



Ghosts in a Nutshell

Moritz Lipp (@mlqxyz)
Claudio Canella (@cc0x1f)



Moritz Lipp

PhD student @ Graz University of Technology

 @mlqxyz

 moritz.lipp@iaik.tugraz.at



Claudio Canella

PhD student @ Graz University of Technology

 @cc0x1f

 claudio.canella@iaik.tugraz.at



DEVELOPING STORY

COMPUTER CHIP FLAWS IMPACT BILLIONS OF DEVICES



LIVE

CNN

DAX ▲ 164.69

NEWS STREAM

GLOBAL

COMPUTER CHIP SCARE

The bugs are known as 'Spectre' and 'Meltdown'

BBC WORLD NEWS

• S:HKS 10.58

• EURO:£ 0.891



- Side-Channel Vulnerability Variant 1, 2, 3
 - and Variant 3a
- **Meltdown** and **Spectre** have been disclosed



- Variant 1 - Bounds Check Bypass (BCB)
- Variant 2 - Branch Target Injection (BTI)
- Variant 3 - Rogue Data Cache Load (RDCL)
- Variant 3a - Rogue System Register Read (RSRR)
- Variant 4 - Speculative Store Bypass (SSB)
- Variant 1.1 - Bounds Check Bypass Store (BCBS)
- Variant 1.2 - Read-only protection bypass (RPB)
- Lazy FP State Restore



- SpectreRSB - Return Mispredict
- Foreshadow
- L1 Terminal Fault (L1TF)
- Portsmash
- Netspectre
- SMoTherSpectre
- SPOILER



- KAISER patch / KPTI / KVA Shadow
- Microcode Updates
- IBRS / STIPB / IBPB
- Retpoline
- Taint Tracking
- Serialization
- InvisiSpec / SafeSpec / DAWG
- RSB Stuffing
- Site Isolation
- SSBD / SSBB
- ...



Now you already lost me . . .



- We want to **shed some light** and make it less confusing



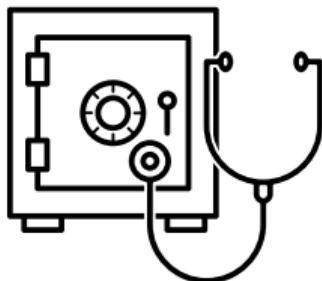
- We want to **shed some light** and make it less confusing
- Give a **comprehensible overview** of all attacks and defenses



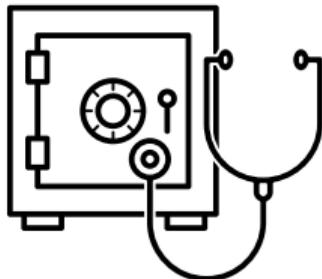
- We want to **shed some light** and make it less confusing
- Give a **comprehensible overview** of all attacks and defenses
- Show that **systematic analysis** allows to find **new attacks** and **circumventions of countermeasures**

Background

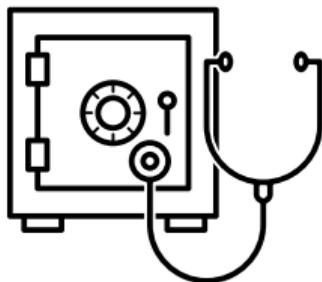
- Bug-free software does not mean safe execution



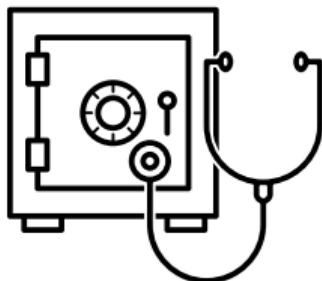
- Bug-free software does not mean safe execution
- Information leaks due to **underlying hardware**



- Bug-free software does not mean safe execution
- Information leaks due to **underlying hardware**
- **Exploit** leakage through **side-effects**



- Bug-free software does not mean safe execution
- Information leaks due to **underlying hardware**
- **Exploit** leakage through **side-effects**



Power
consumption



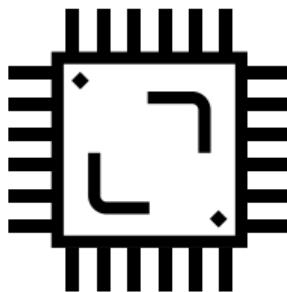
Execution
time

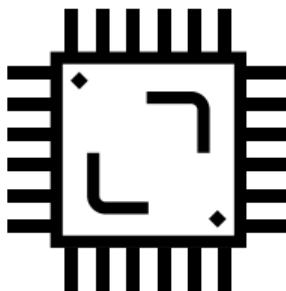


Microarchitectural
elements

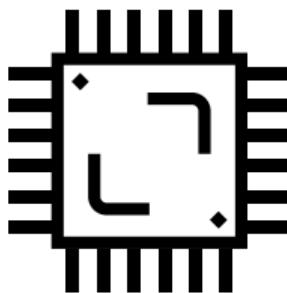
● ● ●

- Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) is an **abstract model** of a computer (x86, ARMv8, SPARC, ...)

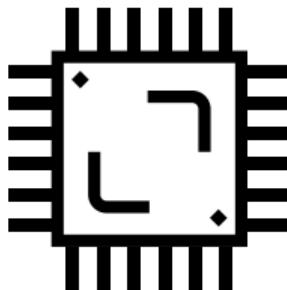




- Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) is an **abstract model** of a computer (x86, ARMv8, SPARC, ...)
- **Interface** between hardware and software



- Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) is an **abstract model** of a computer (x86, ARMv8, SPARC, ...)
- **Interface** between hardware and software
- Microarchitecture is an ISA **implementation**

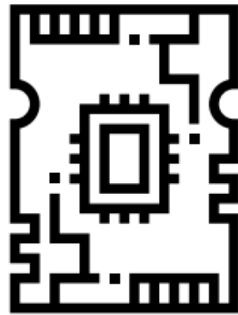


- Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) is an **abstract model** of a computer (x86, ARMv8, SPARC, ...)
- **Interface** between hardware and software
- Microarchitecture is an ISA **implementation**

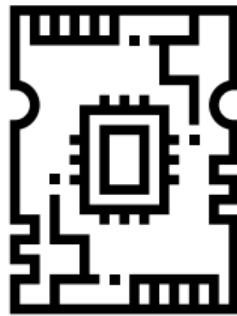


...

- Modern CPUs contain multiple **microarchitectural elements**



- Modern CPUs contain multiple **microarchitectural elements**



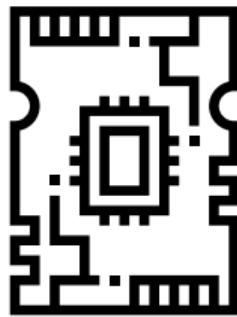
Caches and buffer



Predictor



- Modern CPUs contain multiple **microarchitectural elements**



Caches and buffer

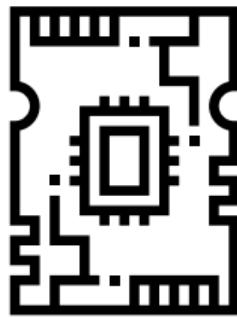


Predictor



- **Transparent** for the programmer

- Modern CPUs contain multiple **microarchitectural elements**



Caches and buffer



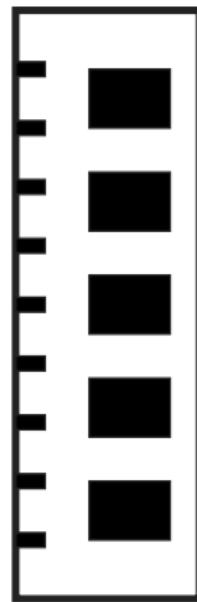
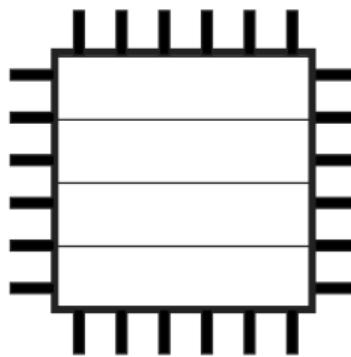
Predictor

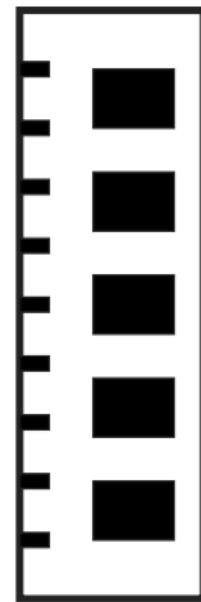
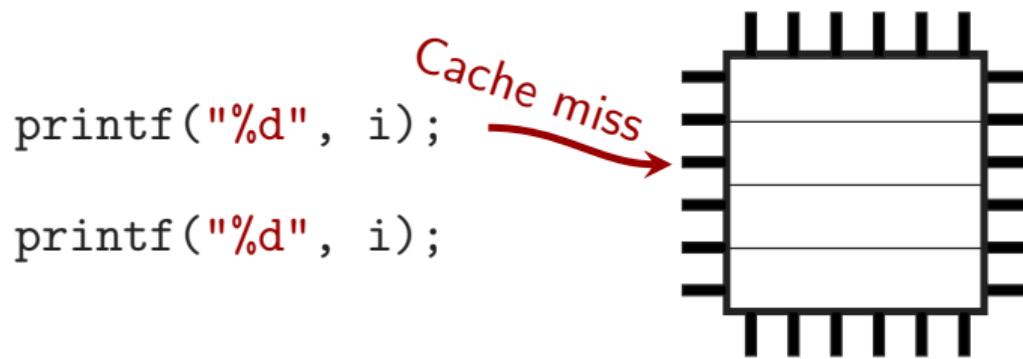


- **Transparent** for the programmer
- Timing optimizations → side-channel leakage

