample : } \frac{\Delta Debt_i}{Sales_{i,2019}} = \alpha_s + \alpha_c + \beta_1 \text{Program Use}_i + \beta_2 \text{Sales Growth}_i + u_i \quad (6)$$

	Δ Guaranteed Debt / Sales (2019)		Δ Non-guaranteed Debt / Sales (2019)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Banked	Unbanked	Banked	Unbanked
Use Credit Guarantee	0.139*** (0.000)	0.118*** (0.001)	0.008*** (0.001)	0.011*** (0.001)
Use Employment Protection	0.001*** (0.000)	0.000* (0.000)	0.008*** (0.002)	0.001*** (0.001)
Use Employment Protection × Use Credit Guarantee	-0.003** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.002)	-0.010** (0.003)	-0.006*** (0.001)
Increase in Sales Dummy	-0.001 (0.001)	0.001** (0.000)	0.023*** (0.003)	0.002*** (0.001)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	-0.002** (0.001)	0.000 (0.000)	0.021*** (0.003)	0.002*** (0.000)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.070	0.020	-0.018	0.007
Dependent Variable Std. Dev.	0.087	0.055	0.140	0.045
Number of Firms	62,927	51,679	62,927	51,679
R ²	0.628	0.645	0.021	0.020
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

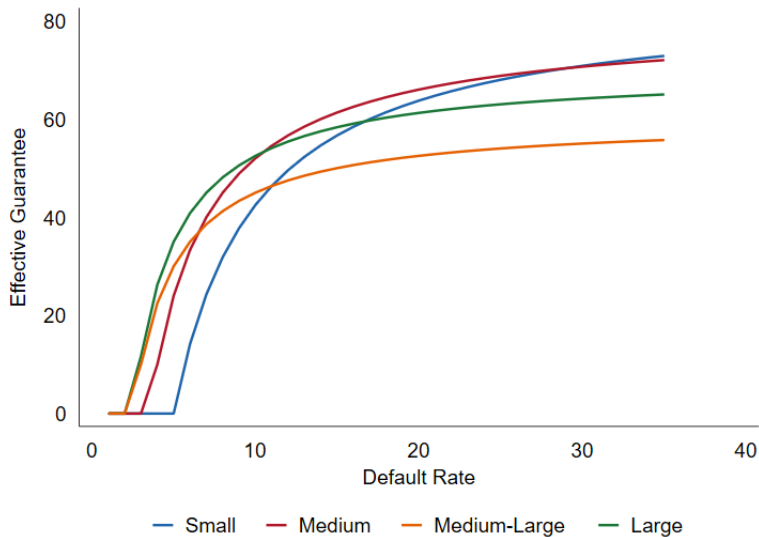
Decomposition of Macro Debt-to-Sales Ratio [▶ Return](#)

	$\Delta\text{Debt}/$ Sales		$\Delta\text{Debt}/\text{Sales}$	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Within	Weights (%)	Group Change	Group Change
	Change (p.p.)		(p.p.)	(%)
			(= (1) \times (2))	
<i>(i) Active Firms</i>				
<i>Panel A: Used Public Credit Guarantee Program</i>				
Users	9.71	13.9	1.35	100.0
Non-users	-1.06	86.1	-0.91	
Aggregate		100.0	0.44	100.0
<i>Panel B: Banked Status</i>				
Banked	0.49	85.2	0.41	52.6
Newly Banked	11.45	3.2	0.37	47.4
Newly Unbanked	-10.14	3.4	-0.35	
Unbanked Firms	0.00	8.2	0.00	
Aggregate		100.0	0.44	100.0
<i>Panel C: Firm Size</i>				
Small	5.25	8.0	0.42	44.7
Medium	4.14	7.6	0.31	33.0
Medium-Large	1.48	13.9	0.21	22.3
Large	-0.23	4.6	-0.01	
Mega	-0.75	65.9	-0.49	
Aggregate		100.0	0.44	100.0

Probability of Approval Diminishes with Firm Size [▶ Return](#)

	Public Credit Guarantee Approvals			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	All	Small	Medium	Large
<i>Panel A: Probit Estimation</i>				
Risk	-0.257*** (0.021)	-0.246*** (0.025)	-0.439*** (0.082)	-0.755*** (0.238)
Increase in Sales Dummy	0.019*** (0.006)	0.022*** (0.008)	0.008 (0.019)	-0.010 (0.035)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	0.019*** (0.006)	0.022*** (0.007)	0.005 (0.019)	0.002 (0.034)
Use Employment Protection	-0.010*** (0.004)	-0.008* (0.004)	-0.015* (0.008)	-0.026 (0.020)
Dependant Variable Mean	0.918	0.913	0.918	0.902
Dependant Variable Std. Dev.	0.275	0.282	0.275	0.298
Number of Firms	35,918	26,623	5,916	1,392
R ²	0.033	0.036	0.082	0.171
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>Panel B: Predicted Default Probability</i>				
Banked Firms	0.09	0.102	0.061	0.036

