\$7 Py TES GUNDPTYGELS TUN COSX KUL SINX E67W Rluiv) nydíko nodvuvúpuv pe petakadytés u kai v  $(N \cdot \chi \cdot Rlu, v) = \frac{1+u}{1-v}$ Fra va olokanpívisorpes PR (wsx, sinx) dx ouxvá Bodever n avrikata otaby  $u = \tan \frac{x}{2}, \quad \text{Tota as } x = \frac{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2} - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{1 - \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{1 - u^2}{1 + u^2}$ Kd1  $\sin x = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} = 2 \tan \frac{x}{2} \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{2 \tan \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{2u}{1 + u^2}$  $du = \frac{dx}{2\omega_s^2 x} = \frac{1 + \tan\frac{x}{2}}{2} dx \implies dx = \frac{2du}{1 + u^2}$ Avayóya618 Aoinóv 600  $\int R\left(\frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}, \frac{2u}{1+u^2}\right) \frac{2}{1+u^2} du$ Pyty Gwaptygy Παρά ξειγμά:  $\int \frac{1+\sin x}{1-\cos x} dx . \quad Θ επου με u = tan \frac{x}{z} και τότε <math>dx = \frac{2du}{4+u^2},$  $\cos x = \frac{1 - u^2}{1 + u^2}$ ,  $\sin x = \frac{2u}{1 + u^2}$ ,  $d\rho d$  $\int \frac{1+\sin x}{1-\cos x} dx = \int \frac{1+\frac{2u}{1+u^2}}{1-\frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}} \frac{2}{1+u^2} du = \int \frac{(1+u)^2}{u^2(1+u^2)} du$ 

§ 8 Pytés enaptysées kánour LageBpikur

EGW R(u,v) ny díko nodownépov pe petaklytés u kai v. d) Fix blokanéwysta tins poellis SR(X, V1-X2) dx károupe tyr allayn peta Bantys x = sint. Tote V1-x2 = cost xai dx = cost dt Avdyópadore Loinóv 670 JR (sint, lost) ast dt Pyty swaptyby two sint xx, cost.

B) Fix olondypénpets tys poplys [R(x, VX=1)] 1x, Déroupe  $u = x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$  - Tote  $y - x = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$   $\Rightarrow y^2 + x^2 - 2ux = x^2 - 1$  $\Rightarrow u^2 + 1 = 2ux \Rightarrow x = \frac{u^2 + 1}{2u}$ 

 $kdi \ \epsilon ni \ 6 \gamma S \ \sqrt{\chi^2 - 1} = u - \chi = u - \frac{u^2 + 1}{2u} = \frac{u^2 - 1}{2u}$ 

 $dx = \frac{u^2 - 1}{2u^2} du$ 

AND TOPHESTE DOINGN 610  $\int R\left(\frac{u^2+1}{2u}, \frac{u^2-1}{2u}\right) \frac{u^2-1}{2u^2} du$ 

Y) Fix odoxAnginatis The mople's SR(X, VX2+1) dx, DE TOUME u= x+ \x2+1. Tote u-x= \x2+1 => u2+ x2-2ux = x2+1

 $\Rightarrow u^2 - 1 = 2ux \Rightarrow x = \frac{u^2 - 1}{2u}$ 

Ken Enters  $\sqrt{x^2+1} = u - x = u - \frac{u^2-1}{2u} = \frac{u^2+1}{2u}$ 

 $dx = \frac{u^2 + 1}{2u^2} du$ 

Avd y 6  $\mu$  26 7  $\epsilon$  do inov 620  $\int R\left(\frac{u^2-1}{2u}, \frac{u^2+1}{2u}\right) \frac{u^2+1}{2u^2} du$ pyty swaptysy

$$A \ge K : Kno do gibte to odok dypupud  $\int \frac{5x^2 + 12x + 1}{x^3 + 3x^2 - 4} dx$ 
 $N = 2$ 
 $N = 3$ 
 $N$$$

B) Zytápe a, b, c 
$$\in \mathbb{R}$$
 were  $\frac{5x^2+12x+1}{x^3+3x^2-4} = \frac{9}{x-1} + \frac{b}{x+2} + \frac{c}{(x+2)^2}$ 
Tex. (2) Thus  $5x^2+12x+1$  a  $(x+2)^2+b(x+2)^2+b(x+2)^2+b(x+2)^2$ 

$$\frac{5x^2 + 12x + 1}{x^3 + 3x^2 - 4} = \frac{a(x+2)^2 + b(x-1)(x+2) + c(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b)x^2+(4a+b+c)x+(4a-2b-c)}{x^3+3x^2-4}$$

Kai Aurope to 60 614 pa 
$$\begin{cases} 5 = a+b \\ 12 = 4a+b+c \\ 1 = 4a-2b-c \end{cases} \begin{cases} a=2 \\ b=3 \\ c=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{5x^{2}+12x+1}{x^{3}+3x^{2}-4} dx = 2 \int \frac{dx}{x-1} + 3 \int \frac{dx}{x+2} f \int \frac{dx}{(\wp+2)^{2}}$$

$$= 2 \ln|x-1| + 3 \ln|x+2| - \frac{1}{x+2} + C$$

Misy:  $\theta = \frac{2}{1+u^2} du \times x = \frac{2}{1+u^2} du \times x = \frac{2u}{1+u^2}$ 

du a jour de le 620 o don dipporpor

$$\int 2 \operatorname{antanu} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2u}{1 + u^2}} \frac{2}{1 + u^2} du = 4 \int \operatorname{antanu} \frac{1}{(1 + u)^2} du = 4 \int \operatorname{antanu} \left( -\frac{1}{1 + u} \right) du$$

$$= -\frac{4 \operatorname{antanu}}{1 + u} + 4 \int \frac{1}{(1 + u^2)(1 + u)} du$$

To redevisio adoudiquement and dietal 62 and Klaspidta, Zytápe A,B, CEIR GGTE

$$\frac{1}{(1+u^{2})(1+u)} = \frac{A}{1+u} + \frac{13u+C}{13u^{2}} = \frac{A(1+u^{2})+(1+u)(1+u^{2})}{(1+u)(1+u^{2})} = \frac{(A+B)u^{2}+(15+C)u+1/4u}{(1+u)(1+u^{2})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} A+B=0 \\ B+C=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A=\frac{1}{2} + B=-\frac{1}{2} + C=\frac{1}{2}$$

$$Euterus \end{cases} \int \frac{bu}{A+C=1} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{A+u} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{4u}{1+u^{2}} du + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{1+u^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln |1+u| - \frac{1}{4} \ln (1+u^{2}) + \frac{1}{2} \arctan u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln |1+u| - \frac{1}{4} \ln (1+u^{2}) + \frac{1}{2} \arctan u + C$$

$$= \frac{2x}{1+\tan \frac{x}{2}} + 2 \ln |1+\tan \frac{x}{2}| - \ln (1+(\tan \frac{x}{2})^{2}) + x + C$$

$$AEK = Y_{n3} \text{ Aby } |1+\frac{1}{2} \text{$$

X= sinu , dx = wsu du