### Lab 12. CRM Automation



Have you ever had to look up data from one application and update another system?

There are many scenarios where people copy and move data between systems. Sometimes, "swivel chair activities" can occur, which can result in human errors. RPA can help us automate these activities to make them quicker while also eliminating any human errors.

In this project, we will automate one such swivel chair activity in customer services. We will look up customer information on an external website and update that information in our **Customer Relationship Management (CRM)** system.

This project will help you understand the following:

- Using RPA for swivel chair activities
- Looking up data on a third-party website
- CRM application Automation
- Data scrapping in UiPath
- Updating DataTable using UiPath
- Exception handling in UiPath
- Unit testing UiPath bots

### **Technical requirements**

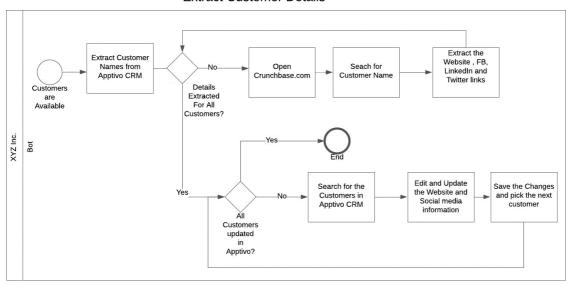
We will need the following hardware and software for this project:

- A PC with UiPath Community edition version 19.10.0 installed.
- Chrome browser with the UiPath add-on.
- The Apptivo Saas ERP application with the CRM module. You can sign up for free at https://www.apptivo.com.
- Crunchbase. Go to <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/register">https://www.crunchbase.com/register</a>, enter the required details, and register for an account.

### **Project overview**

Organizations add customers all the time, and we can do this and update their information within the **Customer Relationship Management (CRM)** system. Customer information such as key contacts, email, phone, address, website, and social media information is looked up using websites such as Hoover, D&B, and so on and kept updated. Here is a high-level workflow for the project:

#### **Extract Customer Details**



In this CRM project, we will extract the list of customers to be updated from the CRM application known as Apptivo. Automation will then open up Crunchbase, a third-party site that provides company information. It will search and capture the website and social media data for each customer. This data will then be used to search and update the customer record in Apptivo.

Now, let's look at the project's components and walk through the creation of Automation.

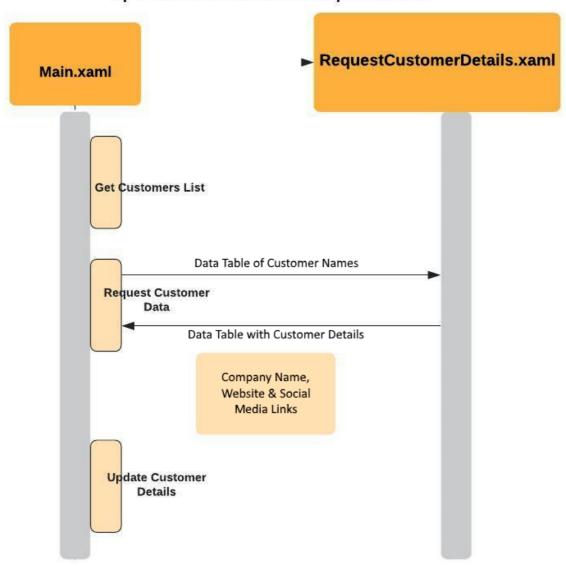
# **Project details**

As we did in lab *Help Desk Ticket Generation*, we will divide our Automation into logical workflows to come up with our Automation. Let's have a look at the technical components we will be building for this project.

We will have a main workflow called Main.xaml where we will extract the customers using Get Customer List Sequence. Once we have the customer list, we will invoke RequestCustomerDetails.xaml so that we can search Crunchbase.com](http://crunchbase.com/) and capture the customer details. We will pass the customer details back to Main.xaml, where we will then use Update Customer details Sequence to update the customer data in Apptivo CRM.

The following is a high-level sequence diagram depicting this:

### **Update Customer Details Sequence Flow**

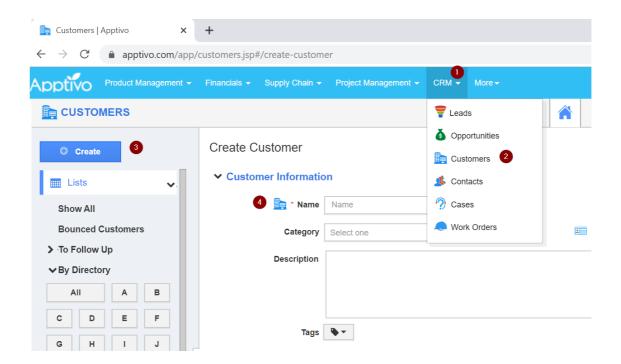


Now that we've had this overview, let's create these technical components and test them. Before we do that, however, we need to prepare our CRM application -- Apptivo.

#### **CRM** preparation

As shown in the preceding diagram, we will be updating the customer information in the Apptivo CRM application. So, let's add a few customers so that we can update their information:

- 1. Log into Apptivo (apptivo.com](<a href="http://apptivo.com/">http://apptivo.com/</a>)). If this is your first time on the site, please sign up using the appropriate option.
- 2. Once you've logged in, go to the CRM menu option and select Customers.
- 3. Within the CUSTOMERS tab, use the Create option to create our customers, as shown in the following screenshot:



For now, we will only enter the names of the customers. We will update their information from a lookup site.

Let's add three customers called Amazon, Salesforce, and Uber. You can play around with other companies as well, but I suggest that you stick to these company names so that it's easier for you to step through the project creation process. It is important to have customer names that exist on our lookup site, that is, Crunchbase.com] (http://crunchbase.com/).

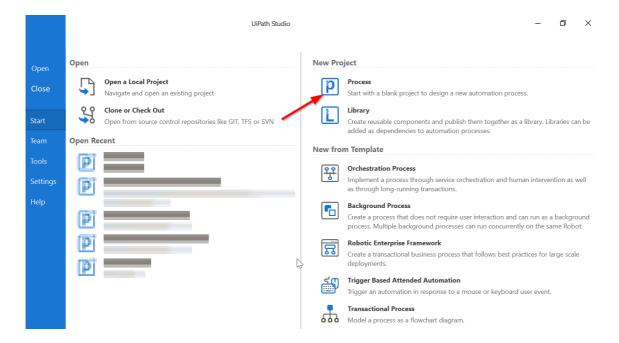
Please ensure that Apptivo is open in one of your browser tabs and that you are logged in. This project assumes that you are logged in to Apptivo and ready to work on the application.

Now that we have got the preparation out of the way, let's go ahead and create our project with UiPath Studio.

### Setting up the project

For this project, we will start with a blank project and design Automation within that. Let's get started:

1. Launch UiPath Studio and choose Process under the New Project group, as shown in the following screenshot:



- 2. On the popup for New Process, go ahead and provide a name and description for the project and click on Create. On the Studio screen, choose Open Main Workflow, as we did in the previous lab, to get to the initial screen.
- 3. We'll choose to start with a blank process, which means we have to build everything from scratch. Let's start by adding a Sequence UiPath activity and renaming it Main Sequence. You can just click on the name on the Activity box and add the name Main Sequence. This is optional but recommended as it gives better readability to your workflows. You can see this Sequence in the following screenshot (in the next section), along with the other Sequences.