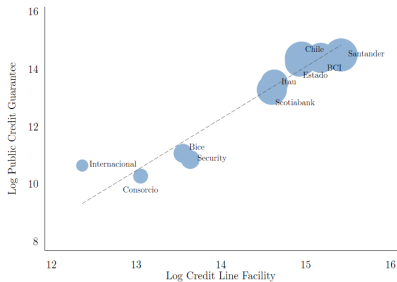
Effective Guarantee Simulation

[Return](#)

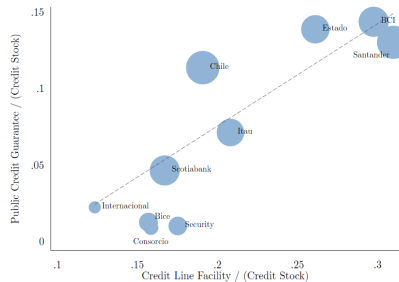
Solvency of the Banking Industry Increases During the Pandemic

[▶ Return](#)

	2019	2020	Change
Capital/Total RWA	12.8%	14.7%	1.8%
Capital (MM USD) =	37,514	41,275	3,761
Common Equity Tier 1	28,645	30,163	1,519
+ Subordinated Bonds	8,050	9,423	1,373
+ Additional Provisions	820	1,689	869
Total RWA (MM USD) =	292,292	281,554	-10,738
RWA 1 (0%)	0	0	0
+ RWA 2 (10%)	1,969	4,562	2,592
+ RWA 3 (20%)	4,867	3,849	-1,018
+ RWA 4 (60%)	66,675	68,726	2,052
+ RWA 5 (100%)	218,781	204,417	-14,364
Total Assets (Million USD) =	373,931	383,825	9,894
Assets 1	0	0	0
+ Assets 2	19,690	45,620	25,920
+ Assets 3	24,335	19,245	-5,090
+ Assets 4	111,125	114,543	3,418
+ Assets 5	218,781	204,417	-14,364



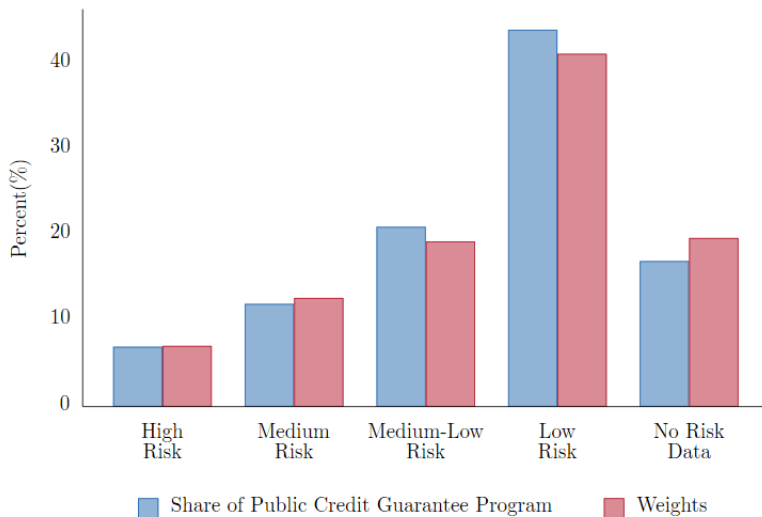
(f)



(g)

1. Credit flows and stocks from financial regulator (Financial Markets Commission, CMF), 2012-2020
 - Transaction-level loans, interest rates, credit outstanding, default behavior
2. Applications and approvals of credit guarantee loans during 2020 \Rightarrow **Unique!**
 - Transaction-level information, including loans requested, bank responses, approved amounts
3. Firm-level real and employment data from tax authority, 2005-2020
 - Sales, net worth, assets, liabilities, materials, number of workers, sector, municipality
4. Firm-level use of employment protection program (unemployment insurance administrator)
 - Samples of firms [▶ Summary Statistics](#)
 1. Formal firms \Rightarrow 602,874 firms
 2. Active: Formal Firms + positive sales \Rightarrow 449,615 firms (92% of employment, 82% of credit)
 3. Selection and Leverage Models: Active + observables \Rightarrow 119,153 firms
 4. Eligible: Selection and Leverage Models + sales < US\$35 MM + past due days < 30 \Rightarrow 114,606 firms

Allocation of Crisis Credit and Firm Size

[▶ Return](#)

Default Probability Model: Different Regressors and Samples

[► Return](#)