Caches & Cache Attacks

```
printf("%d", i);  
printf("%d", i);
```

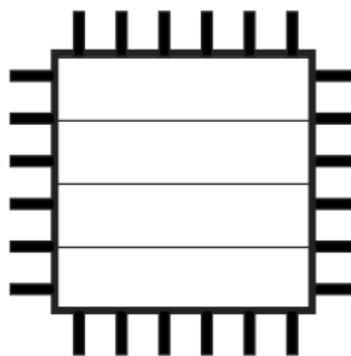




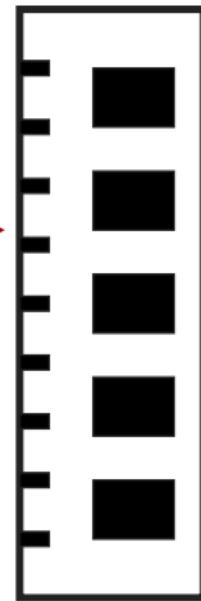
```
printf("%d", i);
```

Cache miss

```
printf("%d", i);
```



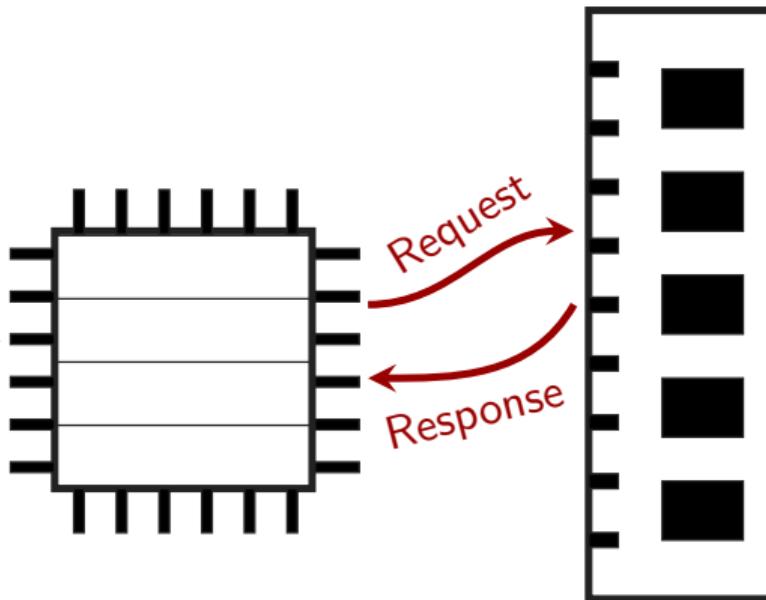
Request



```
printf("%d", i);
```

Cache miss

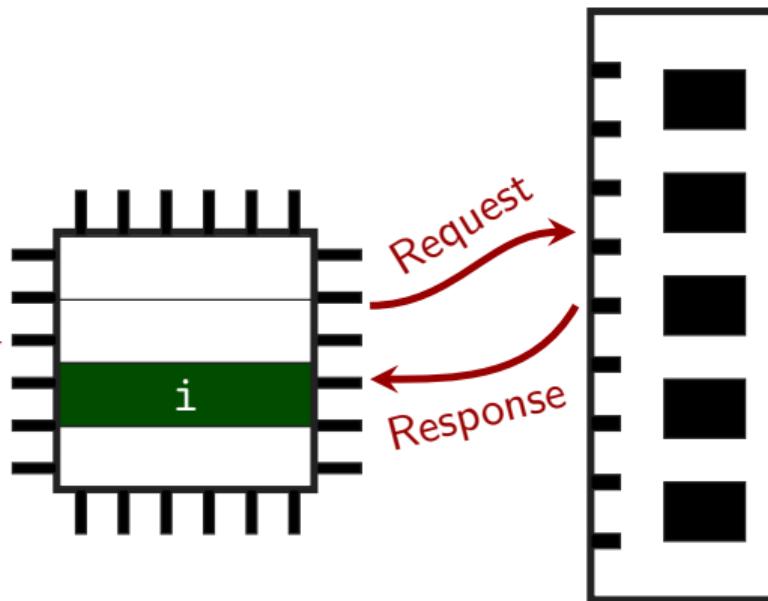
```
printf("%d", i);
```

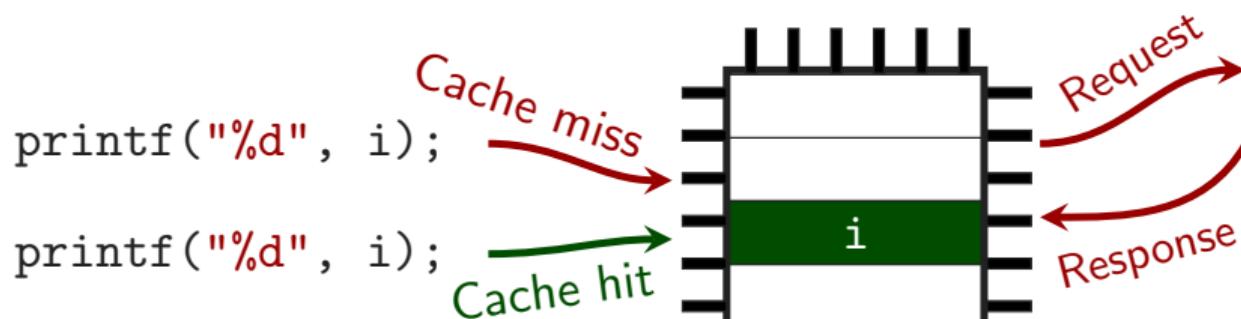


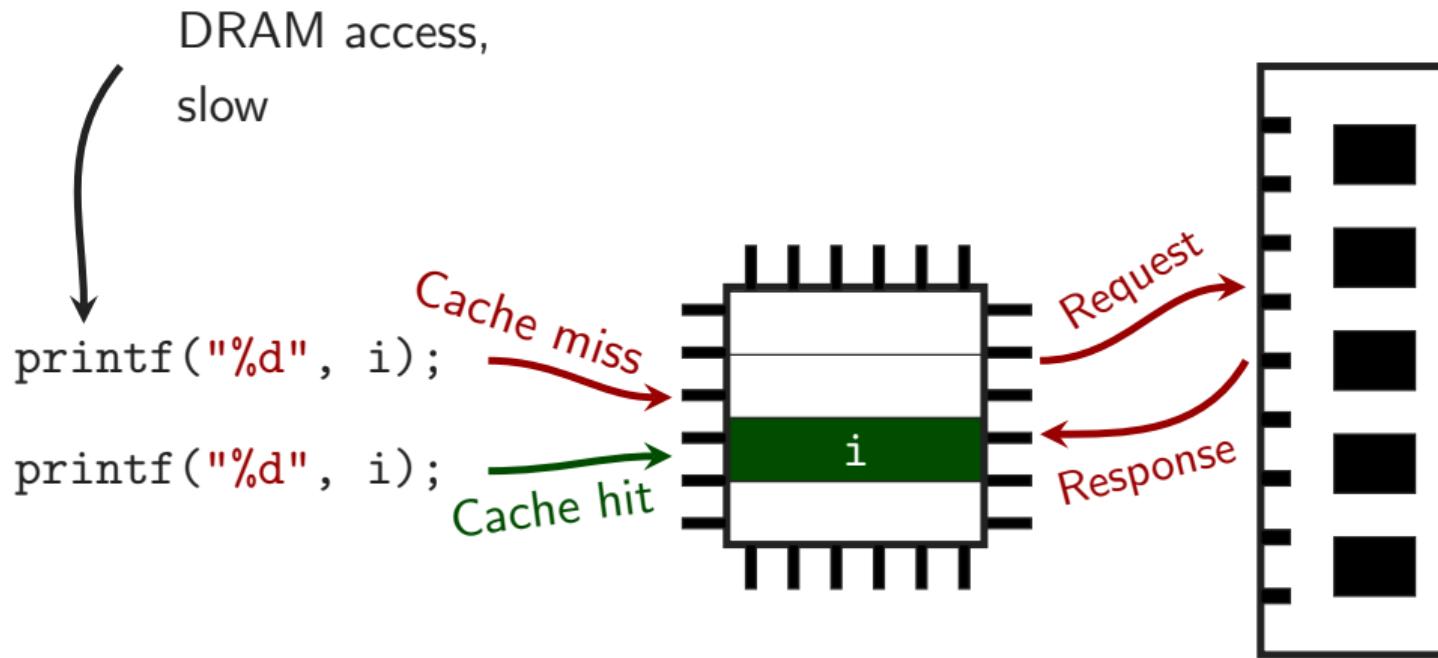
```
printf("%d", i);
```

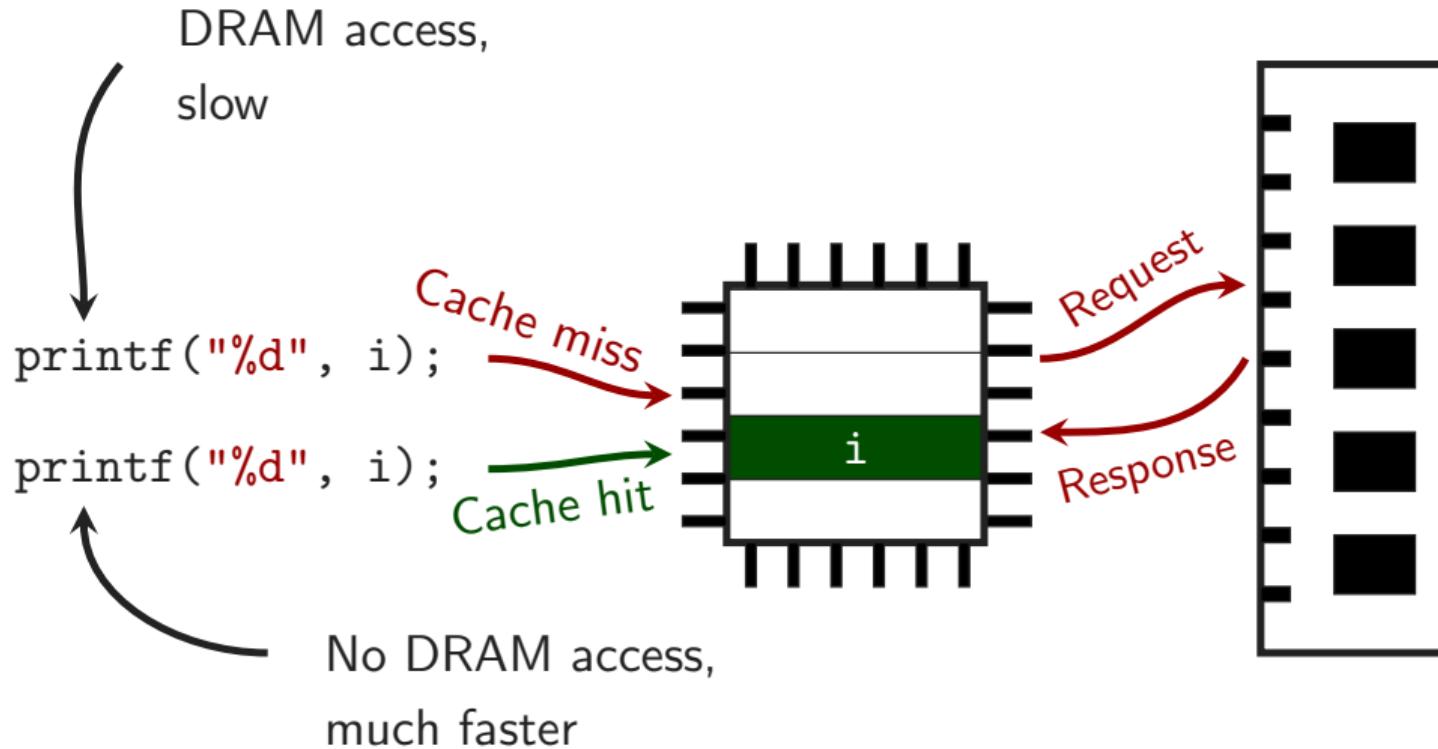
Cache miss

```
printf("%d", i);
```

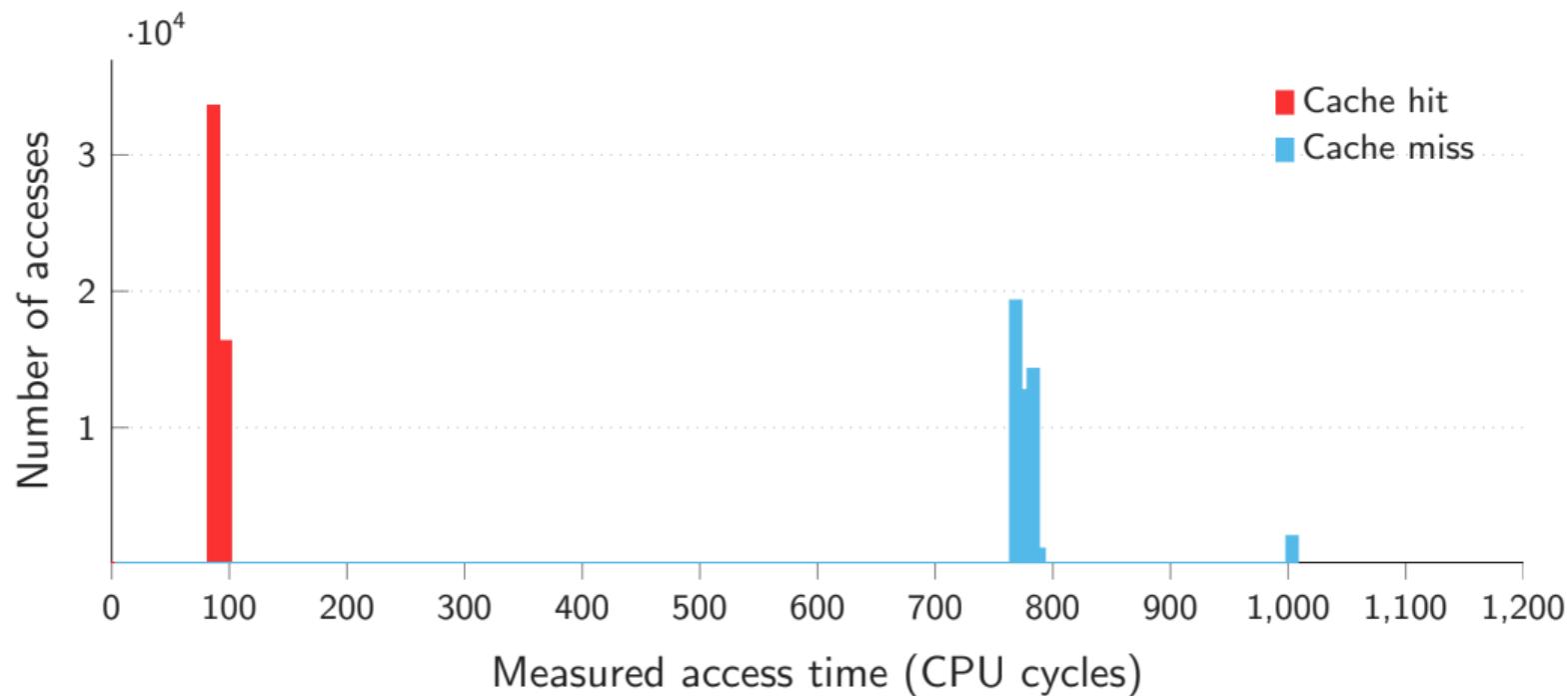






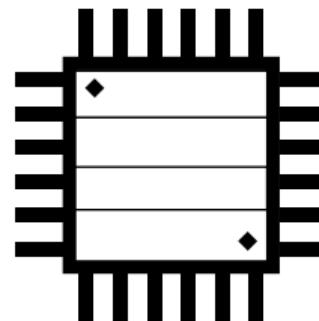


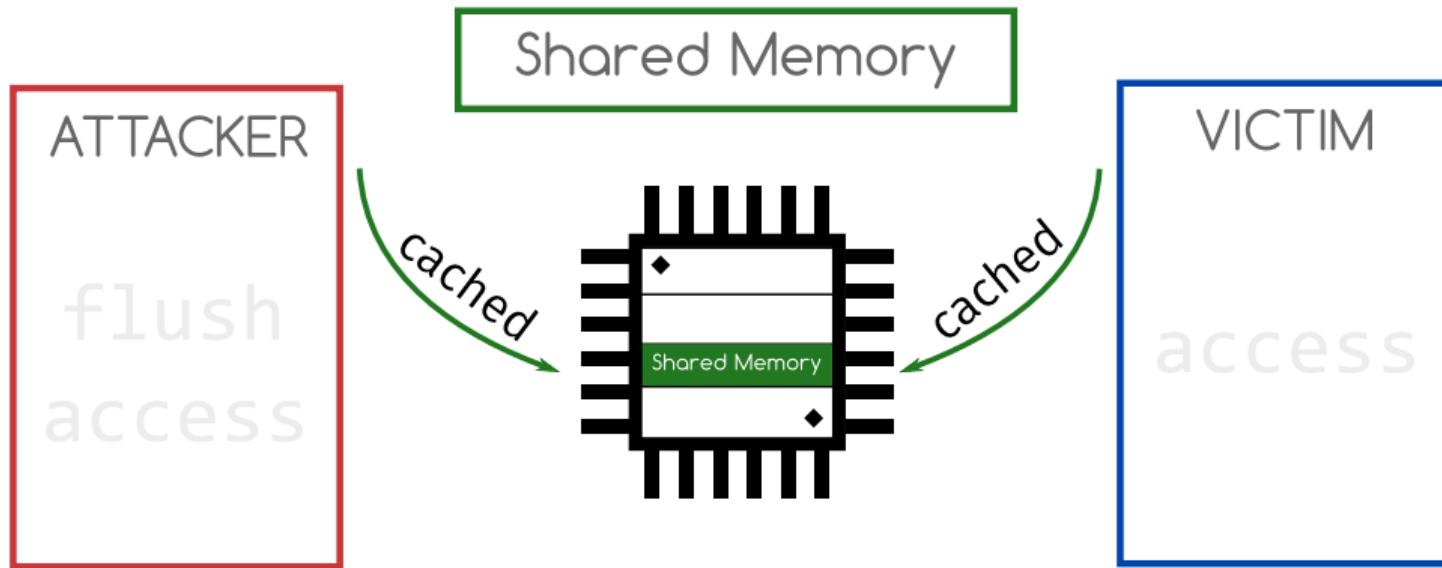
Caching speeds up Memory Accesses

