

# <sup>1</sup> Nkululeko 1.0: A Python package to predict speaker characteristics with a high-level interface

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## <sup>6</sup> Summary

<sup>7</sup> Nkululeko ([Burkhardt, Wagner, et al., 2022](#)) is a Python toolkit for audio-based machine learning that uses a command-line interface and configuration files, eliminating the need for users to write code. Built on sklearn ([Pedregosa et al., 2011](#)) and PyTorch ([Chaudhary et al., 2020](#)), it enables training and evaluation of speech databases with state-of-the-art machine learning approaches and acoustic features. Key capabilities include model demonstration, database storage with predicted labels, and bias detection through correlation analysis of target labels (e.g., depression) with speaker characteristics (age, gender) or signal quality metrics.

## <sup>14</sup> Design Choices

Nkululeko targets **novice users** interested in speaker characteristics detection (emotion, age, gender) without programming expertise, focusing on **education** and **research**. Core design principles include: (1) exploring combinations of acoustic features, models, and preprocessing for optimal performance; (2) database analysis with visualizations; (3) inference on audio files or streams. Users run experiments via a single command: `nkululeko.MODULE_NAME --config CONFIG_FILE.ini`.

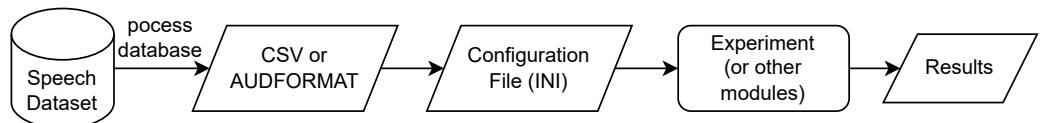
## <sup>21</sup> How Does It Work?

<sup>22</sup> Nkululeko is a Python command-line tool that uses INI configuration files to specify experiments. Data is imported via CSV format (file path, speaker ID, gender, task labels) or audformat. The functionality is encapsulated by software modules that are called on the command line. Key modules include:

- **nkululeko**: machine learning experiments combining features and learners (e.g., opensmile with SVM);
- **explore**: data exploration and analysis with visualizations;
- **predict**: predict features like speaker diarization, signal distortion ratio, mean opinion score, age/gender with deep learning models;
- **segment**: segment database based on VAD (voice activity detection);
- **ensemble**: combine several models to improve performance;
- **demo**: demonstrate the current best model on command line or files;
- **augment**: augment training data for bias reduction;
- **optim**: search model's best hyperparameters;
- **flags**: run several experiments at once.

<sup>37</sup> Configuration files contain sections: DATA (database location, target labels), FEATS (acoustic features: opensmile ([Eyben et al., 2010](#)), wav2vec 2.0 ([Baevski et al., 2020](#))), MODEL

<sup>39</sup> (classifiers/regressors), and PLOT (visualization). The overall workflow is shown in [Figure 1](#).  
<sup>40</sup> Results include images, text reports, and auto-generated LaTeX/PDF documentation.



**Figure 1:** Nkululeko's workflow: from raw dataset to experiment results

## <sup>41</sup> Statement of Need

<sup>42</sup> Open-source tools accelerate science through security, customizability, and transparency. While  
<sup>43</sup> several open-source tools exist for audio analysis—librosa ([McFee et al., 2015](#)), TorchAudio  
<sup>44</sup> ([Yang et al., 2021](#)), pyAudioAnalysis ([Giannakopoulos, 2015](#)), ESPNET ([Watanabe et al.,](#)  
<sup>45</sup> [2018](#)), and SpeechBrain ([Ravanelli et al., 2021](#))—none specialize in speech analysis with  
<sup>46</sup> high-level interfaces for novices. Nkululeko fills this gap with key principles:

- <sup>47</sup> 1. minimal programming skills (CSV data preparation and command-line execution);
- <sup>48</sup> 2. standardized data formats (CSV and AUDFORMAT);
- <sup>49</sup> 3. replicability through shareable configuration files;
- <sup>50</sup> 4. high-level INI-file interface requiring no Python coding;
- <sup>51</sup> 5. transparency via comprehensive debug output and automated reporting.

<sup>52</sup> Nkululeko interfaces with Spotlight ([Suwelack, 2023](#)) for enhanced metadata visualization,  
<sup>53</sup> combining complementary functionalities.

## <sup>54</sup> Usage in Existing Research

<sup>55</sup> Nkululeko has been used in several research projects since 2022 ([Burkhardt, Wagner, et al.,](#)  
<sup>56</sup> [2022](#)):

- <sup>57</sup> ▪ ([Burkhardt, Eyben, et al., 2022](#)) evaluated synthesized emotional speech databases;
- <sup>58</sup> ▪ ([Burkhardt et al., 2024](#)) demonstrated bias detection in UACorpus and Androids datasets;
- <sup>59</sup> ▪ ([Atmaja et al., 2024](#)) showcased ensemble learning with uncertainty estimation;
- <sup>60</sup> ▪ ([Atmaja & Sasou, 2025](#)) evaluated handcrafted acoustic features and self-supervised  
<sup>61</sup> learning for pathological voice detection with early/late fusion strategies;
- <sup>62</sup> ▪ ([Atmaja et al., 2025](#)) extended ensemble evaluations with performance weighting across  
<sup>63</sup> five tasks and ten datasets.

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