# Lab 9.1: Exploring the Default Listener

## **Objective:**

To explore the configuration for the default listener, LISTENER, and understand dynamic service registration in your Oracle database environment. This lab uses the CDBLAB and its PDBs created in previous labs.

#### Steps:

1. Open a New Terminal and Set the Environment Variables for CDBLAB

Open a new terminal window and set the environment variables for the CDBLAB database:

```
. oraenv
ORACLE_SID = [oracle] ? CDBLAB
The Oracle base has been set to /u01/app/oracle
```

## 2. Start SQL\*Plus and Log in as the SYS User with SYSDBA Privilege

Start SQL\*Plus and log in as the SYS user with the SYSDBA privilege:

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

## 3. View Initialization Parameters for Dynamic Service Registration

a. **INSTANCE\_NAME**: This parameter identifies the database instance name.

```
SHOW PARAMETER INSTANCE_NAME;
```

## **Expected Output:**

NAME	TYPE	TYPE VALUE
ingtango na	ame string	string CDBLAB

b. **SERVICE\_NAMES**: This parameter identifies the service names that users can use in their connection strings to connect to the database instance.

```
SHOW PARAMETER SERVICE_NAMES;
```

## **Expected Output:**

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
service names	string	CDBLAB

c. **LOCAL\_LISTENER**: This parameter specifies the alias names for local listeners that resolve to addresses in the tnsnames.ora file.

```
SHOW PARAMETER LOCAL_LISTENER;
```

## **Expected Output:**

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
local_listener	string	LISTENER_CDBLAB

d. **REMOTE\_LISTENER**: This parameter specifies the alias names for remote listeners.

```
SHOW PARAMETER REMOTE_LISTENER;
```

## **Expected Output:**

```
NAME TYPE VALUE
-----
remote_listener string
```

4. Exit SQL\*Plus

```
exit
```

- 5. View the tnsnames.ora File and Locate the Entry for LOCAL\_LISTENER
  - a. Change directories to \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin :

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/network/admin
```

b. List the files in this directory:

```
ls -l
```

### **Expected Output:**

```
-rw-r--r- 1 oracle oinstall 287 Jun 27 2019 listener.ora
drwxr-xr-x 2 oracle oinstall 4096 Apr 17 2019 samples
-rw-r--r- 1 oracle oinstall 1536 Feb 14 2018 shrept.lst
-rw-r---- 1 oracle oinstall 1870 Oct 16 05:06 thsnames.ora
-rw-r---- 1 oracle oinstall 1870 Oct 16 22:05 thsnames.old
```

c. View the tnsnames.ora file using the less command:

```
less tnsnames.ora
```

## **Expected Content:**

```
LISTENER_CDBLAB =

(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT =

1521))

CDBLAB =

(DESCRIPTION =

(ADDRESS_LIST =

(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT =

1521))

)

(CONNECT_DATA =

(SERVER = DEDICATED)

(SERVICE_NAME = CDBLAB)

)

)
```

### 6. View the listener.ora File

View the listener.ora file using the cat command:

```
cat listener.ora
```

### **Expected Content:**

```
LISTENER =
  (DESCRIPTION =
        (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT =
1521))
  )
ADR_BASE_LISTENER = /u01/app/oracle
```

## 7. Start the Listener Control Utility

Start the Listener Control utility with the <code>lsnrctl</code> command:

```
lsnrctl
```

## **Expected Output:**

```
LSNRCTL for Linux: Version 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on 27-OCT-2020 13:56:52
Copyright (c) 1991, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.
Welcome to LSNRCTL, type "help" for information.
LSNRCTL>
```

## 8. View Information About the Default Listener

a. View the available operations:

```
LSNRCTL> help
```

b. View the name of the current listener:

```
LSNRCTL> show current_listener
```

## **Expected Output:**

```
Current Listener is LISTENER
```

c. View the status of LISTENER:

```
LSNRCTL> status
```

# **Expected Output:**

```
TNSLSNR for Linux: Version 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version
Start Date
                         27-OCT-2020 13:56:52
                         0 days 0 hr. 0 min. 0 sec
Uptime
Trace Level
                         ON: Local OS Authentication
Security
Listener Parameter File
/u01/app/oracle/product/19.3.0/dbhome 1/network/admin/listener.ora
Listener Log File
/u01/app/oracle/diag/tnslsnr/your fully qualified hostname/listener/alert/log.xml
Listening Endpoints Summary...
 (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp)(HOST=your fully qualified hostname)
(PORT=1521)))
Services Summary...
Service "CDBLAB" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
The command completed successfully
```

## d. View additional details about the registered services:

```
LSNRCTL> services
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
Connecting to (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)

(HOST=your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT=1521)))

Services Summary...

Service "CDBLAB" has 1 instance(s).

Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...

Service "PDB1" has 1 instance(s).

Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...

Service "PDB2" has 1 instance(s).

Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...

Service "PDB3" has 1 instance(s).

Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...

The command completed successfully
```

#### e. Show the log status:

```
LSNRCTL> show log_status
```

# **Expected Output:**

```
Connecting to (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)

(HOST=your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT=1521)))

LISTENER parameter "log_status" set to ON

The command completed successfully
```

### 9. Exit the Listener Control Utility

```
LSNRCTL> exit
```

## Part B: Creating a Second Listener

#### Overview:

In this practice, you create a listener named LISTENER2 that listens on the non-default port 1561 for all database services. Configure the listener to use dynamic service registration, similar to the default listener, LISTENER.

### Steps:

- 1. Open the tnsnames.ora File and Create an Entry for LISTENER2
  - a. Set your environment variables using oraenv to CDBLAB:

```
. oraenv
ORACLE_SID = [orclcdb] ? CDBLAB
The Oracle base remains unchanged with value /u01/app/oracle
```

b. Obtain your host name and domain:

```
hostname -f
```

### **Expected Output:**

```
your_fully_qualified_hostname
```

c. Navigate to \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin:

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/network/admin
```

d. Copy the tnsnames.ora file and open it in a text editor:

```
cp tnsnames.ora tnsnames.ora.3-2
vi tnsnames.ora
```

```
e. Add an entry for `LISTENER2`:
```

LISTENER2 = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = your\_fully\_qualified\_hostname)(PORT = 1561))

```
f. Save the file and exit the editor.

2. **Modify the `LOCAL_LISTENER` Initialization Parameter**

a. Open a new terminal window and set the environment variables for `CDBLAB`:
   ```sh
   . oraenv

ORACLE_SID = [oracle] ? CDBLAB
The Oracle base has been set to /u01/app/oracle
```

b. Start SQL\*Plus and log in as the SYS user with the SYSDBA privilege:

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

c. View the LOCAL LISTENER initialization parameter:

```
SHOW PARAMETER local_listener;
```

# **Expected Output:**

```
NAME TYPE VALUE
------
local_listener string LISTENER_CDBLAB
```

d. Check if the  ${\tt LOCAL\_LISTENER}$  parameter is a static or dynamic parameter:

```
SELECT isses_modifiable, issys_modifiable FROM v$parameter WHERE
name='local_listener';
```

## **Expected Output:**

```
ISSES ISSYS_MOD
-----
FALSE IMMEDIATE
```

e. Set the <code>LOCAL\_LISTENER</code> parameter to include both <code>LISTENER\_CDBLAB</code> and <code>LISTENER2</code> :

```
ALTER SYSTEM SET local_listener='LISTENER_CDBLAB,LISTENER2';
```

# **Expected Output:**

```
System altered.
```

f. Confirm the new value of the LOCAL LISTENER parameter:

```
SHOW PARAMETER local_listener;
```

# **Expected Output:**

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
local_listener	string	LISTENER_CDBLAB, LISTENER2

g. Exit SQL\*Plus:

```
exit
```

- 3. Add an Entry for LISTENER2 in the listener.ora File
  - a. Make a copy of the listener.ora file:

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/network/admin
cp listener.ora listener.old
```

b. Start Oracle Net Manager:

```
netmgr
```

### In Oracle Net Manager:

- Expand Local and then Listeners.
- Click the green plus sign to add a new listener.
- $\circ$  Enter LISTENER2 as the listener name and click OK .
- Click Add Address and configure the address with the host name and port 1561.
- Save the network configuration and exit Oracle Net Manager.
- c. Verify the new entry in the listener.ora file:

```
cat listener.ora
```

