

Allocation policy enforcement

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Allocation is 1ns to 50ns

| Benchmark | Time | CPU | Iterations |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|------------|
| ----- | | | |
| BM_Glibc/64/threads:1 | 9.30 ns | 9.30 ns | 78626554 |
| BM_Glibc/64/threads:4 | 2.90 ns | 11.6 ns | 61778116 |
| BM_Glibc/64/threads:8 | 3.28 ns | 25.9 ns | 25718152 |
| BM_Glibc/256/threads:1 | 9.12 ns | 9.11 ns | 74287685 |
| BM_Glibc/256/threads:4 | 3.01 ns | 12.0 ns | 48275676 |
| BM_Glibc/256/threads:8 | 3.30 ns | 26.3 ns | 26199608 |
| BM_Glibc/4096/threads:1 | 36.3 ns | 36.3 ns | 19100403 |
| BM_Glibc/4096/threads:4 | 11.1 ns | 44.3 ns | 14262944 |
| BM_Glibc/4096/threads:8 | 10.1 ns | 79.8 ns | 8929152 |
| BM_Glibc/1048576/threads:1 | 36.4 ns | 36.4 ns | 19090817 |
| BM_Glibc/1048576/threads:4 | 11.2 ns | 44.8 ns | 14419624 |
| BM_Glibc/1048576/threads:8 | 10.4 ns | 82.4 ns | 9245784 |

Allocation is 1ns to 500ns

| Benchmark | Time | CPU | Iterations |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|------------|
| ----- | | | |
| BM_TCMalloc/64/threads:1 | 6.10 ns | 6.10 ns | 116268227 |
| BM_TCMalloc/64/threads:4 | 1.77 ns | 7.10 ns | 82612188 |
| BM_TCMalloc/64/threads:8 | 1.67 ns | 12.9 ns | 51157976 |
| BM_TCMalloc/256/threads:1 | 5.99 ns | 5.99 ns | 115207011 |
| BM_TCMalloc/256/threads:4 | 1.91 ns | 7.64 ns | 94367140 |
| BM_TCMalloc/256/threads:8 | 1.61 ns | 12.7 ns | 56211648 |
| BM_TCMalloc/4096/threads:1 | 6.19 ns | 6.19 ns | 112071810 |
| BM_TCMalloc/4096/threads:4 | 1.84 ns | 7.36 ns | 89468952 |
| BM_TCMalloc/4096/threads:8 | 1.77 ns | 13.7 ns | 53497208 |
| BM_TCMalloc/1048576/threads:1 | 44.0 ns | 44.0 ns | 15957359 |
| BM_TCMalloc/1048576/threads:2 | 147 ns | 293 ns | 2999688 |
| BM_TCMalloc/1048576/threads:8 | 429 ns | 3051 ns | 219592 |

This is lot if you tune micros

- Wait! Micros, why, what for?
 - High frequency trading systems
 - User space networking
 - Large scale databases in per row code

Ok, we optimized all allocations!
How avoid addition of new ones?

Perf testing!

Does not work :(

What do we want?

```
> thread_local allow_allocations;  
>  
> int main() {  
>     allow_allocations = false;  
>     auto ac = std::make_unique<AwesomeClass>(); // <- boom!  
> }
```


Custom allocator

```
> void *malloc(size_t size) noexcept {  
>     if (!allow_allocations) {  
>         DoBoom();  
>     }  
>     return __libc_malloc(size);  
> }
```

Malloc hooks

Available until glibc 2.34:

- `__malloc_hook`
- `__realloc_hook`
- `__free_hook`
- `__memalign_hook`

A __malloc_hook

```
void* my_malloc_hook(size_t size, const void *caller)
{
    void *result;

    __malloc_hook = old_malloc_hook; //  <- Unprotected write

    result = malloc(size);

    old_malloc_hook = __malloc_hook;

    DoBoom();
    __malloc_hook = my_malloc_hook;

    return result;
}
```

Malloc hooks

TCMalloc

```
> thread_local allow_allocations;  
>  
> int main() {  
>     allow_allocations = false;  
>     MallocHook_AddNewHook(&new_hook);  
>     auto ac = std::make_unique<AwesomeClass>(); // <- boom!  
> }
```

A TCMalloc hook

```
> thread_local bool in_hook = false;
>
> void new_hook(const void *caller, unsigned long size)
> {
>     if (in_hook || allocations_allowed) {
>         return;
>     }
>
>     in_hook = true;
>     DoBoom()
>     in_hook = false;
> }
```

Thank you for your attention!

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