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Homework 2: Pandas Introduction

Complete all exercises below. Show your work and include comments explaining your approach.

```
! curl -LsSf https://astral.sh/uv/install.sh | sh && \
uv pip install -q --system "s26-06642 @ git+https://github.com/jkitchin/s26-06642.git"
from pycse.colab import pdf
```

```
downloading uv 0.9.26 x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
no checksums to verify
installing to /usr/local/bin
    uv
    uvx
everything's installed!
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Problem 1: DataFrame Basics

Load and explore experiment data from a catalytic reactor study.

```
# Load experiment dataset from URL
url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jkitchin/s26-06642/main/dsmles/data/hw02_experiments.csv"
experiments = pd.read_csv(url)

print(f"Loaded {len(experiments)} experiments")
experiments.head(10)
```

	exp_id	temperature	pressure	catalyst	conversion	selectivity	grid
0	EXP001	400	8.1	Ni	0.567	0.895	
1	EXP002	450	2.8	Ni	0.791	0.921	
2	EXP003	300	5.6	Pt	0.449	0.769	
3	EXP004	400	6.3	Ni	0.350	0.911	
4	EXP005	400	1.4	Pt	0.488	0.807	
5	EXP006	450	6.5	Pd	NaN	0.883	
6	EXP007	300	2.5	Ni	0.904	0.884	
7	EXP008	300	1.6	Pd	0.825	0.855	
8	EXP009	400	9.5	Pt	0.712	0.726	
9	EXP010	350	9.7	Ni	0.866	0.942	

Next steps: [Generate code with experiments](#) [New interactive sheet](#)

1a. How many experiments are missing conversion data? Which experiment IDs are missing this data?

```
# Your code here
print(f"There are {experiments.isna().sum().sum()} missing conversion data")
print(experiments[experiments.isna().any(axis=1)])
```

```
There are 3 missing conversion data
exp_id  temperature  pressure  catalyst  conversion  selectivity
5      EXP006        450       6.5      Pd        NaN      0.883
15     EXP016        300       2.1      Pd        NaN      0.705
25     EXP026        350       9.7      Pd        NaN      0.733
```

1b. Use `.describe()` to get summary statistics for the numeric columns. What is the median pressure?

```
# Your code here
print(experiments.describe())
print(f"The median is {experiments.describe()["pressure"]["50%"]}")

   temperature  pressure  conversion  selectivity
count      50.000000  50.000000  47.000000  50.000000
mean     385.000000  5.362000   0.618043   0.846500
std      56.469244  2.867046   0.195655   0.084832
min     300.000000  1.000000   0.305000   0.703000
25%    350.000000  2.800000   0.460500   0.769250
50%    400.000000  5.550000   0.578000   0.866000
75%    450.000000  8.075000   0.823500   0.911000
max    450.000000  9.900000   0.941000   0.972000
The median is 5.55
```

1c. Filter the DataFrame to show only experiments using Pt catalyst with temperature >= 400 K.

```
# Your code here
experiments[experiments.catalyst=="Pt"] [experiments.temperature>=400]

/tmp/ipython-input-1701206427.py:2: UserWarning: Boolean Series key will be reindexed to match DataFrame index.
experiments[experiments.catalyst=="Pt"] [experiments.temperature>=400]

   exp_id  temperature  pressure  catalyst  conversion  selectivity
4    EXP005        400       1.4      Pt      0.488      0.807
8    EXP009        400       9.5      Pt      0.712      0.726
10   EXP011        400       8.3      Pt      0.822      0.793
12   EXP013        400       1.9      Pt      0.880      0.712
16   EXP017        450       5.5      Pt      0.507      0.849
23   EXP024        450       5.9      Pt      0.632      0.740
28   EXP029        450       9.1      Pt      0.913      0.775
40   EXP041        400       5.9      Pt      0.696      0.911
44   EXP045        450       9.9      Pt      0.890      0.886
45   EXP046        450       8.0      Pt      0.456      0.724
47   EXP048        400       1.0      Pt      0.618      0.961
```

▼ Problem 2: Data Manipulation

Continue working with the experiments DataFrame.

2a. Calculate the average conversion and selectivity for each catalyst type using `.groupby()`.

