# Assignment #10: dp & bfs

Updated 2 GMT+8 Nov 25, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>邱泽霖 化学与分子工程学院</mark>

#### 说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <a href="https://typoraio.cn">https://typoraio.cn</a>,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

## 1. 题目

### LuoguP1255 数楼梯

dp, bfs, https://www.luogu.com.cn/problem/P1255

思路:

斐波那契数列,可递归可dp。用时15min

代码:

```
from math import sqrt
import functools
@functools.lru_cache(maxsize=None)
def FibonacciAcc(n):
    if n < 2:
        return 1
    else:
        return FibonacciAcc(n-1) + FibonacciAcc(n-2)
list=[]
for i in range(5001):
    list.append(FibonacciAcc(i))
k=int(input())
print(list[k])</pre>
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



### 27528: 跳台阶

dp, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27528/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27528/</a>

思路:

用数学知识可得答案为2<sup>(n-1)</sup>,用时10s

代码:

```
print(2**(int(input())-1))
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

```
#47409243提交状态
                                                                       查看
                                                                             提交
                                                                                  统计
                                                                                          提问
状态: Accepted
                                                                基本信息
源代码
                                                                     #: 47409243
                                                                    题目: 27528
print(2**(int(input())-1))
                                                                  提交人: 24n2400011884
                                                                   内存: 3600kB
                                                                    时间: 29ms
                                                                    语言: Python3
                                                                 提交时间: 2024-11-26 16:36:14
                                                                                 English 帮助 关
©2002-2022 POJ 京ICP备20010980号-1
```

#### 474D. Flowers

dp, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/474/D

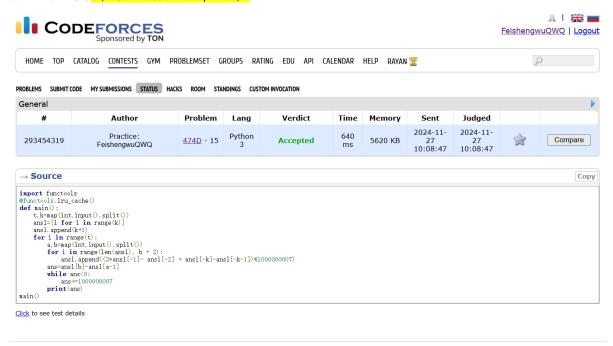
思路:

dp,直接求和计算速度应该更快,一开始没看懂modulo1000000007是什么意思,浪费了一些时间。用时1h

代码:

```
import functools
@functools.lru_cache()
def main():
    t,k=map(int,input().split())
    ansl=[i for i in range(k)]
    ansl.append(k+1)
    for i in range(t):
        a,b=map(int,input().split())
        for i in range(len(ansl), b + 2):
            ansl.append((2*ansl[-1]- ansl[-2] + ansl[-k]-ansl[-k-1])%1000000007)
        ans=ansl[b]-ansl[a-1]
        while ans<0:
            ans+=10000000007
        print(ans)
main()</pre>
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



### LeetCode5.最长回文子串

dp, two pointers, string, <a href="https://leetcode.cn/problems/longest-palindromic-substring/">https://leetcode.cn/problems/longest-palindromic-substring/</a>

思路:

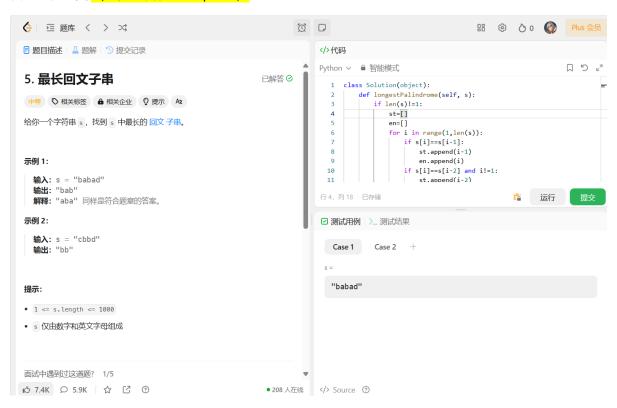
先找到形如aa或aba型的子串,再向两边拓展。用时40min

代码:

```
class Solution(object):
    def longestPalindrome(self, s):
        if len(s)!=1:
            st=[]
```

