Lab 9: Creating a Basic Library

The following lab walks you through the steps of creating a **library** in Studio, publishing and using it in other automation projects.

Creating a library is similar to **Creating a Basic Process**. The difference is packages are for creating reusable components to be used in the context of other projects.

This lab gets data from an Excel spreadsheet and appends it to another Excel file. Next, it walks you through the steps for packaging and publishing the project to a custom feed, installing the package to another project, and using the activity it contains.

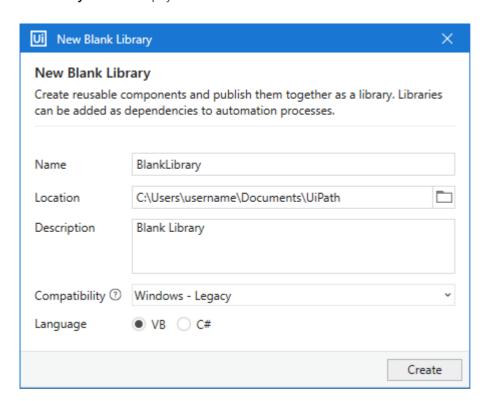
Let's begin.

Lab Solutions

Lab solution(s) are present in Solution\Lab09 folder.

Creating a Library

1. Launch Studio. In the HOME Backstage view, click **Library** to create a new library project. The **New Blank Library** window is displayed.



- 2. In the New Blank Library window:
 - Enter a name for the new project and a description that summaries what you are aiming to do with this automation. For this example, you can use the name **QuickLibrary**.
 - **Note**: The project name cannot exceed 128 characters, and the description cannot exceed 500 characters.
 - Select the location where to create the project.
 - Select Windows Legacy for the Compatibility option and VB for Language.

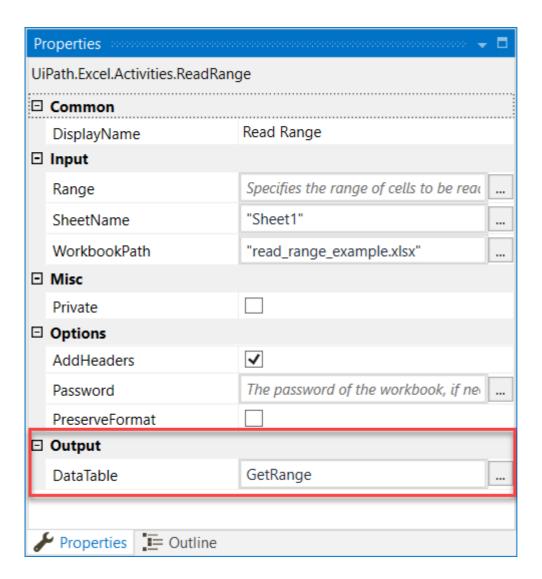
3. Click **Create**. The new library is opened in Studio.

Note: Copy following excel files in the folder where you project is created. These files are present in are present in Solution\Lab09 folder.

final.xlsx	05/07/2019 6:15 pm	Microsoft Excel W	11 KB
read_range_example.xlsx	05/07/2019 6:14 pm	Microsoft Excel W	15 KB

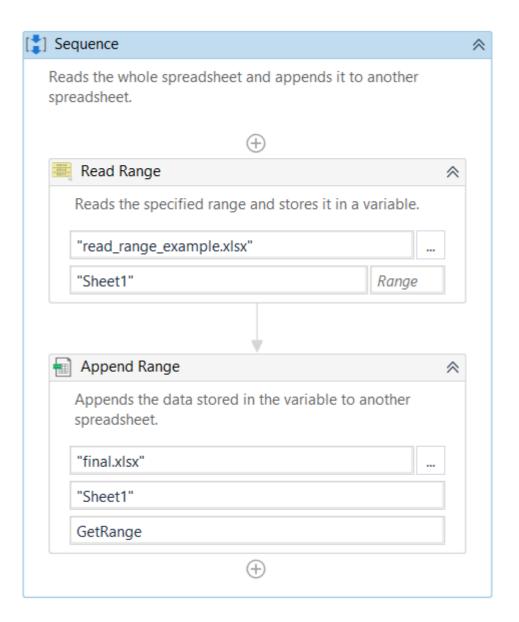
Adding Excel Activities

- 1. In the **Activities** panel, search for the **Read Range** activity under System > File > Workbook, and drop it to the **Designer** panel.
 - In the **Workbook path** field, add the path to the Excel file from which you want to get the data.
 - In the **Sheet Name** field, add the name of the spreadsheet. For this example, the name remains the default Sheet1.
 - In the **Range** field, add the range of cells to be read. For this example, leave the field empty so that all cells are read.
- 2. In the **Properties** panel of the **Read Range** activity, click the field next to **DataTable**, then use the **Ctrl + K** keyboard shortcut to open the variable field, and add the name GetRange. The type DataTable variable stores data from the read cells.



