

# Pets, Cattle and Automatic Operations with Code

**Svyatoslav Feldsherov**

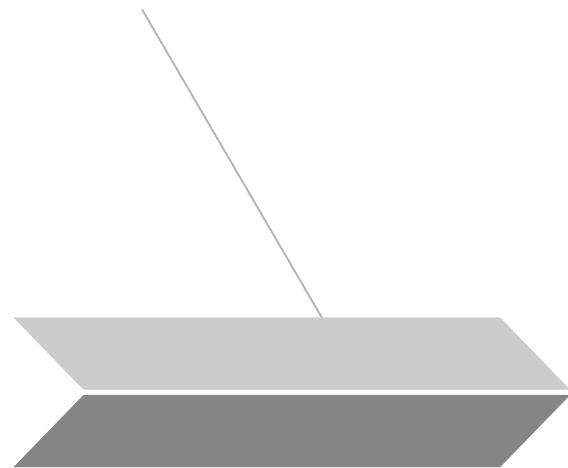
**2024**

Hi, I am Slava!

# My story TL/DR

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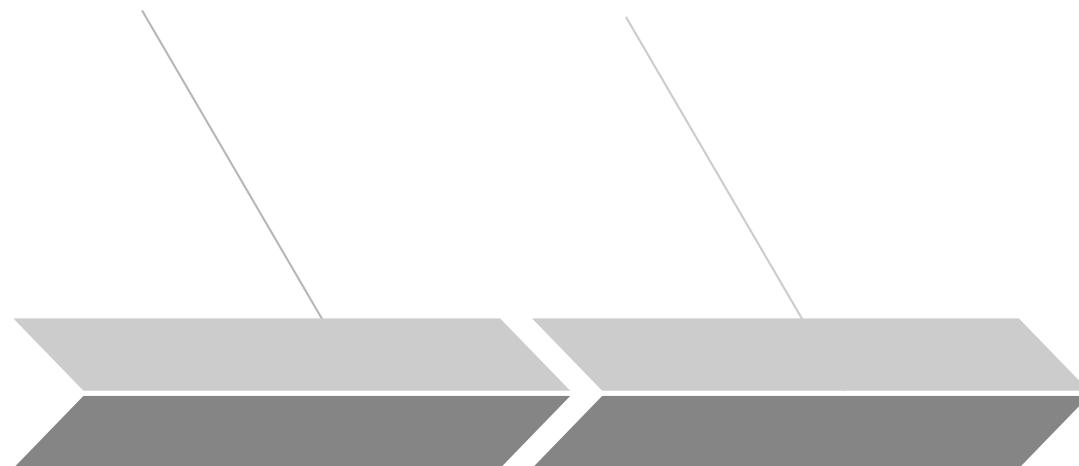
Tons of code



**Yandex Ads Infra**

# My story TL/DR

Tons of code      Also tons of code



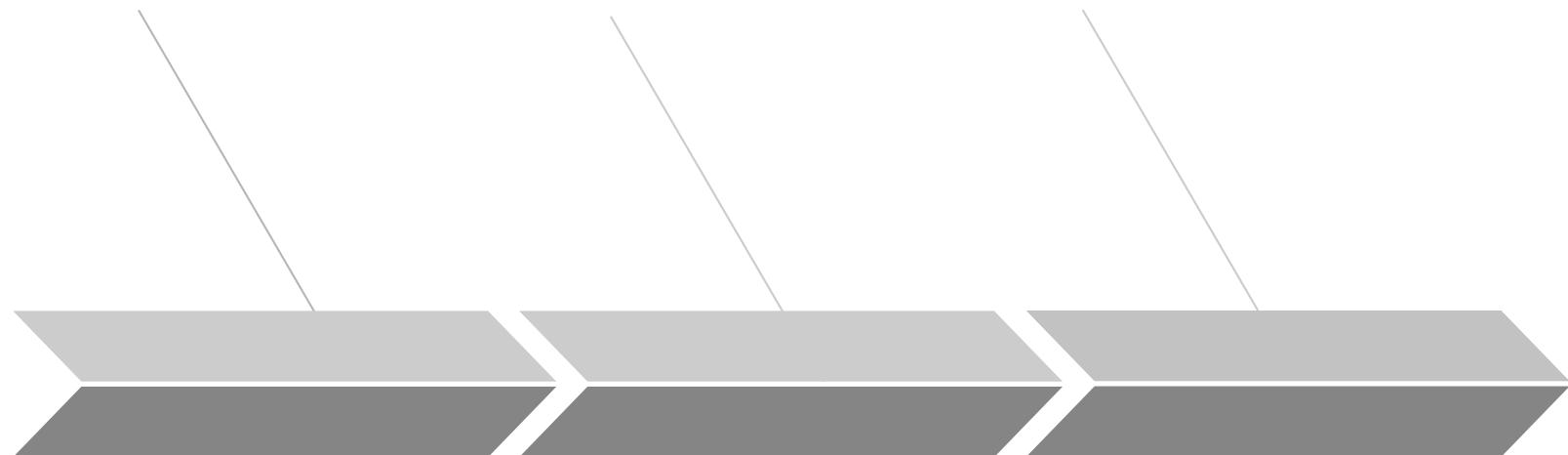
**Yandex Ads Infra**    **Yandex Search Infra**