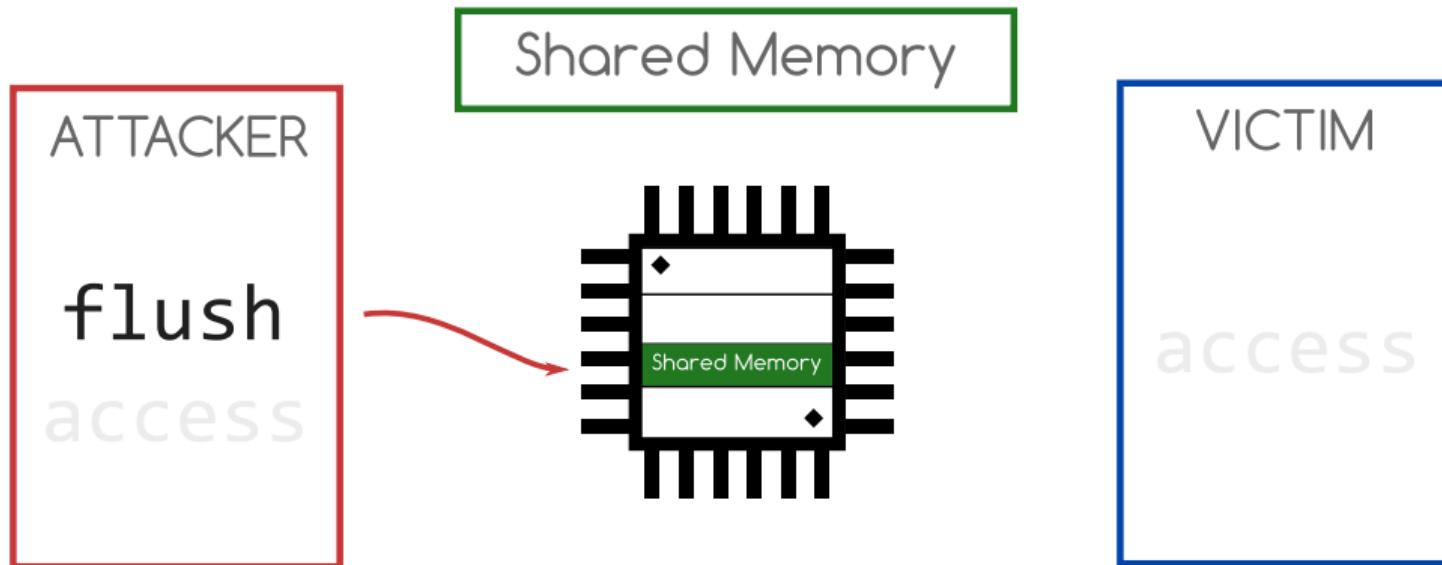


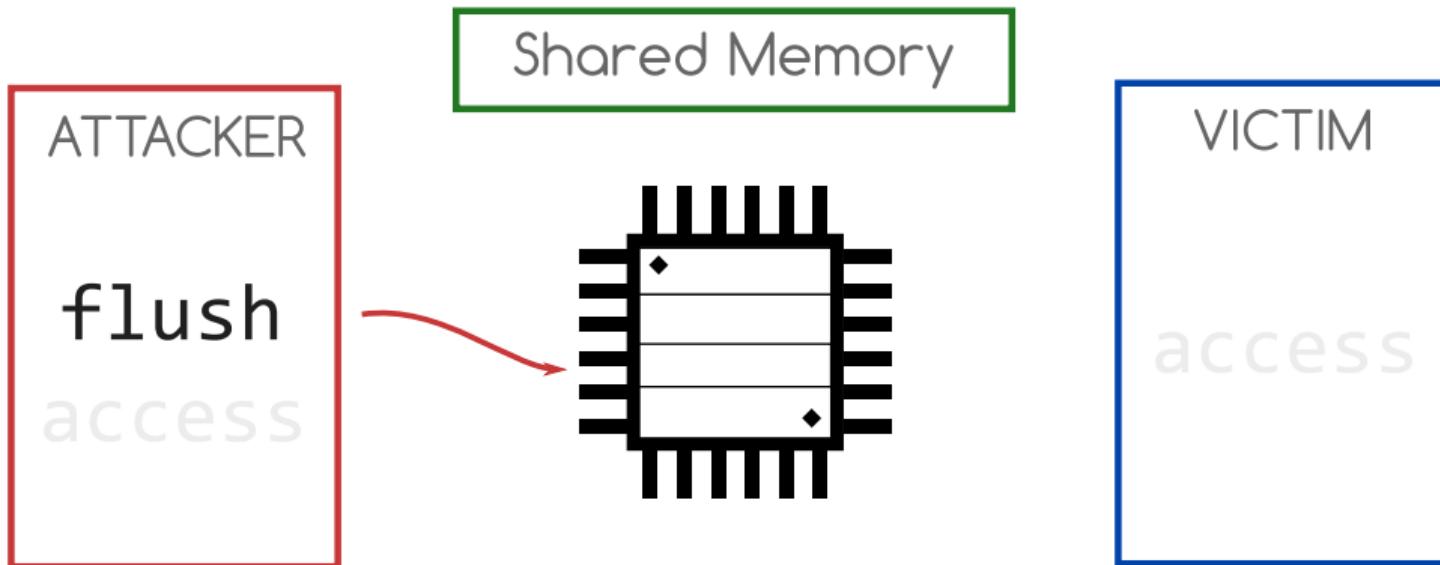


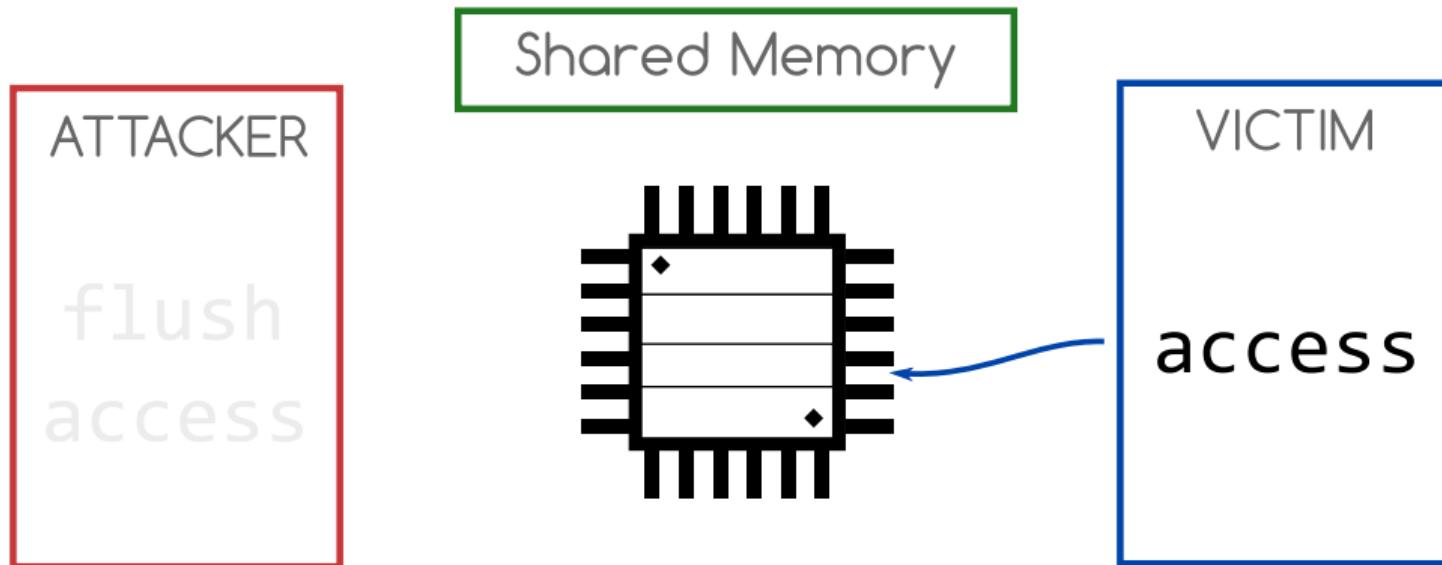
Shared Memory

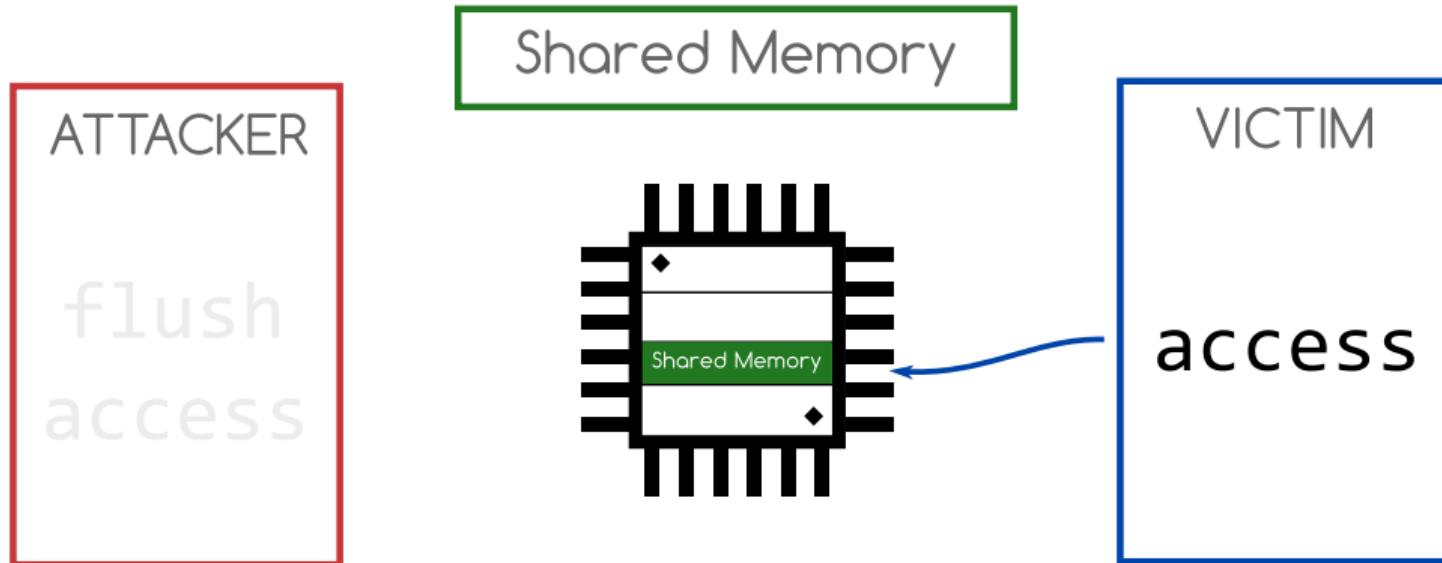


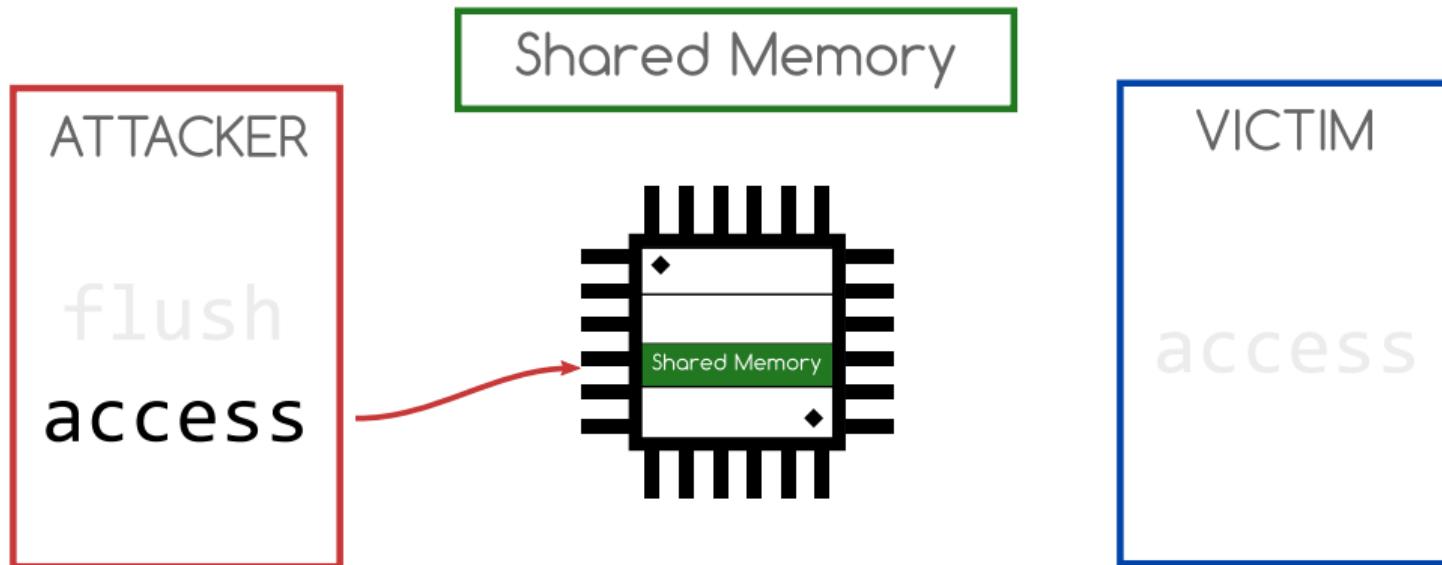


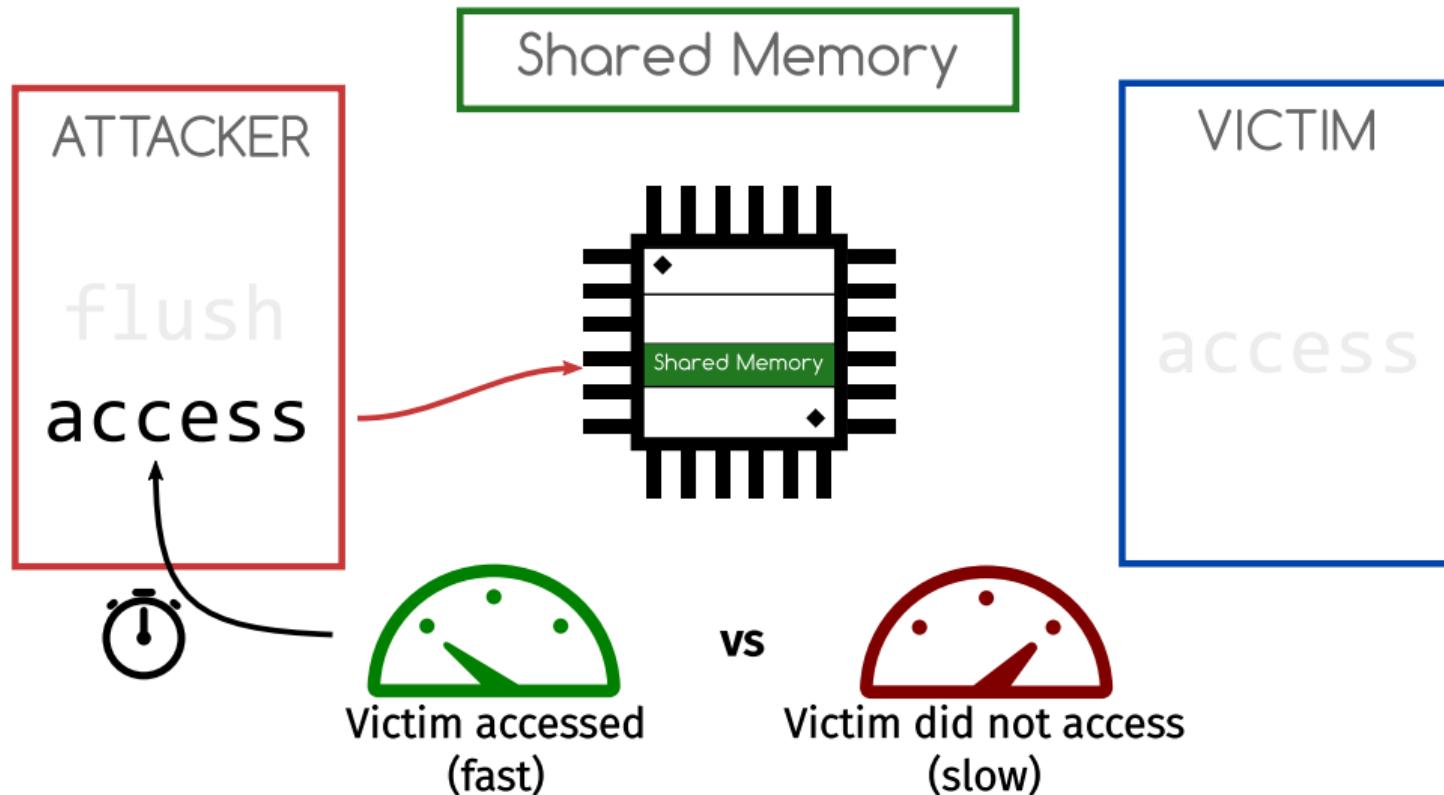














- Leak **cryptographic keys**
- Leak information on **co-located virtual machines**
- **Monitor** function calls of **other applications**
- Build **covert communication channels**
- ...



- Leak **cryptographic keys**
- Leak information on **co-located virtual machines**
- **Monitor** function calls of **other applications**
- Build **covert communication channels**
- ...

Only meta data. Not interesting and not in any threat model.