Name		^	Variable type	Scope	Default				
GetRange		DataTable	Sequence Enter a VB expression						
Create Vari	able			'					
Variables	Arguments	Imports		*	ø	100%	~	江	• † •

- 3. In the **Activities** panel, search for the **Append Range** activity under System > File > Workbook. Add it below the Read Range activity.
 - In the **Workbook path**, add the path to the file where you want to append the copied data.
 - In the **Sheet name**, add the name of the sheet. For this example, leave the default Sheet.
 - In the **Data table** field, add the previously created variable
 GetRange which stores the information. Your project should look like in the image below.

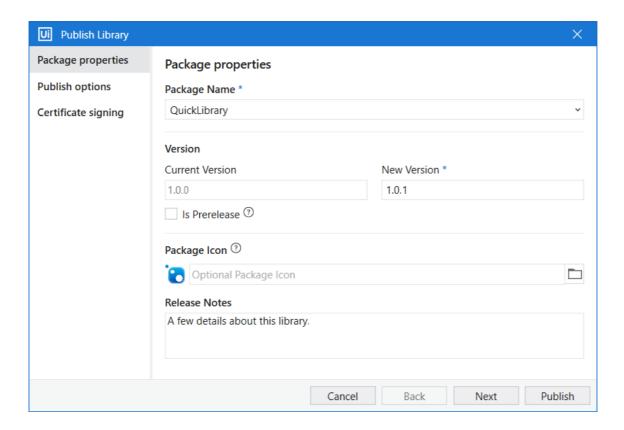


4. In the ribbon, click **Run File** or use **Ctrl + F6** to execute the workflow. The data gathered from the first Excel spreadsheet is appended to another. It does not replace data that already exists in the second spreadsheet.

Packaging a Library

To add this library as a reusable component to other automation projects, you need to package it as a .nupkg file by **publishing the project**.

- 1. Open the library project in Studio.
- 2. From the ribbon, click the **Publish** button. The **Publish Library** window opens.
 - In the Package properties tab, enter a package name. In the Release Notes field, add a few
 details about the library. This is useful for tracking the changes made to the library in each new
 published version.
 - In the **Publish options** tab, select **Publish to** > **Custom**, and then, in the **Custom URL** field, add the path to a local folder. For example, you can create a myfeed folder on your Desktop.
- 3. Click **Publish**. The package is now available in the local folder as a .nupkg file.

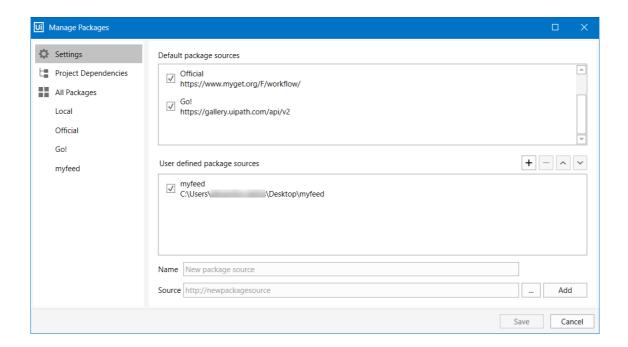


Installing Reusable Components

To use the package in another project, you first need to add it as a project dependency. To get started, create a new **Process** in Studio, as done in the **Creating a Basic Process** lab.