# My story TL/DR

Tons of code

Also tons of code

OMG!



**Yandex Ads Infra**

**Yandex Search Infra**

Another huge project

New cpp feature arrived!  
How to migrate codebase?

# Modify widely used API

And just tasks....

When you practice regexps over code

Are huge projects only a corporation's disease?

Wave me if your project larger 100k loc

How to make life simpler?

# Let's treat code as cattle!



# Automate what?

# Automate what?

Find

# Automate what?

Find

- Find all function declarations with const std::string& argument

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Fix and enforce

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- Replace std::enable\_if with concept's requires

# Automate what?

Find

- Find all function declarations with const std::string& argument

Fix and enforce

- Replace std::enable\_if with concept's requires

Generate

```
1 enum class Color {
2     GREEN = 0,
3     YELLOW = 1,
4     RED = 2,
5 };
```

```
1 std::string ColorToString(Color c) {  
2     switch (c) {  
3         case Color::GREEN:  
4             return "GREEN";  
5         case Color::YELLOW:  
6             return "YELLOW";  
7         case Color::RED:  
8             return "RED";  
9     }  
10 }
```

```
1 std::string ColorToString(Color c) {
2     switch (c) {
3         case Color::GREEN:
4             return "GREEN";
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6             return "YELLOW";
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9     }
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1 std::string ColorToString(Color c) {
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```

```
1 std::string ColorToString(Color c) {
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6             return "YELLOW";
7         case Color::RED:
8             return "RED";
9     }
10 }
```

# Automate what?

Find

Fix and enforce

Generate

# Theory!



There are grep, sed and company! Isn't it enough?

## std::condition\_variable::wait

```
1 class Worker {
2
3     void work() {
4         std::unique_lock lock{mt_};
5         if (!ready_) {
6             cv_.wait(lock);
7         }
8         ...
9     }
10
11     std::mutex mt_;
12     bool ready_;
13     std::condition_variable cv_;
14 }
```

## std::condition\_variable::wait

```
1 class Worker {
2
3     void work() {
4         std::unique_lock lock{mt_};
5         if (!ready_) { // <- spurious wake up issue
6             cv_.wait(lock);
7         }
8         ...
9     }
10
11     std::mutex mt_;
12     bool ready_;
13     std::condition_variable cv_;
14 }
```

## std::condition\_variable::wait

```
class Worker {

void work() {
    std::unique_lock lock{mt_};
    cv_.wait(lock, [this](){
        return ready_;
    });
    ...
}

std::mutex mt_;
bool ready_;
std::condition_variable cv_;
};
```

# Let's try something like this...

```
grep -rHn --include "*.cc" --include "*.h" -E 'wait\(([^\,]+\\)
```

# You will find function in C-library

```
void wait(int sec) {  
    ...  
}
```

# ... and some debug output

```
int far_far_away() {
    ...
    std::cout << "useful debug about wait(delay)" << std::endl;
}
```

... and formatting will make life hard

```
long_condvar_name.wait(  
    long_mutex_name  
) ;
```

# And depression will come



# We are missing structure!

```
1 std::condition_variable condvar_name;  
2  
3 condvar_name.wait(  
4     long_mutex_name  
5 );
```

# We are missing structure!