```
# Your code here
experiments.groupby("catalyst")[["conversion","selectivity"]].mean()
#experiments.groupby("catalyst").agg({"conversion":"mean","selectivity":"mean"})

   conversion  selectivity
catalyst
Ni      0.633333      0.876583
Pd      0.492875      0.809818
Pt      0.660333      0.825267
```

2b. Add a new column called 'yield' calculated as conversion × selectivity.

```
# Your code here
# I filled the NaN values with the mean, and have checked that this doesn't affect the result
experiments=experiments.fillna({"conversion":experiments.conversion.mean()})
experiments["yield"]=experiments.conversion*experiments.selectivity
experiments.head(10)
```

	exp_id	temperature	pressure	catalyst	conversion	selectivity	yield	grid icon
0	EXP001	400	8.1	Ni	0.567000	0.895	0.507465	
1	EXP002	450	2.8	Ni	0.791000	0.921	0.728511	
2	EXP003	300	5.6	Pt	0.449000	0.769	0.345281	
3	EXP004	400	6.3	Ni	0.350000	0.911	0.318850	
4	EXP005	400	1.4	Pt	0.488000	0.807	0.393816	
5	EXP006	450	6.5	Pd	0.618043	0.883	0.545732	
6	EXP007	300	2.5	Ni	0.904000	0.884	0.799136	
7	EXP008	300	1.6	Pd	0.825000	0.855	0.705375	
8	EXP009	400	9.5	Pt	0.712000	0.726	0.516912	
9	EXP010	350	9.7	Ni	0.866000	0.942	0.815772	

Next steps: [Generate code with experiments](#) [New interactive sheet](#)

2c. Find the top 5 experiments by yield. Display exp_id, catalyst, temperature, and yield.

```
# Your code here
experiments[["exp_id","catalyst","temperature","yield"]]
experiments.sort_values("yield",ascending=False).head(5)
```

	exp_id	temperature	pressure	catalyst	conversion	selectivity	yield	grid icon
48	EXP049	350	8.3	Ni	0.941	0.876	0.824316	
9	EXP010	350	9.7	Ni	0.866	0.942	0.815772	
6	EXP007	300	2.5	Ni	0.904	0.884	0.799136	
44	EXP045	450	9.9	Pt	0.890	0.886	0.788540	
20	EXP021	350	7.0	Ni	0.832	0.900	0.748800	

2d. What is the average yield for each combination of catalyst and temperature? Use `.groupby()` with multiple columns.

```
# Your code here
experiments.groupby(["catalyst","temperature"])["yield"].mean()
```

		yield
catalyst	temperature	
Ni	300	0.621562
	350	0.564672
	400	0.485867
	450	0.542167
Pd	300	0.509375
	350	0.453025
	400	0.288479
	450	0.429916
Pt	300	0.496076
	350	0.495126
	400	0.569515
	450	0.544876

`dtype: float64`

Problem 3: Visualization

Create visualizations to explore the data.

3a. Create a scatter plot of conversion vs temperature, colored by catalyst type.

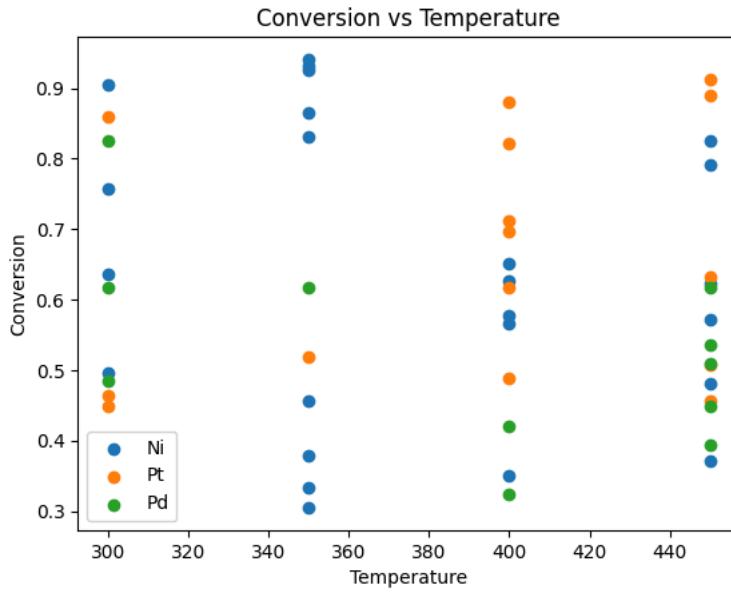
Hint: You can loop through catalyst types and plot each separately with different colors, or use pandas plotting.

