

Lab 33: Network Vulnerability Scanning with OpenVAS (GVM)

Lab Number: 33

Tool Used: OpenVAS / Greenbone Vulnerability Manager (GVM)

Platform: Kali Linux

Objective: Learn to perform a quick vulnerability scan on a network using OpenVAS (GVM)


Task 1: Installing OpenVAS (GVM)

Command Used:

`sudo apt install openvas`



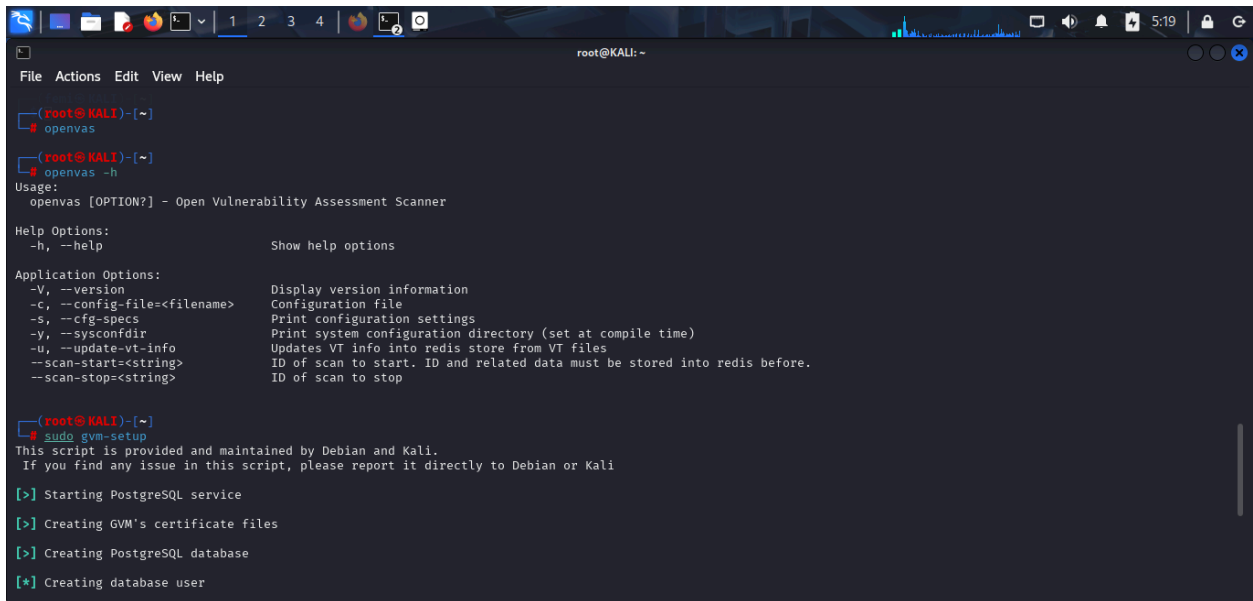
```
root@KALI: ~  
File Actions Edit View Help  
(root@KALI)-[~]  
→ sudo apt install openvas  
Note, selecting 'gvm' instead of 'openvas'.  
gvm is already the newest version (25.04.0).  
Summary:  
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 0, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 1266  
(root@KALI)-[~]  
→ openvas  
(root@KALI)-[~]  
→ openvas -h  
Usage:  
  openvas [OPTION?] - Open Vulnerability Assessment Scanner  
  
Help Options:  
  -h, --help                Show help options  
  
Application Options:  
  -V, --version              Display version information  
  -c, --config-file=<filename> Configuration file  
  -s, --cfg-specs            Print configuration settings  
  -y, --sysconfdir            Print system configuration directory (set at compile time)  
  -u, --update-vt-info        Updates VT info into redis store from VT files  
  --scan-start=<string>       ID of scan to start. ID and related data must be stored into redis before.  
  --scan-stop=<string>        ID of scan to stop  
  
(root@KALI)-[~]  
→ sudo gvm-setup  
This script is provided and maintained by Debian and Kali.  
If you find any issue in this script, please report it directly to Debian or Kali  
[>] Starting PostgreSQL service
```

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-  **Result:** Installed OpenVAS package successfully on Kali Linux.