Within this Main Sequence, we will have three subSequences. We will start by creating a Sequence to get the customer list.

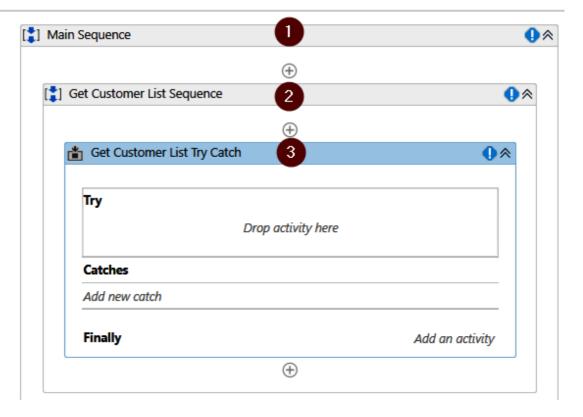
#### **Extracting the customer list from CRM**

First, let's get the list of customers in the Apptivo CRM that we need to update. For that, we'll need to create a new Sequence and prepare the browser to record our customer's web activities.

We will start by adding a new Sequence within the Main Sequence. We will call this Get Customer List Sequence. Within this, we'll add a Try-Catch block activity for exception handling. Your Main workflow should now look like this:



#### Main



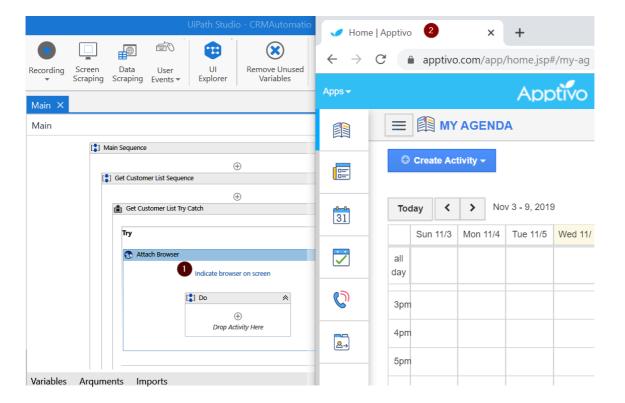
Now, we are ready to add our Automation activities to the workflow.

### **Preparing the browser**

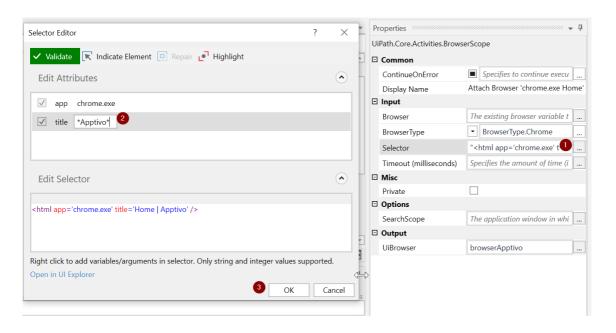
Let's identify the Apptivo application tab for Automation:

- 1. Start by adding the Attach Browser activity and attaching it to the browser tab. After that, perform the necessary extraction steps.
- 2. If you don't have Apptivo open in your Chrome browser, ensure that you have it open and are logged in.

  Now, click on Indicate browser on-screen within the Attach Browser activity and point to the Apptivo home tab in the browser, as shown in the following screenshot:



- 3. On the properties panel for the Attach Browser activity, do the following:
  - Make sure that the BrowserType is Chrome.
  - Add a new variable for the UiBrowser property under output using *Ctrl* \*+ \**K*, type in browserApptivo, and press *Enter*.
  - In the same properties panel, update the Selector property. We will update the title with wild characters to make it generic across all the web pages in the Apptivo application. Click on the option to edit the selector and update the title to \*Apptivo\*, as shown in the following screenshot:



We are using a browser variable called browserApptivo so that we can reuse this variable wherever we need to perform any Automation steps on the Apptivo web application.

4. Next up, we will use the Activate UiPath activity to bring our window to the foreground and to maximize this window using the Maximize window activity. Add these within the Do Sequence.

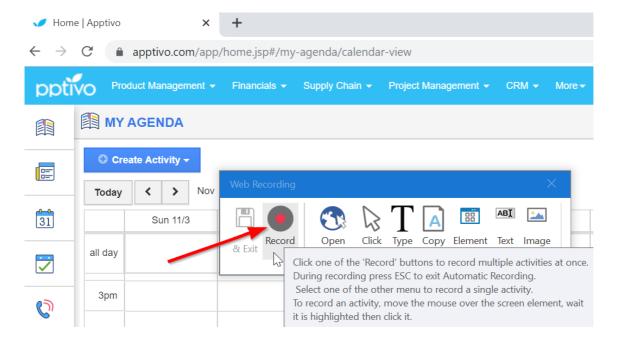
One of the best practices in web Automation is to check that the browser is maximized and that the zoom is set to 100%. Use the Maximize window activity to always maximize the browser in case it isn't.

Now that we have the browser ready, we can add the necessary activities so that we can get to the customer list on Apptivo and retrieve that data. We will use UiPath's web recording feature to do so.

#### Web recording

Follow these steps to get to the customer's details from the Apptivo application:

1. Ensure that you have the Apptivo web application open in your browser. Then, within UiPath Studio, click on Recording and choose the Web option. Click on the Record button in the Web Recording dialog to start recording:



2. With the recorder on, click on CRM and then Customers, as shown in the following screenshot:





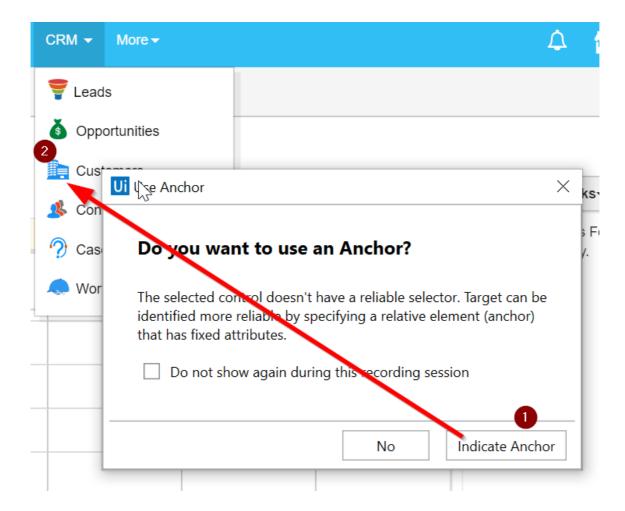






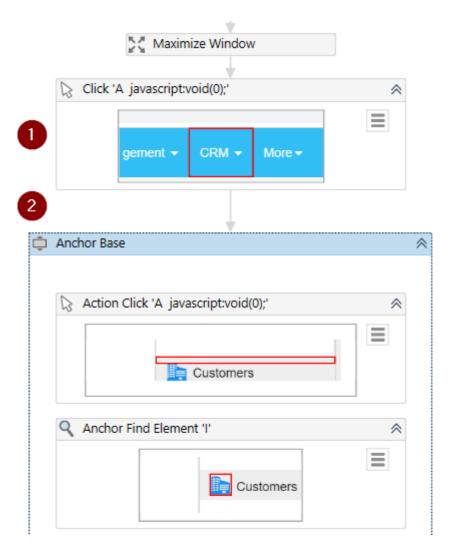


3. In the popup that opens, click on Indicate Anchor and point to the icon next to the Customers option, as shown in the following screenshot:



Doing this records the steps that we need to follow to navigate to the page with the customer listings. You will end up on the customers page in Apptivo. Press the *Esc* key to stop the recording and click Save & Exit on the recording panel to end the web recording.