Out-of-order execution

```
int width = 10, height = 5;

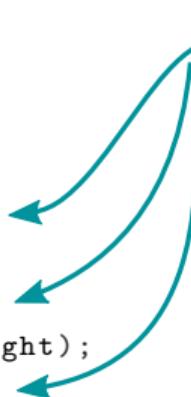
float diagonal = sqrt(width * width
                      + height * height);
int area = width * height;

printf("Area %d x %d = %d\n", width, height, area);
```

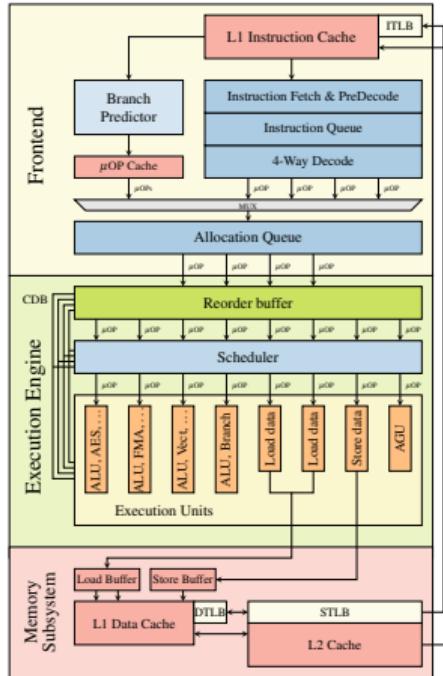
Dependency

```
int width = 10, height = 5;  
  
float diagonal = sqrt(width * width  
                      + height * height);  
  
int area = width * height;  
  
printf("Area %d x %d = %d\n", width, height, area);
```

Parallelize



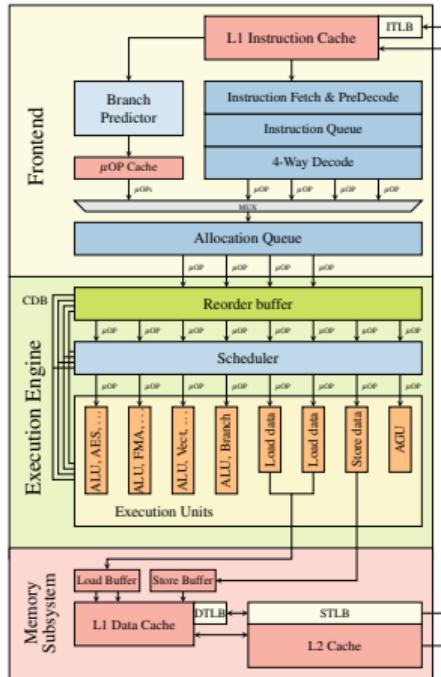
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions are

- fetched and decoded in the **front-end**

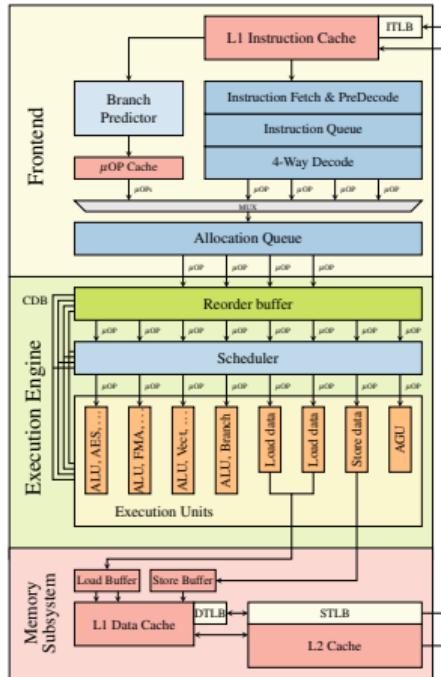
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions are

- fetched and decoded in the **front-end**
- dispatched to the **backend**

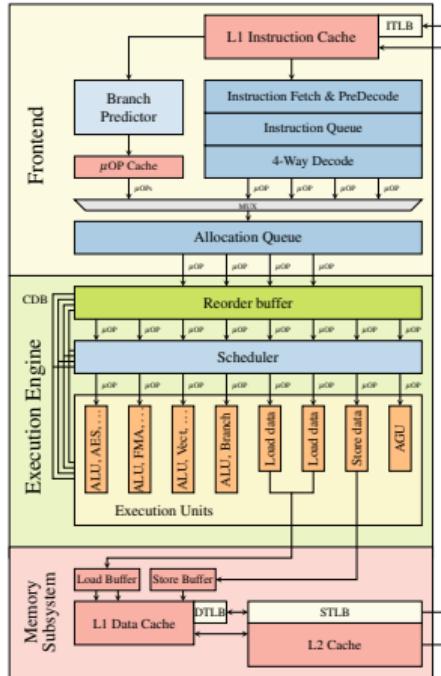
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions are

- fetched and decoded in the **front-end**
- dispatched to the **backend**
- processed by **individual execution units**

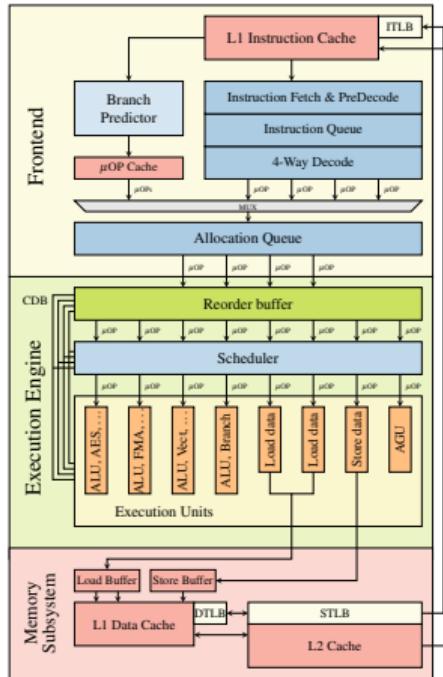
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**

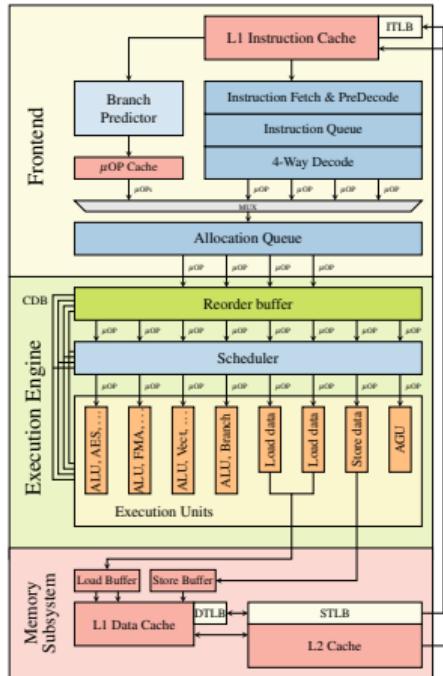
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready

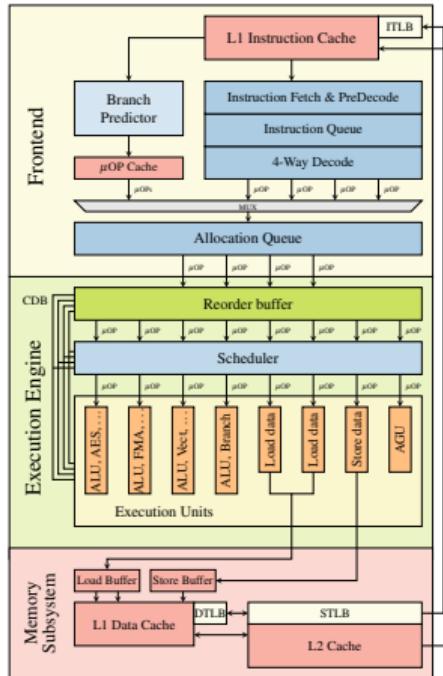
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready
 - Later instructions might execute prior earlier instructions

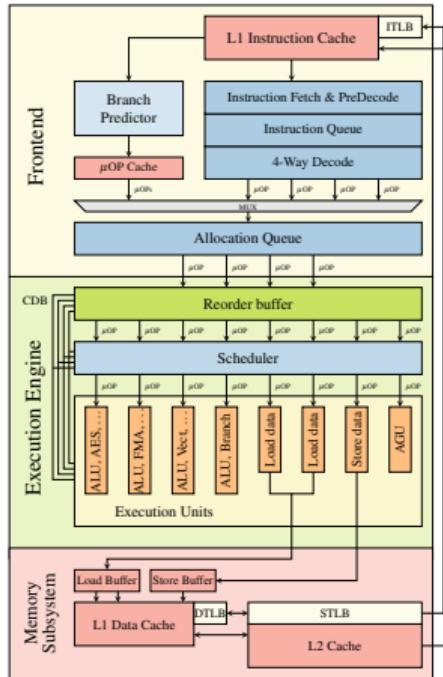
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready
 - Later instructions might execute prior earlier instructions
- **retire in-order**

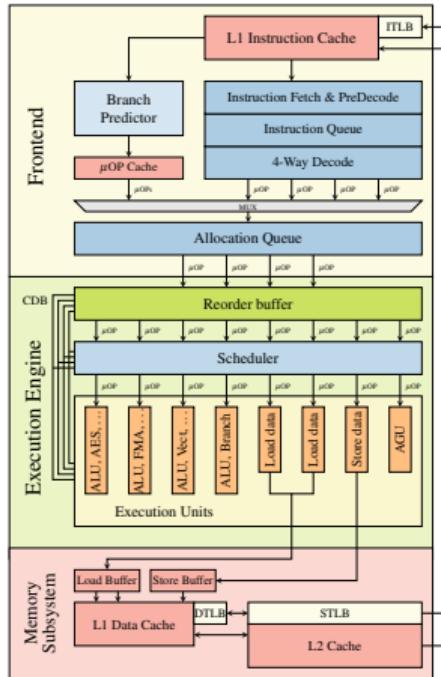
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready
 - Later instructions might execute prior earlier instructions
- **retire in-order**
 - State becomes architecturally visible

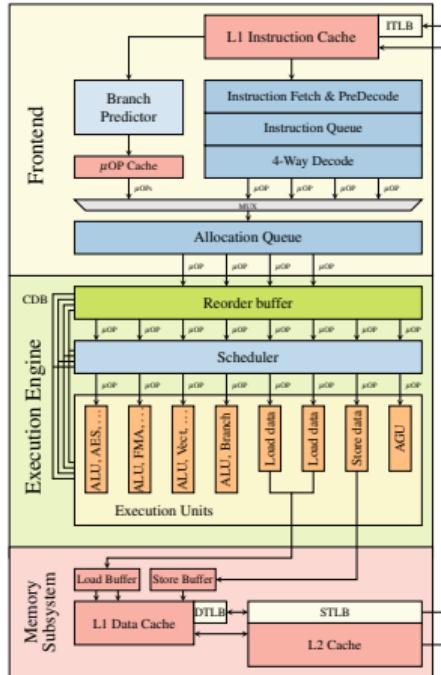
Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready
 - Later instructions might execute prior earlier instructions
- **retire in-order**
 - State becomes architecturally visible
- **Exceptions** are checked during retirement

Out-of-Order Execution



Instructions

- are executed **out-of-order**
- wait until their **dependencies** are ready
 - Later instructions might execute prior earlier instructions
- **retire in-order**
 - State becomes architecturally visible
- **Exceptions** are checked during retirement
 - Flush pipeline and recover state



The state does not become **architecturally visible** but ...



- What happens to the instructions that are **dismissed**?



- What happens to the instructions that are **dismissed**?
- Do they leave any **side effects**?

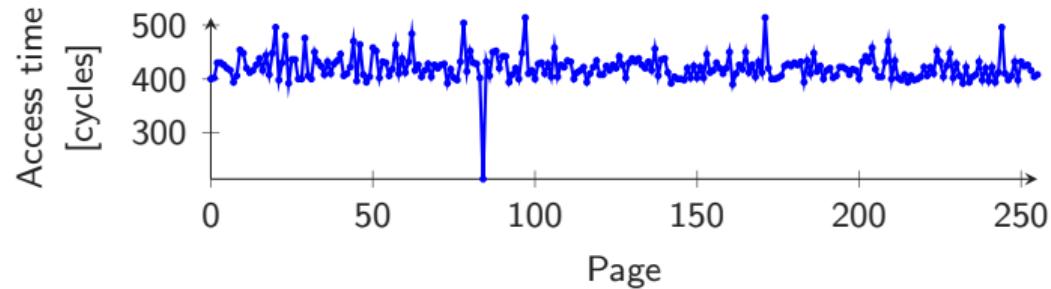


- What happens to the instructions that are **dismissed**?
- Do they leave any **side effects**?
- Can we **observe** them?



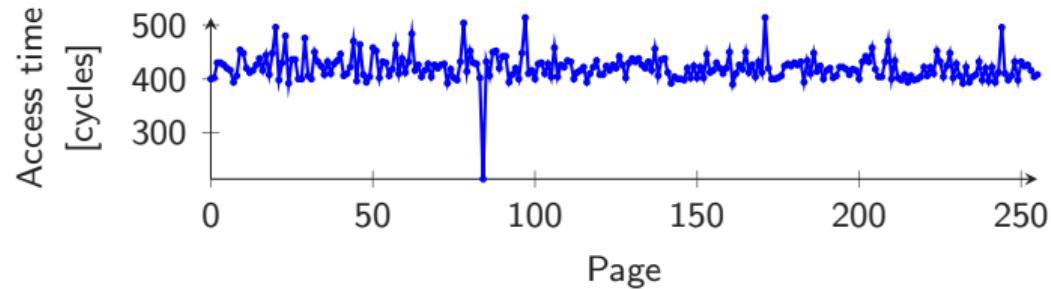
```
*(volatile char*) 0; // raise_exception();  
array[84 * 4096] = 0;
```

- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array





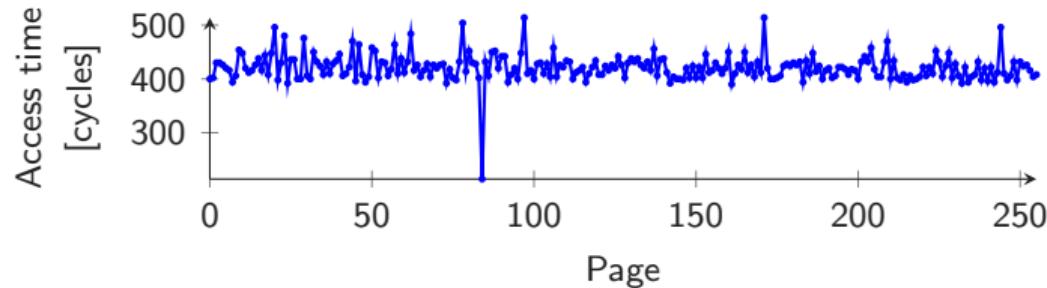
- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



- “Unreachable” code line was **actually executed**



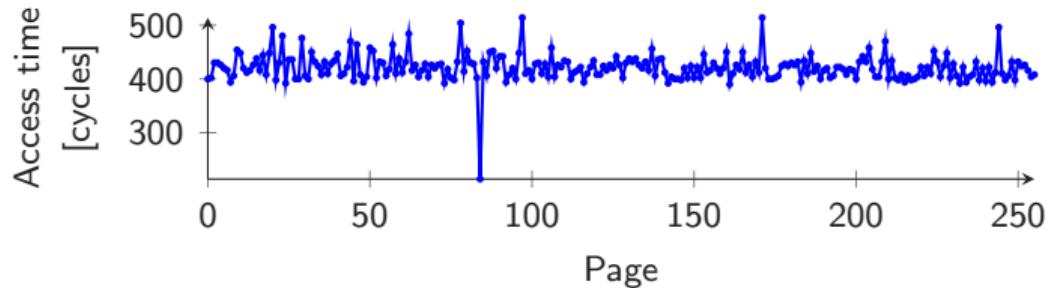
- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



- “Unreachable” code line was **actually executed**
- Exception was only thrown **afterwards**



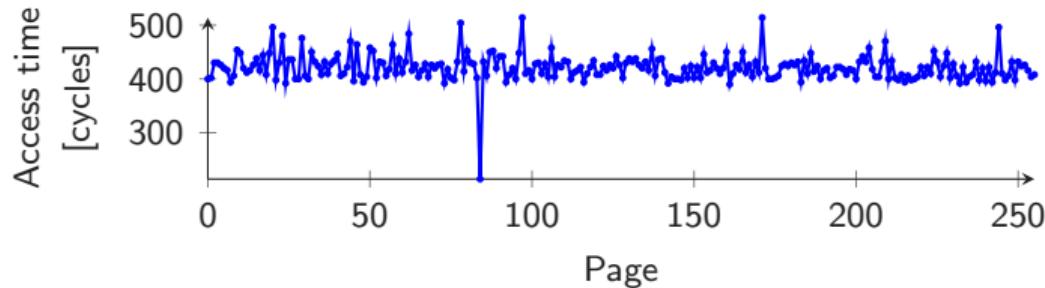
- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



- “Unreachable” code line was **actually executed**
- Exception was only thrown **afterwards**
- Out-of-order instructions **leave microarchitectural traces**



