

# Leveraging Charm++ for meshless fluid simulations on distributed memory architectures

# Felipe Gutierrez, Arman Pazouki, and Dan Negrut

University of Wisconsin-Madison

## **Objective**

Design and develop a smoothed particle hydrodynamics (SPH) engine using the Charm++ object-oriented asynchronous message passing parallel programming paradigm.

## The Charm++ Programming Paradigm

- Object-Oriented: Chare Objects.
- Overdecomposition

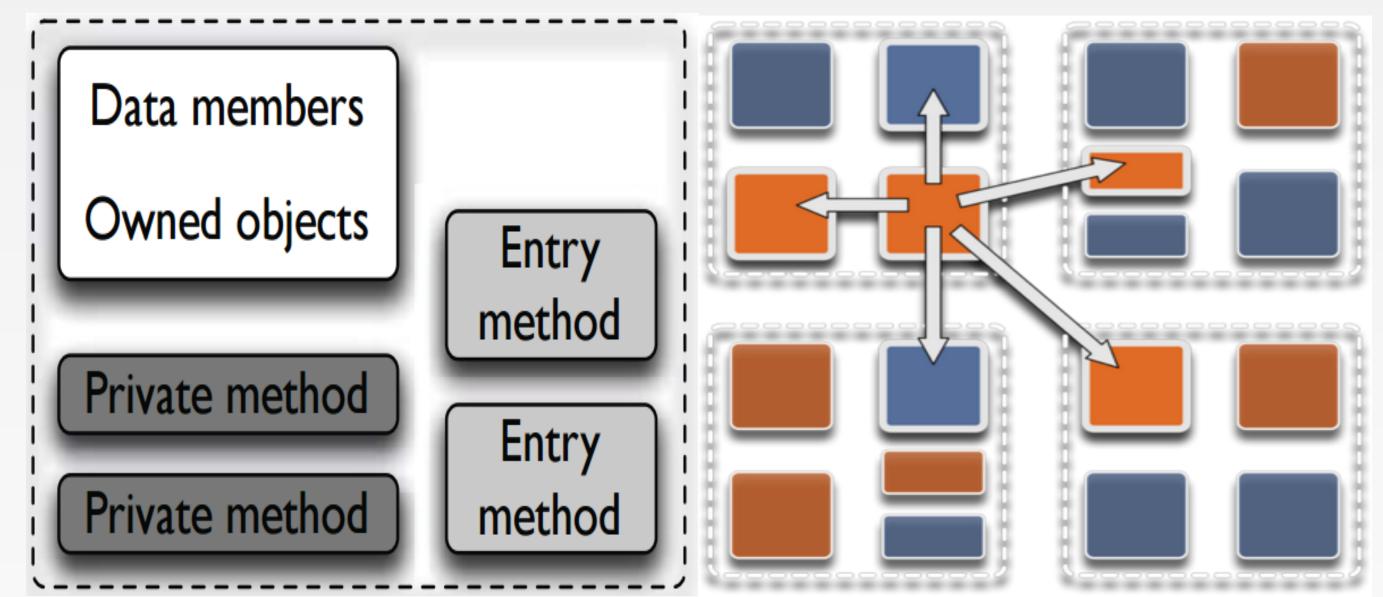
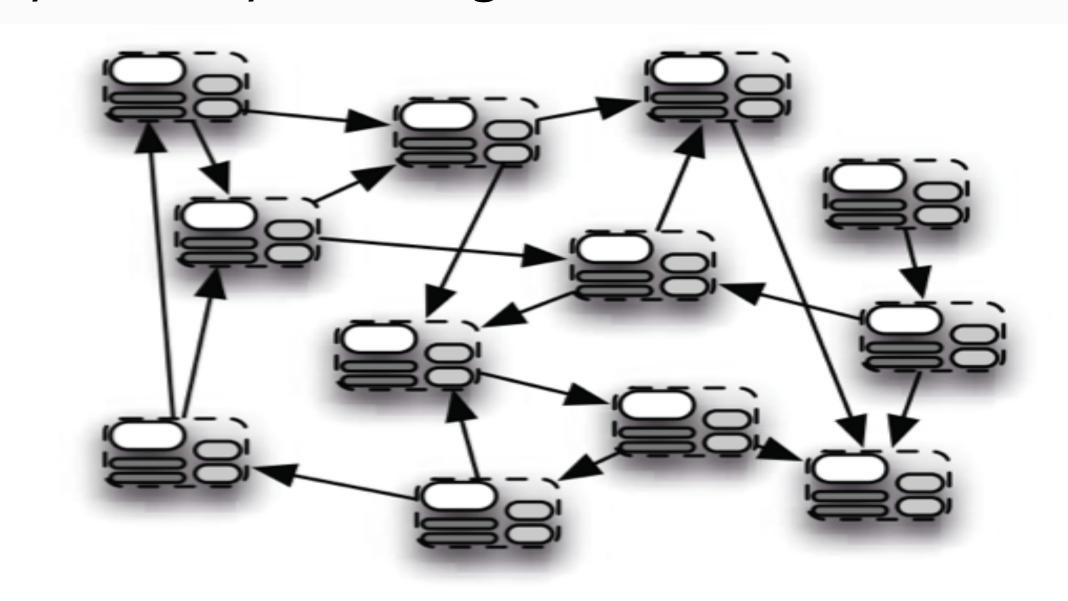