Verification Commands:

openvas

openvas -h



The image shows a terminal window on a Kali Linux system. The user is in the root directory (~) and has run the 'openvas' command. The prompt changes to '(root@KALI)-[~]'. The user then runs 'openvas -h', which displays the usage and help options for the Open Vulnerability Assessment Scanner. The help text includes 'Usage: openvas [OPTION?] - Open Vulnerability Assessment Scanner', 'Help Options: -h, --help Show help options', and 'Application Options: -V, --version Display version information; -c, --config-file=<filename> Configuration file; -s, --cfg-specs Print configuration settings; -y, --sysconfdir Print system configuration directory (set at compile time); -u, --update-vt-info Updates VT info into redis store from VT files; --scan-start=<string> ID of scan to start. ID and related data must be stored into redis before.; --scan-stop=<string> ID of scan to stop'. After the help text, the user runs 'sudo gvm-setup'. The prompt changes to '(root@KALI)-[~]'. The output of 'gvm-setup' shows several steps: 'Starting PostgreSQL service', 'Creating GVM's certificate files', 'Creating PostgreSQL database', and 'Creating database user'.


```
(root@KALI)-[~]
# openvas
(root@KALI)-[~]
# openvas -h
Usage:
  openvas [OPTION?] - Open Vulnerability Assessment Scanner

Help Options:
  -h, --help                Show help options

Application Options:
  -V, --version              Display version information
  -c, --config-file=<filename> Configuration file
  -s, --cfg-specs            Print configuration settings
  -y, --sysconfdir           Print system configuration directory (set at compile time)
  -u, --update-vt-info       Updates VT info into redis store from VT files
  --scan-start=<string>      ID of scan to start. ID and related data must be stored into redis before.
  --scan-stop=<string>       ID of scan to stop

(root@KALI)-[~]
# sudo gvm-setup
This script is provided and maintained by Debian and Kali.
If you find any issue in this script, please report it directly to Debian or Kali

[>] Starting PostgreSQL service
[>] Creating GVM's certificate files
[>] Creating PostgreSQL database
[*] Creating database user
```

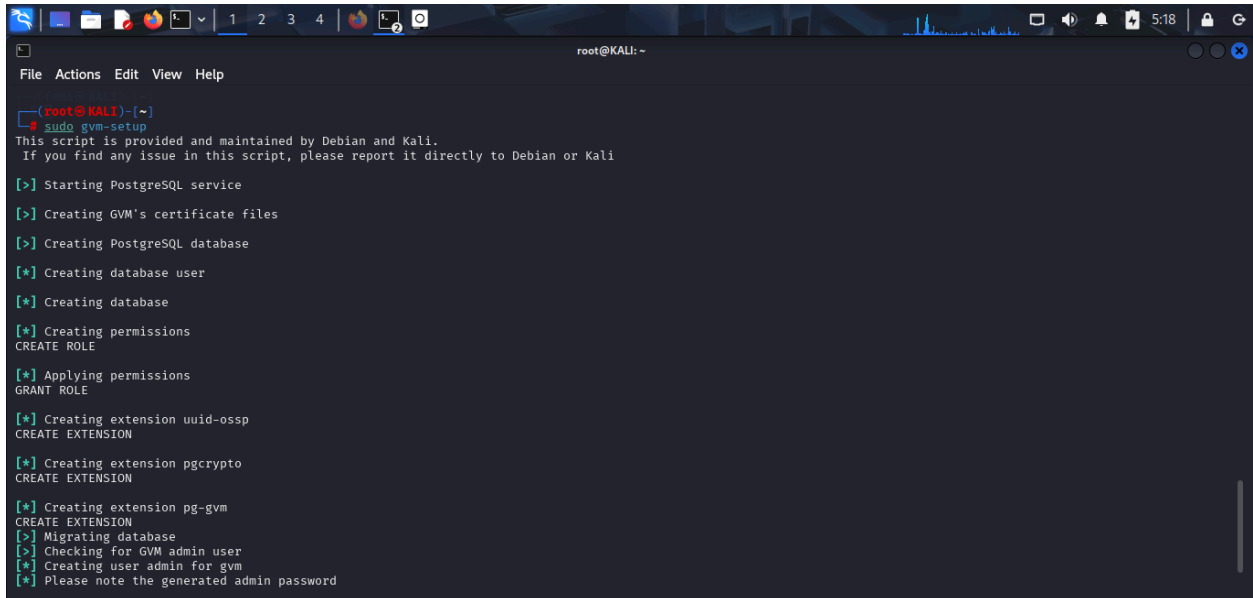
-  **Result:** OpenVAS command recognized; help screen displayed successfully, confirming the installation.

