### CNNs?

Alex Fefegha Computational Futures & AI <u>a.fefeghaettaāarts.ac.uk</u>



### Homework for next week.



Think about what you want to explore in your essay.

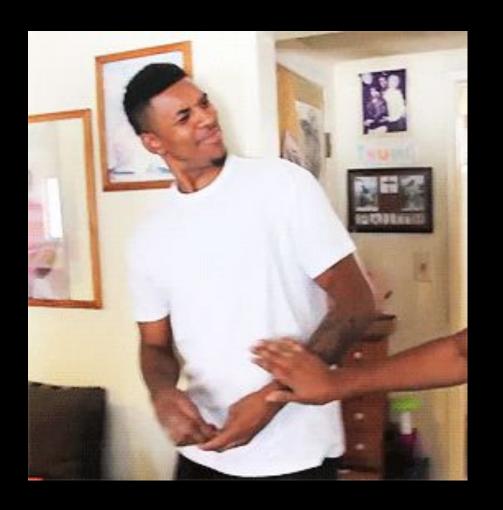
### A slide deck consisting of

- a research topic regarding AI
- ideas about how you might intro
- ideas of case studies
- ideas of how you might conclude
- any questions you have

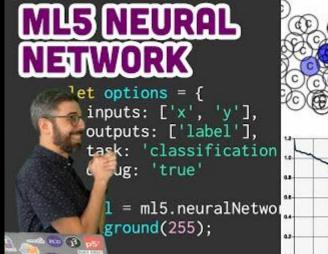
Send to Alex on slack for the 4th of Dec. It is not a presentation!

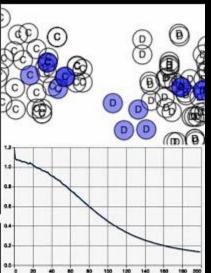
We can also talk about the essay between 3 to 5pm today.

So last week, we explored neural networks.



This stuff is complex, complicated and difficult.





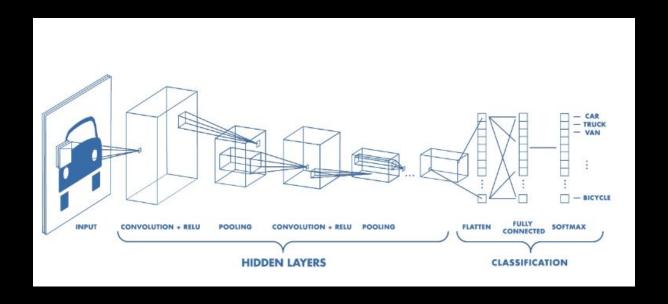
### m15.js: Train Your Own Neural Network

Daniel Shiffman (The Coding Train)



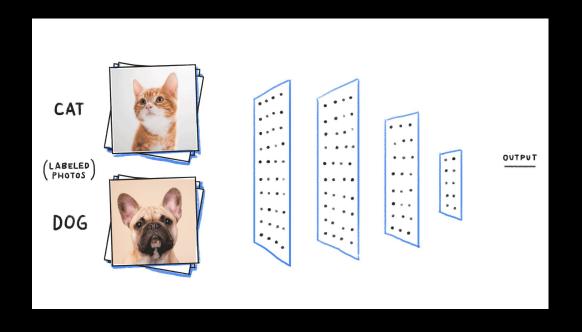
## So CNNS?





Convolutional neural networks are neural networks used primarily to classify images (i.e. name what they see), cluster images by similarity (photo search), and perform object recognition within scenes.