Figure 1: Single Chare Object (left). Overdecomposition; multiple chares in each execution unit exchanging data (right).

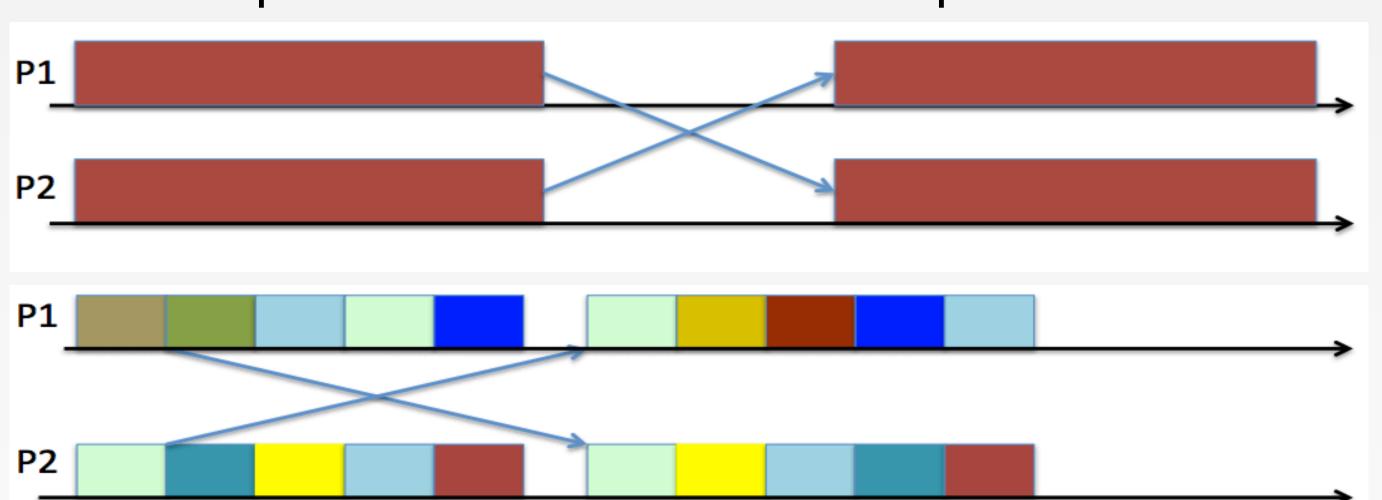
- Migratability
- Asynchrony: Message-driven execution.



**Figure 2:** Programmers view of a collection of interacting chares.

# Why Charm++ for SPH? Why not CUDA or MPI?

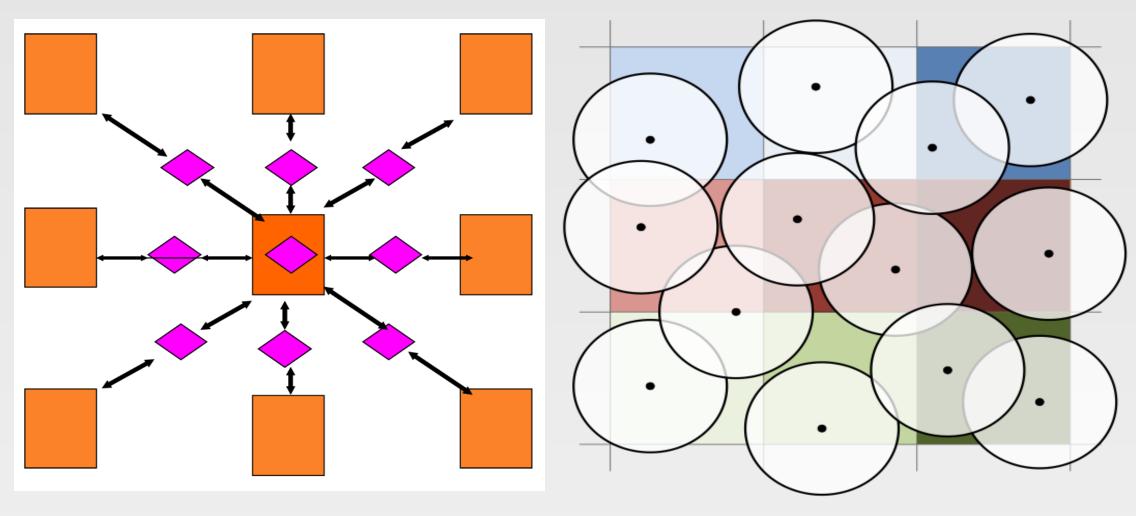
- Adaptive Runtime System: Dynamic loadbalancing, communication optimization, faulttolerance, etc.
- Proven success in molecular dynamics with NaMD. Runs on 500,000+ cores at Blue Waters.
- CUDA is SIMD vs. Charm++ can be MIMD.
- CUDA is a shared memory model.
- Example: Naive Domain decomposition