```
en=[]
    for i in range(1,len(s)):
        if s[i]==s[i-1]:
            st.append(i-1)
            en.append(i)
        if s[i]==s[i-2] and i!=1:
            st.append(i-2)
            en.append(i)
    ans=0
    if len(st)==0:
        return s[0]
    for i in range(len(st)):
        stp=st[i]
        enp=en[i]
        lenr=enp-stp+1
        while True:
            stp-=1
            enp+=1
            if 0 \le \sup \le \inf(s) - 1:
                 if s[stp]==s[enp]:
                     lenr+=2
                 else:
                     break
            else:
                 break
        if lenr>ans:
            ans=lenr
            ansstr=s[stp+1:enp]
    return ansstr
else:
    return s
```

#### 代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



### 12029: 水淹七军

bfs, dfs, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12029/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12029/</a>

思路:

感觉输入比较麻烦,于是用了许久未用的C++,bfs,一开始反复声明了列表map和maptf导致报错,后看了推荐代码后将列表声明放到main()函数前,就AC了,感谢老师的耐心指导,用时4h

```
(*´∀`)~♥
```

代码:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include<queue>
int map[203][203];
bool maptf[203][203];
int main() {
    int dir[4][2] = \{ \{0, 1\}, \{1, 0\}, \{0, -1\}, \{-1, 0\} \}; int K; cin >> K;
    for (int i = 0; i < K; i++) {
        queue<pair<int, int>>source;///int** map = new int* [203];bool** maptf =
new bool* [203]///;
        ///for (int i = 0; i < 203; ++i) {
            ///map[i] = new int[203];maptf[i] = new bool[203];}
        int M, N; cin >> M >> N;
        for (int j = 0; j \le N + 1; j++) {
            map[0][j] = map[M + 1][j] = 1003; maptf[0][j] = maptf[M + 1][j] =
false:
        }
        for (int j = 0; j \le M + 1; j++) {
            map[j][0] = map[j][N + 1] = 1003; maptf[j][0] = maptf[j][N + 1] =
false:
        }
        for (int k = 1; k \le M; k++) {
            for (int l = 1; l <= N; l++) { cin >> map[k][1]; }
        for (int tx = 0; tx <= M + 1; tx++) {
            for (int ty = 0; ty \leftarrow N + 1; ty++) { maptf[tx][ty] = false; }
        int I, J; cin >> I >> J; int P; cin >> P;
        for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
            int x, y;
            cin >> x >> y;
            source.push({ x,y });
        }
        while (not source.empty()) {
            pair<int, int> loc = source.front(); int x = loc.first; int y =
loc.second; source.pop();
            maptf[x][y] = true;
            if (x == I and y == J) { cout << "Yes" << endl;; goto finished; }</pre>
            for (int dn = 0; dn < 4; dn++) {
                int nx = x + dir[dn][0];
```

```
int ny = y + dir[dn][1];
    if (map[nx][ny] < map[x][y]) {
        map[nx][ny] = map[x][y];
        source.push({ nx,ny });
    }
    }
    cout << "No" << endl;
    finished:continue;
    ///for (int i = 0; i < 203; ++i) {delete[] map[i];delete[]
maptf[i];}delete[] map;delete[] maptf;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#### #47459411提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

基本信息

#: 47459411 题目: 12029

内存: 420kB

时间: 18ms

语言: G++

提交人: 24n2400011884

提交时间: 2024-11-29 13:00:11

#### 状态: Accepted

```
源代码
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 #include (queue)
 int map[203][203];
 bool maptf[203][203];
 int main() {
     int dir[4][2] = { \{0, 1\}, \{1, 0\}, \{0, -1\}, \{-1, 0\} \}; int K; cin >>
     for (int i = 0; i < K; i++) {
         queue<pair<int, int>>source;///int** map = new int* [203];bool*
         ///for (int i = 0; i < 203; ++i) {
             ///map[i] = new int[203];maptf[i] = new bool[203];}
         int M, N; cin >> M >> N;
         for (int j = 0; j \leq N + 1; j++) {
             map[0][j] = map[M + 1][j] = 1003; maptf[0][j] = maptf[M + 1]
         for (int j = 0; j \le M + 1; j++) {
             map[j][0] = map[j][N + 1] = 1003; maptf[j][0] = maptf[j][N
         for (int k = 1; k \le M; k++) {
             for (int 1 = 1; 1 <= N; 1++) { cin >> map[k][1]; }
         for (int tx = 0; tx <= M + 1; tx++) {</pre>
             for (int ty = 0; ty <= N + 1; ty++) { maptf[tx][ty] = false</pre>
         int I, J; cin >> I >> J; int P; cin >> P;
```

### 02802: 小游戏

bfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02802/

思路:

bfs,每一步向前走时判断与前一步方向一不一样,不一样的话线段数+1。中途遇到了浅拷贝问题,但在之前的经验下成功解决,感觉还是有不少的进步。用时1h

代码:

