## Bebop study chart

## June 1, 2023

| • Things that we practice on a dominant scale (such as Bb7):  |
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| $\square$ Scale up and down.  |
| $\square$ Scale in thirds.  |
| $\square$ Scale in triads.  |
| $\square$ Scale in chords.  |
| $\square$ We do all of these scales up and down.  |
| $\square$ And then all of them with half-step below.  |
| $\square$ Up and down! All those things.  |
| $\square$ Then we do pivots, from every degree.   |
| $\hfill\Box$ Barry Harris' descending half-step rules   |
| $\square$ Starting on root, 3rd, 5th or seven:  |
| $\square$ A single half-step (between tonic and flat 7th).  |
| $\Box$ Or 3 half-steps (between: tonic and flat 7th / 3rd and 2nd / 2nd and tonic)  |
| $\square$ Starting on 2nd, 4th or 6th:  |
| $\square$ No half-step.   |
| $\square$ Or 2 half-steps. (between: 2nd and tonic / tonic and flat 7th)  |
| $\Box$ Then all the rules withing those:  |
| ☐ Start on a note and run up to another note scale-wise, then come back down. Use the rule for the note that we started on.                       |
| ☐ Starting on a note and going up a 3rd, use the rule of the next note we hit descending.   |
| $\Box$ Go up a triad, use the rule for the top note of the triad.   |
| □ Barry's cromatic scale. Add cromatic steps between all scale tones, and jumps to next scale not in the single half-tone intervals of the scale. |
| ☐ Descending rules for triplets:  |
| $\hfill \square$ 8th note triplet - follow the rule of the note we land on after the triplet.   |
| $\hfill\Box$ 16th note triplet - we use the rule for the note we started on.  |