FONTFONT OPENTYPE®





FONTFONT INFO GUIDE FOR

FF Alega Light
OT | Pro

SECTIONS

- A | Introduction to OpenType®
- Font and Designer Information
- c | Supported Layout Features
- Language Support
- E| Type Specimens



SECTION A INTRODUCTION TO OPENTYPE®

WHAT IS OPENTYPE?

OpenType® is a cross-platform font file format developed jointly by Adobe and Microsoft. The two main benefits of the OpenType format are its cross-platform compatibility (the same font file works on Macintosh and Windows computers), and its ability to support widely expanded character sets and layout features, which provide rich linguistic support and advanced typographic control.

OpenType fonts can be installed and used alongside PostScript® Type 1 and TrueType fonts.

The range of supported layout features may differ in the various FontFont OpenType packages, therefore each OpenType package will be accompanied by this FF Info Guide listing the layout features supported by this specific font package.

You'll find a glossary of all available OpenType layout features in Section B of the general FF OpenType User Guide.

Please see the FontFont OpenType® User Guide at http://www.fontfont.com/opentype

©FSI, 2005 All rights reserved.
All information in this document is provided "AS IS" without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, and is subject to charge without position.

All trademarks mentioned in this document are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

You may reproduce and distribute this document as long as you do not remove FSI's copyright information and do not make any changes in the document.

SECTION B FONT & DESIGNER INFORMATION

Handgloves

ABOUT FF ALEGA LIGHT

Siegfried Rückel says: My intention was to create a face with a technical look that was still very readable and suitable for headlines as well as body text. While working on several fun faces I suddenly discovered a form which seemed to be a good basis for a new font. This form appears in all Alega fonts, especially in the letters b, d, p, q and h, m, n and u as well as in most of the stroke endings and character curves. It was a challenge to find new forms for several characters, for example the capital X looks like a prehistoric cave painting or primitive African art. I also transferred the Antiqua lower case g into a technoid form. I tested legibility using texts from pharmaceutical products which you really must read character by character because you wouldn't recognize the words with just a cursory glance at the text.

The family contains true italics with emphasis on the handwritten character as you can see in the long descender of the italic f. The widths of the upper case letters correspond to the lower case letters which gives the face a homogenous look and emphasizes its technical character. This means that the small caps have the same optical width as the upper case letters. In the OT CFF versions with layout features you will find alternative commercial ats (@), an old form of the German double s, 15 f and t ligatures and several different arrows. I think you can use FF Alega for headlines, as a corporate typeface or text face, as well as for pop magazines, business journals and anthroposophic typography.

When I originally designed FF Alega I did not consider a serif version. But following the release of FF Alega, I experimented with serifs and decided the effort was worthwhile. FF Alega Serif has a technical look, but is very readable. It combines well with the original sans serif face.

ABOUT SIEGFRIED RÜCKEL

Siegfried Rückel lives in Berlin and works as a freelance designer. He studied design at the University of Applied Science in Potsdam under Lucas de Groot and Lex Drewinski. After releasing a number of "fun" faces he started his first earnest type project to create a modern typeface with a

technical look. The intention: combining Antiqua qualities with technical appearance. The name: ${\tt FF}$ Alega.

SUPPORTED LAYOUT FEATURES

FONTFONT OPENTYPE®

EXAMPLES

fi	STANDARD LIGATURES	fffflfi ► fffflfi
et	DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES	titjtt ► titjtt
ſ	HISTORICAL FORMS	straße ► ſtraße
аА	SMALL CAPITALS	Small ► SMALL
AA	SMALL CAPITALS FROM CAPITALS	CAPS ► CAPS
S	CASE-SENSITIVE FORMS	(H-o) ► (H-O)
I ≠I	CAPITAL SPACING	HOH ► HOH
13	LINING FIGURES	167 ► 167 167 ► 167

c | 5 FF Alega Light

EXAMPLES

13	PROPORTIONAL FIGURES	167 ► 167 167 ► 167
1 3	TABULAR FIGURES	167 ► 167 167 ► 167
1ª	ORDINALS	1a20 ► 1 ^a 2 ^a
ΣΣ	MATHEMATICAL GREEK	$\Sigma \coprod \triangleright \Sigma \coprod$
Jjj	ACCESS ALL ALTERNATES	1 ► 111¹
ko	CONTEXTUAL ALTERNATES	← ▶ ←
gg	STYLISTIC ALTERNATES	@ > Ø
	STYLISTIC SET 1	∅ ► Ø