4. You will find that the recorded steps are listed as a new Sequence at the end of the project. We only want a part of those activities and we need them in our Try block. So, copy the activities called Click A and Anchor Base and paste them under the Maximize Window activity, as shown in the following screenshot:



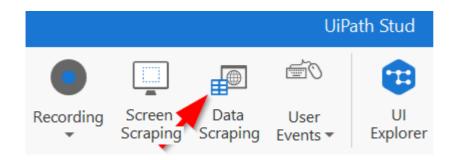
5. Ensure that you *delete* the Sequence that was automatically created by the web recording after you've copied the required activities (the Sequence named Web at the bottom).

Following these steps takes us to the Customers page. We will stay on the Apptivo Customers page and get all the customer names from this page using data scraping.

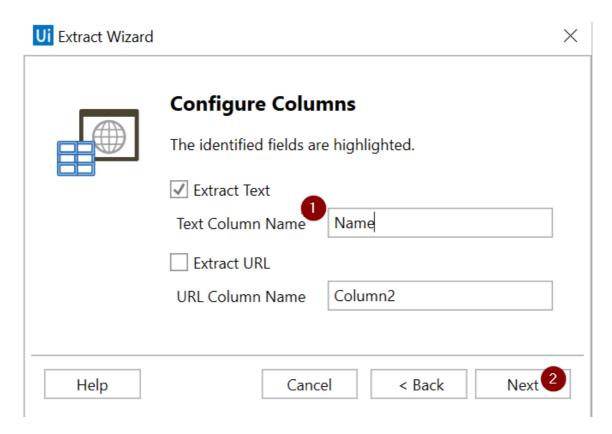
### **Data scraping**

Now, we will extract the customer names from the displayed customer details using the Data Scraping feature in UiPath. Follow these steps:

1. Click on Data Scraping in the top ribbon:



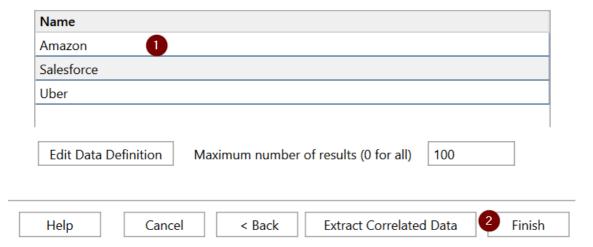
- 2. In the Extract Wizard that pops up, click on Next. Choose the first customer on the list (for example, Amazon). The wizard will prompt you with an option to extract the whole table. We'll choose No as we only need the customer names for this project.
- 3. Click Next and select another element for the Data Scraping wizard to be able to identify the table. Point to the last customer on the list (for example, Salesforce). Click Next.
- 4. On the next screen, provide a column name for the data we are extracting. Let's call it Name since the data is customer names. Click Next:



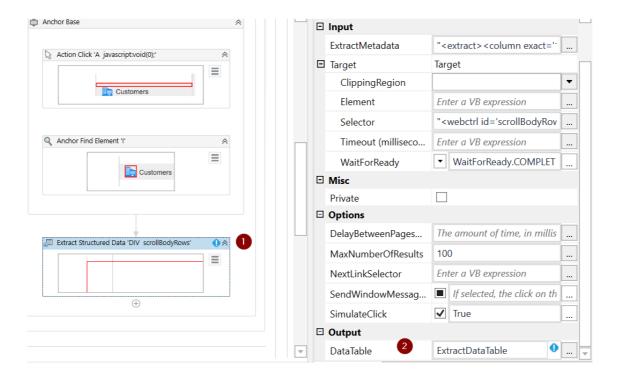
5. Now, you'll be shown a preview of the data that you extracted. Check the data and click on Finish, as shown in the following screenshot:



#### **Preview Data**



- 6. Choose No in the dialog that asks whether the data is spanning multiple pages. You will find the Extract structured Data activity within the Data Scraping Sequence that was created and appended at the bottom of the workflow.
- 7. Go ahead and copy this activity before pasting it within the Try block under Anchor Find. In the properties for the Extract activity, remove the ExtractDataTable variable. We will add a new variable in its place in the next step:



8. Create a new DataTable variable called dtCompanyList to store the customer list that contains the names of companies that will be passed as input to Crunchbase.com](http://crunchbase.com/). We'll add this as the

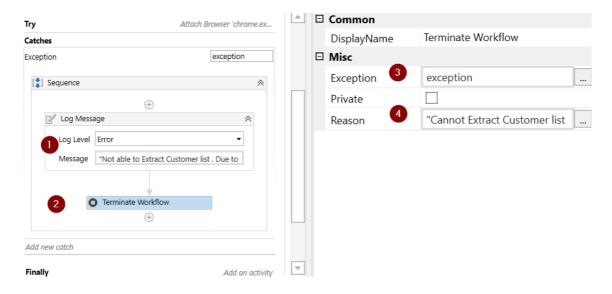
- output for the Extract Structured Data activity. In the Variable pane, set its scope to Main Sequence.
- 9. Once we have copied what is needed, make sure to *delete* the Data Scraping Sequence that was created automatically.

That's all for the Try block. Next, we'll handle the exceptions in the Catch block.

#### Using a Catch block for the Get Customer List Sequence

Let's handle any exceptions within the Catch block:

- 1. In the Catch block, we will handle system exceptions. So, let's choose Exception as System. Exception. Click on Add Activity in the Finally part and add a Log Message of Log Level set to Error with a message stating "Not able to Extract Customer list. Due to this Error: "+exception. Message.
- 2. If there is an exception while we extract the customer list from CRM, then Automation won't be able to proceed. Let's add a Terminate Workflow activity to handle this. Within the properties for the Terminate activity, set Exception to exception (start typing and the list should pop up) and add "Cannot Extract Customer list from CRM, so terminating the Automation." as a reason, as shown in the following screenshot:



- 3. Now, we have completed the first part of extracting the customer list from CRM. To test this Sequence, let's add a Message box activity with the message dtCompanyList.Rows.Count at the end of the Try block, after the Extract Structure Data activity.
- 4. Let's run and test the Automation we have so far. Ensure that Apptivo is open in Chrome. Go ahead and click the Run button on the Studio ribbon. If the message box returns your number of customers (3, in our case), then we have successfully completed this part of the main workflow.
- 5. Please ensure you remove the message box after the unit test has completed.