```
from queue import Queue
import copy
dir=[[1,0],[0,1],[-1,0],[0,-1]]
def check(x,y,m,n):
    if 0<=x<m+2 and 0<=y<n+2:</pre>
```

```
return True
    else:
        return False
def move(x,y,ditu,q,w,h):
    #print(x,y)
    for i in range(4):
        xp=x+dir[i][0]
        yp=y+dir[i][1]
        if check(xp,yp,h,w):
             #print(1)
             if ditu[xp][yp][0]==0:
                 if ditu[xp][yp][1] == False:
                     ditu[xp][yp][3] = i
                     if ditu[x][y][3]==i:
                          ditu[xp][yp][1]=True
                          ditu[xp][yp][2]=ditu[x][y][2]
                     else:
                          ditu[xp][yp][1]=True
                          \label{eq:ditu} \operatorname{ditu}[xp][yp][2] = \operatorname{ditu}[x][y][2] + 1
                     q.put((xp,yp))
                     #print(xp,yp)
                 else:
                     if ditu[x][y][3] == i:
                          if ditu[xp][yp][2] > ditu[x][y][2]:
                              ditu[xp][yp][2]=ditu[x][y][2]
                              q.put((xp,yp))
                              ditu[xp][yp][3]=i
                     else:
                          if ditu[xp][yp][2] > ditu[x][y][2] + 1:
                              ditu[xp][yp][2]=ditu[x][y][2]+1
                              q.put((xp, yp))
                              ditu[xp][yp][3]=i
    return ditu,q
bn=0
while True:
    w,h=map(int,input().split())
    if w==0 and h==0:
        break
    bn+=1
    print("Board #"+str(bn)+":")
    ditu=[[0]*(2+w)]
    for i in range(h):
        inp=input()
        ditup=[]
        for j in range(w):
             if inp[j]=='X':
                 ditup.append(1)
             else:
                 ditup.append(0)
        ditu.append([0]+ditup+[0])
    ditu.append([0]*(2+w))
    #print(ditu)
    for i in range(h+2):
        for j in range(w+2):
             ditu[i][j]=[ditu[i][j],False,0,-1]
```

```
while True:
    y1,x1,y2,x2=map(int,input().split())
    if x1==x2==y1==y2==0:
        break
    if x1==x2 and y1==y2:
        print("Pair "+str(pn)+": 0 segments.")
        pn+=1
    else:
        ditu1=copy.deepcopy(ditu)
        ditu1[x1][y1][0]=ditu1[x2][y2][0]=0
        q = Queue()
        q.put((x1,y1))
        while not q.empty():
            x,y=q.get()
            ditu1,q=move(x,y,ditu1,q,w,h)
            #print(ditu1)
        if ditu1[x2][y2][2]!=0:
            print("Pair "+str(pn)+": "+str(ditu1[x2][y2][2])+" segments.")
            print("Pair "+str(pn)+": impossible.")
        pn+=1
print()
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



### #47461385提交状态

```
# 基本信息

源代码

from queue import Queue
import copy
dir=[[1,0],[0,1],[-1,0],[0,-1]]
def check (x, y, m, n):
    if 0<=x<m+2 and 0<=y<n+2:
        return True
    else:
        return False
def move (x, y, ditu, q, w, h):
        #print(x, y)
    for i in range (4):
        xp=x+dir[i][0]
```

```
题目: 02802
提交人: 24n2400011884
内存: 6612kB
时间: 325ms
语言: Python3
提交时间: 2024-11-29 15:17:10
```

#: 47461385

# 2. 学习总结和收获

yp=y+dir[i][1]
if check(xp,yp,h,w):
 #print(1)

if ditu[xp][yp][0]==0:

else:

a mut ((vn vn)

if ditu[xp][yp][1] == False:
 ditu[xp][yp][3] = i
 if ditu[x][y][3]==i:
 ditu[xp][yp][1]=True
 ditu[xp][yp][2]=ditu[x][y][2]

ditu[xp][yp][1]=True

ditu[xp][yp][2]=ditu[x][y][2]+1

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

这周题目不算太难,但最后两题搜索还是写了比较久,于是自己做了bfs相关的整理

这周还是学到了非常多,如C++要尽量避免反复声明变量,学习了C++与python中队列的使用,了解了 浮点型与整型的范围区别,在群里问问题都能获得很有价值的回答,收获很大。