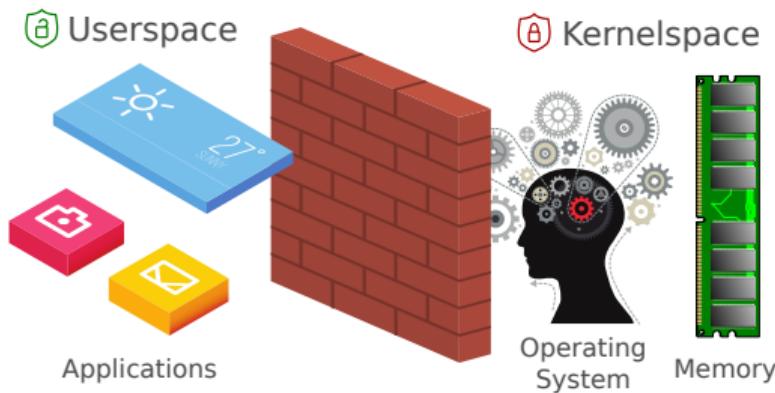
- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



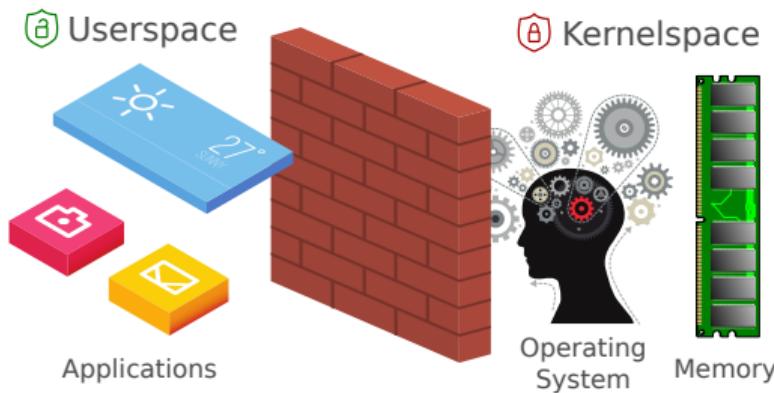
- “Unreachable” code line was **actually executed**
- Exception was only thrown **afterwards**
- Out-of-order instructions **leave microarchitectural traces**
- Give such instructions a name: **transient instructions**



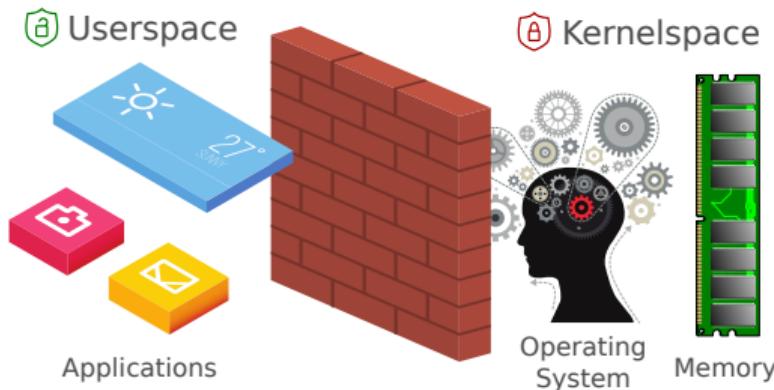
Does the CPU **ignore** the semantics of exceptions **before**
handling it?



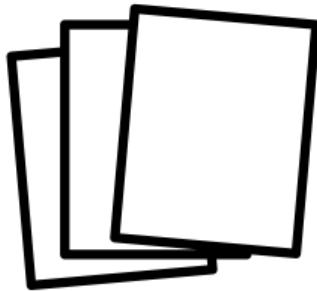
- Kernel is isolated from user space



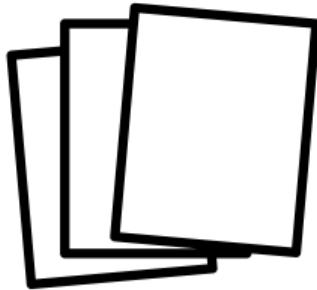
- Kernel is isolated from user space
- This **isolation** is a combination of hardware and software



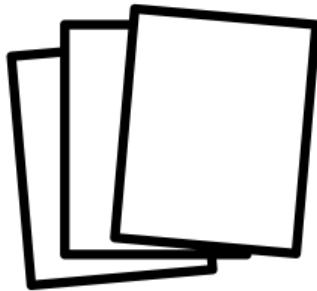
- Kernel is isolated from user space
- This **isolation** is a combination of hardware and software
- User applications cannot access anything from the kernel



- CPU support **virtual address spaces** to isolate processes

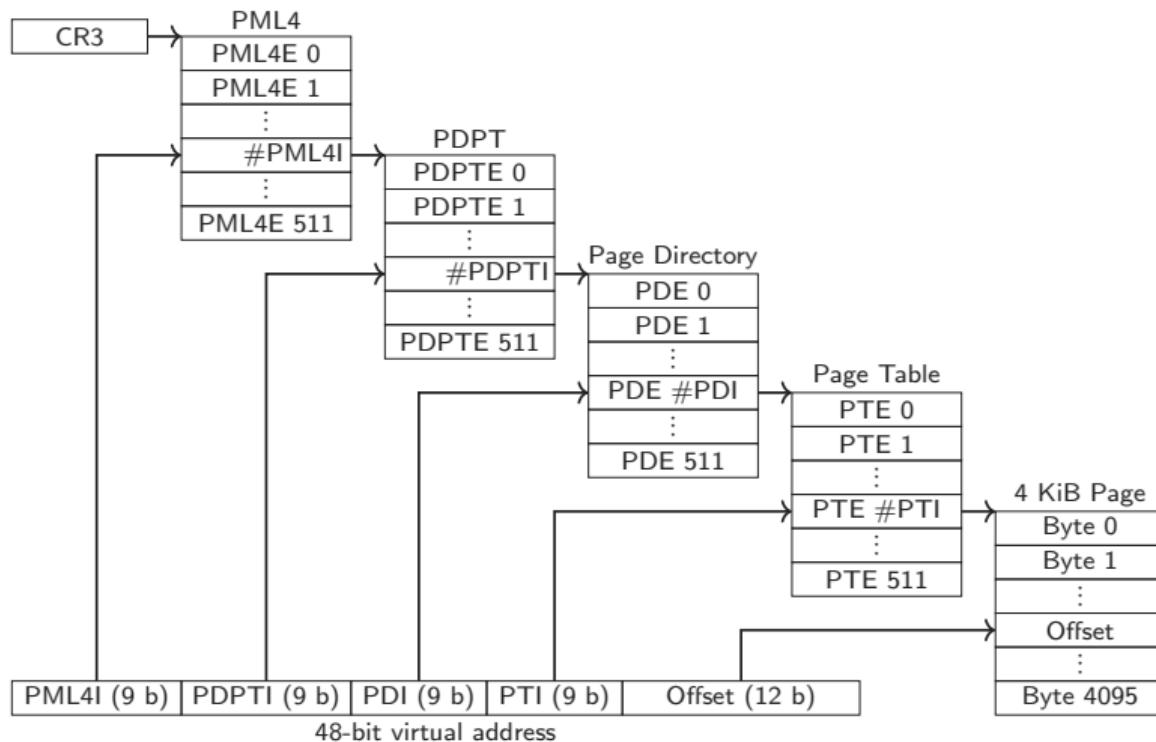


- CPU support **virtual address spaces** to isolate processes
- Physical memory is organized in **page frames**

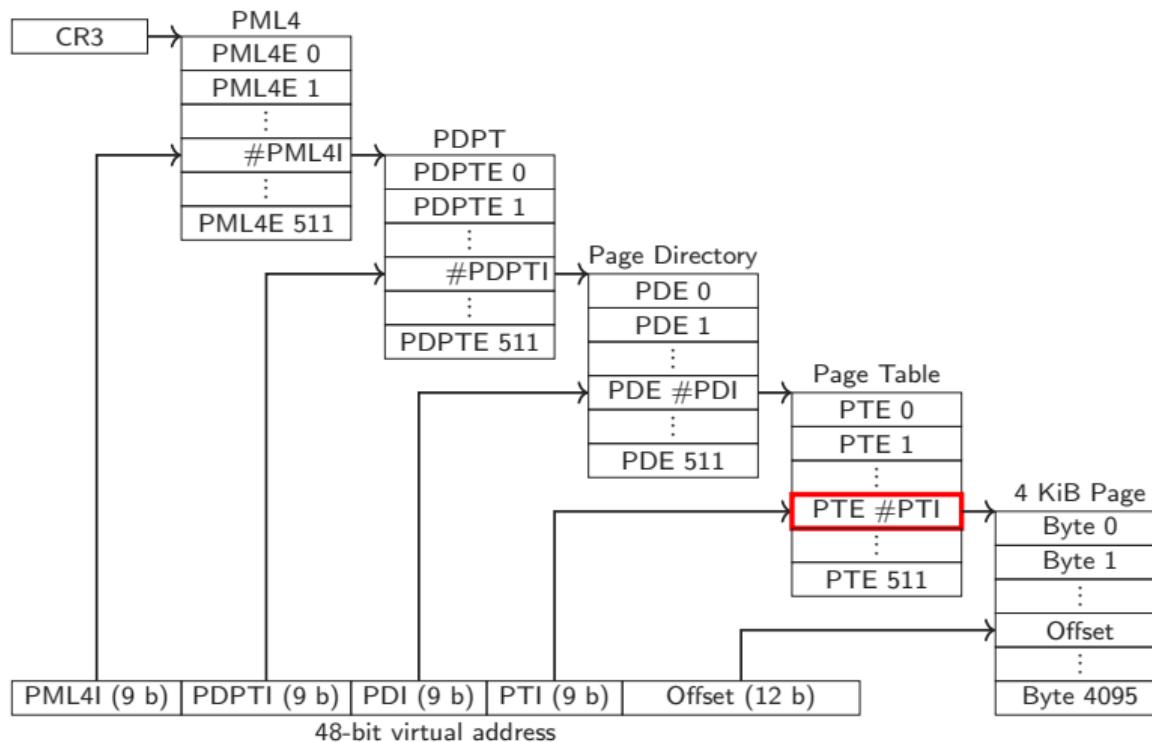


- CPU support **virtual address spaces** to isolate processes
- Physical memory is organized in **page frames**
- Virtual memory pages are **mapped** to page frames using **page tables**

Address Translation on x86-64



Address Translation on x86-64



P	RW	US	WT	UC	R	D	S	G	Ignored	
Physical Page Number										
			Ignored			PK		X		

- User/Supervisor bit defines in which **privilege level** the page can be accessed



- Add another **layer of indirection** to test

```
char data = *(char*) 0xffffffff81a000e0; // kernel  
address  
array[data * 4096] = 0;
```



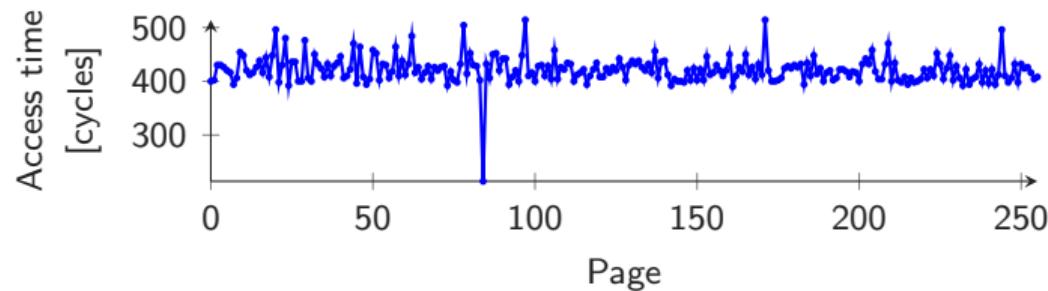
- Add another **layer of indirection** to test

```
char data = *(char*) 0xffffffff81a000e0; // kernel  
address  
array[data * 4096] = 0;
```

- Then check whether any part of array is **cached**



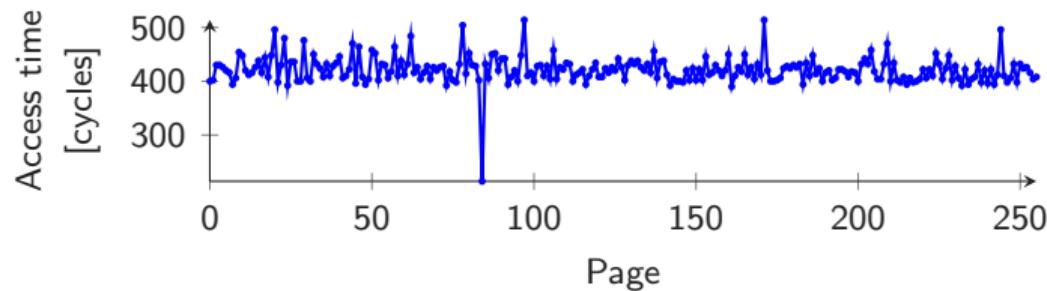
- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



- Index of cache hit reveals **data**



- Flush+Reload over all pages of the array



- Index of cache hit reveals **data**
- Permission check is in some cases **not fast enough**



MELTDOWN

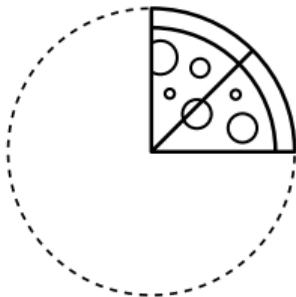
e01d8150: 69 6c 69 63 6f 6e 20 47 72 61 70 68 69 63 73 2c |ilicon Graphics,
e01d8160: 20 49 6e 63 2e 20 20 48 6f 77 65 76 65 72 2c 20 |Inc. However,
e01d8170: 74 68 65 20 61 75 74 68 6f 72 73 20 6d 61 6b 65 |the authors make
e01d8180: 20 6e 6f 20 63 6c 61 69 6d 20 74 68 61 74 20 4d |no claim that M
e01d8190: 65 73 61 0a 20 69 73 20 69 6e 20 61 6e 79 20 77 |esa. is in any w
e01d81a0: 61 79 20 61 20 63 6f 6d 70 61 74 69 62 6c 65 20 |ay a compatible
e01d81b0: 72 65 70 6c 61 63 65 6d 65 6e 74 20 66 6f 72 20 |replacement for
e01d81c0: 4f 70 65 6e 47 4c 20 6f 72 20 61 73 73 6f 63 69 |OpenGL or associ
e01d81d0: 61 74 65 64 20 77 69 74 68 0a 20 53 69 6c 69 63 |ated with. Silic
e01d81e0: 6f 6e 20 47 72 61 70 68 69 63 73 2c 20 49 6e 63 |on Graphics, Inc
e01d81f0: 2e 0a 20 2e 0a 20 54 68 69 73 20 76 65 72 73 69 |.. .. This versi
e01d8200: 6f 6e 20 6f 66 20 4d 65 73 61 20 70 72 6f 76 69 |on of Mesa provi
e01d8210: 64 65 73 20 47 4c 58 20 61 6e 64 20 44 52 49 20 |des GLX and DRI
e01d8220: 63 61 70 61 62 69 6c 69 74 69 65 73 3a 20 69 74 |capabilities: it
e01d8230: 20 69 73 20 63 61 70 61 62 6c 65 20 6f 66 0a 20 |is capable of.
e01d8240: 62 6f 74 68 20 64 69 72 65 63 74 20 61 6e 64 20 |both direct and
e01d8250: 69 6e 64 69 72 65 63 74 20 72 65 6e 64 65 72 69 |indirect renderi
e01d8260: 6e 67 2e 20 20 46 6f 72 20 64 69 72 65 63 74 20 |ng. For direct
e01d8270: 72 65 6e 64 65 72 69 6e 67 2c 20 69 74 20 63 61 |rendering, it ca
e01d8280: 6e 20 75 73 65 20 44 52 49 0a 20 6d 6f 64 75 6c |n use DRI. modul



