Revisão de Matematica Plandise de Algoritmos

Plandise de Algoritmos

Real / Real / Real / Renor ex (ex [4]=4) . P/X Real, FXT e' O MENOR (NTEIRO MIOR OU Bull a X.

Linearidade Série Artmética

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + n$$

Exemplo
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} 2i = 2\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = 2\sqrt{\frac{n(n+1)}{2}} = n(n+1) = n^2 + n$$
.

$$\frac{p/n=10}{\sum_{i=1}^{N}(i+3)} = \sum_{i=1}^{N}(i+3)n = \frac{n(n+i)}{2} + 3n = \frac{n^2+n}{2} + 3n.$$

Como manipular os limites de Joma

Grempro $\sum_{i=2}^{n} i = \underbrace{a+3+4+5}_{i=1} + \underbrace{n}_{i=1} = \underbrace{n(n+1)}_{2}$ $= \underbrace{n(n+1)}_{2} - \underbrace{1}_{2}$ Crempto $\sum_{i=2}^{n} i = \underbrace{n(n+1)}_{2}$ $= \underbrace{n(n+1)}_{2} - \underbrace{1}_{2}$ Crempto $\sum_{i=3}^{n} i = \underbrace{n(n+1)}_{2}$

Exemplo
$$\sum_{i=1}^{7} i = \sum_{i=1}^{7} i - \sum_{i=1}^{3} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{3(3+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - 6.$$

De form gral,
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} a_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} a_i - \sum_{i=1}^{S-1} a_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(an+1)}{b}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3} = \frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$$

Serie Geometrica

$$P/X \in \mathbb{R} \quad e \quad X \neq 1$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{k} x^{i} = \frac{x^{(k+1)} - 1}{x - 1}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} 2^{i} = \frac{2^{n+1}-1}{2^{n-1}} = 2^{n+1}-1$$
= $2^{i}.2^{n}-1$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
\text{Exemple} & \sum_{i=0}^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor} \lambda^{i} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{-1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{-1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{-1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}} = \frac{2^{\lfloor \log(n) \rfloor + 1}}{2^{\lfloor \log$$

Quando a soma é infinita e /x/<1, en taxo

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \chi^{i} = \frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$\sum_{i \neq 0}^{\infty} i \times^{i} = \frac{X}{(1-X)^{2}}$$

Logaritmos

$$2)$$
 \times $lg(y) = y log(x)$

3)
$$Qog(X^{\prime}) = y Qog(x)$$

$$4) \log(xy) = \log(x) + \log(y)$$

$$S) \log \left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \log(x) - \log(y)$$

6)
$$\log_b a = \frac{\log_c a}{\log_c b}$$
 $\log_a r$

Exemplo
$$\log(2^n) = n \log(2)$$

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Example
$$2g(a lg(n)) = 2g(n) \cdot lg(z)$$

= $2g(n)$,

Exemple
$$2g(2 lg(n)) = 2g(n lg(n))$$