```
1 std::condition_variable condvar_name;  
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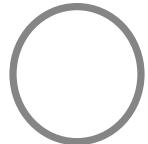
# We are missing structure!

```
1 std::condition_variable condvar_name;
2
3 condvar_name.wait(
4     long_mutex_name
5 );
```

Ok, but where to find this structure?

# Compilation process

# Compilation process



Source

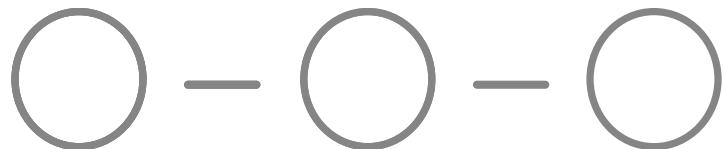
# Compilation process



Source

Preprocessing

# Compilation process

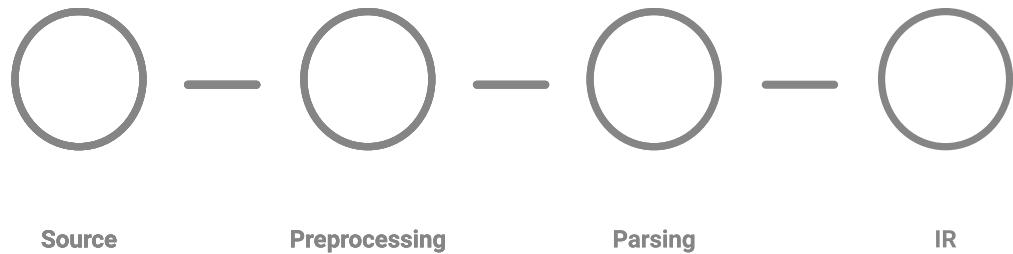


Source

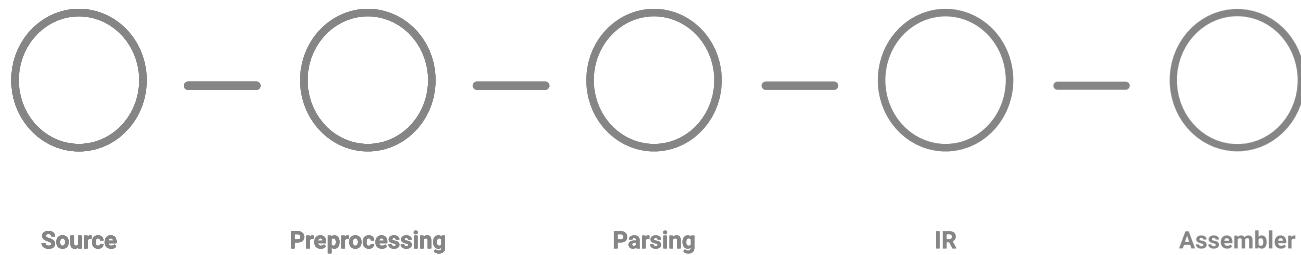
Preprocessing

Parsing

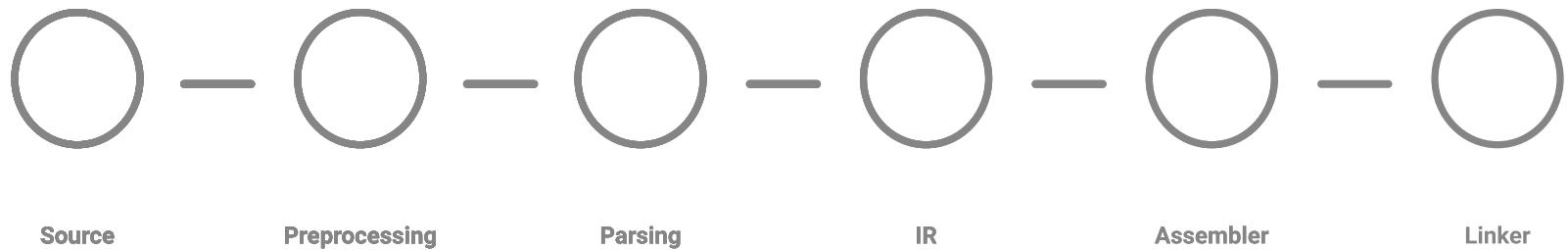
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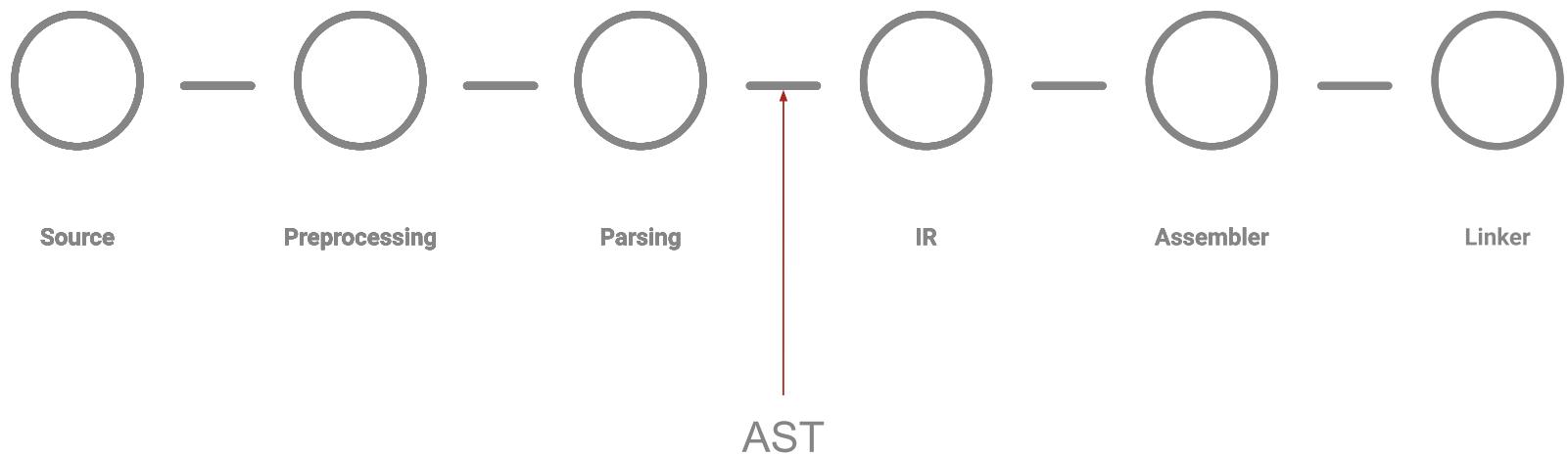
# Compilation process



# Compilation process



# Compilation process



[Link to demo](#)

Ok, but how to build tools  
with it?

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clang libtooling

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clang libtooling  
clang matchers

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clang libtooling  
clang matchers  
clang transform

# Ok, but how to build tools with it?

- clang libtooling
- clang matchers
- clang transform
- python bindings

# Find



# Matcher for wait problem

```
1 m callExpr(  
2   callee(  
3     cxxMethodDecl(  
4       allOf(  
5         hasName("wait"),  
6         ofClass(hasName("std::condition_variable")))  
7       )  
8     ),  
9     argumentCountIs(1)  
10  )
```

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[0] Matchers reference