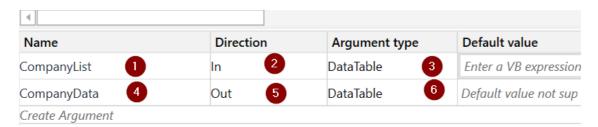
Next, we will use the customer's names to look up their information from the Crunchbase website.

#### Looking up customer information

We will use the Crunchbase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) website to look up the company information for our customers. This information will be used to update the customer information in our Apptivo:

1. If you haven't done so already, go to Crunchbase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) in Chrome and create an account by providing the necessary details. You can also use social authentication. Just ensure you are in a logged in for the Automation process.

- 2. With the lookup site ready, let's create the Automation to get the customer information. We will create a new Sequence by clicking on New and then choosing Sequence from the Studio ribbon on top. Name it RequestCustomerDetails in the Sequence box that pops up and click Create.
- 3. To pass the customer data around, we'll need to create two arguments. Select the RequestCustomerDetails.xaml Sequence and click on Arguments to create two DataTable arguments called CompanyList and CompanyData:

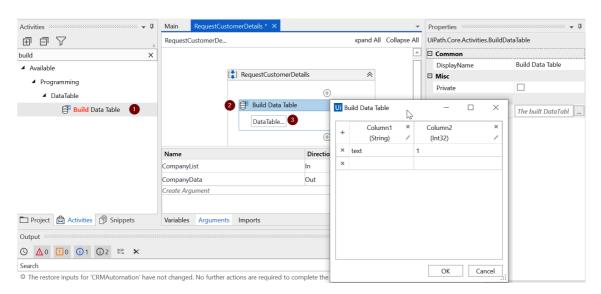


Now that we have completed the groundwork for the lookup, let's create a data table that we will be passing back to the main workflow, complete with customer (company) data.

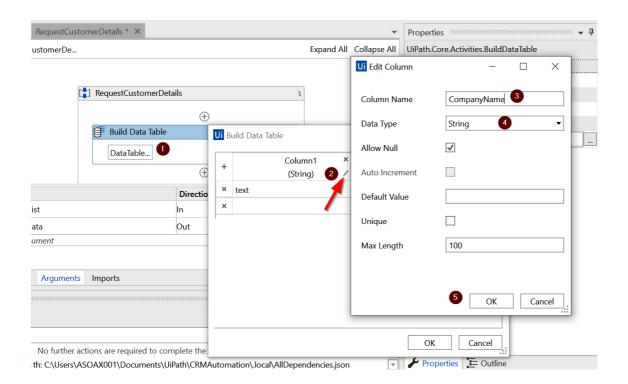
#### Creating a data table

Follow these steps to create the data table:

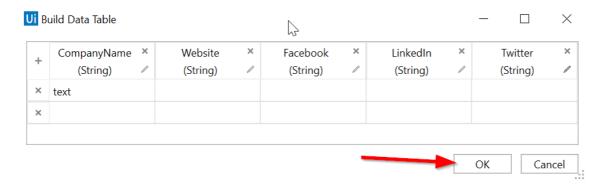
1. Let's use the Build Data Table activity to build a data table for CompanyData, as shown in the following screenshot:



2. We will be looking up the customer's name and gathering their website and social media information to update our CRM. Let's create five columns for the data table so that we can gather this information. Click on DataTable in the activity and within the popup, edit and rename the existing column names. Then, use the Add column option (the plus (+) sign on left) to create the rest of the columns (Company name, Website, Facebook, LinkedIn, and Twitter):

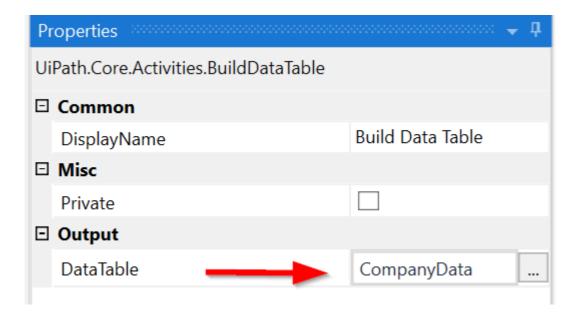


3. Once added, your Data Table will look as follows. Click on OK to continue:



Make sure that you delete the default rows in the table. There is usually a row with the first column set to text as shown in the preceding screenshot. Also, ensure that all five columns are of the String type.

4. In the properties for the Build Data Table activity, update Output | DataTable to the CompanyData argument that we created earlier:



Now that we have the data table, let's access the Crunchbase site.

### Looping and creating company URLs

Now, we will construct company URLs so that we can look up the data for each company on the Crunchbase.com] (http://crunchbase.com/) website:

1. Open Chrome and navigate to the lookup site: a. Use the Open Browser activity and configure the

```
URL so that
it\'s [https://www.crunchbase.com/.] (https://www.crunchbase.com/)

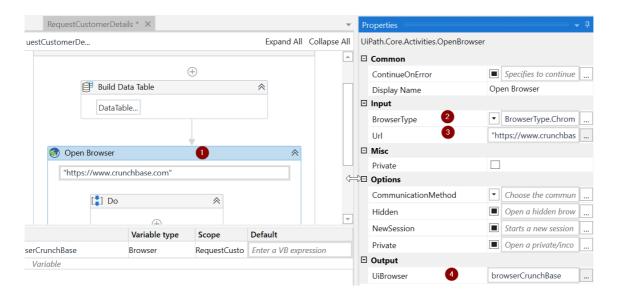
b. Ensure that Input |

BrowserType is Chrome.

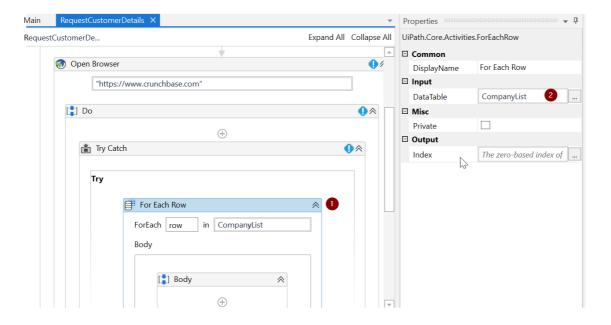
c. Create an output UiBrowser variable for this activity called

browserCrunchBase.
```

Your Open Browser activity will look like this:



- 2. As always, we will use a Try-Catch block to handle any exceptions. In the Try block, we will loop through the customer list and get the details of the company from this site.
- 3. Let's add the For Each Row activity in order to loop through the company names (customer names from CRM). Let's add the CompanyList argument we created previously as our input:



4. Next, we'll add variables for each piece of data we'd like to read from the Crunchbase website. As you may recall, this data is the customer's website and social media information. Let's add the respective variables, as shown in the following screenshot:

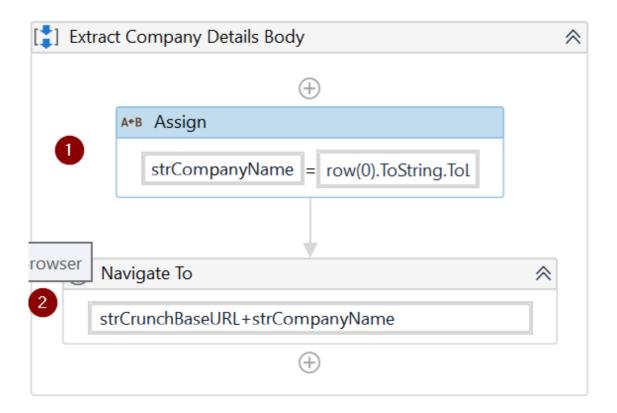
Name	Variable type	Scope	Default	
strCrunchBaseURL 🚺	String	Try Catch	"https://www.crunchbase.com/organizat	
str Company Name 2	String	Try Catch	Enter a VB expression	
strFacebook 3	String	Try Catch	Enter a VB expression	
strLinkedIn 4	String	Try Catch	Enter a VB expression	
strTwitter 5	String	Try Catch	Enter a VB expression	
browserCrunchBase	Browser	RequestCustomerDe	Enter a VB expression	
strWebsite 6	String	Try Catch	Enter a VB expression	

strCrunchBaseURL has to be populated with the default, that is, "https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/\".

- 5. We will use this URL to append company names and open the browser to a specific company detail view.
- 6. Now, we will go directly to the company page on Crunchbase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) and capture the company details. The first step is to construct the URL that contains the details for the specific company. The URL's format is <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">www.crunchbase.com/organization/</a> <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/">https://www.crunchb

At the time of writing this course, this is the current format of the Crunchbase.com ] (<a href="http://crunchbase.com/)company">http://crunchbase.com/)company</a> URL. If this changes, you may have to change the strCrunchBaseURL default value to the appropriate one.

7. Let's use the Assign activity to populate the strCompanyName variable with the lowercase name of the company from the CompanyList data table. To read and convert the company value from the data table into lowercase, we need to use row(0).ToString.ToLower. Then, we need to use the Navigate To activity and pass this parameter, which constructs the URL for the specific company, that is, strCrunchBaseURL+strCompanyName:

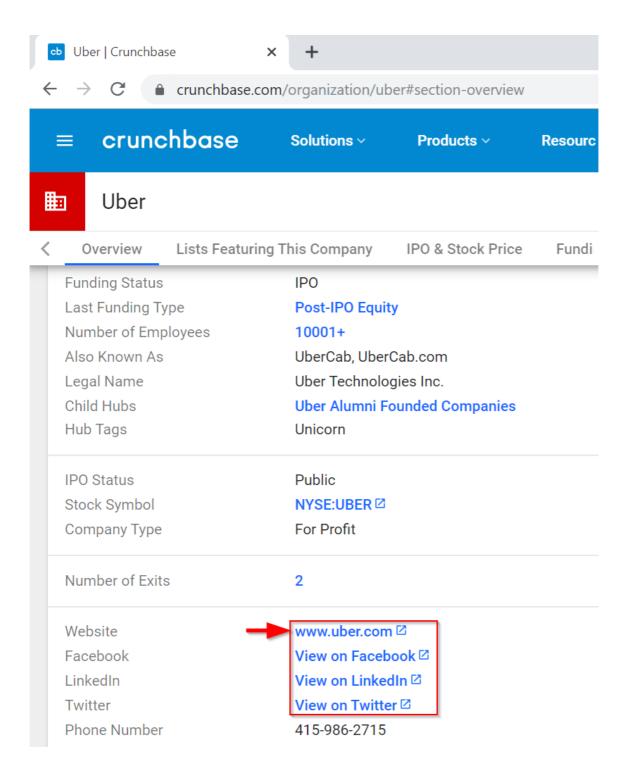


With the company URLs created, we are ready to extract the website and social media information for the company.

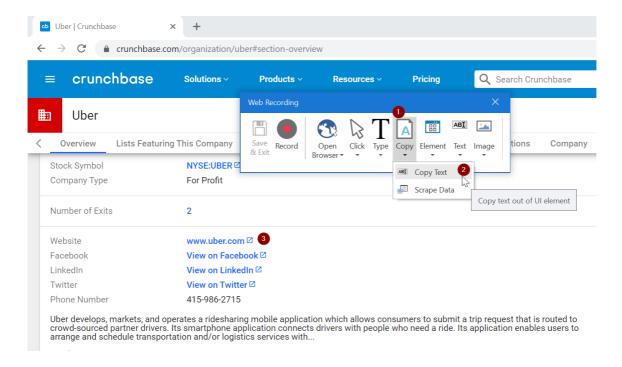
### **Extracting company details from Crunchbase.com**

Now, let's use the UiPath recorder function to add the activities so that we can extract data from the Crunchbase website:

1. On your Chrome browser, go ahead and open <a href="https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/uber">https://www.crunchbase.com/organization/uber</a> and scroll down to the place where Website, Facebook, LinkedIn, and Twitter information is visible:

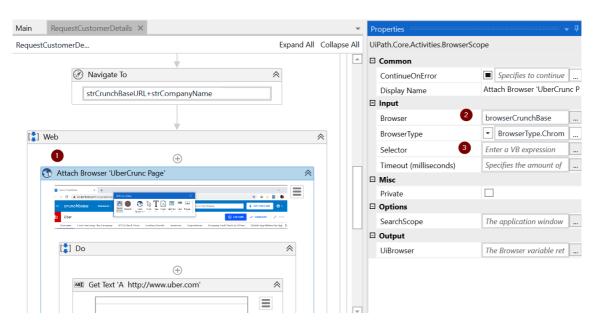


2. Now, let's extract the website address and save it as the variable we created. To do this, open the UiPath web recorder and click on Copy Text on the Recorder panel. Then, point to the text on the website that says <a href="https://www.uber.com/">www.uber.com/</a>). Once you've done that, click on Save and Exit on the Recorder panel:



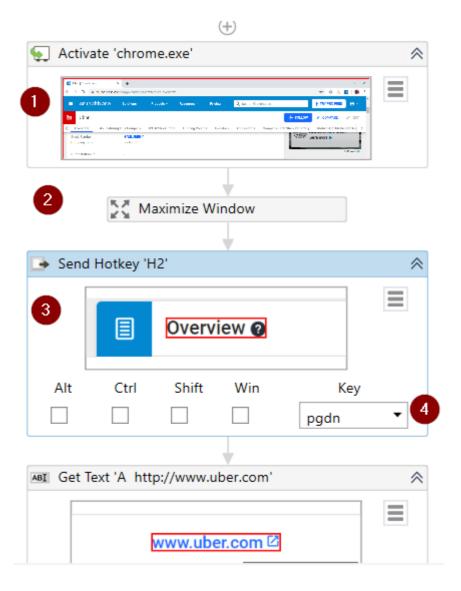
The recorder will add a new Web Sequence with the recorded action. Cut and move this Sequence to the Try block below the Navigate to activity.

