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Consider the following programming problem:

Given a positive integer N. Calculate the Fibonacci series till the number N. If N is a part of the series, include N as well.

Please provide a solution for this problem in the R language.

Here's how you can solve the problem in R by calculating the Fibonacci series up to a given number N:

```
fibonacci_till_N <- function(N) {

# Initialize the first two Fibonacci numbers

fib_series <- c(0, 1)

# Generate Fibonacci numbers until the last number is less than or equal to N

while (TRUE) {

next_fib <- sum(tail(fib_series, 2))

if (next_fib > N) {

break

}

fib_series <- c(fib_series, next_fib)

}

# If N is in the series, include it; otherwise, return the series up to the closest smaller number

if (N XinX fib_series) {

return(fib_series) {

return(fib_series) }

else {

return(fib_series[-length(fib_series)]) # Remove the last number if it exceeds N

}

# Example usage

N <- 21

fibonacci_till_N(N)
```

Explanation:

- Initialization: The series starts with the first two Fibonacci numbers, "0" and "1".
- While Loop: The loop continues to generate the next Fibonacci number until it exceeds N. If
 the next Fibonacci number exceeds N, the loop breaks.
- Series Adjustment: After exiting the loop, if N is part of the series, the entire series is returned.
 If N is not part of the series, the function excludes the last number, which would be greater than N, from the final result.

Example:

If you run the function with `N = 21`, the output will be:

```
r ① Code kopieren
```

This includes the number 21, as it's part of the Fibonacci series.

```
# D C B D ★∨
```

