# Exploring the Twitch Community

Social Network Analysis Project

Federico Bassi - 993443



### What is Twitch

• Streaming platform: Twitch is a platform where users can broadcast live streams (e.g. video-games streams, music broadcasts, creative contents)

• Extremely popular platform: 15 million daily active users (February 2020)

Underlying social network: users can follow each other.

# Aim of the project

- Explore the charachteristics of Twitch networks within and across countries:
  - Does Twich exhibit the charachteristics of a social network?
  - Do the networks of different countries differ?

- Identify the communities
  - Can we identify communities inside same-language-speaking newtorks?
  - How can we charachterize these communities?

# Dataset description

- Largest connected component of the Twitch social network retrieved through the public API in 2018 (snowball sampling) and divided by countries. For the purposes of this analysis, only the three biggest networks have been compared: UK, Germany, Spain.
- Filtering of nodes and edges<sup>1</sup>
  - No missing attributes
  - Mutual edges
  - Member of the largest component
- Vertex attributes:
  - Mature account (Categorical)
  - Affiliate Status (Categorical)

# **Networks Description**

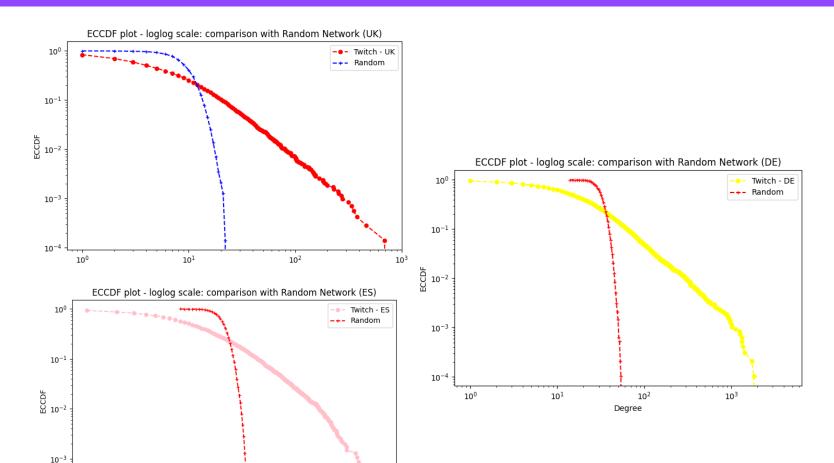
- Nodes represent Twitch users
- Edges represents mutual following relationships between users

Language	Nodes	Edges
EN	7126	35324
DE	9498	153138
ES	4648	59382

# Key network charachteristics

Language	Min degree	Max degree	Mean degree	Std deviation	Median degree	Density	Avg Shortest Path
EN	1	720	9.91	22.19	5	0.00139	4
DE	1	4259	32.25	84.80	15	0.00339	3
SP	1	1022	25.55	49.39	12	0.00549	3

# Degree distribution



10<sup>1</sup>

Degree

10<sup>2</sup>

- The quasi-linear plot of the ECCDF indicates that, differently w.r.t. a random network, the degree distribution follows a power law.
- With respect to degree distribution, Twitch seems to be a proper social network!

