Vectorization and List Arithmetics



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Today we are going to learn...

Vectorization

2 Apply a function to some margins of a matrix or an array

3 List Arithmetics

Vectorization

- The traditional for and while loops
- The concepts of vectorization
- Avoid loops by using vectorization
- What can be vectorized?

Lab exercises

- Compare the efficiency of a "for" loop and vectorization for calculating element-wise matrix multiplication.
- Hint: proc.time(), replicate()

Apply a function to some margins of a matrix or an array

• apply(X, MARGIN, FUN, ...)

List Arithmetics

→ Apply a function to the elements of a list

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• lapply(X, FUN, ...)
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• rapply(object, f, how = c("unlist", "replace", "list"), ...)
```

List Arithmetics

→ Operators with many lists

- mapply(FUN, ..., MoreArgs = NULL, SIMPLIFY = TRUE, USE.NAMES
 TRUE)
 - mapply("+", list1, list2, list3, SIMPLIFY = FALSE)
 - mapply(function(x, y) abs(x)*log(abs(y)), list1, list2, SIMPLIFY
 = FALSE)

Suggested reading

• Jones (2009): Chapter 5.4