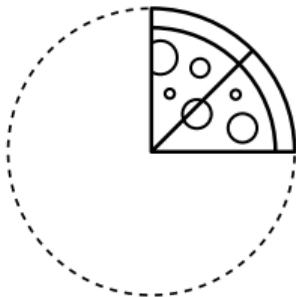
- Using **out-of-order execution**, we can read **data at any address**



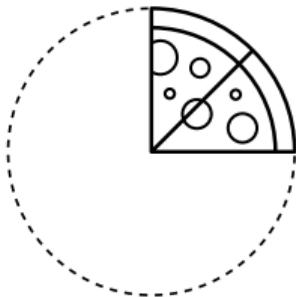
- Using **out-of-order execution**, we can read **data at any address**
- **Entire physical memory** is typically accessible through kernel space



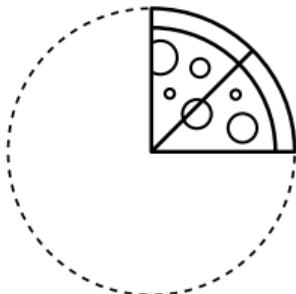
- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown



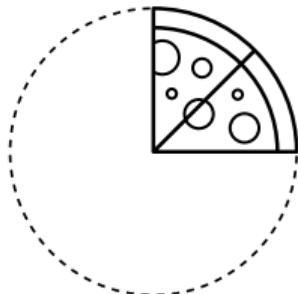
- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown
- Experiment where a thread flushes the value constantly and a thread on a different core reloads the value



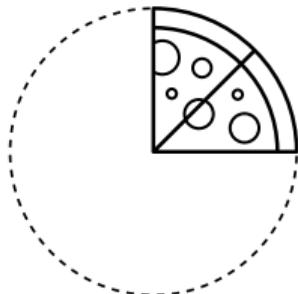
- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown
- Experiment where a thread flushes the value constantly and a thread on a different core reloads the value
 - Target data is **not in the L1** cache of the attacking core



- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown
- Experiment where a thread flushes the value constantly and a thread on a different core reloads the value
 - Target data is **not in the L1** cache of the attacking core
- We can **still leak** the data at a lower reading rate



- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown
- Experiment where a thread flushes the value constantly and a thread on a different core reloads the value
 - Target data is **not in the L1** cache of the attacking core
- We can **still leak** the data at a lower reading rate
 - Meltdown might **implicitly cache** the data



- Assumed that one can only read data **stored in the L1** with Meltdown
- Experiment where a thread flushes the value constantly and a thread on a different core reloads the value
 - Target data is **not in the L1** cache of the attacking core
- We can **still leak** the data at a lower reading rate
 - Meltdown might **implicitly cache** the data



Which bits are **left in the PTE**?

P	RW	US	WT	UC	R	D	S	G	Ignored	
Physical Page Number										
Ignored			PK			X				

- Present bit defines whether a page is **present** in physical memory.

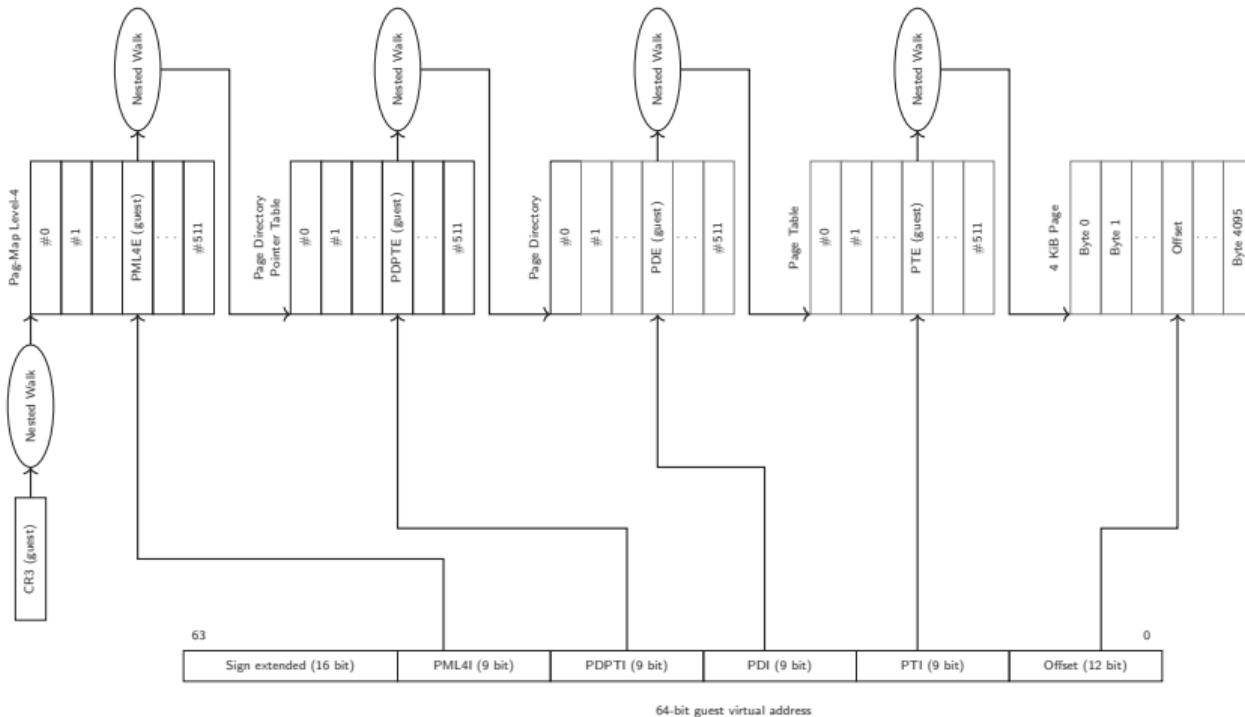


- Can not really manage the PTE from user space



- Can not really manage the PTE from user space
- Use **virtual machine**
 - completely controlled by attacker

Virtual Machine: Extended Page Table

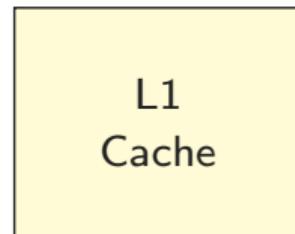


63

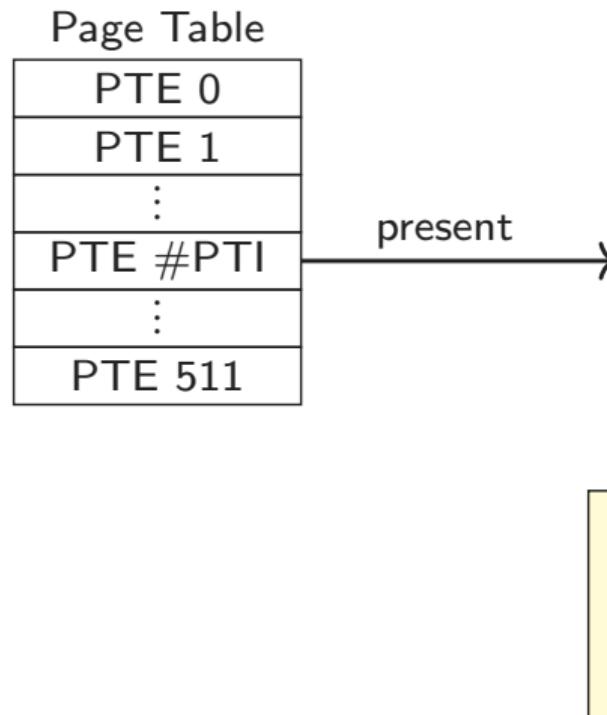
64-bit guest virtual address

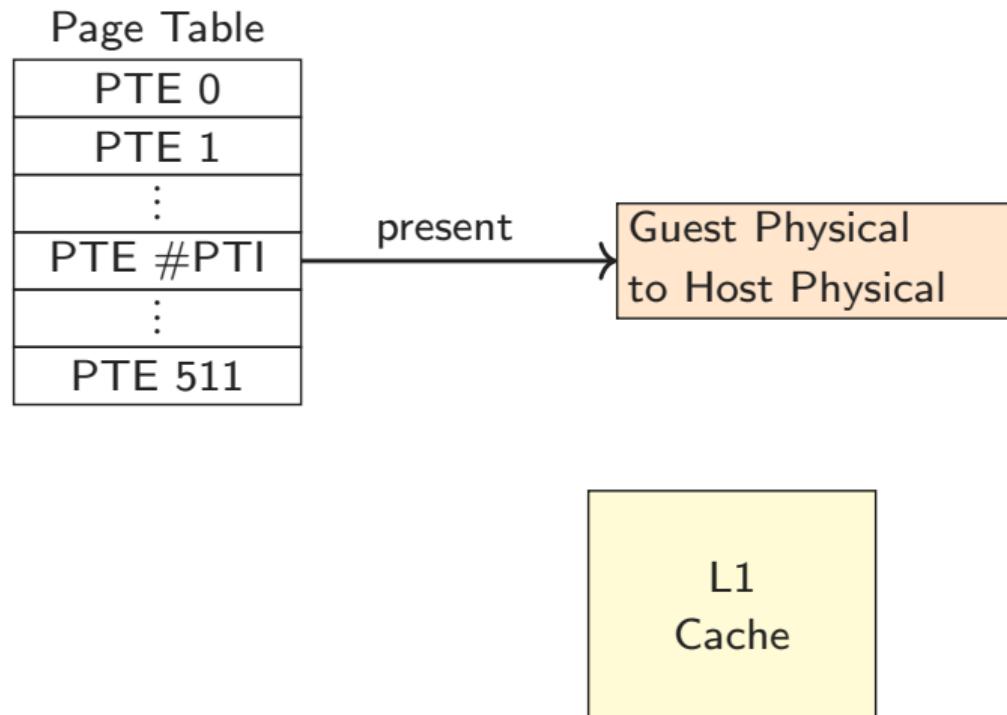
Page Table

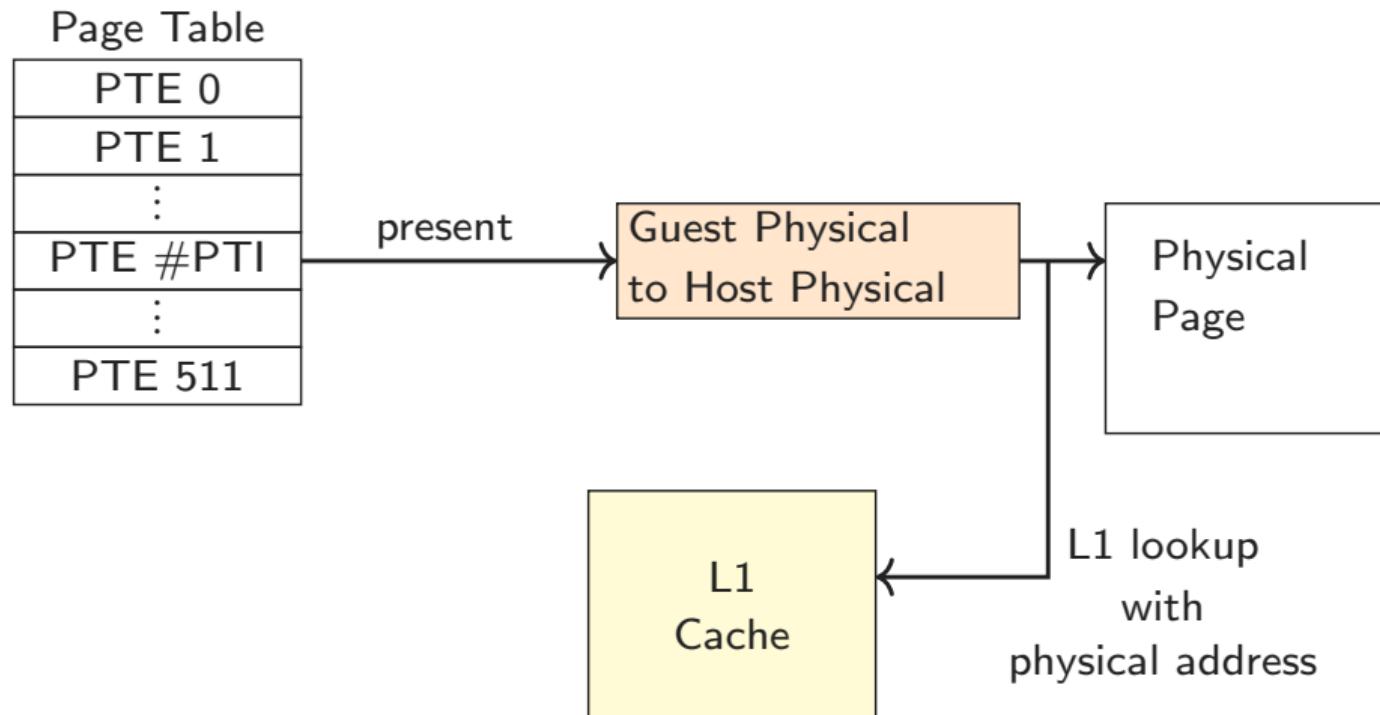
PTE 0
PTE 1
:
PTE #PTI
:
PTE 511



Present Bit



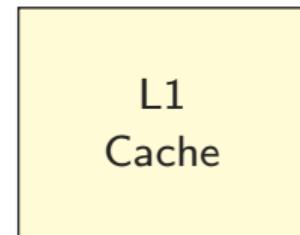


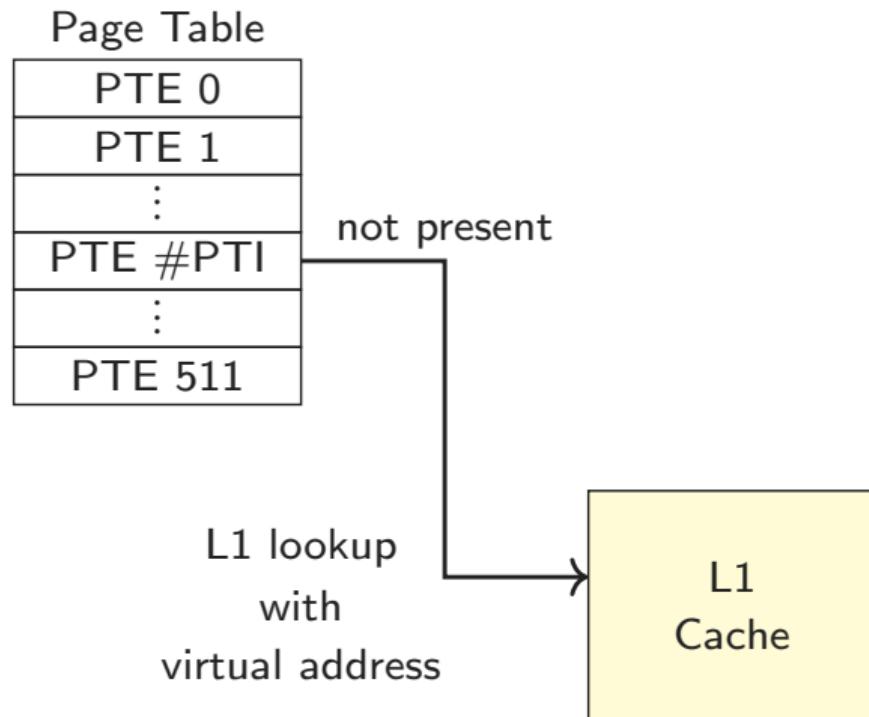


Page Table

PTE 0
PTE 1
⋮
PTE #PTI
⋮
PTE 511

not present





Demo



- Foreshadow or L1TF



- Foreshadow or L1TF
- Leak data from **L1 data cache**



- Foreshadow or L1TF
- Leak data from **L1 data cache**
- Affects virtual machines (VM), hypervisors (VMM), operating systems (OS) and system management mode (SMM)



- Foreshadow or L1TF
- Leak data from **L1 data cache**
- Affects virtual machines (VM), hypervisors (VMM), operating systems (OS) and system management mode (SMM)
- Read **SGX-protected memory** and leak machine's **private attestation key**



There are still bits **left in the PTE**

P	RW	US	WT	UC	R	D	S	G	Ignored	
Physical Page Number										
		Ignored					PK		X	

- PK bits define the assigned **protection key**



- Protection key for a **group of pages**



- Protection key for a **group of pages**
- 4 bits in PTE **identify key** for protected memory regions



- Protection key for a **group of pages**
- 4 bits in PTE **identify key** for protected memory regions
- **Quick update** of access rights



- Protection key for a **group of pages**
- 4 bits in PTE **identify key** for protected memory regions
- **Quick update** of access rights
- Available on Intel Xeon CPUs



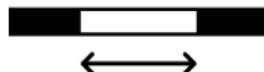
- Protection keys are **lazily enforced**



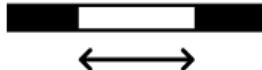
- Protection keys are **lazily enforced**
- **Protected value** is forwarded to transient instructions



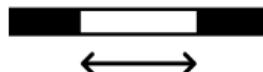
Other exceptions?