```
# Your code here

...
catalysts= experiments["catalyst"].unique()
for c in catalysts:
    experiments[experiments.catalyst==c].plot.scatter(x="temperature",y="conversion")
...

i used AI here to figure out how to all catalysts' data in the same table
If directly plot with experiments[experiments.catalyst=c].plt
pandas will automatically create a new plot each time
but by creating and assigning the new pair data to a separate variable
panda assumes that the plotting will continue on the same plot
"""
catalysts= experiments["catalyst"].unique()
for c in catalysts:
    pair=experiments[experiments.catalyst==c]
    plt.scatter(pair["temperature"],pair["conversion"])

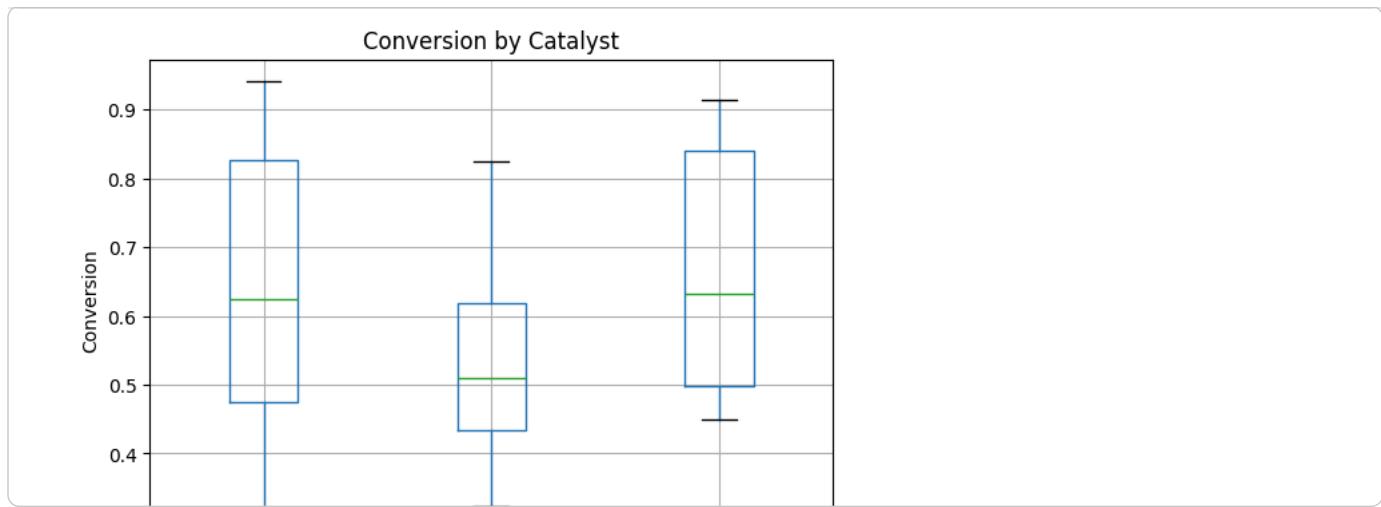
plt.xlabel("Temperature")
plt.ylabel("Conversion")
plt.title(f"Conversion vs Temperature")
plt.legend(catalysts)
plt.show()
```



3b. Create a box plot comparing conversion distributions across different catalysts.

Hint: Use `df.boxplot(column='conversion', by='catalyst')` or matplotlib.

```
# Your code here
experiments.boxplot(column='conversion', by='catalyst')
plt.ylabel('Conversion')
plt.title('Conversion by Catalyst')
plt.suptitle('')
plt.show()
```



3c. Based on your analysis, which catalyst and temperature combination would you recommend for maximizing yield? Justify your answer with specific numbers from your analysis. catalyst

Your answer here: Nickel catalyst at 350K has the highest yield as indicated in 2c where its yield is the highest (0.824316). Also shown in the scatter plot in 3a, the conversion rate is the highest with Nickel catalyst at 350K, which indirectly informs that the yield is the highest.