Predicting Suicidal Thoughts Using Logistic Regression

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Introduction

Suicidal thoughts are influenced by mental health conditions and economic factors. This report uses **Logistic Regression** with **cross-validation** to predict suicidal thoughts based on mental health and economic indicators.

Load Required Libraries

```
library(caret); library(dplyr); library(readr); library(tidyr)

## Loading required package: ggplot2

## Loading required package: lattice

## ## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

## ## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

## ## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

Load and Preprocess Data

```
select(Year, Geography, Age_Group, Gender, Indicators, Percentage)

mental_health_wide <- mental_health_filtered %>%
    pivot_wider(names_from = Indicators, values_from = Percentage) %>%
    drop_na()

merged_data <- merge(mental_health_wide, economic_data, by.x = c("Year", "Geography"), by.y = c("Year",

for (col in c("CPI", "Inflation_rate")) {
    merged_data[[col]][is.na(merged_data[[col]])] <- median(merged_data[[col]], na.rm = TRUE)
}

features <- c(mental_health_indicators, "CPI", "Inflation_rate")

X <- merged_data[, features]
y <- ifelse(merged_data[[target]] > median(merged_data[[target]], na.rm = TRUE), 1, 0)

X_scaled <- scale(X)</pre>
```

Train Logistic Regression Model

Cross-Validation Accuracy: 0.8

Conclusion

Logistic regression achieves 80% accuracy in predicting suicidal thoughts. Future improvements could include additional economic factors, Random Forest models, or Neural Networks for enhanced prediction.