Power Virtual Server for Oracle Optimization

Build a hybrid cloud environment with Power Systems Virtual Server to run an off-premises Power stack identical to your existing on-premises Power-based infrastructure for Oracle workloads

- Fully certified stack with PowerVM, AIX, IBM i, SANbased storage, network adapters, providing full Oracle support
- Meets Oracle's hard partitioning requirements
 - Sub-capacity licensing License only the CPUs available to Oracle Database and middleware
 - Optimize Oracle licensing to provide reduced TCO, lower than any hyperscale cloud environment
- Full support for Oracle Database, RAC, Fusion Middleware, Applications
- Highest off-prem scalable Oracle DB Single Instance capability
- Superior storage resiliency, enterprise class platform with all flash NVM-E enabled network storage

Run the same Oracle certified solution offpremises as you currently use onpremises Enterprise class scalability, reliability, performance with bestin-class TCO leveraging Oracle hard partitioning

All Oracle-on-Power offerings:

Oracle Database PeopleSoft

Oracle RAC Siebel

GoldenGate Oracle Retail

E-Business Suite FLEXCUBE

JD Edwards World and EnterpriseOne

... CC&B, BRM, MDM, Commerce, OEM, et al.

PowerVS Flexible Deployment Model

VM based

Shared Processor Pool

Dedicated Host

Multitenant Host solution -

- Dedicated Cores
- Shared Capped LPAR
- Shared Uncapped LPAR

 Reserved capacity at single core granularities with no oversubscription of capacity across SPPs

 Pool-based deployment and resource control for simpler workload management

Policy Placement —

Up to 3 VPs for any EC<=3 (Power10 only) Up to 2 VPs for any EC<=2 (POWER9)
Core-to-vCPU ratio of 1:1 when EC>3

- Exclusive use (all cores and memory available for use)
- Same flexibility as on-premise Power deployments
- Multiple shared processor pools for SW Licensing capping

Core-to-vCPU ratio of 1:20

Core-to-vCPU ratio of 1:1

Use Cases

- Test / Dev environments
- 1st production environments
- Bare-metal x86 servers / x86 VM Hyperscaler migration
- Cost Optimized Disaster Recovery
 As a Service
- Reduced Oracle S/W licensing costs by optimizing & limiting processor core usage
- Oracle Database Consolidation Starter
 & Manual scaling

- Lift and Shift from Power on-prem (P8 EOS, Datacenter Exit, ...)
- Large Oracle database consolidation (thx to CPU Sharing) from x86, Power, Exadata, SPARC, and Cloud
- Co-locate workloads (Oracle, OpenShift, LoP, IBM i, Applications, Database Alternatives ...)



Consistent with Oracle's current hard partitioning guidelines, as long as LPM is not used with those LPARs running Oracle SW: https://www.oracle.com/assets/partitioning-070609.pdf

Shared Processor Pools – License Optimization

- Many software providers charge based on the number of processors
- Reduce license cost by only licensing the cores configured in the pool
- Leverage EC:VP ratio on Power10 for increased virtual processor capacity for virtual servers

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Oracle on Power – Lizenzierung Standard Edition 2 (SE2)

Grundprinzip Standard Edition 2

- Standard-Edition wird "Pro Sockel" lizenziert
 - Aktuell wird von Oracle nur noch SE2 unterstützt
- Eine Lizenz pro Sockel, maximal 2 Sockel pro Maschine
- Dual / Multi-Chip-Module zählen als 2 oder mehr Sockel
 - Dieses Problem betrifft alle Architekturen, auch die leistungsstarken x86-Prozessoren von AMD + Intel
- Somit bei Power10 Systemen nur S1014 eligibel für SE2
 - Inkl. speziellem "Oracle Standard Edition" Power Server S1014 mit 24 Cores
- POWER9 Systeme: S922 = Single Chip Module, 2 Sockets, daher 2x SE2 Lizenz erforderlich
 - Keine Subcapacity Lizenzierung bei SE2 (auch wenn nur 1 Core für Oracle genutzt wird)!
- Achtung: Bei mehreren LPARs darauf achten, dass diese auf demselben System installiert werden, da für jedes physische System 2x SE2 Lizenz erforderlich ist!

Oracle on Power – Lizenzierung – Enterprise Edition (EE)

Grundprinzip Enterprise Edition

- Alle den Oracle-LPARs zugewiesenen Cores (Anzahl Virtuelle Prozessoren bei "uncapped LPARs") müssen lizenziert werden
- Eine Lizenz pro Core
- Oracle-LPARs können einem Shared Processor Pool (SPP) zugewiesen werden
 - Höchstgrenze der zu lizenzierenden Cores ist die Größe des SPP (Subcapacity Lizenzierung)
- Auf einem System können mehrere SPPs definiert werden

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Oracle on Power – Lizenzkosten-Betrachtung Standard Edition SE2

- Basierend auf offiziellen Listenpreisen: https://www.oracle.com/a/ocom/docs/corporate/pricing/technology-price-list-070617.pdf
- 1x S1014 mit 24 Cores (1 Dual Chip Module, 2 Sockel, SMT-8 = 192 logische Prozessoren (aus Oracle-Sicht = CPU COUNT)
 - Lizenzkosten (SE2, 3 Jahre): 2 x \$17.500 + 3x(2x \$3.850 Update & Support) = \$58,100
 - Lizenzkosten (EE, 3 Jahre): 24 x \$47.500 + 3x(24x \$10.450 Update & Support = \$1.892.40
- Power Virtual Server:
 - S922 egal wie viele Cores = identisch wie S1014 da SE2 eligibel, \$58.100 für 3 Jahre
 - S1022, E980, E1080 − Lizenzierung pro Core da DCM → EE
 - S1022: SW Lizenzen bereits ab 1 Core f
 ür 3 Jahre teurer, da EE erforderlich



