

Synthesis of Full Hardware Implementation of RTOS-Based Systems

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Paper's Objective

Present a method of automatically synthesizing a hardware design from a set of source codes for a real-time system utilizing a Real-Time Operating System (RTOS)

; the **WHAT?**

An overview of concepts

What is a real-time system?

- Has hardware and software components
- Can interact with the real world
-  Subject to timing constraints

An Illustration

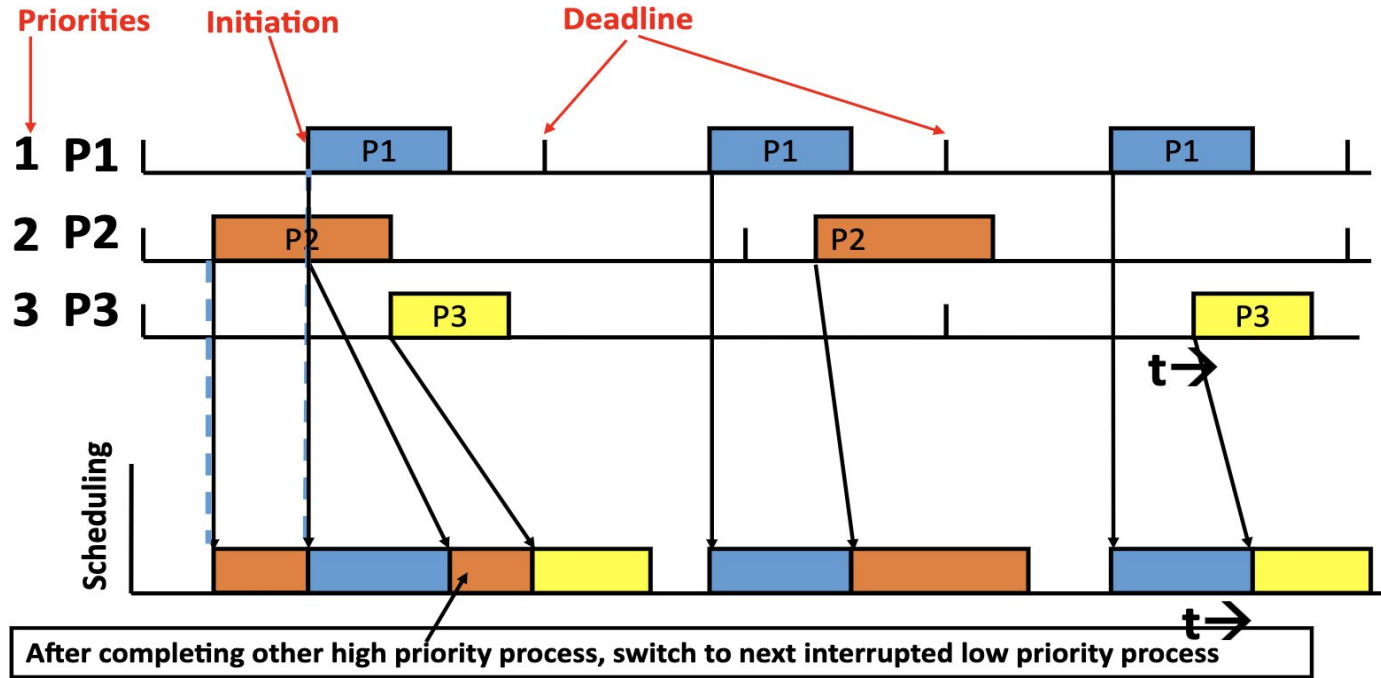
Imagine for a moment that the
airbag doesn't deploy until after 1 minute



RTOS: An Overview

- ❖ What is an RTOS?
 - An operating system for real-time systems
- ❖ What makes RTOS suited for real-time systems?
 - Scheduler is designed to provide a predictable execution pattern
- ❖ How does the RTOS ensure predictability?
 - Tasks and priorities
- ❖ Highly responsive system
 - Pre-emptive scheduling

Preemptive Scheduling: A Visual Aid



; **the WHY?**
RTOS seemed so great

RTOS Overhead

- ❖ RTOS is software
- ❖ Scheduling Overhead
- ❖ Context switching overhead
- ❖ Waiting for CPU availability

; **the HOW?**

Hardware Implementation - A solution

What's different in this paper?

Implementing both the RTOS functionalities and tasks/handlers into hardware

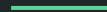
- ❖ No scheduling queues
- ❖ **ALL** tasks and handlers are independent hardware modules

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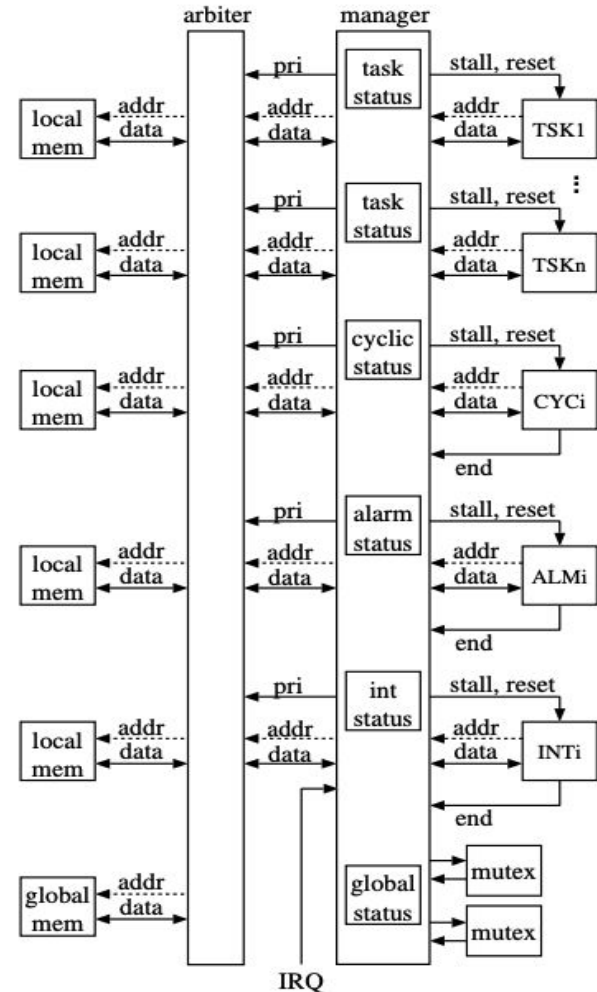


Given a set of C source codes that runs on top of an RTOS (TOPPERS/ASP3 kernel in this case), we can generate Verilog HDL codes



How does this work?

1. Original System: Tasks (TSK), handlers (CYC, ALM, INT), and an RTOS are stored in the instruction memory (IMEM)
2. The system converts IMEM and CPU into equivalent hardware
3. A manager module that controls the run/stall of the task/handler modules
4. An arbiter module to arbitrate data memory (DMEM) accesses
5. Hardware Mutexes



Overhead

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Solved

- ❖ Application logic is implemented as hardware
- ❖ No wait queues
- ❖ Computational resources are not shared between tasks
- ❖ Parallel Execution

Conclusion

- ❖ Hardware model synthesized from sample code was able to achieve very quick responses
- ❖ The size of synthesized hardware is little too large
- ❖ Extend applicability of method to other RTOSs such as FreeRTOS

Any Questions?