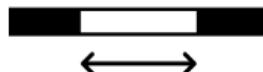
- x86 provides dedicated instruction raising **#BR exception** if bound-range is exceeded



- x86 provides dedicated instruction raising **#BR exception** if bound-range is exceeded
- Data used in **transient execution**



- x86 provides dedicated instruction raising **#BR exception** if bound-range is exceeded
- Data used in **transient execution**
- Attacker can determine data



- x86 provides dedicated instruction raising **#BR exception** if bound-range is exceeded
- Data used in **transient execution**
- Attacker can determine data
- First Meltdown-type attack on AMD



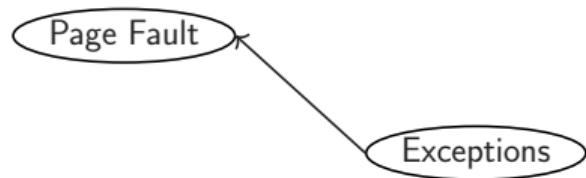
We **tested** all of them

Take a closer look . . . again

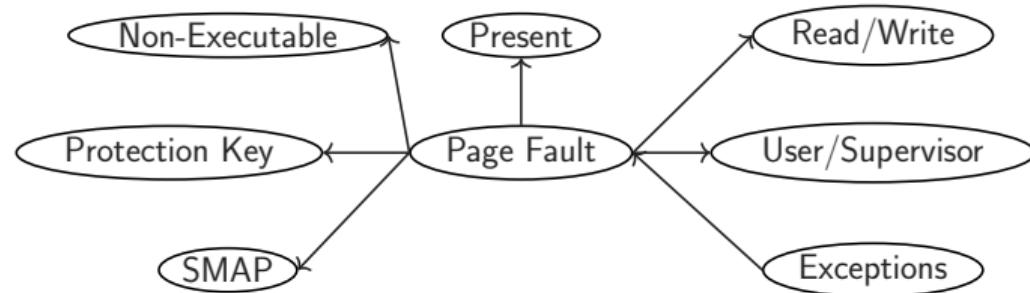


Exceptions

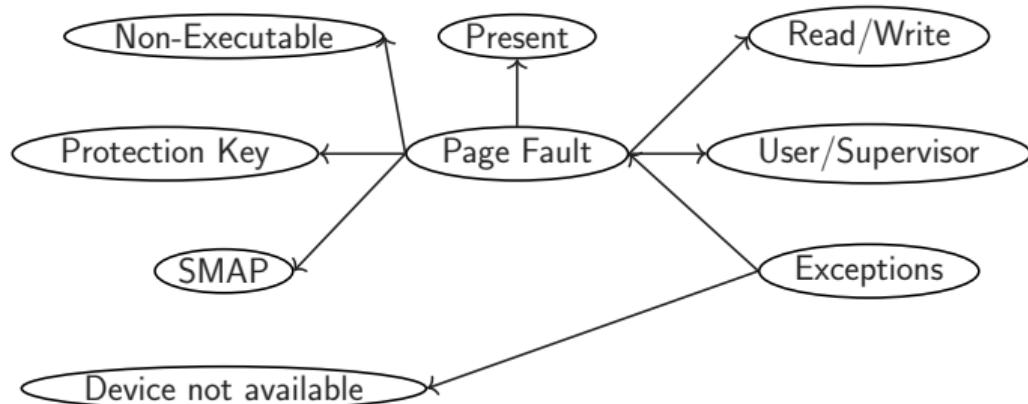
Take a closer look . . . again



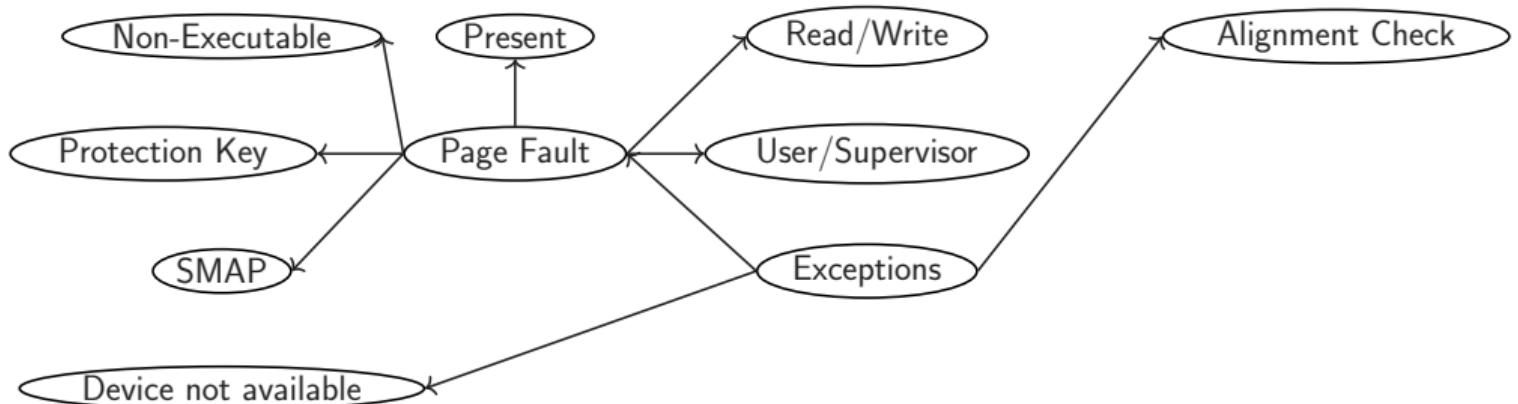
Take a closer look ... again



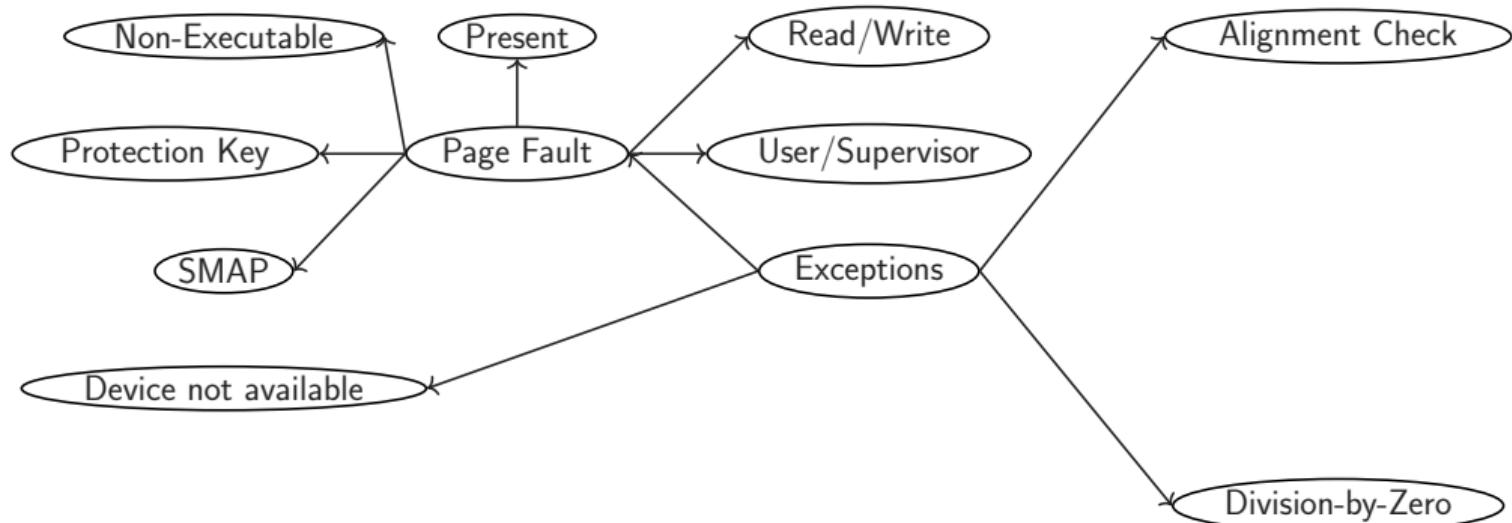
Take a closer look ... again



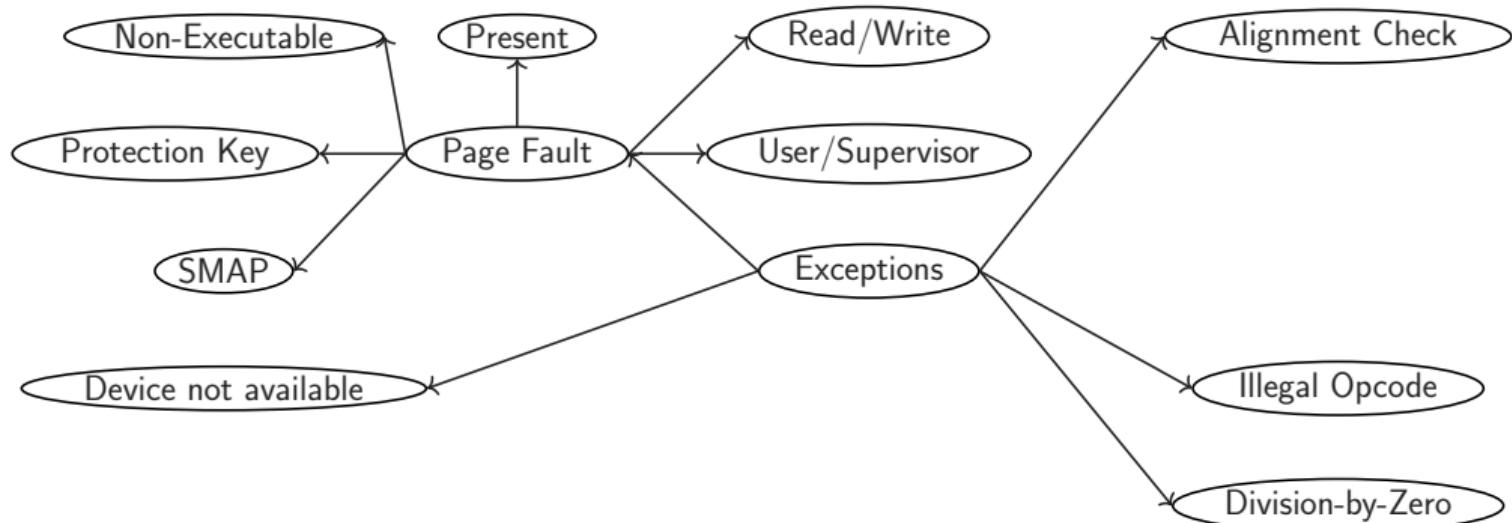
Take a closer look ... again



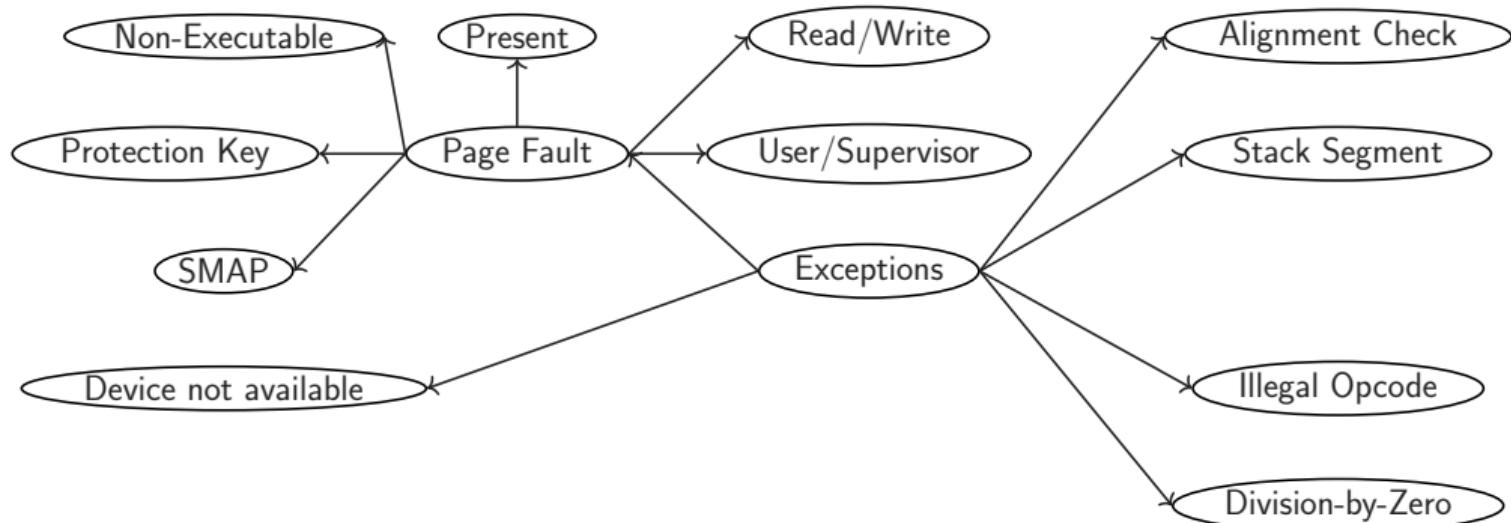
Take a closer look ... again



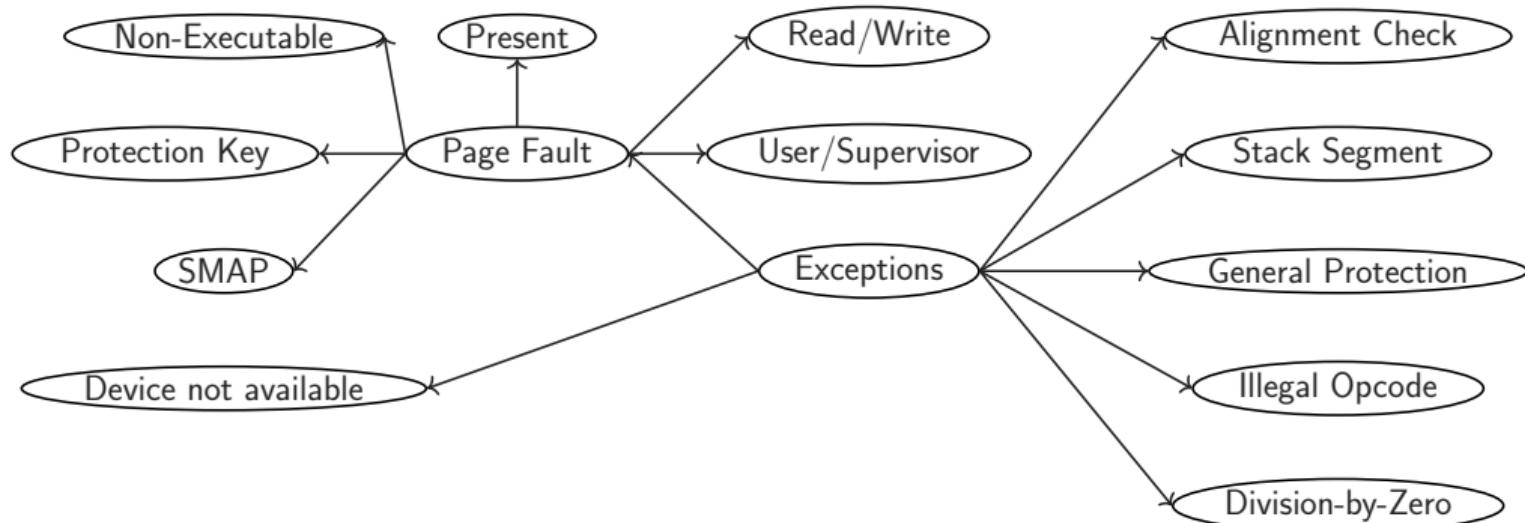
Take a closer look ... again



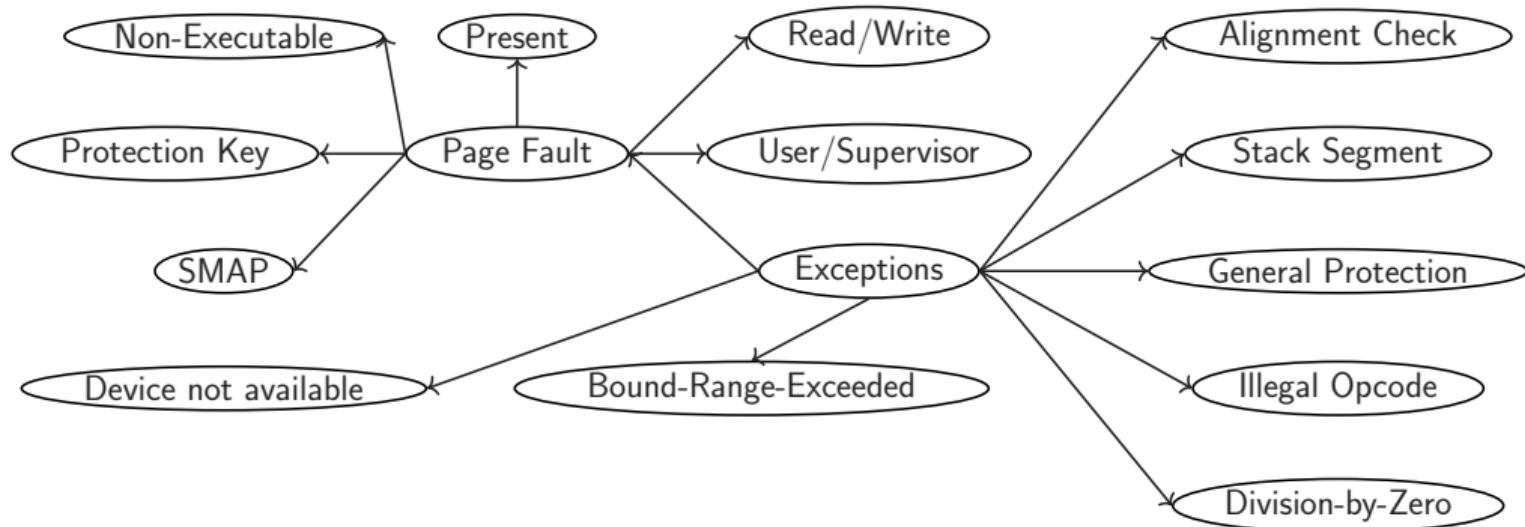
Take a closer look ... again



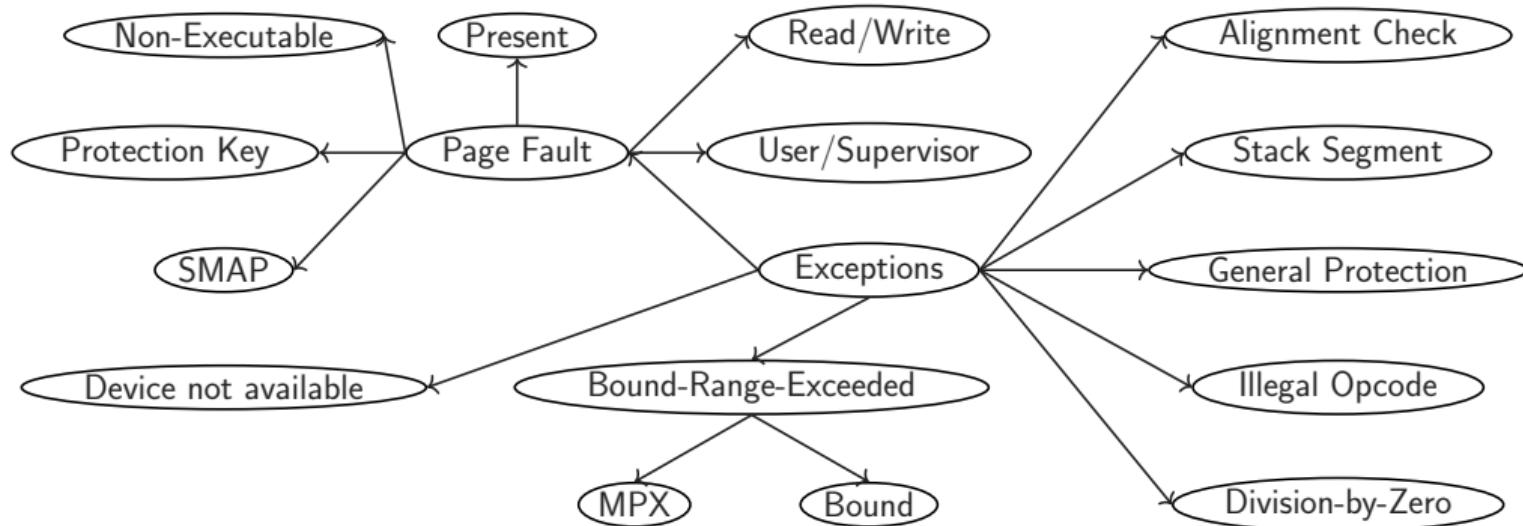
Take a closer look ... again



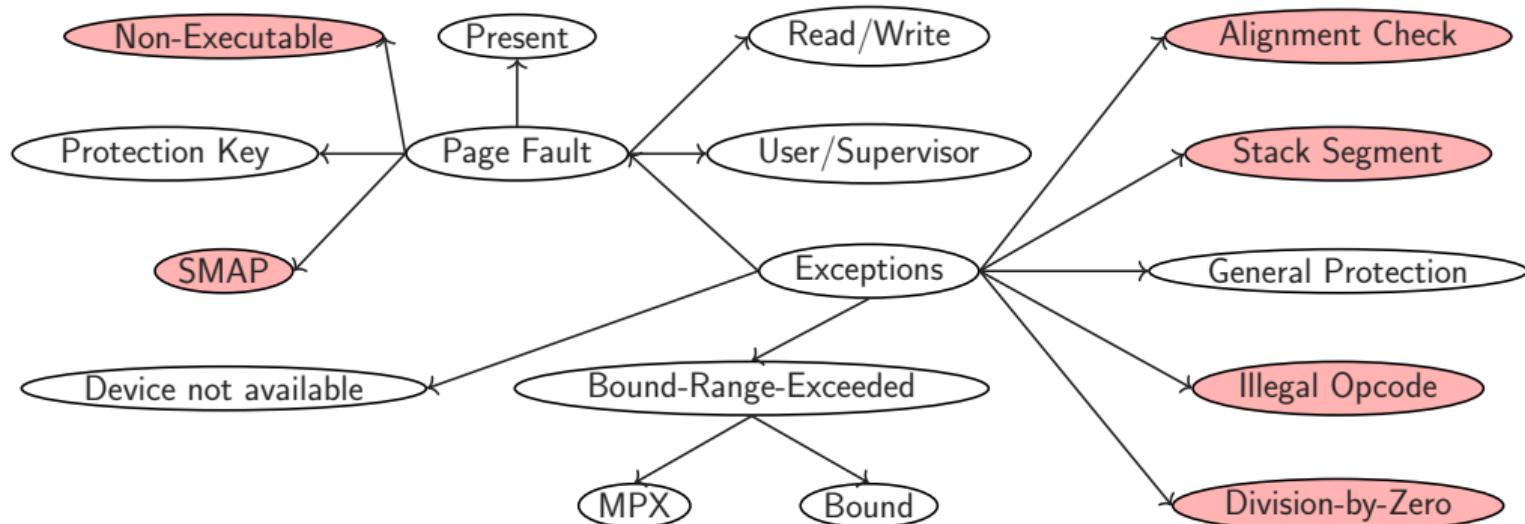
