



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

Loading an External 3D Model

Computer Graphics 2020

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Let's get rid of the boring cubes!

In real applications the rendered models are complex models, usually represented as 3D triangular meshes with material properties:

- Texture (+uv mapping)
- Diffuse color
- Specular color



Load meshes from external files

Different file formats to represent meshes:

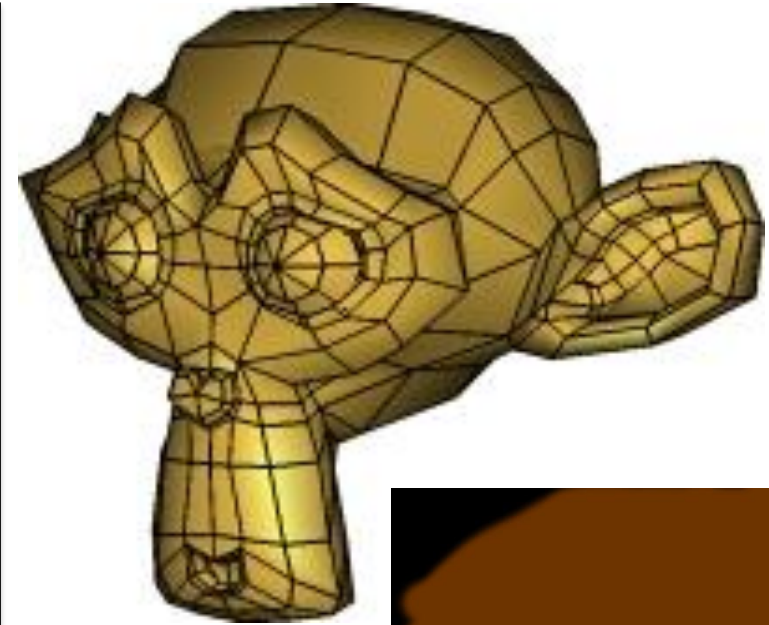
- OFF
- PLY
- STL
- ...

How to load them in our javascript code?

- Create a parser for each type of file
 - Not feasible in this course
- Use an external tool to convert them into an easily readable JSON file
- Use an external library to load .obj files

Susan JSON file

```
"meshes": [ {  
  "name": "Suzanne"  
  , "materialindex": 0  
  , "primitivetypes": 4  
  , "vertices": [ //list of coordinates of vertices  
    0.46875  
    , -0.757813  
  [...]  
  , "faces": [ //indices of the vertices composing faces  
    [  
      0  
    , 1  
    , 2  
    ]  
  [...]  
  , "texturecoords": [ //list of uv coordinates of vertices  
    [  
      0.943088  
    , 0.229138  
    , 0.94343  
    [...]  
  ]  
}
```



Susan JSON file

```
"meshes": [ {  
  "name": "Suzanne"  
  , "materialindex": 0  
  , "primitivetypes": 4  
  , "vertices": [...]  
  , "faces": [...]  
  , "texturecoords": [...]  
  //There might also be normals  
  , "normals": [...]}  
]
```

```
//...or more meshes!!  
"meshes": [  
  {...},  
  {...}, //mesh 2  
  {...} //mesh 3  
]  
//mesh 1  
{  
  "name": "Suzanne"  
  , "materialindex": 0  
  , "primitivetypes": 4  
  , "vertices": [...]  
  , "faces": [...]  
  , "texturecoords": [...]  
  , "normals": [...]}  
}
```

When more meshes are present in a single JSON file remember **you have to draw each one separately** (possibly with different textures)

Import the JSON model into your javascript file

```
var susanModel;

await utils.get_json(pathToModel,
                    function(loadedModel){susanModel = loadedModel;});

var susanVertices = susanModel.meshes[0].vertices;
var susanIndices = [].concat.apply([], susanModel.meshes[0].faces);
var susanTexCoords = susanModel.meshes[0].texturecoords[0];
```

UV Mapping with the loaded model

```
var texture = gl.createTexture();  
// use texture unit 0  
gl.activeTexture(gl.TEXTURE0);  
// bind to the TEXTURE_2D bind point of texture unit 0  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);  
  
var image = new Image();  
image.src = baseDir+texturePath;  
  
image.onload= function() {  
    gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);  
    gl.texImage2D(gl.TEXTURE_2D, 0, gl.RGBA,  
                  gl.RGBA, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);  
    gl.generateMipmap(gl.TEXTURE_2D);  
};
```



OBJ files pt1

```
o pig_mechanic_ID240.026
v -0.272493 -0.042941 0.082401 //vertex positions
[...]
vt 0.042342 0.478492 //vertex uv coordinates
[...]
vn 0.1737 0.9398 -0.2943 //vertex normals
[...]
f 916/916/916 914/914/914 996/996/996 //faces in the format vertexIndex/uvIndex/normalsIndex for the
[...]                               three vertices composing them
```

We load .obj files with the library webgl-obj-loader.min.js

In the html file add:

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="webgl-obj-loader.min.js"></script>
```


OBJ files pt2

- In the javascript file:

```
var objStr = await utils.get_objstr(pathToModel);  
var objModel = new OBJ.Mesh(objStr);  
  
var modelVertices = objModel.vertices;  
var modelNormals = objModel.normals;  
var modelIndices = objModel.indices;  
var modelTexCoords = objModel.textures;
```