

Lab 6.5: Thread per Consumer

Welcome to the session 6 lab 5. The work for this lab is done in ~/kafka-training/labs/lab6.5 . In this lab, you are going to implement a thread per consumer.

Find the latest version of this lab here.

Lab Thread per consumer

Unlike Kafka producers, Kafka consumers are not thread-safe.

All network I/O happens in a thread of the application making calls. Kafka Consumers manage buffers, and connections state that threads can't share.

The only exception thread-safe method that the consumer has is <code>consumer.wakeup()</code>. The <code>wakeup()</code> method forces the consumer to throw a <code>WakeupException</code> on any thread the consumer client is blocking. You can use this to shut down a consumer from another thread.

Consumer per thread

The easiest to implement a client application that can handle more work is to use a thread per consumer and then spin up more consumers. This approach works best because it requires no inter-thread co-ordination. You don't have to worry about in-order processing on a per-partition basis because Kafka is already sending messages by key to the partitions that you are managing so in-order processing is natural. This approach is easy to implement. Just process records in the order that you receive them.

StockPriceConsumerRunnable is Runnable

To create a consumer per thread, we will move away from our SimpleStockPriceConsumer and use a new class called StockPriceConsumerRunnable that implements Runnable. We will then use a thread pool to launch StockPriceConsumerRunnable instances.

~/kafka-training/labs/lab6.5/src/main/java/com/fenago/kafka/consumer/StockPriceConsumerRunnable.java

Kafka Consumer: StockPriceConsumerRunnable

```
import com.fenago.kafka.consumer;

import com.fenago.kafka.model.StockPrice;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.CommitFailedException;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.Consumer;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.ConsumerRecord;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.ConsumerRecords;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Map;
import static com.fenago.kafka.StockAppConstants.TOPIC;
```

```
public class StockPriceConsumerRunnable implements Runnable{
   private static final Logger logger =
           LoggerFactory.getLogger(StockPriceConsumerRunnable.class);
   private final Consumer<String, StockPrice> consumer;
   private final int readCountStatusUpdate;
   private final int threadIndex;
   private final AtomicBoolean stopAll;
   private boolean running = true;
   @Override
   public void run() {
       try {
       runConsumer();
       } catch (Exception ex) {
       logger.error("Run Consumer Exited with", ex);
    }
   void runConsumer() throws Exception {
       // Subscribe to the topic.
        consumer.subscribe(Collections.singletonList(TOPIC));
       final Map<String, StockPrice> lastRecordPerStock = new HashMap<>();
       try {
           int readCount = 0;
           while (isRunning()) {
               pollRecordsAndProcess(lastRecordPerStock, readCount);
           }
        } finally {
           consumer.close();
   private void pollRecordsAndProcess(
           final Map<String, StockPrice> currentStocks,
           final int readCount) throws Exception {
       final ConsumerRecords<String, StockPrice> consumerRecords =
               consumer.poll(100);
       if (consumerRecords.count() == 0) {
           if (stopAll.get()) this.setRunning(false);
           return;
       consumerRecords.forEach(record -> currentStocks.put(record.key()
              new StockPriceRecord(record.value(), saved: true, record)));
       try {
```

ConsumerMain

We will also create a <code>ConsumerMain</code> class that will start up thread pool. It will create a producer per thread. Then it will submit the producers (StockPriceConsumerRunnable, which are runnable) to the <code>executorService</code> (<code>threadPool</code>).

~/kafka-training/labs/lab6.5/src/main/java/com/fenago/kafka/consumer/ConsumerMain.java

Kafka Consumer: ConsumerMain

```
package com.fenago.kafka.consumer;
import com.fenago.kafka.StockAppConstants;
import com.fenago.kafka.model.StockPrice;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.Consumer;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.ConsumerConfig;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.consumer.KafkaConsumer;
import org.apache.kafka.common.serialization.StringDeserializer;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import java.util.Properties;
import java.util.concurrent.ExecutorService;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicBoolean;
import java.util.stream.IntStream;
import static java.util.concurrent.Executors.newFixedThreadPool;
public class ConsumerMain {
   public static void main(String... args) throws Exception {
       final int threadCount = 5;
       final ExecutorService executorService = newFixedThreadPool(threadCount);
```

Lab Work

ACTION - EDIT

com.fenago.kafka.consumer.StockPriceConsumerRunnable and follow the instructions in the file.

ACTION - EDIT com.fenago.kafka.consumer.ConsumerMain and follow the instructions in the file.

ACTION - RUN ZooKeeper and Brokers if needed.

ACTION - RUN ConsumerMain from IDE

ACTION - RUN StockPriceKafkaProducer from IDE

ACTION - OBSERVE and then STOP consumers and producer

Expected behavior

It should run and should get messages like this:

Expected output

```
New ConsumerRecords par count 1 count 3, max offset ticker AAA price 80.25 Thread 1 ticker CCC price 80.25 Thread 1 ticker EEE price 80.25 Thread 1 ticker DEF price 94.44 Thread 1 ticker XYZ price 94.44 Thread 1

New ConsumerRecords par count 1 count 2, max offset ticker IBM price 61.74 Thread 2 ticker UBER price 544.94 Thread 2

New ConsumerRecords par count 1 count 3, max offset
```

```
ticker GOOG price 448.74 Thread 0
ticker ABC price 94.44 Thread 0
ticker BBB price 80.25 Thread 0
ticker DDD price 80.25 Thread 0
ticker FFF price 80.25 Thread 0
ticker SUN price 61.74 Thread 0
ticker INEL price 61.74 Thread 0
```

It should all run. Stop consumer and producer when finished.