EXAMPLES



c | 7 FF Alega Light

SECTION D LANGUAGE SUPPORT

SUPPORTED CODE PAGES STANDARD



MACOS

MACOS ICELANDIC
MACOS ROMAN

 $I\,B\,M$

IBM-37 UNITED STATES - EBCDIC (IBM-28709)
IBM-273 GERMANY - EBCDIC
IBM-277 DENMARK, NORWAY - EBCDIC

IBM-278 FINLAND, SWEDEN - EBCDIC IBM-280 ITALY - EBCDIC

IBM-200 ITALT - EBCDI

IBM-28

IBM-284 SPAIN, LATIN AMERICA - EBCDIC

IBM-285 UNITED KINGDOM - EBCDIC

IBM-297 FRANCE - EBCDIC

IBM-500 INTERNATIONAL - EBCDIC

IBM-871 ICELAND - EBCDIC

IBM-1047 OPEN SYSTEMS - EBCDIC

WINDOWS

MS WINDOWS 1252 LATIN 1

TSO

ISO 8859-1 W EU LATIN 1

ISO 8859-15 WEST EUROPE LATIN 9

ADDITIONAL SUPPORTED CODE PAGES PRO



MACOS

MACOS CENTRAL EUROPE
MACOS CROATIAN
MACOS GREEK
MACOS ROMANIAN
MACOS TURKISH
IBM

IBM-875 GREECE - EBCDIC IBM-921 BALTIC

IBM-1112 BALTIC - EBCDIC WINDOWS

MS WINDOWS 1250 EASTERN EUROPEAN

MS WINDOWS 1253 GREEK
MS WINDOWS 1254 TURKISH
MS WINDOWS 1257 BALTIC

ISO

ISO 8859-2 C EU LATIN 2

ISO 8859-3 TU, MALT, GAL, ESP LATIN 3

ISO 8859- 4 BALTIC LATIN 6

ISO 8859- 9 W EU+TURKISH LATIN 5

ISO 8859-10 SCANDINAVIAN LATIN 6

ISO 8859-13 BALTIC LATIN 7

ISO 8859-16 SOUTHEAST EUROPE LATIN 10

SUPPORTED LANGUAGES STANDARD



AFRIKAANS KYRGYZ (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION;

ALBANIAN BGN/PCGN 1979]

AMHARIC (ETHIOPIC) [ROMANIZATION LADIN

SYSTEM BGN/PCGN 1967] LAOTIAN (LAOTIAN) [ROMANIZATION;

ARVANITIKA (LATIN)

ASTURIAN

BARABA TATAR

BATS (LATIN)

BISLAMA

BOKMÅL NORWEGIAN

BRETON

NORTH FRISIAN

BURMESE (BURMESE) [ROMANIZATION; NORTHERN SOTHO
BGN/PCGN 1970] NYNORSK NORWEGIAN

CATALAN OCCITAN

CHAMORRO PILIPINO (TAGALOG)
DANISH PORTUGUESE
DUTCH RHAETO-ROMANCE
EAST FRISIAN ROMANSCH

ENGLISH RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION;

ESTONIAN BGN/PCGN 1947] FAEROESE SCOTTISH GAELIC Somali FINNISH FRANCO-PROVENCAL SOUTHERN SAMI FRENCH Southern Sotho FRISIAN SPANISH FRIULIAN SWEDISH GALICIAN TAHITIAN

GERMAN TSAKHUR (LATIN)
GREEK (GREEK) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/ TSONGA
PCGN 1962] TSWANA

GREENLANDIC TURKMEN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION;

ICELANDIC BGN/PCGN 1979]

INDONESIAN UKRAINIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION;

INTERLINGUA NATIONAL, 1993]
IRISH UME SAMI
ITALIAN WALLOON
JAPANESE (SINO-JAPANESE) WEST FRISIAN
[ROMANIZATION; KUNREI] XHOSA
KARAIM (LATIN) YAPESE

KAZAN TATAR (LATIN) YIDDISH [ROMANIZATION]

