Methodology of DB Design

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College of Software

Database Systems-Design and Application

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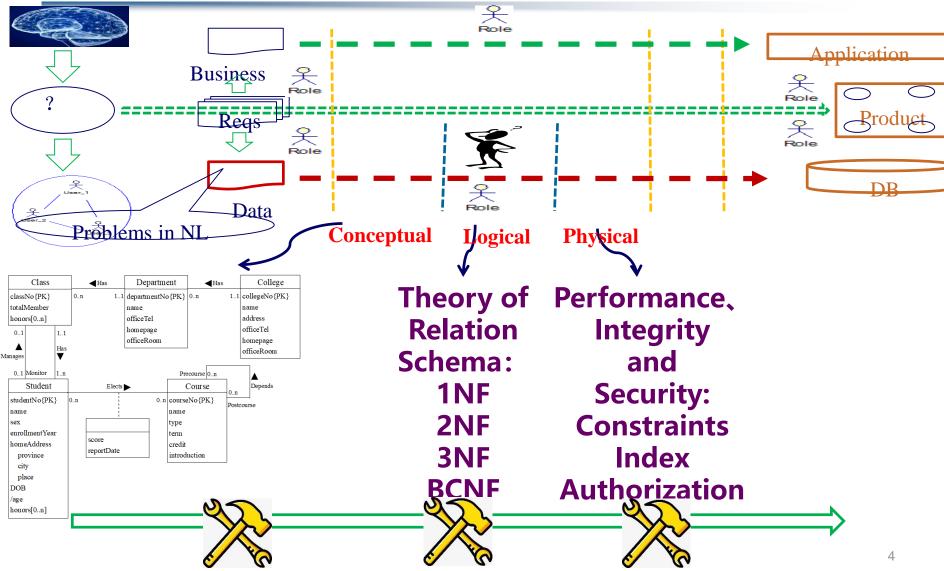
Outline

- What is a Design Methodology
- Methodology for Database Design
- Phases for Database Design
- Overview of the Database Design Methodology

What is a Design Methodology

- Design Methodology
 - A structured approach that uses procedures, techniques, tools, and documentation aids to support and facilitate the process of design.
- Database design process is divided into three main phases: conceptual, logical, and physical database design.

