

Linux3. 0.8平台搭建移植文档——LAN9220网卡驱动移植

1) 定义 lan9220网卡 platform device 资源

#vi arch/arm/mach-s5pv210/mach-smdkv210.c

在 mach-smdkv210.c 文件 struct platform_device smdkv210_dm9000结构体定义的后面,添加资源如下:

```
struct platform_device smdkv210_dm9000 = {
              = "dm9000",
  .name
  .id
          = -1.
  .num_resources = ARRAY_SIZE(smdkv210_dm9000_resources),
  .resource = smdkv210_dm9000_resources,
  .dev
          = \{
      .platform_data = &smdkv210_dm9000_platdata,
  },
};
//add by sunplusedu start
static struct smsc911x_platform_config smsc911x_config = {
    .irq_polarity = SMSC911X_IRQ_POLARITY_ACTIVE LOW,
                    = SMSC911X_IRQ_TYPE_PUSH_PULL,
    .irq_type
    .flags
                      = SMSC911X USE 32BIT,
    .phy_interface = PHY_INTERFACE_MODE_MII,
    . mac = \{0x00, 0x09, 0xc0, 0xff, 0xec, 0x48\},
};
static struct resource smsc911x resources[] = {
  [0] = \{
      .start = S5PV210 PA SROM BANK5,
      . \text{ end} = \text{S5PV210\_PA\_SROM\_BANK5} + 0xFF,
      .flags = IORESOURCE_MEM,
  },
  \lceil 1 \rceil = \{
      . start = IRQ_EINT(9),
      \cdot end = IRQ EINT(9),
      . flags = IORESOURCE IRQ | IORESOURCE IRQ LOWLEVEL,
};
struct platform_device device_smsc911x = {
              = "smsc911x",
  . name
              = 0,
  .id
  .num resources
                     = ARRAY SIZE(smsc911x resources),
  .resource = smsc911x_resources,
```



2)添加 paltform_device 资源

在 mach-smdkv210.c 文件添加网卡资源到资源列表(smdkv210_devices)中,注意注释掉 smdkv210_dm9000资源,如下:

3)添加911x 网卡初始化函数

在 mach-smdkv210. c 文件的 smdkv210 dm9000 init()函数的后面,添加函数如下:

```
static void init smdkv210 dm9000 init (void)
    unsigned int tmp;
     . . . . . .
}
static void init smdk210 smsc911x init(void)
             unsigned int tmp;
             tmp = ((0 < \langle 28 \rangle | (4 < \langle 24 \rangle | (13 < \langle 16 \rangle | (1 < \langle 12 \rangle | (4 < \langle 8 \rangle | (6 < \langle 4 \rangle | (0 < \langle 0 \rangle));
             //\text{tmp} = ((0xf << 28) | (0xf << 24) | (0x1f << 16) | (0xf << 12) | (0xf << 8) | (6 << 4) | (0 << 0));
              __raw_writel(tmp, (S5P_SROM_BW + 0x18));
              tmp = __raw_read1(S5P_SROM_BW);
              tmp &= ^{\sim}(0xf << 20);
              tmp = (0x3 << 20);
              __raw_writel(tmp, S5P_SROM_BW);
              tmp = raw read1(S5PV210 MP01 BASE);
              tmp &= ^{\sim}(0xf << 20);
              tmp = (2 << 20);
```



```
raw write1(tmp, S5PV210 MP01 BASE);
在 smdkv210_machine_init 函数中调用所添加函数,注释掉 smdkv210_dm9000_init 函数的调用,
如下所示:
    static void init smdkv210 machine init(void)
         s3c pm init();
        //smdkv210 dm9000 init();
         smdk210 smsc911x init();
         . . . . . .
    }
4)添加 MP01口虚拟地址资源
   在 arch/arm/mach-s5pv210/include/mach/regs-gpio.h 文件后面,添加以下内容:
    #define S5PV210 MP01 BASE
                                   (S5P VA GPIO + 0x2E0)
5) make menuconfig 配置网卡驱动
执行 make menuconfig 命令后,选中 network support 选项:
   [*] Networking support --->
          Networking options --->
                <*> Packet socket
               <*> Unix domain sockets
               [*] TCP/IP networking
               [ ] IP: multicasting
               IP: advanced router
 回到最顶层,配置网卡设备驱动的支持:
  Device Drivers --->
         [*] Network device support --->
                                                  //选中该选项并进入
                    Ethernet (10 or 100Mbit) ---> //选中10M 或 100M 网卡选项
               *
                    <*> SMSC LAN911x/LAN921x families embedded ethernet support
               Ethernet (1000 Mbit) --->
               Ethernet (10000 Mbit) --->
```

6) make

将在arch/arm/boot/下生成编译好的可执行程序zImage下载到开发板即可,执行命令

"ifconfig eth0"不再提示找不到设备,接下来可以设置IP等进行网络常规测试 凌阳教育——全国唯一学员就业双 100%品牌: 100%就业, 100%满意就业 免费咨询: 400-705-9680



注意:

支持nfs作为根文件系统配置

我们有时在调试文件系统时,需要远程网络启动根文件系统,前提是内核必须是支持的,所以 我们需进行如下配置来让内核支持 nfs 根文件系统启动。