Cute kittens and dogs images xxxx









a street sign on a pole in front of a building

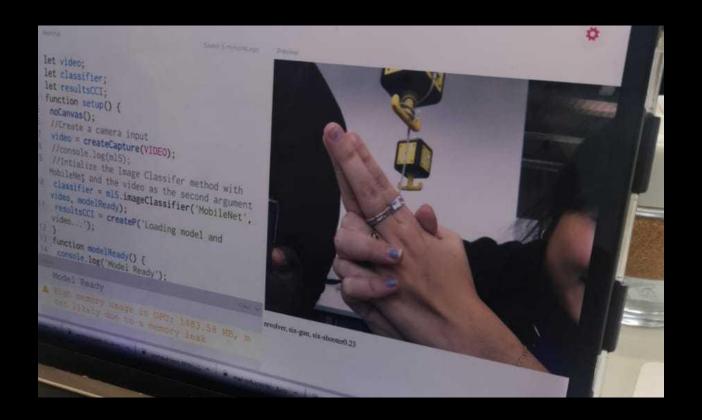


a couple of giraffe standing next to each other



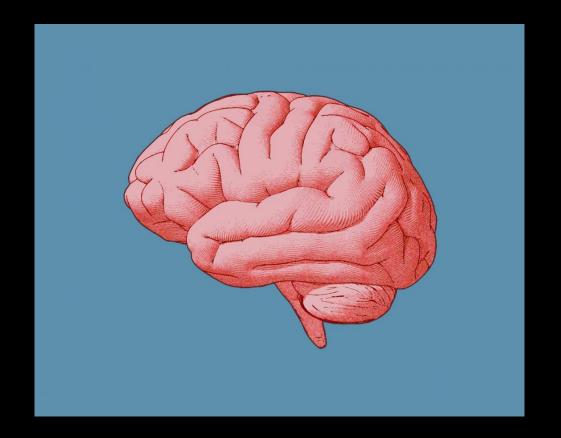
Faster R-CNN: Towards Real-Time Object Detection with Region Proposal Networks





Khalisha doing gun fingers in my classroom



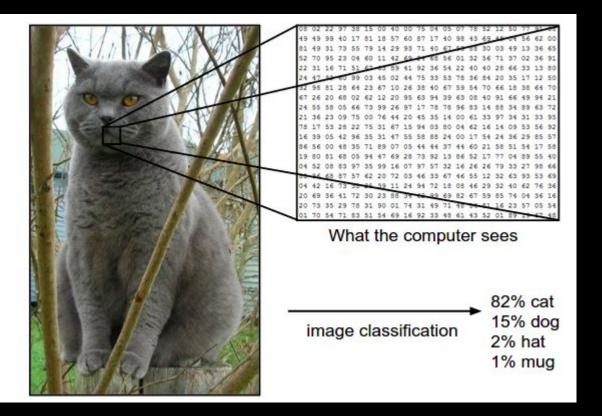


People been trying to mimic the brain for a long while.

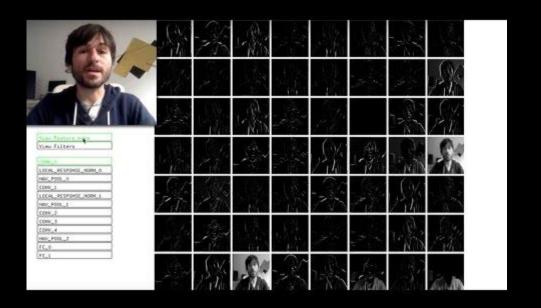


# We constant analyse the world around us.

We see, label, make predictions, and recognize patterns.



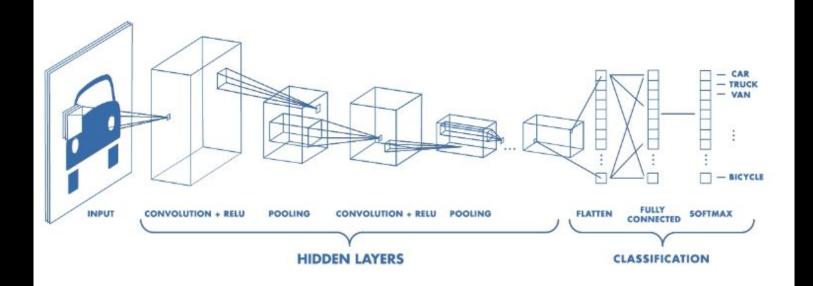




What convolutional neural networks see

Gene Kogan





### Hidden layers

If you had a picture of a zebra, this is the part where the neural network would recognise its stripes, two ears, and four leqs.



### Classification

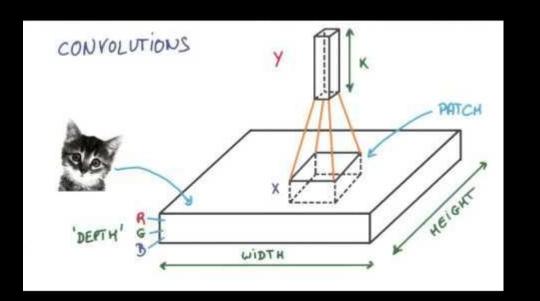
The neural network will assign a probability for the object on the image based on what the algorithm predicts it is.