# Matcher for wait problem

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2   callee(  
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4       allOf(  
5         hasName("wait") ,  
6         ofClass(hasName("std::condition_variable")))  
7       )  
8     ),  
9     argumentCountIs(1)  
10  )
```

# Lost exceptions

```
1 try {
2     do_something();
3 } catch (...) {
4     eat_exception_and_smile();
5 }
```

# And the matcher...

```
1 m cxxCatchStmt(
2   unless(
3     hasDescendant(
4       cxxThrowExpr()
5     )
6   )
7 )
```

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6   )
7 )
```

# Won't match

```
1 try {
2     do_something();
3 } catch (...) {
4     if (false) {
5         throw;
6     }
7 }
```

# Will match

```
1 try {
2     do_something();
3 } catch (...) {
4     AlwaysThrow();
5 }
```

[Link to demo](#)

# clang-query from the terminal example

- [0] [Github with examples](#)
- [1] [Firefox docs on clang-query](#)

# Conclusion

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Matchers is a declarative language to query AST

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Use clang-query to debug matchers on your code

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Matchers is a declarative language to query AST  
Use clang-query to debug matchers on your code  
Matchers are almost enough for enforcing

# Fix and enforce



**clang-transform**

# Pointer to reference argument

```
1 void AwesomeFunc(SomeObject* object);
2 void AwesomeFunc(SomeObject& object);
3
4 int main() {
5     SomeObject object;
6     AwesomeFunc(&object);
7 }
```

