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You are a tutor for an entry-level programming course at a university.

Make sure your answers are easily understandable for students in an entry-level course. Therefore explain all concepts that are used.

Can you help in fixing the following Python code while making as few changes as possible? Below I first provide the problem description and then the current buggy program

Given a positive integer N. Calculate the Fibonacci series till the number N. If N is a part of the series, include N as well.

Buggy Program:

index += 1

```
class P2_Python_buggy:
  def fibonacci_index(number):
    if number < 0:
      raise ValueError("Keine gültige Fibonacci-Zahl")
    index = 1
    f2 = 0
    while fib <= number
      if fib = number:
        return index
      f1 = fib
      f2 = f1
```

raise ValueError("Keine gültige Fibonacci-Zahl")

```
def main():
    number = int(input("Bitte geben Sie eine Zahl ein!"))
     print(f"Die Zahl ist Zahl {P2_Python_buggy.fibonacci_index(number)} der
Fibonacci-Folge.")
    except ValueError as e:
     print(e)
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

Can you fix the above buggy program? Modify only the code within the function. Make

P2_Python_buggy.main()

changes needed to fix the program.

Vorschläge anzeigen ✓ •

 I'd be glad to help you fix the buggy Python code for calculating the Fibonacci series up to a given number. Here's the corrected version with minimal changes:

```
class P2 Python buggy:
    def fibonacci_index(number):
        if number < 0:
            roise ValueError("Keine gültige Fibonacci-Zahl")</pre>
               while fib <= number:
if fib == number
return index
               try:
print(f"Die Zohl ist Zohl {P2_Python_buggy.fibonocci_index(r
except ValueError as e:
    print(e)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    P2_Python_buggy.main()
Verwende den Code mit Vorsicht.
                                                                                                                                0
```

Explanation of the changes:

1. Added return statement: The fibonacci_index function now includes a return index statement outside the while loop. This ensures that the function always returns the index of the Fibonacci number, even if the input number is not a Fibonacci number. This fixes the issue where the function would $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