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Oracle SW licensing cost optimization example



Without SPP

VM1	VM2	VM3	VM4	VM5
Capped	Capped	Capped	Capped	Capped
AIX 7.3	AIX 7.3	AIX 7.3	AIX 7.2	AIX 7.3
Oracle DB				
VP = 6	VP = 2	VP = 1	VP = 1	VP = 2

Provision 5 VMs with 12 fixed cores = 12 Oracle licenses required

Oracle Licensing Optimization Benefits

- Enable hybrid cloud environment to run off-premise Oracle workloads
- Reduce the number of SW licenses by putting a limit on the number of processors an uncapped partition can use
- Meets Oracle's support and hard partitioning requirements
- Fully certified stack w/ PowerVM, AIX, IBM i, SAN-based storage, network adapters
- Full support for Oracle database, RAC, Fusion middleware, applications
- Option to add and license only 1 incremental core at a time to a SPP

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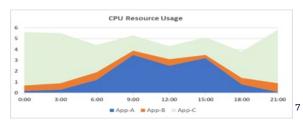
VM1	VM2	VM3	VM4	VM5
Uncapped	Uncapped	Uncapped	Uncapped	Uncapped
AIX 7.3	AIX 7.3	AIX 7.3	AIX 7.2	AIX 7.3
Oracle DB	Oracle DB	Oracle DB	Oracle DB	Oracle DB
Ent. = 5.25	Ent. = 1.25	Ent. = 0.25	Ent. = 0.75	Ent. = 1.5
VP = 6	VP = 2,3	VP = 1,2,3	VP = 1,2,3	VP = 2,3

SPP

Reserved: 9 capped cores

- Create Shared Process Pool with 9 capped cores
- Provision 5 VMs with 9 cores entitled capacity
- 12 virtual processors with 1:1 EC:VP (S922)
- 18 virtual processors with 1:3 EC:VP (up to 50% savings)
- 9 Oracle licenses required

	Oracle License w/ SPP	Without SPP	License Saving
SPP #1: Oracle DB cores to license	9	12	3



Oracle Production Example (S1022)



S1022 with	out SPP							
							Oracle	
	Cores/EC	VP	Type	Mem	os	Total	Licenses	% change
VM1	6.00		С	64	AIX	\$1,768.78	6	
VM2	2.00		С	48	AIX	\$856.28	2	
VM3	1.00		С	32	AIX	\$508.15	1	
VM4	1.00		С	32	AIX	\$508.15	1	
VM5	2.00		С	48	AIX	\$856.28	2	
Total PVS	12.00	0		224		\$4,497.65	12	
					with Discount	\$2,473.71	\$5,225.00	
						Total	\$7,698.71	

As-is without SPP

- 12 cores used
- 12 Oracle licenses needed

S1022 with SPP (current pricing)									
								Oracle	
	Cores/EC	VP	Туре	Mem	os	Total	Licenses	% change	
Pool	9		С	0	BYOL	\$1,432.24	9		
VM1	5.25	6	S	64	AIX	\$1,349.04			
VM2	1.25	2	S	48	AIX	\$648.85			
VM3	0.25	1	S	32	AIX	\$433.80			
VM4	0.75	1	S	32	AIX	\$421.31			
VM5	1.5	2	S	48	AIX	\$682.61			
Total PVS	9.00	12		224		\$4,967.86			
					with Discount	\$2,732.32	\$3,918.75	10%	
						Total	\$6,651.07		

As-is with SPP (without optimizations)

- 9 cores used and licensed for Oracle
- VM price is 10% higher than without SPP
- 33% Oracle license savings (9 cores licensed)

							Oracle	
	Cores/EC	VP	Type	Mem	os	Total	Licenses	% change
Pool	9		SPP	0	BYOL	\$1,432.24	9	
VM1	5.25	6	SPC	64	AIX	\$792.21		
VM2	1.25	2	SPC	48	AIX	\$516.27		
VM3	0.25	1	SPC	32	AIX	\$327.26		
VM4	0.75	1	SPC	32	AIX	\$341.77		
VM5	1.5	2	SPC	48	AIX	\$523.52		
Total PVS	9.00	12		224		\$3,933.27		
					with Discount	\$2,163.30	\$3,918.75	-13%
						Total	\$6,082.05	

NEW – with SPP pricing optimizations

- 13% improvement on PowerVS pricing
- 33% Oracle license savings (9 cores licensed for 12 VPs)
- Up to 50% Oracle license savings with 1:3 EC:VP ratio (9 cores licensed for 18 VPs)

Note: Monthly USD prices shown

Oracle Database on IBM PowerVS Collaterals

Oracle RAC, Dataguard, Migration ... Implementation Guidance & Experience Feedback



Whitepaper Oracle RAC implementation on IBM Power Systems Virtual Server



Oracle Disaster Recovery on IBM Power Virtual Server



<u>Oracle Technical Migration</u> Procedure – Power to PowerVS

- Oracle on Power Seismic Startseite
- Präsentation Oracle and Oracle RAC on Power Virtual Server (Oktober 2024)
- July 31 Oracle on IBM PowerVS Spotlight IBM Power Virtual Server Aufzeichnung und Präsentation
- IBM Power vs Exadata and Oracle Cloud Client Deck 2025.Feb