Celo Contracts Audit - Release 4

OPENZEPPELIN SECURITY | MAY 24, 2021

Security Audits

Introduction

As another phase of auditing, the cLabs team has asked us to review and audit the recent changes to the core contracts of the Celo protocol.

Scope

The audited commit for this phase has the tag celo-core-contracts-v5.pre-audit and associated commit hash f64b4c5b5228ecbf41e3e7cfdbb8c0e9a983eea2 within the Celo Monorepo.

Specifically, we audited the difference between this commit and commit

04c63970135f4df165eb2e56d89e898bcf53d46d, with associated tag celo-core-contracts-v4.post-audit.

Within the diff between commit f64b4c5b5228ecbf41e3e7cfdbb8c0e9a983eea2 and 04c63970135f4df165eb2e56d89e898bcf53d46d, the changes to the following files were considered in-scope for this audit:

packages/protocol/contracts/common/Accounts.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/common/Create2.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/common/GoldToken.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/common/InitializableProxy.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/common/InitializableV2.sol

packages/protocol/contracts/governance/Election.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/governance/Governance.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/governance/Proposals.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/governance/ReleaseGold.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/identity/IdentityProxy.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/identity/IdentityProxyHub.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/stability/ExchangeEUR.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/stability/Reserve.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/stability/SortedOracles.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/stability/StableToken.sol
packages/protocol/contracts/stability/StableTokenEUR.sol

This corresponds to all modified solidity files that are intended for production. Note that there may be some references to files that were not audited in this report.

Overview of the changes

The reviewed version changes the functionality of signer authorizations to be more general, allowing an account to hold multiple signer roles, smart contracts to be signers, and the creation of new roles. It also updates many references to the now deprecated "cGLD" to "CELO". It now includes a new version of Initializable, which sets the initialized flag in the constructor, thereby preventing anyone from calling the initializer on the implementation contract. Additionally, the ability of admins to "freeze" transfers of the cGLD/CELO token has been removed.

Update

All of the following vulnerabilities have been addressed or acknowledged by the Celo team. The updated version for this phase has the tag celo-core-contracts-v5.post-audit and associated commit hash 9e04953da04bb784d7d002d81129ec9cc8ab427b within the Celo Monorepo.

Vulnerabilities

Below, we list all vulnerabilities found in this audit.

High severity

[HO1] Incorrect use of require in revokeVotes

The revokeVotes function of the Governance contract is intended to revoke votes on proposals in the Referendum stage. However, it actually requires all dequeued proposals to be in that stage, which is not necessary during normal operations. Whenever any element of dequeued is not within the Referendum stage, the revokeVotes function will revert. This effectively makes the revokeVotes function unusable.

Instead of reverting, consider performing the following operations if the proposal is within the Referendum stage. Otherwise, that iteration of the loop should be treated as a no-op.

Update: Fixed in commits a10bdf3 and 750341b.

Medium severity

[M01] Potential out of gas error in revokeVotes

Within the revokeVotes function, the for loop will execute dequeued.length number of times.

Since the size of dequeued increases over time, eventually the contract may reach a state where revokeVotes will consume more than the available gas limit. This will make revokeVotes unusable.

Consider modifying revokeVotes to bound the number of iterations which the for loop can perform. This can be achieved, for example, by allowing users to specify indices within dequeued to clear.

Update: The Celo team decided not to address this. In their words:

On the Governance contract, there is a maximum of concurrent Proposals dequeued (added to the dequeued array) per dequeue Frequency time interval. The lifetime of a

We could allow indices to be provided but the intent of this method is to guarantee that isVoting (msg.sender) == false. Without checking all of the dequeued indices, we cannot assign voter.mostRecentReferendumProposal = 0, and the method won't accomplish its goal if misused. There is virtually no utility in a revokeVotes that only revokes some of the dequeued proposals.

Low severity

[L01] Discarded return value

The makeCall function of the IdentityProxy contract allows an authorized user to make an arbitrary call on behalf of the contract. However, the return value of the call is discarded, which unnecessarily limits the possible use cases. Consider bubbling the return value back to the caller so they can react to it.

Update: Fixed in commits <u>d417345</u> and <u>cba251c</u>.

[LO2] Extraneous Events

Many functions in the Accounts contract complete successfully and emit extraneous events when there is no operation to be performed. For example, it's possible to authorize a signer that already exists or remove a signer that doesn't exist. In such cases, the emitted event will not correspond to any executed action, which may intefere with offline processing. Consider validating that the contract state has changed before emitting events.

Update: The Celo team decided not to address this. In their words:

- 1. Extraneous events should be considered no-ops from the perspective of indexing the chain
- 2. The current behaviour is consistent with the other setters (e.g. setName, setMetadataURL, etc) in our Accounts.sol contract
- Calls to authorise signers remain idempotent which is desirable and correct

[L03] Misleading comments

actuality it should be a signature on the EIP 712 encoding of AuthorizeSigner struct with the msg.sender account and the specified role.