**Figure 3:** Compute idle time in MPI (top). Reduced idle times due to overdecomposition (bottom).

# **Charm-based SPH Engine Design**

- SPH: Particle-based meshless approach.
- Hybrid decomposition: Spatial + Force decomposition. NaMD inspired.
- Cell /Bin Chare: Contains data. Takes care of force reduction, time integration and particle migration to neighbor cells.
- Compute Chare: Compute interactions within a Cell or between neighbor cells.



**Figure 4:** Hybrid decomposition: cell chares (orange) and compute chares (pink) (left). Particle grouped by cell, showing the interaction radius (right).

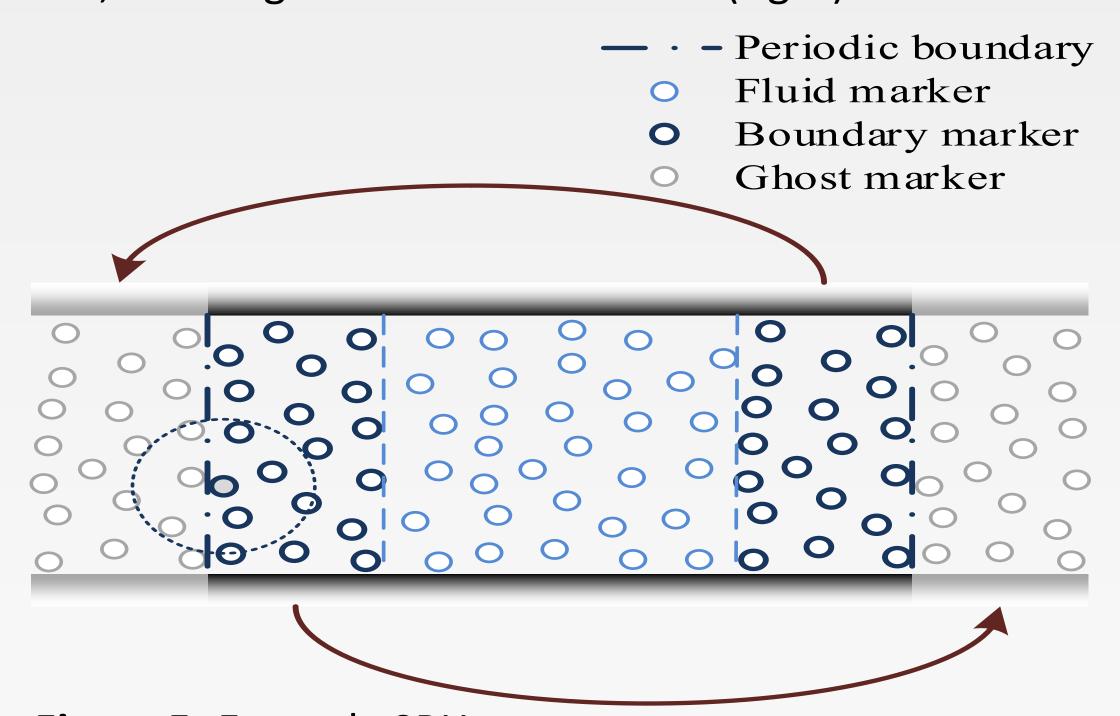


Figure 5: Example SPH setup.

#### References

[1] PPL at UIUC. "Charm++". http://charmplusplus.org.

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http://charm.cs.illinois.edu/gerrit/benchmarks/leanmd.git

[3] L. Kale, et al. "Charm++ for productivity and performance". PPL Technical Report, 2011.

# <u>Acknowledgements</u>

This project was sponsored by US Army TARDEC under Rapid Innovation Fund (RIF) grant W56HZV-14-C-0254.