Task 2: Setting Up GVM (Greenbone Vulnerability Manager)

- **Note:** OpenVAS is now called **Greenbone Vulnerability Manager (GVM)**.



Command Used:

`sudo gvm-setup`




```
(root@KALI)-[~]
# sudo gvm-setup
This script is provided and maintained by Debian and Kali.
If you find any issue in this script, please report it directly to Debian or Kali

[>] Starting PostgreSQL service
[>] Creating GVM's certificate files
[>] Creating PostgreSQL database
[*] Creating database user
[*] Creating database
[*] Creating permissions
CREATE ROLE
[*] Applying permissions
GRANT ROLE
[*] Creating extension uuid-ossdp
CREATE EXTENSION
[*] Creating extension pgcrypto
CREATE EXTENSION
[*] Creating extension pg-gvm
CREATE EXTENSION
[>] Migrating database
[>] Checking for GVM admin user
[*] Creating user admin for gvm
[*] Please note the generated admin password
```

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-  **Observation:** This process downloaded a large plugin database (~20–30 minutes).
-  **Result:** Setup completed successfully.
 - A default **admin password** was generated on-screen.
 - **Action Taken:** Saved the admin password into a `.txt` file for later login.

Installation Check Command:

`sudo gvm-check-setup`

-  **Result:** Displayed **OK** across all setup checks, confirming readiness.
- **Action Taken:** Rebooted Kali Linux to finalize setup.

Task 3: Starting GVM Web Interface

Command Used:

```
sudo gvm-start
```

-

✓ **Result:** Firefox browser launched automatically with:

```
https://127.0.0.1:9392
```

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- **Action Taken:**

- Accepted self-signed certificate warning.
- Logged into the **Greenbone Web UI** using:

- **Username:** `admin`

- **Password:** (from earlier setup)

- ✓ **Result:** Successfully accessed the **Greenbone Vulnerability Manager Dashboard**.



Task 4: Running a Quick Vulnerability Scan

- **Action Taken:**


- Navigated to **Scans** → **Tasks**.
- Clicked the **wand icon** on top left and selected **Advanced Task Wizard**.

- **Scan Setup:**

- Named the scan: `Home Network Quick Scan`
- Entered target IP/subnet: `192.168.1.0/24` (*adjust based on actual network*)

- Clicked **Create**
 -  **Result:**
 - The task was successfully created.
 - The vulnerability scan started automatically.
 -  **Observation:** The scan took several minutes to complete.
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Task 5: Viewing Scan Results

- **Action Taken:**
 - Went to **Scans** → **Results** in the top menu.
 -  **Result:** Displayed a detailed list of vulnerabilities discovered in the scanned network.
 - **Further Action:**
 - Clicked into individual results to read:
 - Vulnerability name
 - Affected host
 - Risk level (High, Medium, Low)
 - Suggested remediation steps
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Conclusion / Summary

This lab demonstrated how to install, configure, and operate **OpenVAS (GVM)** to perform vulnerability scanning on a network. After setting up the tool and accessing its web interface, a **quick scan** of the home network was launched. The scan results revealed potential vulnerabilities, complete with detailed remediation recommendations.

Key Skills Learned:

- Installing and configuring OpenVAS/GVM
- Launching the web dashboard via <https://127.0.0.1:9392>
- Performing a subnet-based scan using the Advanced Task Wizard
- Interpreting vulnerability results and remediation steps