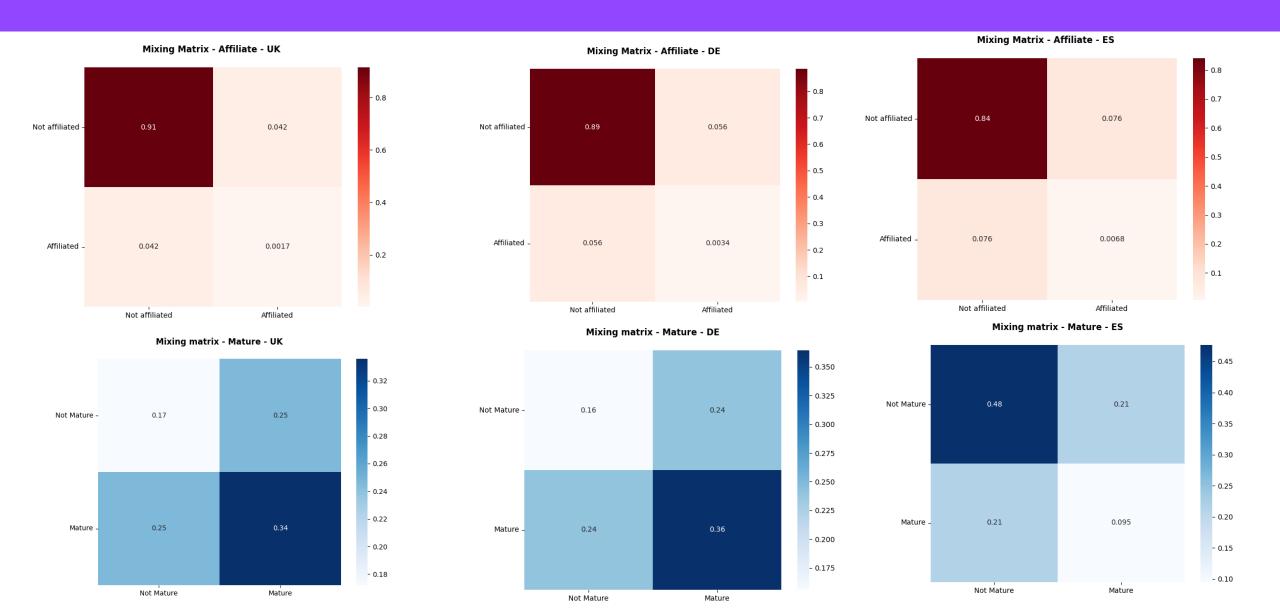
## Assortativity

Language	Degree Assortativity	Attribute assortativity - Affiliate	Attribute assortativity - Mature
EN	-0.1219	-0.0048	-0.0114
DE	-0.1152	-0.0015	-0.0032
SP	-0.1890	-0.0013	-0.0031

- Negative degree assortativity indicates that popular users are mostly connected to unpopular ones and vice versa. Atypical for social networks (FB: 0.226)<sup>2</sup>!
- Negative attribute assortativity w.r.t. affiliation and maturity attribute
- Hypothesis: popular users —who are more likely to be affiliate and mature- do not follow each other, but instead compete in the »streamers market»

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ugander, J., Karrer, B., Backstrom, L., & Marlow, C. (2011). The anatomy of the facebook social graph. arXiv preprint arXiv:1111.4503.

# Assortativity – Furher analyses

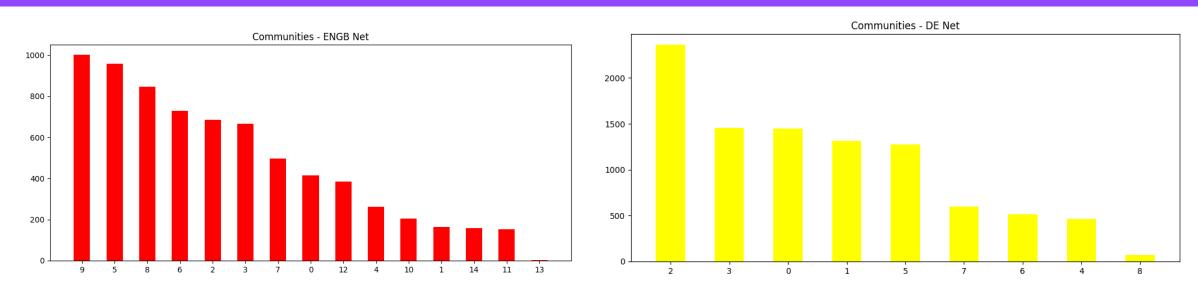


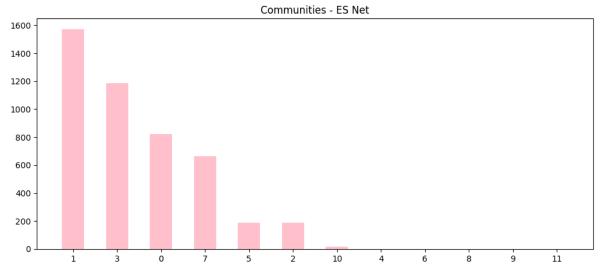
## Is Twitch a social network?

- Yes with respect to some metrics e.g. ECCDF
- No with respect to other e.g. assortativity
- Hypothesis: Twitch exhibits some charachteristics both of a social network and »information/infotainment network». People may use Twich not only as a social network, but also as a platform for entertainment and information. Similarity with Twitter<sup>3</sup>.

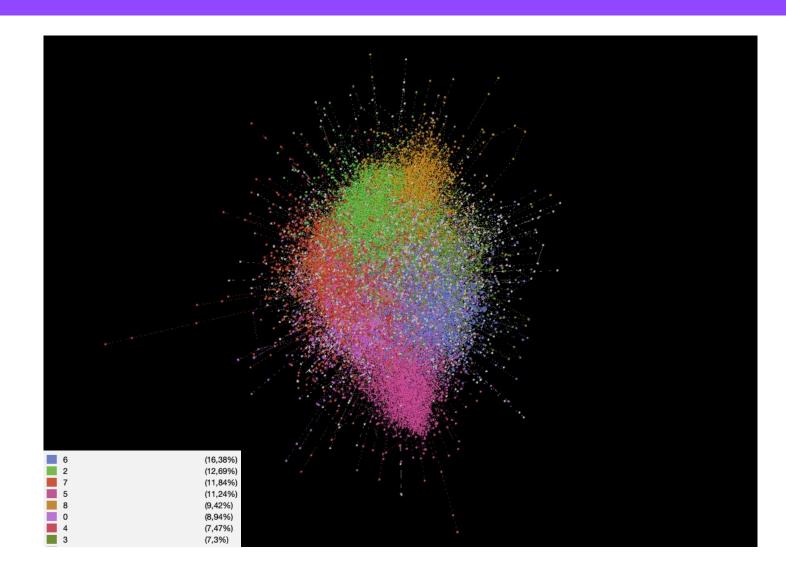
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ugander, J., Karrer, B., Backstrom, L., & Marlow, C. (2011). The anatomy of the facebook social graph. arXiv preprint arXiv:1111.4503.