3. Within the activities we just moved, click on the Attach Browser activity, update the Browser property to browserCrunchBase, and remove the existing values in the Selector parameter:



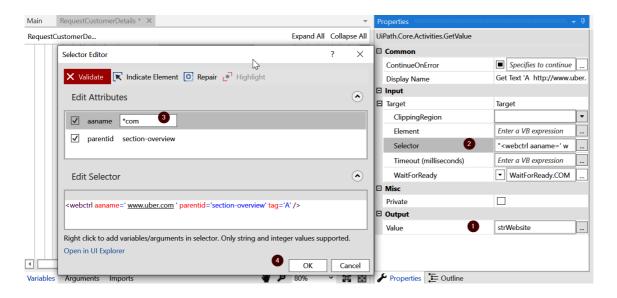
4. As we have been doing with our web Automations, let's add the Activate and Maximize Window activities before the Get Text activity within the Do Sequence.

We have to use *PgDn* key to get to the required information on the page. So, let's use the Send HotKey activity with the pgdn key and point to an object on the web page frame that contains the company information. Point to an object in the frame below the menus -- one such label is Overview heading, which can be found on the default information tab:

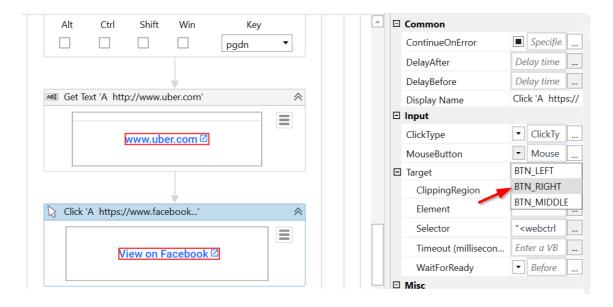


When working with web Automation, use DelayAfter and DelayBefore in the Activities properties panel to provide some wait time in milliseconds based on the performance of the system.

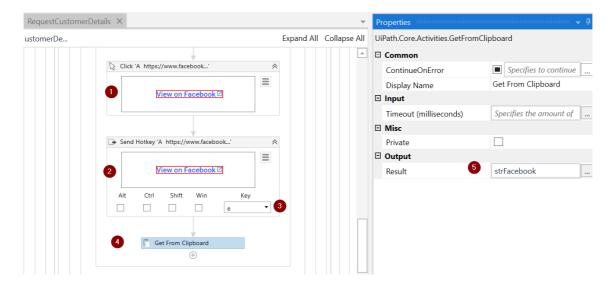
- 5. Now, let's assign this website data to the variable we created. Let's go to the Get Text activity properties and assign the output to the strWebsite variable that we created.
- 6. Let's also update the target selector so that it can work for any website data. To do this, click on the Selector and update the aaname from <a href="https://www.uber.com">www.uber.com</a> to \*com\*:



- 7. Next, let's extract the social media information, starting with the Facebook link. To do that, we will right-click and copy the Facebook link address. The shortcut key for this is *E*.
- 8. We will use the Click activity and point to the View on Facebook link on the web page. In the properties for this activity, let's update the properties of MouseButton to BTN\_RIGHT:



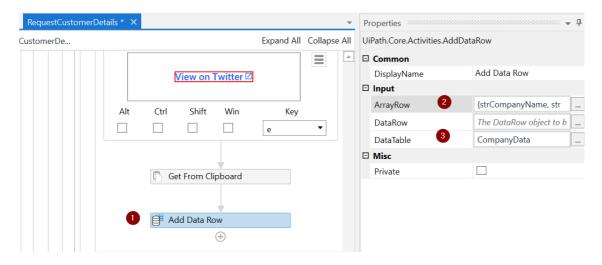
9. To copy the Facebook link address, we need to add a Send HotKey activity. Click on View on Facebook on the web page and press the *E* key. This will copy the Facebook link to the clipboard. We will then use Get From Clipboard to output the result to the strFacebook variable. Please use DelayBefore and DelayAfter in activity properties as necessary:



10. Repeat the Click, Send HotKey, and Get From Clipboard activities to capture the links for LinkedIn and Twitter. Then, store them in the strLinkedIn and strTiwtter variables.

You can find the recently used activities in the Recent section of the Activities panel on the left. So, all three activities can be easily dragged and dropped from the Recent section.

- 11. Now that we have extracted all the company data from CrunchBase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>), let's build the output data table so that we can pass it back to the Main workflow.
- 12. Let's use the Add Data Row activity to update the ArrayRow property to {strCompanyName, strWebsite, strFacebook, strLinkedIn, strTwitter} and the DataTable property to CompanyData. We will pass this DataTable argument back to Main.xaml once we've finished extracting:



13. Finally, let's add a Log Message activity to ensure extraction is successful. Set the Level to Info and add "Customer details Extracted Successfully for: "+ strCompanyName as the log message.

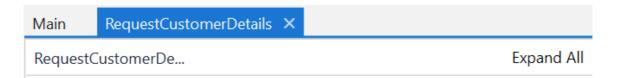
That's it for the Try block. Now, let's handle any exceptions within the Catch block. After doing this, we will test this Sequence once by invoking it from the Main workflow.

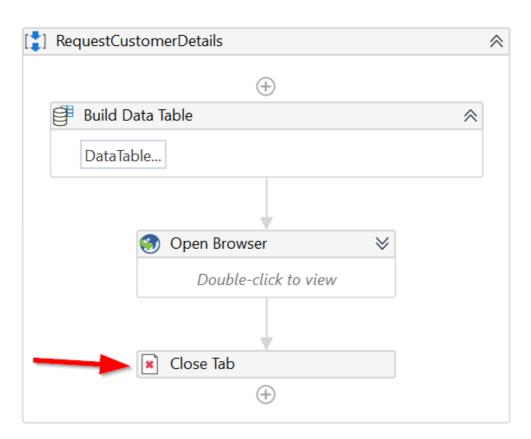
14. In web Automation, most exceptions occur because the selector of a web element hasn't been found. So, within the Catch block, let's add an exception called SelectorNotFoundException. In Finally, we'll add a Log

Message activity with Level set to Error with the following message: "Not able to get the information for Customer: "+strCompanyName + "Due to this Exception: "+exception.Message.

We can add multiple exceptions of different types based on the project's requirements. Here, we are only checking for and handling one exception.

15. Finally, add a Close Tab activity outside the Try-Catch block and pass browserCruchbase for the Browser parameter. This will ensure that we close the Crunchbase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) website after the data has been extracted:





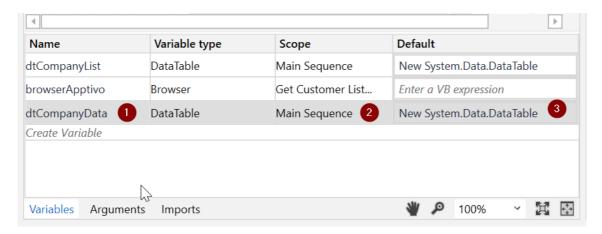
Now that we have a workflow set up so that we can capture the company data for our customers, let's use this workflow to get the customer details that we need to update CRM. With this, we have completed the RequestCustomerDetails.xaml workflow.