### **Expected Content:**

```
LISTENER2 =

(DESCRIPTION =

(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT = 1561))

)

LISTENER =

(DESCRIPTION =

(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT = 1521))

)

ADR_BASE_LISTENER = /u01/app/oracle

ADR_BASE_LISTENER2 = /u01/app/oracle
```

# 4. Start and Verify the New Listener ( LISTENER2 )

a. Start the Listener Control utility:

```
lsnrctl
```

b. Check the status of LISTENER2:

```
LSNRCTL> status LISTENER2
```

# **Expected Output:**

```
Connecting to (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT=1561)))
TNS-12541: TNS:no listener
TNS-12560: TNS:protocol adapter error
TNS-00511: No listener
Linux Error: 111: Connection refused
```

c. Start LISTENER2:

```
LSNRCTL> start LISTENER2
```

### **Expected Output:**

```
Starting /u01/app/oracle/product/19.3.0/dbhome_1/bin/tnslsnr: please wait...

TNSLSNR for Linux: Version 19.0.0.0.0 - Production

System parameter file is
/u01/app/oracle/product/19.3.0/dbhome_1/network/admin/listener.ora

Log messages written to
/u01/app/oracle/diag/tnslsnr/your_fully_qualified_hostname/listener2/alert/log.xm

Listening on: (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp)
(HOST=your_fully_qualified_hostname) (PORT=1561)))

The command completed successfully
```

### d. Check the status of LISTENER2 again after waiting for about 60 seconds:

```
LSNRCTL> status LISTENER2
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
Connecting to (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=your fully qualified hostname) (PORT=1561)))
STATUS of the LISTENER
_____
Alias listener2
Version TNSLSNR for Linux: Version 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Start Date 16-OCT-2020 23:27:54
Uptime 0 days 0 hr. 0 min. 55 sec
Trace Level off
Security ON: Local OS Authentication
SNMP OFF
Listener Parameter File
/u01/app/oracle/product/19.3.0/dbhome 1/network/admin/listener.ora
Listener Log File
/u01/app/oracle/diag/tnslsnr/your fully qualified hostname/listener2/alert/log.xm
Listening Endpoints Summary...
(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp) (HOST=your fully qualified hostname)
(PORT=1561)))
Services Summary...
Service "CDBLAB" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
Service "PDB1" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
Service "PDB2" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
Service "PDB3" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "CDBLAB", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
The command completed successfully
```

#### 5. Exit the Listener Control Utility

```
LSNRCTL> exit
```

## **Summary**

In this lab, you explored the configuration for the default listener, LISTENER, and dynamic service registration. You then created a new listener named LISTENER2 that listens on the non-default port 1561, configured it for dynamic service registration, and verified its operation. This practice ensures you understand the configuration and management of multiple listeners in an Oracle database environment.

## Part C: Connecting to a Database Service Using the New Listener

#### Overview:

Now that you have LISTENER2 configured, test it by making a connection to one of its supported database services, for example, CDBLAB.

#### Steps:

## 1. Using Easy Connect Syntax, Start SQL\*Plus and Connect to the CDB Using LISTENER2

Open a terminal and connect to the CDBLAB database using LISTENER2 on port 1561:

```
sqlplus system/password@localhost:1561/CDBLAB
```

### **Expected Output:**

```
SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Tue Oct 27 13:56:52 2020

Version 19.0.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2020, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter password: *******

Connected to:

Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production

Version 19.0.0.0.0
```

### 2. Exit SQL\*Plus and Close the Terminal Window

Exit SQL\*Plus:

```
exit
```

Close the terminal window:

```
exit
```

## Summary

In this part, you tested the newly configured LISTENER2 by making a connection to the CDBLAB database using Easy Connect syntax. This verifies that LISTENER2 is correctly configured and can handle connections to the specified database services.