# Matcher

```
1 m callExpr(  
2     callee(  
3         functionDecl(  
4             hasName("AwesomeFunc")  
5         )  
6     ),  
7     hasArgument(  
8         0, expr(  
9             hasType(pointerType())  
10            ).bind("argument")  
11        )  
12    )
```

# Matcher

```
1 m callExpr(  
2     callee(  
3         functionDecl(  
4             hasName("AwesomeFunc")  
5         )  
6     ),  
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8         0, expr(  
9             hasType(pointerType())  
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11        )  
12    )
```

# Transformation

```
1 changeTo(  
2     node("argument")  
3     transformer::maybeDeref("argument")  
4 )
```

- [0] Clang transform tutorial

## More transformations

```
1 insertBefore(node("id"), cat("some text"))
2 addInclude(node("id"), "myaweomelib.h")
3 changeTo(node("argument"), cat("new_name"));
4 changeTo(node("id"), access(node("id"), "myFieldName"))
```

## More transformations

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1 insertBefore(node("id"), cat("some text"))
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3 changeTo(node("argument"), cat("new_name"));
4 changeTo(node("id"), access(node("id"), "myFieldName"))
```

## Interesting part of tool with clang-transform

```
1 const std::string ArgId = "argument";
2 auto Rule = makeRule(
3     callExpr(callee(functionDecl(hasName("AwesomeFunc")))),
4         hasArgument(0,
5             expr(hasType(pointerType())).bind(ArgId))),
6         changeTo(node(ArgId), transformer::maybeDeref(ArgId)));
7
8 Transformer TransformerInstance(
9     Rule,
10    [&AllChanges](
11        Expected<llvm::MutableArrayRef<AtomicChange>> Changes
12    ) {
13        ...
14    });

```

## Interesting part of tool with clang-transform

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12    ) {
13        ...
14    });

```

# Let's make it live!

- [0] Github with example

Wait, but... How to enforce?

# Clang tidy!

- [0] absl check example with clang tidy

## Interesting part of tool with clang-transform

```
1 class YourNewTidyCheck :  
2     public utils::TransformerClangTidyCheck {  
3 public:  
4     YourNewTidyCheck(  
5        StringRef Name,  
6         ClangTidyContext *Context  
7     ) : utils::TransformerClangTidyCheck(  
8             MakeRule(),  
9             Name,  
10            Context) {  
11     }  
12 };
```

## Interesting part of tool with clang-transform

```
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7     ) : utils::TransformerClangTidyCheck(  
8             MakeRule(),  
9             Name,  
10            Context) {  
11     }  
12 };
```

# Conclusion

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clang-transform is like "search and replace" powered by clang matchers

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relatively hard to build your first tool

no way to upstream a really custom tool

check clang-tools-extra before writing new :)

# Generate



## Tons of span objects

```
1 Span some_event("Long explanation what happened.");
```

Target is something like this

```
1 enum class Events {
2     ...
3     kSomeEvent = 179,
4     ...
5 };
6
7 std::vector<std::string_view> s{
8     ...,
9     "Long explanation what happened.",
10    ...
11 };
12
13 Span some_event(Events::kSomeEvent);
```

Target is something like this

```
1 enum class Events {
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4     ...
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9     "Long explanation what happened.",
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12
13 Span some_event(Events::kSomeEvent);
```

# Python libclang

[0] [libclang PyPi](#)

```
1 def find_all_spans(cursor: Cursor, result: list):
2     if cursor.kind == CursorKind.VAR_DECL:
3         type_decl = cursor.type.get_declaration()
4         if type_decl.displayname != "Span":
5             return
6
7         var_name = cursor.displayname
8         message_description = find_string_literal(cursor)
9         result.append(...)
10        return
11
12    for c in cursor.get_children():
13        find_all_spans(c, result)
```

[0] Github example

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[0] Github example

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[0] Github example

Let's go live again!

# Conclusion

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libclang is awesome for fast hacking

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libclang is awesome for fast hacking  
if you need more, then custom tool is your choice

# Talk message in one slide

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These tasks are far beyond formatting and linting

Clang tooling allows to delegate them to machines

Use this opportunity

# QUESTIONS?

- [0] Tg: @feldsherov
- [1] Link: [svyat](#)
- [2] Mail: [svyat@feldsherov.name](mailto:svyat@feldsherov.name)