### Invoking the RequestCustomerDetails workflow from the Main workflow

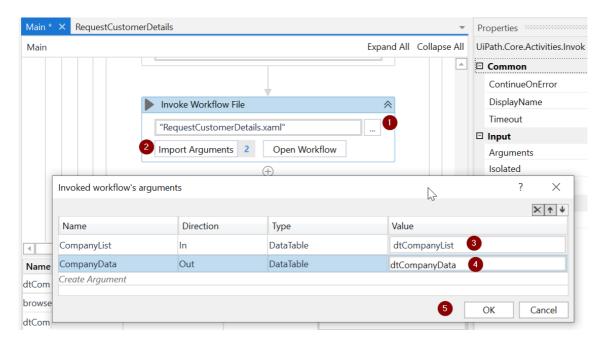
Now, we will go back to the Main workflow and invoke the customer information lookup workflow that we created in the previous section. Let's start by creating a variable that we'll use to store the company data:

1. In the Main.xaml file, create a new data table variable, call it dtCompanyData, and set its scope to Main Sequence. Let's also set the default values for both dtCompanyList and dtCompanyData to New

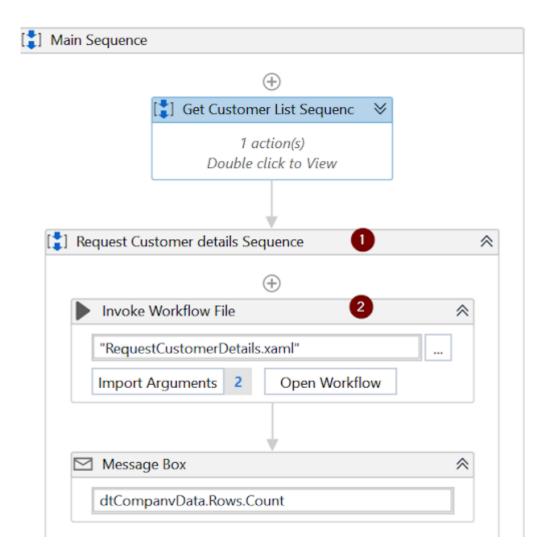
System.Data.DataTable, as shown in the following screenshot:



2. Now that we have the variable, let's add a new Sequence below the Customer List Sequence called Request Customer details Sequence and add the Invoke Workflow file activity. Point the activity to RequestCustomerDetails.xaml, click on Import arguments, and map the arguments to the respective input and output data table variables, as shown in the following screenshot:



3. To test what we have so far, let's add a message box under Invoke Workflow and add dtCompanyData.Rows.Count as our message, as shown in the following screenshot:



This will help us understand whether the output data tables have been populated and how many rows there are.

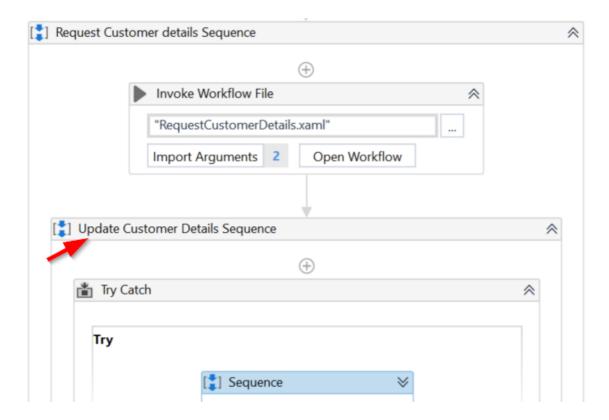
Now, let's run a test for the Automation we have so far. From the Main.xaml file, go ahead and run the Automation. You should receive a message with the count set to 3. This means the company details for all three companies have been extracted.

Now that we have the company information within the Main workflow, let's use that data and update the CRM.

#### **Updating the CRM with customer information**

In this final Sequence for Main.xaml, we will update the Apptivo CRM with the customer details we got from Crunchbase.com](http://crunchbase.com/). Follow these steps to do so:

1. Let's create a new Sequence called Update Customer Details Sequence. We will continue to add this part of the Automation to the Main workflow. Add this Sequence under the Invoke Workflow from the previous section:



2. Let's add a Try-Catch block to the Sequence so that we can handle any exceptions that occur during the update operation in the CRM. In the Try block, we'll need to create some variables so that we can store the company name, website, Facebook, LinkedIn, and Twitter details:

Name	Variable type	Scope
strCompanyName 1	String	Try Catch
strWebsite 2	String	Try Catch
strFacebook 3	String	Try Catch
strLinkedIn 4	String	Try Catch
strTwitter 5	String	Try Catch

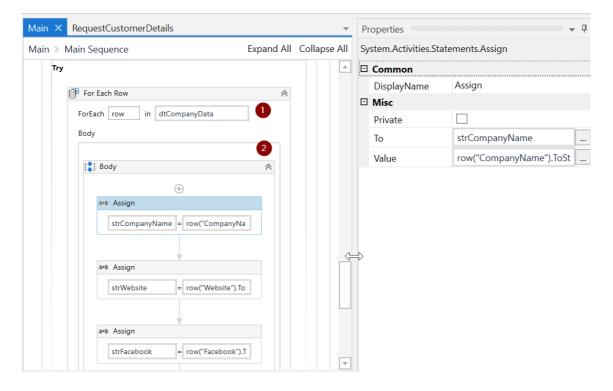
With the Sequence and variables added, let's loop through each customer's details and make the updates in Apptivo.

### Looping through the data table and updating the CRM

Now, we will loop through the data table of extracted company details and update the CRM:

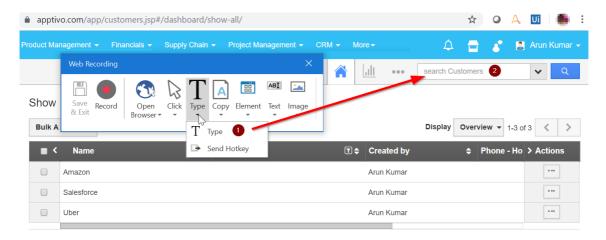
- 1. Let's add the For Each Row UiPath activity, which you can find under DataTable. Let's loop through the dtCompanyData data table.
- 2. Within this loop, we will use the Assign activity to assign values to all the variables we created previously. We will extract each row from the data table and convert them into strings using

the row(columnname or ColumnIndex).ToString syntax; for example, strCompanyName = row("CompanyName").ToString. Your looping part of the Sequence will look as follows:



Note that we have to assign data to all five variables we defined previously.

- 3. With the data assigned to our variables, we can update the Apptivo CRM application. We will search for our customer in Apptivo and then go to that specific customer record and update the same.
- 4. To automate the search, we will use the UiPath web recorder to record the search steps. For that, manually open the customer page in Apptivo by going to the CRM menu option and then choosing Customers. Then, go to the UiPath web recorder option. From the Recorder panel, choose Type and input a customer name (say, Amazon) in the Apptivo search box, as shown in the following screenshot:



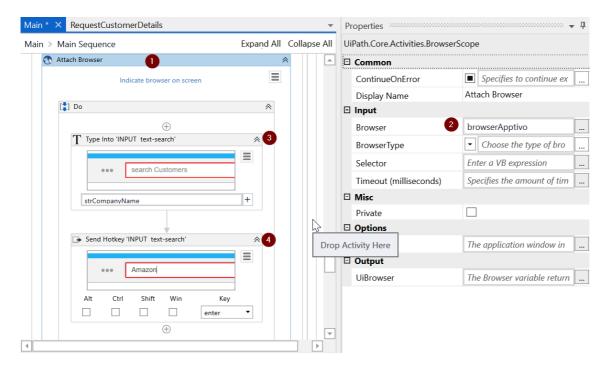
Once you've done that, Save and Exit the recording.