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<i>Panel A: Probit Estimation</i>								
Log(Net Worth)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.010*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)
Log(Value Added/Number of Workers)	-0.018*** (0.001)	-0.017*** (0.001)	-0.015*** (0.001)	-0.014*** (0.001)	-0.018*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.017*** (0.001)	-0.016*** (0.001)
Firm Age	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.003*** (0.000)
Log(Wage Bill)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.004*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)
Log(Annual Sales)	0.002*** (0.001)	-0.003*** (0.001)	0.005*** (0.001)	-0.003*** (0.001)	0.002** (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.007*** (0.001)	0.002** (0.001)
Log(Credit Stock)		0.013*** (0.001)		0.012*** (0.001)		0.010*** (0.001)		0.012*** (0.001)
Spread Ex-Ante		0.003*** (0.000)				0.001*** (0.000)		0.003*** (0.000)
Spread 2018				0.004*** (0.000)				
Default Probability						0.226*** (0.002)		
Sales Variation							-0.040*** (0.002)	-0.034*** (0.002)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.088	0.088	0.080	0.080	0.089	0.089	0.090	0.090
Dependent Variable Std. Dev.	0.284	0.284	0.271	0.271	0.284	0.284	0.286	0.286
Number of Firms	96,424	96,424	69,317	69,317	95,928	95,928	92,802	92,802
R ²	0.073	0.112	0.068	0.117	0.073	0.284	0.092	0.124
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>Panel B: Predicted Default Probability</i>								
Banked Firms	0.088	0.089	0.079	0.079	0.089	0.089	0.090	0.091
Unbanked Firms	0.107		0.091		0.108		0.097	

Probability of Firms Using Public Programs: Including Unbanked Firms

[Return](#)

	Public Credit Guarantee			Employment Protection
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Applications	Approvals	Use	Use Employment
Unbanked Firms Risk	0.395*** (0.040)	-0.291*** (0.039)	0.302*** (0.040)	-0.049 (0.030)
Banked Firms Risk	0.543*** (0.033)	-0.265*** (0.022)	0.308*** (0.028)	-0.024 (0.020)
Banked	0.313*** (0.005)	0.022*** (0.005)	0.299*** (0.005)	0.022*** (0.004)
Increase in Sales Dummy	0.165*** (0.005)	0.020*** (0.006)	0.157*** (0.006)	0.058*** (0.005)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	0.171*** (0.005)	0.022*** (0.006)	0.159*** (0.005)	0.111*** (0.005)
Use Employment Protection	0.109*** (0.004)	-0.008** (0.003)	0.083*** (0.004)	
Use Public Credit Guarantee				0.054*** (0.002)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.911	0.357	0.481	0.165
Dependent Variable Std. Dev.	0.285	0.479	0.500	0.371
Number of Firms	47,630	114,542	114,566	118,090
R ²	0.030	0.135	0.155	0.080
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>Predicted Default Probability</i>				
Unbanked Firms	0.094	0.104	0.094	0.093
Banked Firms	0.084	0.090	0.084	0.086

Probability of Firms Using Public Programs: Ex-Ante Spread

[▶ Return](#)

	Public Credit Guarantee			Employment Protection
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Applications	Approvals	Use	Use
Spread Ex-Ante	0.003*** (0.001)	-0.001*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.001)	-0.001 (0.000)
Increase in Sales Dummy	0.133*** (0.010)	0.015* (0.008)	0.143*** (0.011)	0.046*** (0.009)
Decrease in Sales Dummy	0.136*** (0.009)	0.015* (0.008)	0.141*** (0.011)	0.105*** (0.009)
Use Employment Protection	0.112*** (0.007)	-0.010** (0.005)	0.087*** (0.007)	
Use Public Credit Guarantee				0.054*** (0.004)
Dependent Variable Mean	0.656	0.926	0.517	0.190
Dependent Variable Std. Dev	0.475	0.262	0.500	0.393
Number of Firms	36,156	20,656	36,212	37,739
R ²	0.095	0.037	0.071	0.084
Industry FE and Municipality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>Predicted Default Probability</i>				
Banked Firms	0.059	0.064	0.059	0.060

	(1) Total Public Credit Guarantee Program (Million USD)	(2) Share of Public Credit Guarantee Program (%)	(3) Default Probability (%)	(4) Effective Guarantee (%)	(5) Expected Loss/GDP (= (2) × (3)) / GDP (%)	(6) Government's Expected Loss/GDP (= (4) × (5)) / GDP (%)	(7) Banks' Expected Loss/GDP (= (5) - (6)) (%)
<i>Firm Size</i>							
Small	2264	25	9.22	39.0	0.08	0.03	0.05
Medium	2372	27	5.97	33.0	0.06	0.02	0.04
Medium-Large	3322	37	3.45	19.0	0.05	0.01	0.04
Large	1008	11	2.49	0.0	0.01	0.00	0.01
No Sales Data	56	0	9.22	39.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total: Formal Firms	9022	100	5.47	25.6	0.20	0.06	0.14
	(3.6% GDP)						