CSCI 3104, Algorithms Problem Set 2 (50 points)

mathematical proof.

Name: YOUR NAME HERE
ID: YOUR STUDENT ID HERE
Due January 29, 2021
Spring 2021, CU-Boulder

Advice 1: For every problem in this class, you must justify your answer: show how you arrived at it and why it is correct. If there are assumptions you need to make along the way, state those clearly. Advice 2: Verbal reasoning is typically insufficient for full credit. Instead, write a logical argument, in the style of a

Instructions for submitting your solution:

- The solutions should be typed and we cannot accept hand-written solutions. Here's a short intro to Latex.
- You should submit your work through **Gradescope** only.
- The easiest way to access Gradescope is through our Canvas page. There is a Gradescope button in the left menu.
- Gradescope will only accept .pdf files.
- It is vital that you match each problem part with your work. Skip to 1:40 to just see the matching info.

- 1. The following problems are a review of logarithm and exponent topics.
 - (a) Solve for x.

i.
$$3^{2x} = 81$$

ii.
$$3(5^{x-1}) = 375$$

iii.
$$\log_3 x^2 = 4$$

(b) Solve for x.

i.
$$x^2 - x = \log_5 25$$

ii.
$$\log_{10}(x+3) - \log_{10} x = 1$$

(c) Answer each of the following with a TRUE or FALSE.

i.
$$a^{\log_a x} = x$$

ii.
$$a^{\log_b x} = x$$

iii.
$$a = b^{\log_b a}$$

iv.
$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$

v.
$$\log b^m = m \log b$$

- 2. Compute the following limits at infinity. Show all work and justify your answer.
 - (a) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^3 + 2}{9x^3 2x^2 + 7}$ (b) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^3}{e^{x/2}}$ (c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln x^4}{x^3}$

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- 3. Compute the following limits at infinity. Show all work and justify your answer.
 - (a) For real numbers m, n > 0 compute $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^m}{e^{nx}}$
 - (b) What does this tell us about the rate at which e^{nx} approaches infinity relative to x^m ? A brief explanation is fine for this part.
 - (c) For real numbers m, n > 0 compute $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(\ln x)^n}{x^m}$
 - (d) What does this tell us about the rate at which $(\ln x)^n$ approaches infinity relative to x^m ? A brief explanation is fine for this part.

- 4. The problems in this question deal with the Root and the Ratio Tests. Determine the convergence or divergence of the following series. State which test you used.
 - (a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2n}}{n^n}$
 - (b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n!}$

 - (c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 2^{n+1}}{3^n}$ (d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\ln n}{n}\right)^n$