5. Now that we've got to the customer record, we will start the web Automation process so that we can enter the data into Apptivo. For that, we'll need to add the Attach Browser activity to the Try block, just below the

set of Assign activities. Within the properties for this activity, update the browser attribute to browserApptivo. As you may recall, this is the browser variable we created during the first part of the Automation process.

If you are not able to reuse this browser variable, go back to the variable and ensure the scope of the variable is set to Main Sequence.

- 6. Now, let's copy the Type Into activity that was created by the web recorder into the Attach Browser activity. In the properties for this activity, let's update the Target Text value from Amazon to strCompanyName. Ensure you delete the web recorder's Web Sequence from the bottom, after copying the Type into the activity.
- 7. Next, we will use the Send HotKey activity, point to the same search box in Apptivo, and use the \*Enter \*key:

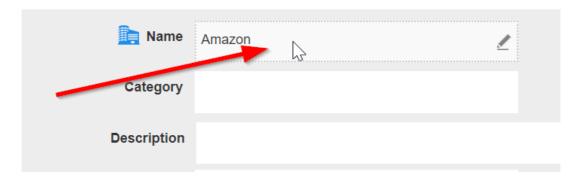


When we use the Type Into activity, in the properties panel, please use DelayAfter, DelayBefore to generate any necessary delays. Also, set the EmptyFields property to True to remove any existing input from the text boxes.

- 8. Apptivo displays the search results in a table with an action button so that we can edit the customer record. We will use the UI Automation Click activity and point that to the More details action button (...).
- 9. Clicking the action button takes you the customer details page in Apptivo. We have to click on any one of the text boxes -- say, Name -- to go to Edit mode. Let's use a Click activity again and point to the text next to the Name label:

### 

#### **∨** Customer Information

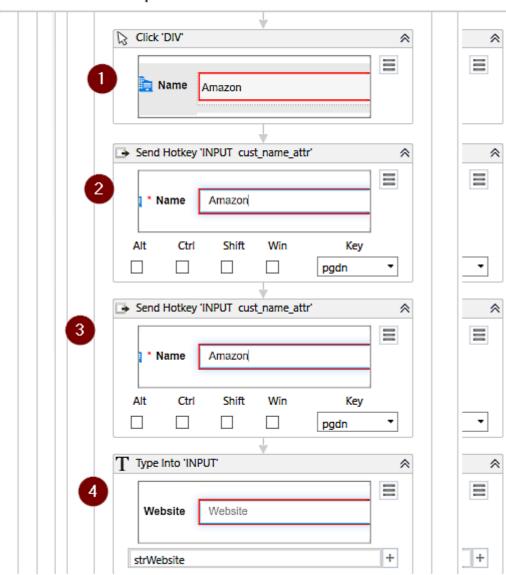


You will see the Save and Cancel buttons on the customer record, which means that you are in Edit mode.

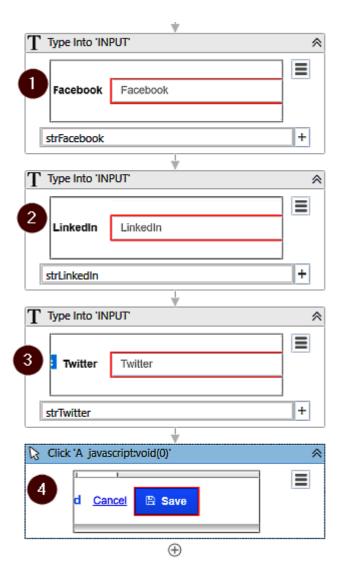
- 10. In Edit mode, we can update the customer details. First, let's update the website's information. To do this, we have to scroll down to the Website text box. Let's use the Send HotKey activity and point to the name text box and pgdn. Copy this activity again to page down twice. You should be able to find Website in the Additional Information section.
- 11. Now, we will use the keyboard Type Into activity and point to the text box next to the Website label. Use the strWebsite variable to input the necessary value:

### Main X RequestCustomerDetails

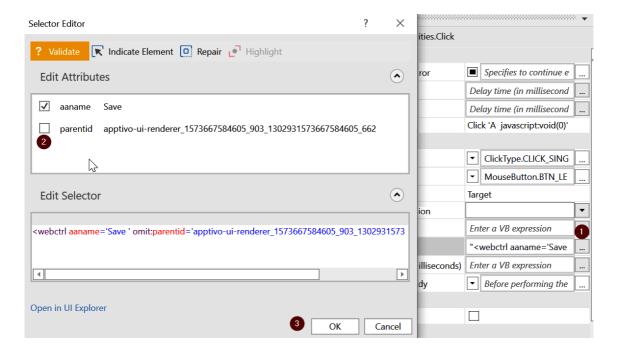
### Main > Main Sequence



- 12. Next, we will find the social media fields on the page and update them as well. Let's use the page down twice more by using the Hot Key activity. You should be able to find the Facebook, LinkedIn and Twitter fields under the Social Information section.
- 13. Similar to the previous step, we will use the Type Into activity and perform the same steps to get the values of Facebook, LinkedIn, and Twitter into the strFacebook, strLinkedIn, and strTwitter variables.
- 14. Now that we have updated all the information, let's click on the Save button. Let's use the Click activity and point to the Save button at the top of the page:



15. To make the Automation generic, let's edit the selector property in Save so that it only includes aaname. Go ahead and uncheck the parentld as the selector may change every time the Automation runs:



- 16. Finally, let's add a Log Message within the Try block that states, "Successfully Updated the Customer details for:"+ strCompanyName.
- 17. In the Catch block for Update Customer details Sequence, let's handle any exceptions that may arise. Let's add a new exception called SelectorNotFoundException. Within that, add a Log Message with the log Level set to Error and a message stating, "Cannot Update Customer details for:"+ strCompanyName+ " Due to this Error:" + exception.Message.
- 18. Please add a Message box activity stating that the Automation is Completed in the Finally block.

To test the complete Automation, make sure the Crunchbase.com](<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) web page is closed but ensure you're still logged in to your Apptivo page in your Chrome browser. Then, click on Run. The Automation process should take a few minutes to run and update the Apptivo CRM application.

## **Summary**

In the lab, we looked at a real-world project in order to learn how to keep the **Customer Relationship System** (**CRM**) updated. We captured information for the customers from a third-party website called Crunchbase.com] (<a href="http://crunchbase.com/">http://crunchbase.com/</a>) and updated our CRM application, that is, Apptivo.

This project added a little more complexity in terms of data scraping, passing data tables containing customer information, and using that data to update our CRM application. We are steadily exploring more and more advanced features of UiPath.