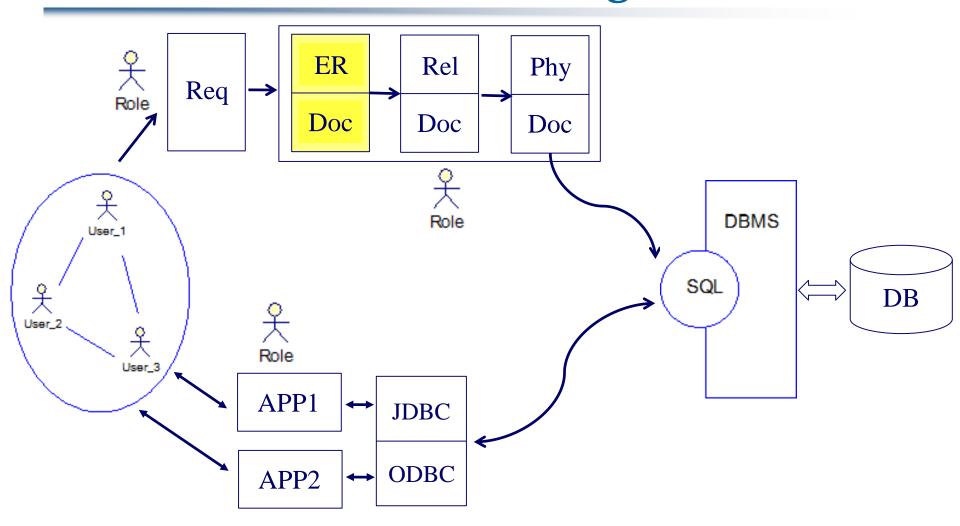
Methodology for Database Design

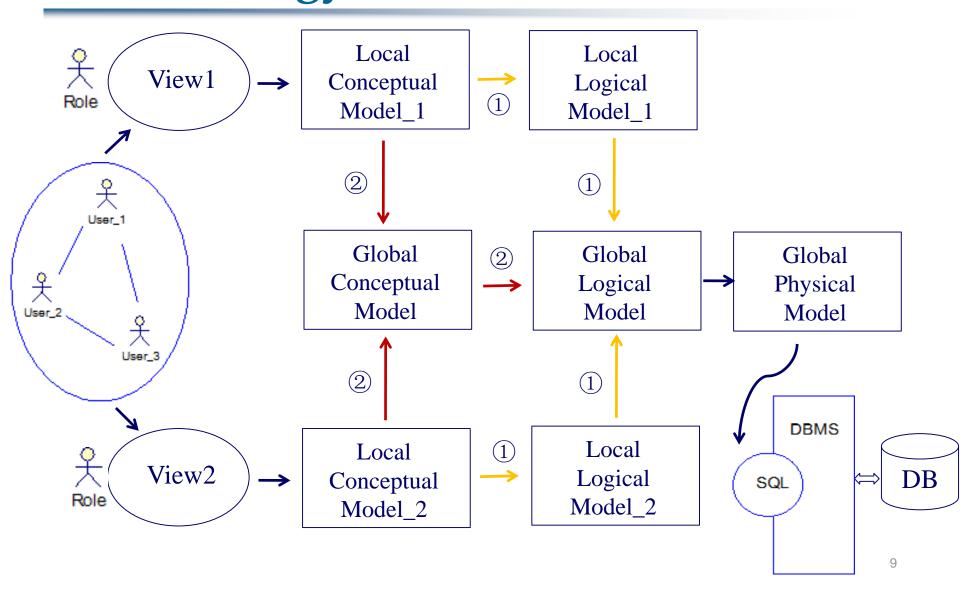


- Conceptual database design
 - The process of constructing a model of the information used in an enterprise, independent of all physical considerations.

- Logical database design
 - The process of constructing a model of the information used in an enterprise based on a specific data model, but independent of a particular DBMS and other physical considerations.
- The logical database design phase maps the conceptual model on to a logical model, which is influenced by the data model for the target database.

- Physical database design
 - The process of producing a description of the implementation of the database on secondary storage; it describes the base relations, file organizations, and indexes used to achieve efficient access to the data, and any associated integrity constraints and security measures.
- There is feedback between physical and logical design, because decisions taken during physical design for improving performance may affect the logical data model.





- Conceptual database design
 - Step 1 Build local conceptual data model for each view
 - Step 1.1 Identify entity types
 - Step 1.2 Identify relationship types
 - Step 1.3 Identify and associate attributes with entity or relationship types
 - Step 1.4 Determine attribute domains
 - Step 1.5 Determine candidate and primary key attributes
 - Step 1.6 Consider use of enhanced modeling concepts (optional)
 - Step 1.7 Check model for redundancy
 - Step 1.8 Validate local conceptual model against user transactions
 - Step 1.9 Review local conceptual data model with user

- Logical database design for the relation model
 - Step 2 Build logical data model
 - Step 2.1 Remove features difficult to mapping directly
 - Step 2.2 Derive relations for logical data model
 - Step 2.3 Validate relations using normalization
 - Step 2.4 Validate relations against user transactions
 - Step 2.5 Define integrity constraints
 - Step 2.6 Review logical data model with user

- Merge local data models to global model
 - Merge elements in local data models
 - Validate global model
 - Check model for integrity and consistency
 - Review global data model with users

- Physical database design for relational database
 - Step 3 Translate global logical data model for target DBMS
 - Efficiency- Analyze transactions, Choose file organizations, Choose indexes, Estimate disk space requirements
 - Security Privilige control, Access control, Role design, Design user views

- Throughout this methodology, users play a critical role in continually reviewing and validating the data model and the supporting documentation.
- Database design is an iterative process, which has a starting point and an almost endless procession of refinements.
- The methodology should act as a framework to help guide the designer through database design effectively.

CASE Tools for Database Design

Example



Summary

• In this chapter you should have learned:

