

Limits

Fundamentals

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(t)}{t} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x} = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(u)}{\frac{u}{5}}$$

$$u = 5x \Rightarrow x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow u \rightarrow 0$$
$$\hookrightarrow x = \frac{u}{5}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{\sin u}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{u} \right\}$$

$$= \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} 5 \cdot \frac{\sin(u)}{u}$$

$$= 5 \cdot \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(u)}{u} = 5 \cdot 1 = 5$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2t)}{\sin(7t)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin(2t)}{2t} \cdot 2t}{\frac{\sin(7t)}{7t} \cdot 7t}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{2t}{7t} \cdot \left[\frac{\frac{\sin(2t)}{2t}}{\frac{\sin(7t)}{7t}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{7} \cdot \left[\frac{\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2t)}{2t}}{\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(7t)}{7t}} \right]$$

$$u = 2t \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0 \quad u \rightarrow 0$$

$$v = 7t \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0 \quad v \rightarrow 0$$

$$= \frac{2}{7} \cdot \left[\frac{\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(u)}{u}}{\lim_{v \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(v)}{v}} \right] = \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{1}{\cos(x)} \cdot \frac{\sin(x)}{x} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\cos(x)} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos(0)} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{1} \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x = e$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x = e$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + kx)^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad k > 0$$

$$kx = \frac{1}{t} \Leftrightarrow kt = \frac{1}{x} \Leftrightarrow t = \frac{1}{kx} \quad k > 0$$

$$x \rightarrow 0^+ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{kx} \rightarrow +\infty \Rightarrow t \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right)^{kt}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right)^t \right]^k = \left[\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right)^t \right]^k$$

$$= e^k$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{5}{x-1}\right)^{x+7}$$

$$\frac{1}{u} = \frac{5}{x-1} \Leftrightarrow x-1 = 5u$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = 5u + 1$$

$$x \rightarrow +\infty \Rightarrow u \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{u}\right)^{5u+7}$$

$$= \lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{u}\right)^{5u+8}$$

$$= \lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{u}\right)^{5u} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{u}\right)^8 \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{u} \right)^u \right]^5 \cdot \lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{u} \right)^8 \\
 &= \left[\lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{u} \right)^u \right]^5 \cdot \left(\lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{u} \right) \right)^8 \\
 &= e^5 \cdot (1+0)^8 = \cancel{e^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \ln(a)$$

$(0 < a \neq 1)$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{x-1} - a^{x-1}}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{x-1} - a^{x-1} + 1 - 1}{x^2 - 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(e^{x-1}) - (a^{x-1} - 1)}{(x+1)(x-1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow s} \left[\frac{1}{(x+1)} \cdot \left(\frac{e^{x-s} - (a^{x-s})}{(x-s)} \right) \right]$$

$$= \underbrace{\lim_{x \rightarrow s} \frac{1}{x+1}}_{\text{...}} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow s} \left(\frac{e^{x-s} - (a^{x-s})}{(x-s)} \right)$$

$$u = x-s \Rightarrow x \rightarrow s \Rightarrow u \rightarrow 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{s+1} \cdot \left[\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^u - 1}{u} - \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^u - 1}{u} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[\ln(e) - \ln(a) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[1 - \ln(a) \right]$$

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^u - b^u}{u}$$

$$a, b > 0 \\ a \neq b \neq 1$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{K^t - 1}{t} = \ln(K)$$

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{b^u \left(\frac{a^u}{b^u} - 1 \right)}{u}$$

$$K > 0 \\ K \neq 1$$

A

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \left[b^n \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n - 1}{n} \right]$$

$$k = \frac{a}{b}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} b^n \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n - 1}{n}$$

$$= b^0 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) = 1 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) //$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sin(x)}{x^5}$$

$$-1 \leq \sin(x) \leq 1 \quad \frac{1}{x^5} < 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{x^5} \geq \frac{\sin(x)}{x^5} \geq \frac{1}{x^5}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -\frac{1}{x^5} = 0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{x^5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sin(x)}{x^5} = 0$$

Q) $\frac{(1 - \cos^4(x))}{x^2} = \frac{(1 + \cos^2(x))(1 - \cos^2(x))}{x^2}$

$$= (1 + \cos^2(x)) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - \cos^2(x)}{x^2} \right)$$