KURDISH (LATIN) ZULU

ADDITIONAL SUPPORTED LANGUAGES PRO



ÄLVDALSKA **LULE SAMI**

AMHARIC (ETHIOPIC) [ROMANIZATION; MACEDONIAN (CYRILLIC) UN 1967] [ROMANIZATION; UN 1977]

ARAGONESE MALTESE ARUMANIAN MAORI ARVANITIKA (GREEK) MARSHALLESE AZERBAIJANI (LATIN) MOLDAVIAN (LATIN) BASQUE MONGOLIAN (CYRILLIC)

BOSNIAN (LATIN) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1964]

BULGARIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; NORTHERN SAMI BGN/PCGN 1952] Polish BYELORUSSIAN (BELARUSIAN LATIN) **PORTUNHOL**

CHICHEWA ROMANI (LATIN) COOK ISLANDS MAORI ROMANIAN

CRIMEAN TATAR (LATIN) RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; CROATIAN RUSSIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

C7FCH SYSTEM]

RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; **ESPERANTO**

GAGAUZ (LATIN) UN 1987, NATIONAL]

GREEK MONOTONIC SAMOAN GREENLANDIC (PRE-1973) SARDINIAN HAWAIIAN SERBIAN (LATIN) HUNGARIAN SLOVAK INARI SAMI SLOVENIAN ISTRO-ROMANIAN SORBIAN LOWER JAPANESE (SINO-JAPANESE) SORBIAN UPPER

[ROMANIZATION; MODIFIED HEPBURN] TAJIK (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/

KASHUBIAN PCGN 1994] KAZAKH (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; TONGAN

BGN/PCGN 1979] TSAKONIAN MONOTONIC

KHMER (KHMER) [ROMANIZATION; UN Turkish Ивукн 1972]

KOREAN (HANGUL) [ROMANIZATION; UZBEK (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION;

BGN/PCGN 1979] Kurmanji VÅMHUSMÅL LADINO (LATIN) VEPSIAN WALLISIAN LATVIAN (LETTISH) WELSH LITHUANIAN Wolof

1939 & 1984]

SUPPORTED UNICODE RANGES

TITLE	NUMBER OF CHARAC STD	CTERS PRO	EXAMPLES
BASIC LATIN	97	97	! " # } ~
LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT	96	96	; ¢ £ ý þ ÿ
LATIN EXTENDED-A	13	128	ĀāЙ…Žžſ
LATIN EXTENDED-B	1	13	ə <i>f</i> Å … Țţj
IPA EXTENSIONS		1	Э
SPACING MODIFIER LETTERS	10	10	
COMBINING DIACRITICAL MARKS	18	18	` ´ ^ ¿ —
GREEK AND COPTIC	5	73	;´΅… όύώ
LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL		8	ŴŵŴÿŶγ
GENERAL PUNCTUATION	19	20	·
CURRENCY SYMBOLS	1	1	€
LETTERLIKE SYMBOLS	2	2	™ Ω
Arrows	4	4	← ↑ → ↓
MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS	14	14	∂ Δ ∏ ≤ ≥ ·

TITLE	NUMBER OF CHARAC STD	CTERS PRO	EXAMPLES
BLOCK ELEMENTS		1	
GEOMETRIC SHAPES	3	3	▶ 4 ♦
MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	2	2	<u> </u>
ALPHABETIC PRESENTATION FORM	S 5	5	ff fi ffi ffi

SECTION E
TYPE SPECIMENS

FF Alega Light

Shag pile i13

AaßbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNn

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXYZ

FF Alega Light 14/16 pt

SEMPRE DOMENICA PRENDERÀ VITA una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt Il y aurait

FF Alega Light 12/14 pt

SEMPRE DOMENICA PRENDERÀ VITA una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt Il y aurait bien de choses à dire là-dessus. Several

FF Alega Light 10/12 pt

SEMPRE DOMENICA PRENDERÀ VITA una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt II y aurait bien de choses à dire là-dessus. Several tenors sing in culturally void display. Eigentlich wollen die Leute nur die Sonne genießen. Ayer, todavía en pleno echazo,

FF Alega Light 8/10 pt

SEMPRE DOMENICA PRENDERÀ VITA una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt Il y aurait bien de choses à dire là-dessus. Several tenors sing in culturally void display. Eigentlich wollen die Leute nur die Sonne genießen. Ayer, todavía en pleno echazo, celebraban su aniversario de boda. Facile à dire qu'à