

## Lab 8: Building Modular Bots and Sub-Tasks

In this lab, we will cover the following:

- Designing modular task bots
- Running sub-task bots
- Passing variables between main and sub-task bots
- A working example walk-through

### Technical requirements

In order to install the Automation Anywhere Bot agent, you'll need the following:

- Google Chrome
- A completed registration with Automation Anywhere Community Edition
- A successful login to Automation Anywhere Community Edition
- A successfully registered local device
- Successfully downloaded sample data from GitHub

### Running sub-task bots

For our given scenario, the main task bot runs one sub-task bots. To run a sub-task bot from within your main task bot, you need to use the **Task Bot** package. This package contains actions such as **Pause**, **Run**, and **Stop**. The **Run** action will run another task. The configuration of this action includes the following:

- Specifying the location of the task bot
- Specifying any input variables
- Specifying the repeatable status of the task

#### Sub-task 1 -- Get the non-system table names from a SQLite database

This task will need the following inputs and outputs:

- **Inputs:** From the main task, the SQLite database path as a `String` type variable -- `strFile_SqliteDB`
- **Outputs:** To the main task, all the table names separated by a comma and stored as a single `String` type variable -- `strTableNames`

#### Main task -- Export the SQLite database tables to Excel

This task will need the following inputs and outputs:

- **Inputs:** None
- **Outputs:** The SQLite database path as a `String` type variable -- `strFile_SqliteDB`  
The table name as a `String` type variable -- `strTableNames`

This clearly outlines the communication of variables between the tasks. We can see what inputs are needed for each task and what values will be outputted. We have a complete picture of what our main and sub-task should look like. In the next section, we can start actually building our modular bot.

### Working example walk-through

You will now start building the modular task bot as described in our scenario. We have got the main and sub-bot designs to guide us. We will build two bots in total -- one main task bot and one sub-task bot. For this scenario, we will use the sample `Chapter15_Sqlite.db` database. Firstly, let's give our bots some names; we will name them as follows:

- `Chapter16_Sub_GetSqliteTableNames`
- `Chapter16_Main_SqliteToMS`

## Building a bot -- Chapter16\_Sub\_GetSqliteTableNames

This bot connects to a SQLite database and then runs a SQL statement to get all the non-system table names. The statement we are using is as follows:

```
SELECT name FROM sqlite_master WHERE type='table' and name Not Like 'sqlite%';
```

The bot will then loop through all the records, appending the value to a string while separating them with a comma. This string will be the output variable. We will begin by creating the variables and adding the comments.

Let's start this walk-through; follow the steps given here:

1. Log in to **Control Room**.
2. Create a new bot and call it `Chapter16_Sub_GetSqliteTableNames` in the `\Bot\` folder.
3. Create a `String` type variable called `strTableNames` and set the following property:

**Use as output:** *Checked*

4. Click on **Save**.
5. Create a `String` type variable called `strFile_SqliteDB` and set the following property:  
**Use as input:** *Checked*
6. Click on **Save**.
7. Create a `Record` type variable called `recTableName` and click on **Save**.
8. Create a `Number` type variable called `numCounter` and click on **Save**.
9. Add a new **Comment** action as `"-----"` on line **1** and click on **Save**.
10. Add a new **Comment** action as `"** Inputs: strFile_SqliteDB"` on line **2** and click on **Save**.
11. Add a new **Comment** action as `"** Outputs: strTableNames"` on line **3** and click on **Save**.
12. Add a new **Comment** action as `"-----"` on line **4** and click on **Save**.
13. Add a new **Comment** action as `"----- Initialize variables"` on line **5** and click on **Save**.
14. Add a new **Comment** action as `"----- Get table names"` on line **6** and click on **Save**.
15. Add a new **Comment** action as `"----- Create comma separated string"` on line **7** and click on **Save**.
16. Add a new **Comment** action as `"-----"` on line **8** and click on **Save**; your initial development interface should look like the following figure:

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | // Comment "-----"                            | : |
| 2 | // Comment "** Inputs: strFile_SqliteDB"      | : |
| 3 | // Comment "** Ouputs: strTableNames"         | : |
| 4 | // Comment "-----"                            | : |
| 5 | // Comment "----- Initialize variables"       | : |
| 6 | // Comment "----- Get table names"            | : |
| 7 | // Comment "----- Create comma separated ..." | : |
| 8 | // Comment "-----"                            | : |

17. Firstly, we must initialize the output variable by adding the **String: Assign** action just below line 5.

18. Set the following properties for **String: Assign** action on line 6:

**Select the source string variable(s) value (optional):** *(null)*

**Select the destination string variable:** **strTableNames - String**

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

**String: Assign**

Assign or Concatenate the given strings

Select the source string variable(s)/ value (optional)

”” (x)

---

Select the destination string variable

strTableNames - String (x)

19. Click on **Save**.

20. Next, we initialize our `numCounter` variable by adding the **Number: Assign** action just below line 6.

21. Set the following properties for the **Number: Assign** action on line 7:

**Select the source string variable/ value:** 0

**Select the destination number variable:** **numCounter - Number**

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

### Number: Assign

Assigns user specified number to number variable

Select the source string variable/ value

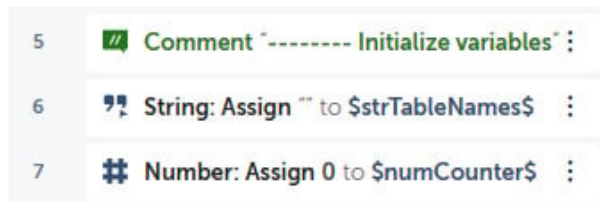
# 0 (x)

Specify value to assign to number

Select the destination number variable

numCounter - Number (x)

22. Click on **Save**. This section of the development interface should look as shown in the following figure:



23. Now we can start working with the SQLite database; first, to establish a connection, drag the **Database: Connect** action just below line 8. You are now ready to start setting the properties.

24. Set the following properties for the **Database: Connect** action on line 9:

**Session name:** db\_Sqlite

**Connection mode:** User defined

**Database type:** SQLite

**Database file path:** Desktop file -- \$strFile\_SqliteDB\$

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

**Database: Connect**

Connects to a database

Session name

Connection mode  
 User defined

Database type  
 Sqlite

Database file path

Required extension: ".db"  
Only .db files are allowed.

25. Click on **Save**.

26. To run the SQL statement to get the table names, add the **Database: Read from** action just below line 9.

27. Set the following properties for the **Database: Read from** action on line 10:

**Session name:** db\_Sqlite

**Enter SELECT Statement:** `SELECT name FROM sqlite_master WHERE type='table' and name Not Like 'sqlite%';`

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

**Database: Read from**

Retrieves data from the database

Session name

Enter SELECT Statement

28. Click on **Save**; this section of the development interface should look as shown in the following figure:

|    |   |   |
|----|---|---|
| 8  | <b>Comment</b> "----- Get table names"  | ⋮ |
| 9  | <b>Database: Connect</b> to Sqlite in session "db_Sqlite"                       | ⋮ |
| 10 | <b>Database: Read from</b> database using the SQL statement "SELECT name FR..." | ⋮ |

29. The bot needs to loop through the resulting dataset and create a comma-separated string. To do this, we start by adding the **Loop** action; drag the **Loop** action just below line 11.

30. Set the following properties for the **Loop** action on line **12**:

**Loop Type:** Iterator

**Iterator:** For each row in a SQL query dataset

**Session name:** db\_Sqlite

**Assign the current row to this variable:** recTableName -- Record

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

The screenshot shows the configuration for a 'Loop' action. At the top, the title 'Loop' is displayed. Below it, a description reads 'Repeats the actions in a loop until a break'. Under the 'Loop Type' section, the 'Iterator' option is selected with a radio button. Below this, a dropdown menu is set to 'For each row in a SQL query dataset', with a subtext 'Iterator for each row in sql query dataset.' Below that, the 'Session name' field contains 'db\_Sqlite'. Finally, the 'Assign the current row to this variable' field is set to 'recTableName - Record'.

31. Click on **Save**.

32. As the bot is now in the **Loop** action, the counter needs to be incremented by adding the **Number: Increment** action just below line **12**, ensuring that it is within the **Loop** action on line **12**.

33. Set the following properties for the **Number: Increment** action on line **13**:

**Enter number:** \$numCounter\$

**Enter increment value:** 1

**Assign the output to variable:** numCounter - Number

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

### Number: Increment

Increments a number by specified value

Enter number

# \$numCounter\$ (x)

Enter increment value

# 1 (x)

Increments number by value (e.g. 1)

Assign the output to variable

numCounter - Number (x) +

34. Click on **Save**.

35. As we build the comma-separated string, we must ensure that no comma is added before the first value. To do this, add the **If** action just below line **13**, ensuring that it is within the **Loop** action on line **12**.