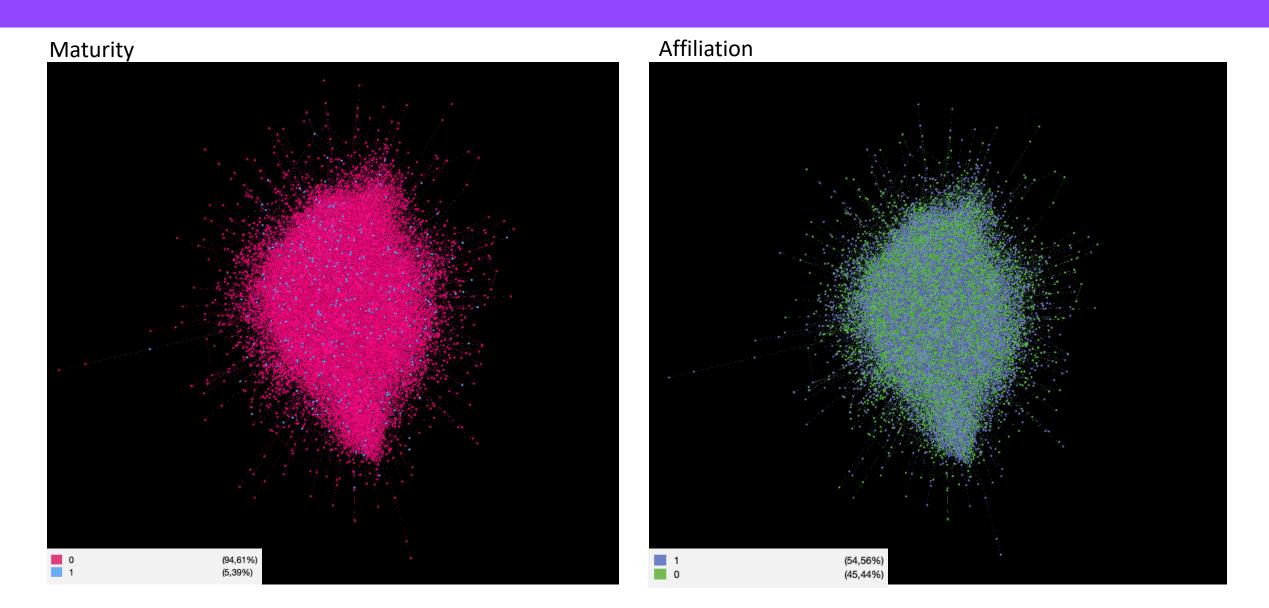
# Community Detection – Louvain Algorithm





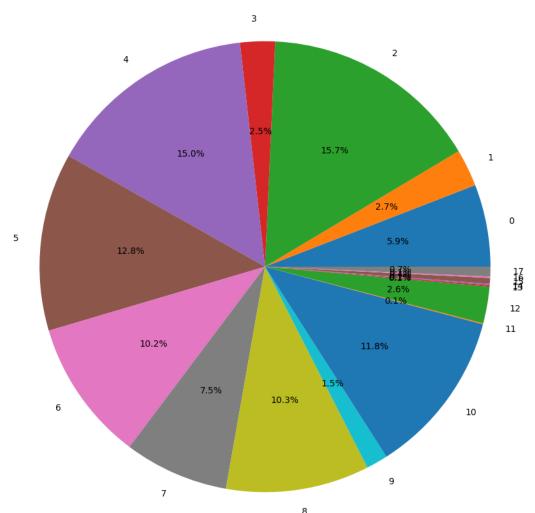
- 18 communities detected by the Louvain algorithm
- 7 large communities (>500 nodes)
- 4 medium-sized communities (>100 nodes)
- The other communities do not have significant size





- Both affiliate and mature users seem to be proportionally spread across the communities (see next slide)
- Hypothesis: mature users, which are more likely to become affiliate, create a community of people who follow them and watch mainly their contents or contents of similar streamers
- Communities are more likely to be centred around highly popular and affiliated streamers

#### Distribution of mature users across communities



#### Distribution of affiliate users across communities