1x1	1x0	1x1	0	0
0x0	1x1	1x0	1	0
0x1	0x0	1x1	1	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0

4	





### Convolutional Neural Networks

Nice person online from Udemy



## This isn't relevant but

```
https://codepen.io/teropa/full/QxLrMp/
```

## Slide here for a Break

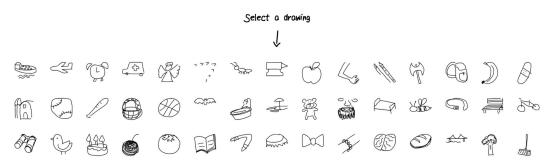


## Exercise

#### <

#### What do 50 million drawings look like?

Over 15 million players have contributed millions of drawings playing <a href="Quick">Quick</a>, <a href="Draw!">Draw!</a>
These doodles are a unique data set that can help developers train new neural networks, help researchers see patterns in how people around the world draw, and help artists create things we haven't begun to think of. That's why <a href="we're open-sourcing">we're open-sourcing</a> them, for anyone to play with.



https://quickdraw.withgoogle.com/data



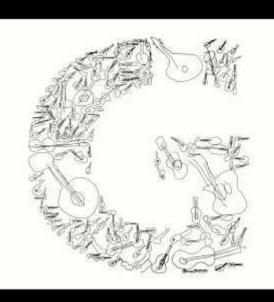
## the world's largest doodle dataset.



In <3 with Google's Quick, Draw! data

Deborah Schmidt

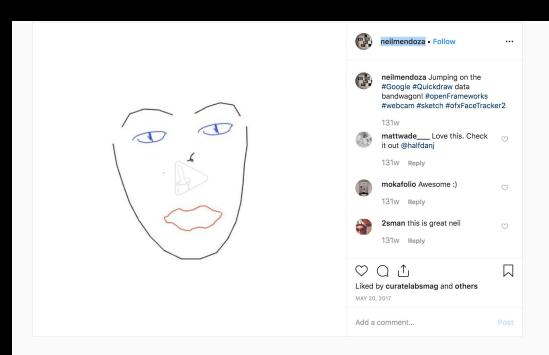




In <3 with Google's Quick, Draw! data

Deborah Schmidt

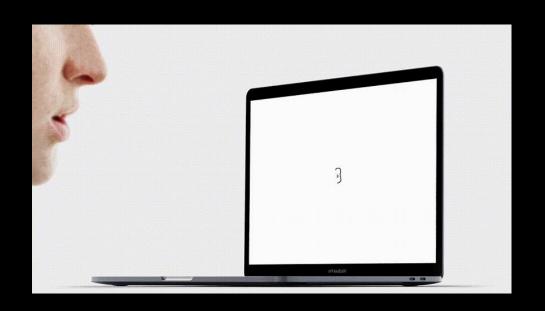




### Instagram post

Neil Mendoza

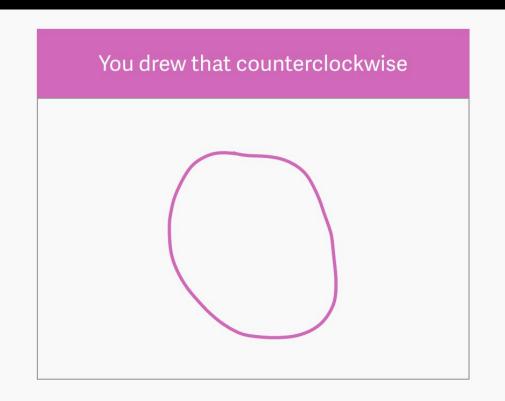




Scribbling Speech

Xinyue Yang





How do you draw a circle? We analyzed 100,000 drawings to show how culture shapes our instincts

Quartz



### Our goal

To explore the Google "Quick, Draw!" dataset.

To understand how to work with image data for training your own model.



Steps for the exercise is in Github.

### Class done. You are free!