36. Set the following properties for the **If** action on line **14**:

**Condition:** Number condition

**Source value:** \$numCounter\$

**Operator:** Equals to (=)

**Target value:** 1

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

### If

Runs a sequence of actions if a condition is true

Condition

Number condition ^ ⋮

Checks the number variable condition.

Source value

# \$numCounter\$ (x)

Operator

Equals to(=) ▾

Target value

# 1 (x)

Add condition

37. Click on **Save**.

38. Here, we assign the first value to the output string by adding the **String: Assign** action just below line **14**, ensuring that it is within the **If** action on line **14**.

39. Set the following properties for the **String: Assign** action on line **15**:

**Select the source string variable value:** `$recTableName[0]$`

**Select the destination string variable:** `strTableNames - String`

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

The screenshot shows the 'String: Assign' configuration window. At the top, it says 'String: Assign' and 'Assign or Concatenate the given strings'. Below this, there is a section 'Select the source string variable(s)/ value (optional)' with a text input field containing '\$recTableName[0]\$' and a small '(x)' icon to its right. Below that is a section 'Select the destination string variable' with a dropdown menu showing 'strTableNames - String' and a small '(x)' icon to its right.

40. Click on **Save**.

41. To add all the table names following the first record, add the **If: Else** action just below line **15**, ensuring that it is within the **If** action on line **14**, and then click on **Save**.

42. Continue to add the comma-separated values to the output string by adding the **String: Assign** action just below line **16**, ensuring that it is within the **If: Else** action on line **16**.

43. Set the following properties for the **String: Assign** action on line **17**:

**Select the source string variable value:** `$strTableNames $, $recTableName[0]$`

**Select the destination string variable:** `strTableNames - String`

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

The screenshot shows the 'String: Assign' configuration window. At the top, it says 'String: Assign' and 'Assign or Concatenate the given strings'. Below this, there is a section 'Select the source string variable(s)/ value (optional)' with a text input field containing '\$strTableNames \$, \$recTableName[0]\$' and a small '(x)' icon to its right. Below that is a section 'Select the destination string variable' with a dropdown menu showing 'strTableNames - String' and a small '(x)' icon to its right.

44. Click on **Save**.

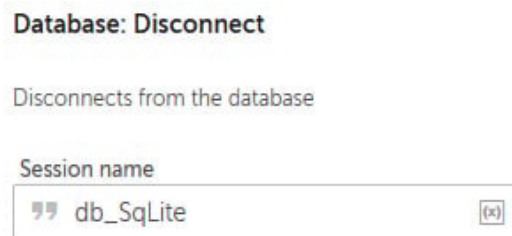


45. We can now close the session by adding the **Database: Disconnect** action just below line **17**, ensuring that it is not within the **Loop** action on line **12**.

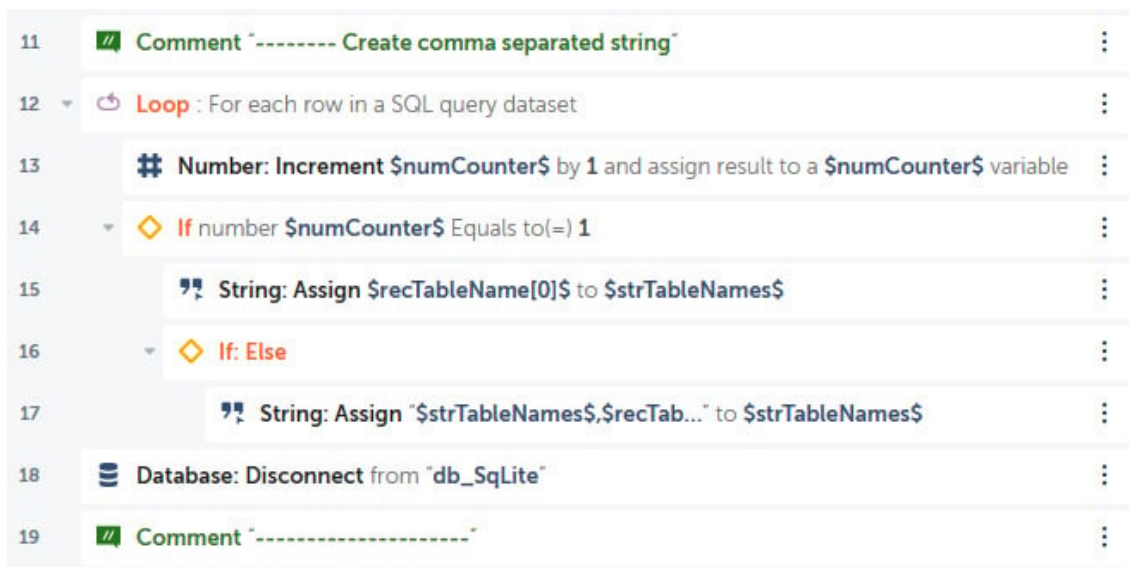
46. Set the following properties for the **Database: Disconnect** action on line **18**:

**Session name:** `db_Sqlite`

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:



47. Click on **Save**; the development interface for this section should look as shown in the following figure:



Good job! That's the second sub-bot built. This bot will extract all the non-system tables from any SQLite database. It just needs the database file path. The output should be a comma-separated string.

In the next section, you will build the main bot and run the sub-bot from within this main bot.

## Building a bot -- Chapter16\_Main\_SqliteToMS

You are now ready to integrate all these smaller bots to perform the overall task. We want our bot to run the first sub-bot, followed by the second sub-bot. We then need to take the output from the second sub-bot and split the comma-separated string into a list. The bot will then iterate through this list while running the third bot. You will get the practical experience of passing and receiving variables from these bots as we build. We will begin by creating the variables and adding some steps.

Let's start this walk-through by executing the following steps:

1. Log in to **Control Room**.
2. Create a new bot and call it `Chapter16_Main_SqliteToMS` in the `\Bot\` folder.
3. Create a `String` type variable called `strTableName` and set the following property:  
**Use as output:** *Checked*.
4. Click on **Save**.
5. Create a `String` type variable called `strFile_SqliteDB` and set the following property:  
**Use as output:** *Checked*.
6. Click on **Save**.
12. Create a `Dictionary` type variable with a subtype of `String`, name it `dctTableNames`, and click on **Save**.
13. Add a new **Comment** action as `"-----"` on line **1** and click on **Save**.
14. Add a new **Comment** action as `*** outputs: strFile_SqliteDB, strTableName` on line **2** and click on **Save**.
15. Add a new **Comment** action as `"-----"` on line **3** and click on **Save**.
16. Add a new **Comment** action as `"----- Initialize variables"` on line **4** and click on **Save**.
17. Add step just below line **5**, set the **Title** property as `Get table names from Sqlite database`, and click on **Save**.
18. Continue initializing variables; add the **String: Assign** action just below line **5**.
19. Set the following properties for the **String: Assign** action on line **6**:

**Select the source string variable value:** `C:\Hands-On-RPA-with-AA-Sample-Data\Chapter15_Sqlite.db`

**Select the destination string variable:** `strFile_SqliteDB - String`

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

### String: Assign

Assign or Concatenate the given strings

Select the source string variable(s)/ value (optional)

`C:\Hands-On-RPA-with-AA-Sample-Data\Chapter15_Sqlite.db` (x)

Select the destination string variable

`strFile_SqliteDB - String` (x) +

20. Click on **Save**.

33. Now it is time to call the sub-task bot. To do this, add the **Task Bot: Run** action.

34. Set the following properties for the **Task Bot: Run** action on line 11:

**Task Bot to run: Control Room file** -- `Bots\Chapter16_Sub_GetSqlLiteTableNames`

**Input values: Set strFile\_SqliteDB:** *Checked* - `$strFile_SqliteDB$`

**Do not repeat:** *Selected*

**Assign the output to variable (optional):** `dctTableNames` -- **Dictionary of Strings**

The properties should look as shown in the following figure:

**Task Bot: Run**

Runs the selected task bot.

Task Bot to run

Current Task Bot Control Room file Variable

Bots\Chapter16\_Sub\_GetSqlLite X Browse...

Input values

☒ Set strFile\_SqliteDB

"" \$strFile\_SqliteDB\$ (x)

☐ Do not repeat

Assign the output to variable (optional)

dctTableNames - Dictionary of Strings (x)

35. Click on **Save**; this section of the development interface should look as shown in the following figure:

10 Step "Get table names from SQLite database" ⋮

11 Task Bot: Run "Bots\Chapter16\_Sub\_GetSqlLiteTableNames" and assign output to va... ⋮

Go ahead and run your main bot. It will run the sub-bot and perform the whole process.

## Summary

There has been a lot covered in this lab, giving you the skills needed to understand and design modular bots.

In the next lab, we will be looking beyond Automation Anywhere. You will learn how to use external scripts, including VBScript and Python scripts, to enhance the functionality of your bots. You will also discover how to pass parameters between your scripts and your bot, opening up even more automation possibilities.