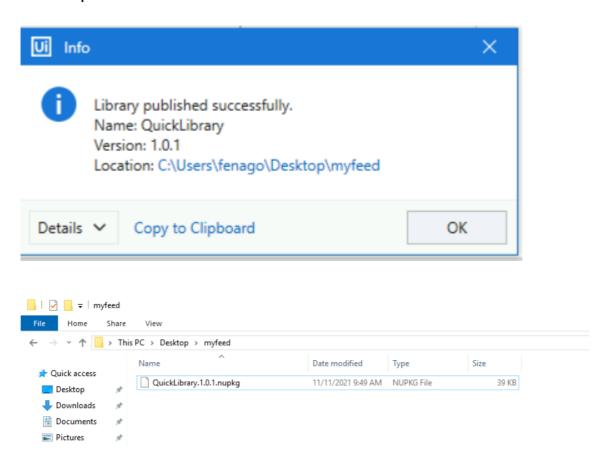
Adding a Custom Feed

- 1. In the Studio ribbon, click Manage Packages > Settings. The default and user-defined feeds are displayed.
- 2. In the **User defined packages sources** container, add a name for your feed in the **Name** field. In the **Source** field, add the path to the folder where you published your library to.
- 3. Click **Add**. Your new feed is added to the section.



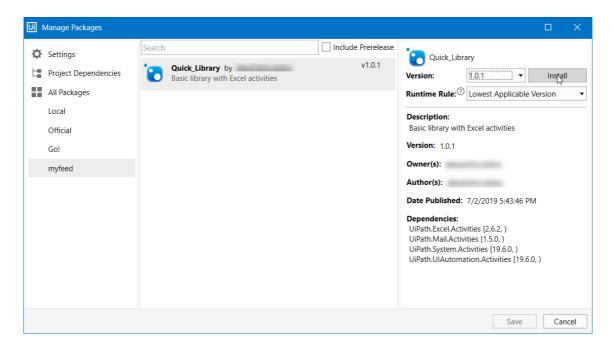
You need to follow the above steps whenever you want to add or remove a user-defined feed in Studio.

Publish Output



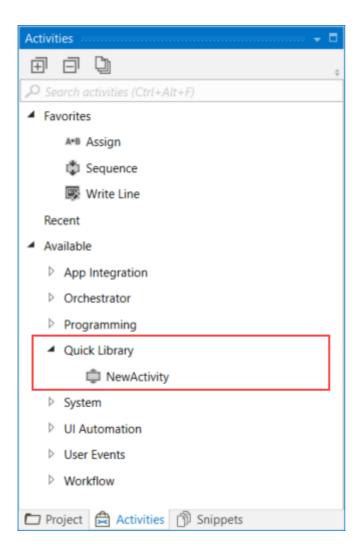
Installing the Package

- 1. In the **Manage Packages** window, go to the previously added feed under the **All Packages** tab on the left. The list of packages available on the feed is displayed.
- 2. Search for the package and select it. In our example, the package name is QuickLibrary.
- 3. Click **Install**, then **Save**. The package is now installed in your project, and visible in the **Project** panel, under **Dependencies**.



Adding Activities from the Library

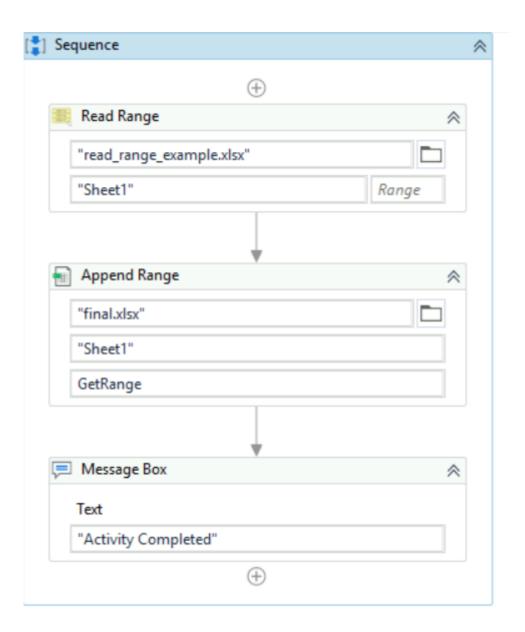
- 1. In the **Activities** panel, search for the name of the package, in our case Quick Library.
- 2. Drop the activity in the **Designer** panel.
- 3. In the Studio ribbon, click **Run File** or use **Ctrl + F6** to execute the activity.



The advantage of reusable components is that they reduce repetition. You create them once and reuse them in other projects.

Task

• Add "Message Box" Activity in the Sequence and republish with new version 1.0.2



• Update package version in the blank project and run it again.

