

# En resa mot avgrunden

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**Abstract**—The abstract goes here.

## I. INTRODUCTION

*Explain the subject. What was i studying? Why was this topic important to investigate? What did we know about the topic before I did this study? How will this study dvance new knowledge or new ways of understanding?*

### A. State of the Art

*The latest and most sophisticated or advanced stage of a technology or science. State of the art if the foundation for determining the methid and methodology.*

### B. Hypothesis

*In scienc, a hypothesis is an idea or explanation that you then tesr through study and experimentation. Outside science, a theory or guess can also be called a hypothesis*

### C. Problem formulation

*The problm formulation is defined upon hypothesis to define the problem or problems for the thesis*

### D. Research questions

*A research question guides and centers your research. It should be clear and focusd, as well as synthesize multiple sources to present your unque argument. RQ should be furmulat*

## II. METHOD

*How will you test the hypothesis? What methods will be used from the knowledge learned in state of the art?*

## III. RESULTS

*What are the results your method have given?*

## IV. CONCLUSION

*Have you provn or disproven the hypothesis? If not, why?*

## V. DISCUSSION

## VI. FUTURE WORK

*What is the best way to continue the work?*

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

## REFERENCES

- [1] H. Kopka and P. W. Daly, *A Guide to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X*, 3rd ed. Harlow, England: Addison-Wesley, 1999.