$(2) \chi_{mn} - rank = n$ F(G)=tr(GSG') - MIN na Imm- nouton onneg. nogun-be: GX=W WKN Gkm-? Memog Jamanna: 1= tr(626T)++/LT(6X-W) [Detr(GRGT)](N) = tr(R[De, G'](N).G. + RG;[De, G](N)) = = tr(1H'60+1260H)=tr((601+601)H") [Dtol (6x-w)](11) = tr(LTHK) = tr(LXTHT) - youdene min, m.k. F(G) - wagnal, onpaner. course. V6.L = 6. 1 + G. 1 + L X = 0 (1) $G_0 = -L K^T (SL + SL^T)^{-1}$ = o framewo, m.k. kbagnanina u we bor posseglia (pazuep m.m. rank=m)Dounoscuu ne X: $(2) - L = W(X^{T}(\Sigma + \Sigma^{T})^{-1}X)^{-1}$ - ornamura, m. K. Kbagnamna (nm·mm·mn > nn) u (SL+ST)-1-m => rank = n) (1),(2) => G.= W(XT(x+xT)-1X)-1XT(x+xT)-1

(3)
$$X_{1},...,X_{n} \sim g(x) = \frac{4x^{3}}{9^{n}} I[xe[0,\theta]], \theta - ueugh. mapau.$$
 $\theta. x. 0. ght T(\theta) = \theta^{2} + \theta + 1 + \frac{1}{9} u eie a.g. -?$
 $|EX = \int_{0}^{1} x \frac{ux^{3}}{\theta^{n}} dx = \frac{u}{5} x^{5} \frac{1}{\theta^{n}}|_{x=\theta} = \frac{u}{5} : EX^{2} \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} \frac{ux^{3}}{\theta^{n}} dx = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{3}$
 $|DX = IEX^{2} - (IEX)^{2} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{3} - \frac{16\theta^{2}}{25} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75}$
 $|UX = IEX^{2} - (IEX)^{2} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{3} - \frac{16\theta^{2}}{25} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75}$
 $|UX = IEX^{2} - (IEX)^{2} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{3} - \frac{16\theta^{2}}{25} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75}$
 $|UX = IEX^{2} - (IEX)^{2} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{3} - \frac{16\theta^{2}}{25} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{75} = \frac{2\theta^{2}}{7$

$$\frac{1}{2} X_{1},...,X_{n} \sim \beta_{\alpha,\beta}(x) = \frac{1}{\alpha} e^{(\beta-x)/\alpha} I\{x > \beta\} \qquad 0 = (\alpha,\beta) - ?$$
Thereforegione:

$$L(\alpha,\beta) = \prod_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\alpha} e^{(\beta-x)/\alpha} = \frac{1}{\alpha^{n}} \exp(\frac{n\beta}{\alpha} - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_{k}}{2})$$

$$\ln L = -n \ln \lambda + \frac{n\beta}{\alpha} - \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_{k}}{2^{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow -n\lambda - n\beta + \overline{X} \cdot n = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda + \beta = \overline{X}$$

$$(\ln L)_{\alpha} = \frac{n}{\alpha} - \frac{n\beta}{\alpha^{2}} + \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n} x_{k}}{2^{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow -n\lambda - n\beta + \overline{X} \cdot n = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda + \beta = \overline{X}$$

$$(\ln L)_{\beta} = \frac{n}{\alpha} \neq 0, \text{ no gith unexc. nyelgen. } I\{x > \beta\} = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = X_{(1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta} = \overline{X} - X_{(1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta} = X_{(1)}$$
Therefore the properties of the

Jynu n = 10: $MSE_{\hat{p}} = \frac{p(1-p)}{10}$ $MSE_{\hat{p}} = \frac{6p(1-p)+1}{144}$ $MSE_{\hat{p}} = \frac{6p(1-p)+1}{144}$ $MSE_{\hat{p}} = \frac{6p(1-p)+1}{144}$ $MSE_{\hat{p}} = \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} 0,36$ where $p_0 = \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} 0,36$ $p_0 = \frac{1}{2}p_0 \stackrel{?}{=} 0,36$

6 ρ₁- περικο ρ₁+ρ₂+ρ₃= 1

$$P_1$$
- περικο P_1 +ρ₁+ρ₃= 1

 P_1 - περικο P_2 - περικο P_3 - περικο P_4 - P_4 - P_5 - P_5 - P_6 - P

$$F(k_{1},k_{2}) = F(e^{k_{1}}|k_{1}+k_{2}=b) - F(e^{k_{1}}|k_{1}+k_{2}=b)$$

Androuvers, monero cozganio premjegenenne c mi-moro p(Ka) X1+ X2).

-> Dance ugen pendenne:

1) Mainu $g(x_1, x_1 + x_2 = b)$ u $g(x_1 + x_2 = b)$, represent $g(x_1, x_1 + x_2 = b) = 2$) Tepetinu K $g(e^{k_1}, x_1 + x_2 = b)$ om $g(x_1, x_1 + x_2 = b)$. $g(x_1, x_2 + x_2 = b)$.