## **Copilot**

Sure, I'd be happy to help! Let's break down the specific part of the program you mentioned:

```
while (B != 0) {
  temp <- B
  B <- A %% B
  A <- temp
}</pre>
```

This part of the program is implementing the **Euclidean algorithm** to find the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two positive integers, A and B. Here's a step-by-step explanation:

- 1. **While Loop**: The loop continues to execute as long as B is not equal to 0. The condition B != 0 ensures that the loop will keep running until B becomes 0.
- 2. **Temporary Variable**: Inside the loop, the current value of B is stored in a temporary variable temp. This is done to preserve the value of B before it gets updated.
- 3. **Modulo Operation**: The expression A **%%** B calculates the remainder when A is divided by B. This remainder becomes the new value of B. The modulo operation is a key part of the Euclidean algorithm, as it reduces the problem size in each iteration.
- 4. **Update A**: The value of A is then updated to the value of temp (which is the old value of B). This step effectively swaps the values of A and B for the next iteration.

The loop continues to execute, reducing the values of A and B until B becomes 0. At this point, the value of A is the GCD of the original values of A and B.

## **Context of the Whole Program**

The entire program is designed to find the GCD of two given positive integers, A and B. Here's how it works:

- 1. **Function Definition**: The function find gcd is defined to take two arguments, A and B.
- 2. **GCD Calculation**: The while loop inside the function calculates the GCD using the Euclidean algorithm.
- 3. **Return Value**: Once the loop completes, the function returns the value of A, which is the GCD.
- 4. **Function Call**: The function find\_gcd is called with the values A = 56 and B = 98.
- 5. **Output**: The result is printed using the cat function, displaying the GCD of the two numbers.

I hope this helps you understand the specific part of the program and how it fits into the overall context! If you have any more questions or need further clarification, feel free to ask.