## Linguagem de máquina do MIPS - O formato dos campos das instruções estão no documento: MIPS Reference Data Card.pdf - O código assembly para conferência no MARS: exemplo5\_pag85\_c\_tabela.asm # Assembly para a instrução while (save[i] == k) i += 1; # 0x10010000 .word 0, 0, 1, 1 # vetor save[]={0, 0, 1, 1}; save: # 0x00400000 .text .globl main # declara que main é um símbolo global add \$s3, \$zero, \$zero # registrador \$s3 recebe 0 + 0 (i = 0) main: add \$s5, \$zero, \$zero # registrador \$s5 recebe 0 + 0 (k = 0) # registrador temporário t1 = 4 \* iLoop: sll \$t1, \$s3, 2 la \$s6,save # carrega o endereço do rotulo save (endereço base array) para o registrador \$s6 # \$t1 = endereço de save[i] add \$t1, \$t1, \$s6 lw \$t0, 0(\$t1) # registrador temporário \$t0 = save[i] bne \$t0, \$s5, Exit # vá para Exite se save[i] <> k # i = i + 1addi \$s3, \$s3, 1 # vá para Loop j Loop Exit: nop

R Op (6 bits)							Rs (5 bits)					Rt (5 bits)				Ro	d (5	bit		Shamt (5 bits)					Funct (6 bits)							
I Op Rs									Rt					Endereço (16 bits)																		
J (	Эp	)				En	ıder	eç	o (2	26 t	pits)																					
0x00400000 main: add \$s3,\$zero,\$zero (add \$1										19,	\$0	,\$0)			R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt] (0/20 hex)																	
0x00						0					0					19					0						(0x20)					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0 0 1 1					0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
0					(	)				0			(	)		9				8	8				2			0				
0x00400004 add \$s5, \$zero, \$zero (ad								dd	\$2	1,\$0	50,\$0)						R[rt] = R[rs] +					SignExtImm (					8 hex)					
		0x	:00			0					0				21					0					(0x20)							
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
		0			C	)				0	0				A				8 2					2 0			)					
0x00400008 loop: sll \$t1, \$s3, 2 (sll \$9,\$19,								9,0	)x0	00	0000	02)		$R[rd] = R[rt] \le shamt (0/00 hex)$																		
		0:	x0			0					19					9				2					(0x00)							
0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		0			C	)				1	3						4 8 8 0										)					
		0400 s6,sa			\$1	,0x	000	001	.00	1)						R[	rt]	= {	m, 1	16'	b0}	(F	he	ex)			ı					
		0x	0F			0					1															0x1001						
0	C	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	•	3			(	]				0			-	1				1			(	0			(	)			-	1		
0x00400010 ori \$22,\$1,0x00000000														R[rt] = R[rs]   ZeroExtImm (D hex)																		
0x0D						1				22														(	0x0000							
0	C	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		3			2	1		,	3	6					0					0				(	)		0					

add \$t1,\$t1,\$s6 (add \$9	,\$9,\$22)		R[rd] = R[rs] + R[rt] (0/20 hex)														
0x00	9	22	9 (0x2)														
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 1	. 1	0 1	1 0	0	1	0 0	1	0	0 0	0	0	1 0	0	0 0	0	
0 1	3		(	5		4				3			2		0		
0x00400018 lw \$t0, 0(\$t1) (lw \$8,0x	R[rt] = M[R[rs] + SignExtImm] (23 hex)																
0x23	0x0000																
1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 9 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$	0	8 1 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	
8 D	3		0			(				)		0					
R[rt] = M[R[rs] + SignE R[8] = M[R[9] + 0x0000	_																
0x0040001c bne \$t0, \$s5, Exit (bne	\$8,\$21,0>	x000	00002	2)	if(R[rs]!=R[rt]) PC=PC+4+BranchAddr (0x05)												
0x05	8		21												0x00	02	
0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0	1	0 1	0 1	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0 1	0	
1 5	1		Į.	5		0			(	)		(	)		2		
0x0002 extendido sinal de 16 bits para 32 bits = 0x0000.0002 0x0000.0002 << 2 = 0x0000.0008 bytes PC = (PC+4) +BranchAddr PC = 0x00400020 + 0x00000008 = 0x00400028 (Exit: nop) 0x00400020   R[rt] = R[rs] + SignExtImm (0x08)																	
addi \$s3, \$s3, 1 (addi \$		1000			0x0001												
0x08	19	1	19		0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	.   1	0 0	1   1 	U		0 0	0			0			0		1	
0x00400024 j Loop (j 0x00400008) end. bytes 0x00400008	,	0100			0 0 0 1 PC=JumpAddr (0x02)												
0x02													02	<b>c</b> 01	00002		
0 0 0 0 1 0 0	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$	1	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0 1	0	
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	1	1		0 0	0	0		0	0		0		0 0	0	0 1	0	
	1	1			0			0			0			0		0	
0 8	1 400008				0	0		0			0			1		0	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 400008		0 0	0		0	0 0		(	0 0		0	0		2		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 400008 0 1 0		0 0	0 0		0	0 0		0	0 0		0	0 0		0 0		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 400008 0 1 0 4	0 0	0 0	0 0		0	0 0		0	0 0		0	0 0		0 0	0	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 400008 0 1 0 4	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	1	2 0 0 8	0	
0 8 0x0100002 << 2 = 0x04 0 0 0 0 0 0 PC+4= 0x00400028 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 400008 0 1 0 4 0 1 0 4	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 (	0 0	0	0	0 0 0 0 1 0 2	1	2 0 0 8		
0 8 0x0100002 << 2 = 0x04 0 0 0 0 0  PC+4= 0x00400028 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  PC = 4 Bits mais signif	1 400008 0 1 0 4 0 1 0 4 icativos (	0 0 0 0 PC+	0 0	0 0	0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0	0	0 (	0 0	0	0	0 0 0 0 1 0 2	1	2 0 0 8	0	
0 8 0x0100002 << 2 = 0x04 0 0 0 0 0  PC+4= 0x00400028 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  PC = 4 Bits mais signif 0x0040008	1 400008 0 1 0 4 0 1 0 4 icativos (	0 0 0 0 PC+	0 0 0 0 4= 0x	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	0 (0 (dos	0 0 0 )	0 0	0 0 2 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	2 0 0 8 0 0 8	0	

n	nop																															
0x0							0x0						0x0					0x0					0x0						0x0			
0	(	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0						0 0 0										0						0				0	•	0				