• <u>Line 900 of Accounts.sol</u> should better reflect the logic of the function. Consider changing the comment to "Returns false if authorized signer for another account. Returns true otherwise".

Consider updating the comments and docstrings to more accurately describe the purpose and effect of the codebase.

Update: Fixed in commit 3b27e3a.

[L04] Missing docstrings

The <u>function getRoleAuthorizationSigner</u> is missing natspec comments. This hinders reviewers' understanding of the code's intention, which is fundamental to correctly assess not only security, but also correctness. Additionally, docstrings improve readability and ease maintenance. They should explicitly explain the purpose or intention of the functions, the scenarios under which they can fail, the roles allowed to call them, the values returned and the events emitted.

Consider thoroughly documenting all functions (and their parameters) that are part of the contracts' public API. Functions implementing sensitive functionality, even if not public, should be clearly documented as well. When writing docstrings, consider following the Ethereum Natural Specification Format (NatSpec).

Update: Fixed in commits 234c647 and 9e04953.

[L05] Missing Event

The <u>removeLegacySigner</u> <u>function</u> of the <u>Accounts</u> contract does not emit an event.

Consider emitting events after all sensitive changes to facilitate tracking and notify off-chain clients about the contract's activity.

Update: Fixed in commit <u>8317448</u>.

[L06] Proxy ownership fragility

desirable depends on the particular use case and implementation, but that may not be obvious when constructing the logic contract. In particular, implementations that permit arbitrary function calls may accidentally introduce this behavior. Consider documenting this possibility in the deploy function comments so that proxy users are aware of the risk.

Update: Fixed in commit 222644b.

[L07] Unnecessary Access Control

The setEip712DomainSeparator function of the Accounts contract can only be called by the contract owner. However, it is simply used to initialize a contract variable, and its functionality does not depend on the caller. For simplicity, consider removing the onlyowner modifier.

Additionally, consider calling this function within the contract initializer. This will not affect any contracts that are upgraded to this version, but it would ensure that fresh deployments are initialized correctly.

Update: Fixed in commit 2049082.

[L08] Unnecessary operations in revokeVotes

The revokeVotes function is used to set a voters referendumVotes for a proposal to zero. However, it is executed against all active proposals, including ones where the voter hasn't voted. In such cases, all the operations associated with removing a voter's referendumVotes will still occur.

Consider only executing the main logic of the function when the voter has submitted non-zero referendumVotes for the relevant proposal, to avoid wasting gas.

Update: Fixed in commit <u>056a5b4</u>.

Notes & Additional Information

[N01] TODOs in code

- ProxyCloneFactory line 24
- ProxyCloneFactory line 56
- Reserve line 214
- <u>Election</u> <u>line 402</u>
- StableToken line 458

During development, having well described "TODO" comments will make the process of tracking and solving them easier. Without that information, these comments might tend to rot and important information for the security of the system might be forgotten by the time it is released to production.

These TODO comments should at least have a brief description of the task pending to do, and a link to the corresponding issue in the project repository. Consider updating the TODO comments to add this information. For completeness and traceability, a signature and a timestamp can be added.

Update: The Celo team showed us their project backlog, which contains links to the relevant issues on GitHub.

[NO2] Typographical errors

Several typographical errors were found in the codebase. Some examples are:

- Line 669 of Governance.sol should say "proposals" instead of "proposal".
- Line 670 of Governance.sol should say "were" instead of "was".
- Line 265 of Accounts.sol should say "to act as" instead of "to as".
- <u>Line 918 of Accounts.sol</u> references a non-existent current variable.
- <u>Lines 927-928 of Accounts.sol</u> contain empty comments which can be removed.
- <u>Line 19 of IdentityProxy.sol</u> should say "to call" instead of "the call".
- <u>Line 24 and Line 29 of ProxyCloneFactory.sol</u> should say "OpenZeppelin" instead of "open-zeppelin".

Consider correcting them.

Update: Fixed in commit 414cfed.

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access control. Moreover, Ownable is already included in the inheritance chain through the UsingRegistry contract. Consider removing the unused and redundant inheritance of Ownable.

Update: Fixed in commit 8b50238.

[NO4] Simplify identity heuristic calculation

The passesIdentityHeuristic function of the IdentityProxyHub contract evaluates multiple independent conditions, including a compound condition, and then evaluates whether or not they are all satisfied. For simplicity, consider returning immediately when any of the conditions fail. This would make the function easier to reason about, and would also increase efficiency.

Update: Fixed in commit <u>3f405e0</u>. This does not change the logic but it adds comments explaining the reasoning.

Conclusions

No critical and 1 high severity issue was found. Some changes were proposed to follow best practices and reduce potential attack surface.

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