Take a closer look ... again



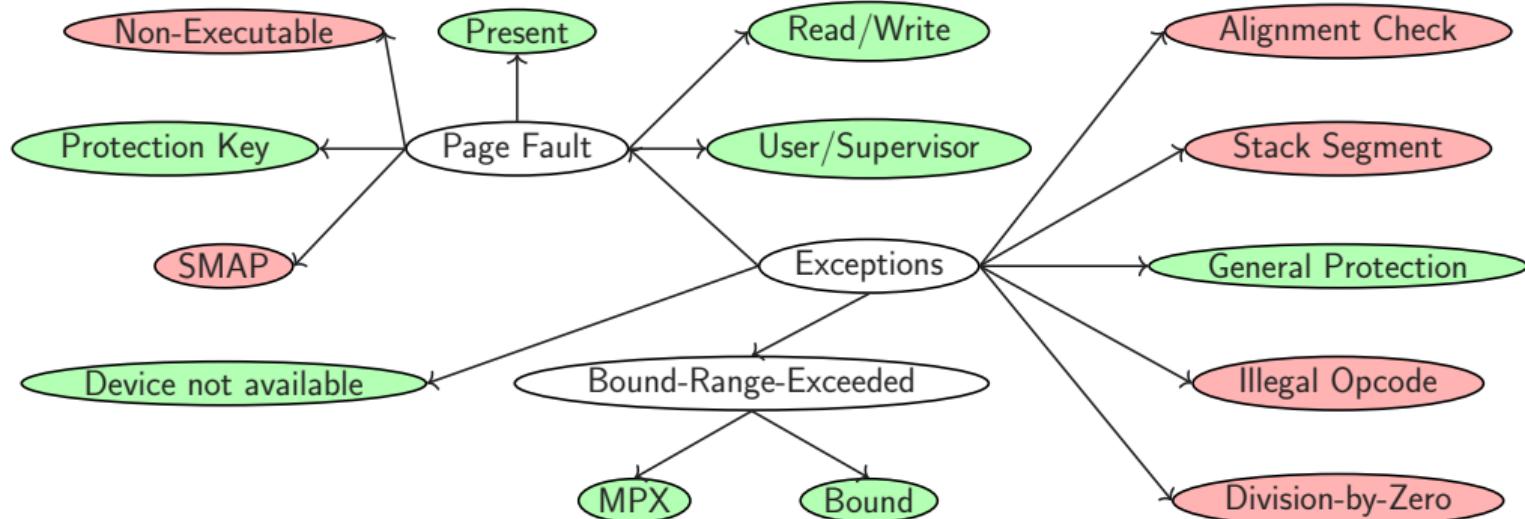
Take a closer look ... again



Take a closer look ... again



Take a closer look ... again





- Names are **still confusing**



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack
→ Meltdown = Meltdown-US



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack
 - Meltdown = Meltdown-US
 - Foreshadow = Meltdown-P



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack
 - Meltdown = Meltdown-US
 - Foreshadow = Meltdown-P
 - Meltdown 3a = Meltdown-GP



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack
 - Meltdown = Meltdown-US
 - Foreshadow = Meltdown-P
 - Meltdown 3a = Meltdown-GP
 - Protection Keys = Meltdown-PK



- Names are **still confusing**
- Propose: **use exception/bit** for naming attack
 - Meltdown = Meltdown-US
 - Foreshadow = Meltdown-P
 - Meltdown 3a = Meltdown-GP
 - Protection Keys = Meltdown-PK
 - ...



How can we **fix** this?

Meltdown defenses in **2 categories**:

Meltdown defenses in **2 categories**:



D1 Architecturally inaccessible data is
also microarchitecturally inaccessible

Take the kernel addresses...

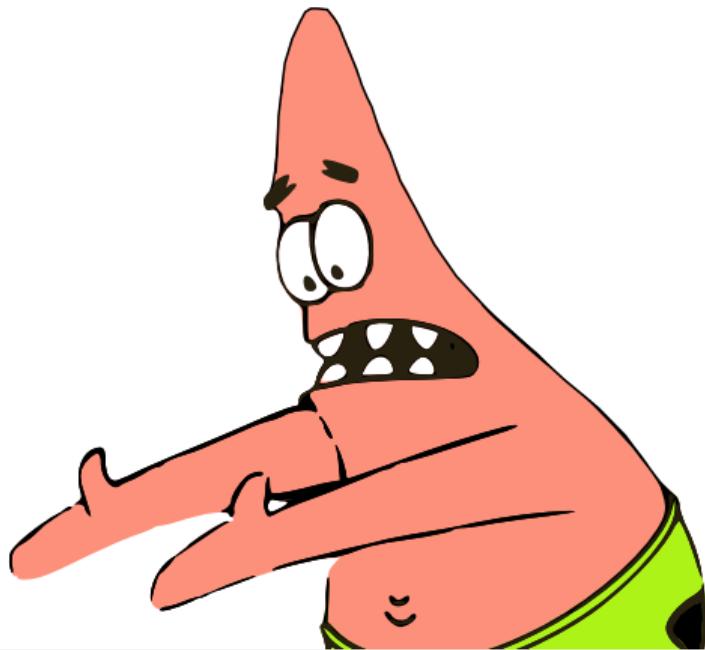


- Kernel addresses in user space are a problem

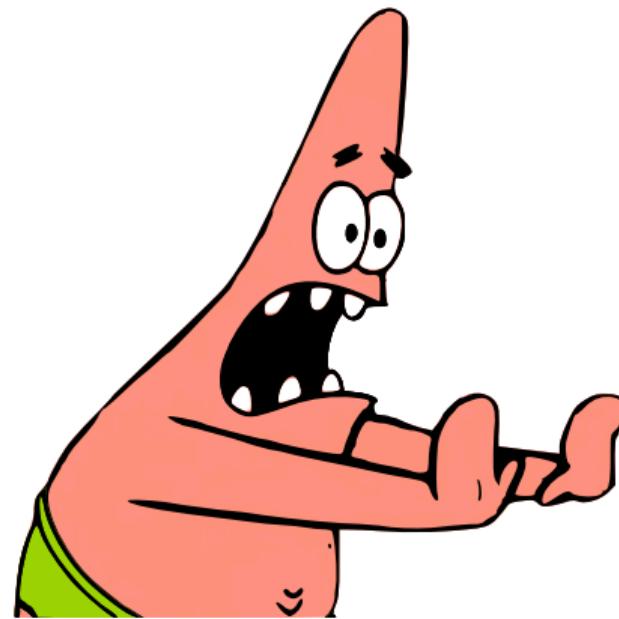
Take the kernel addresses...



- Kernel addresses in user space are a problem
- Why don't we take the kernel addresses...



...and remove them

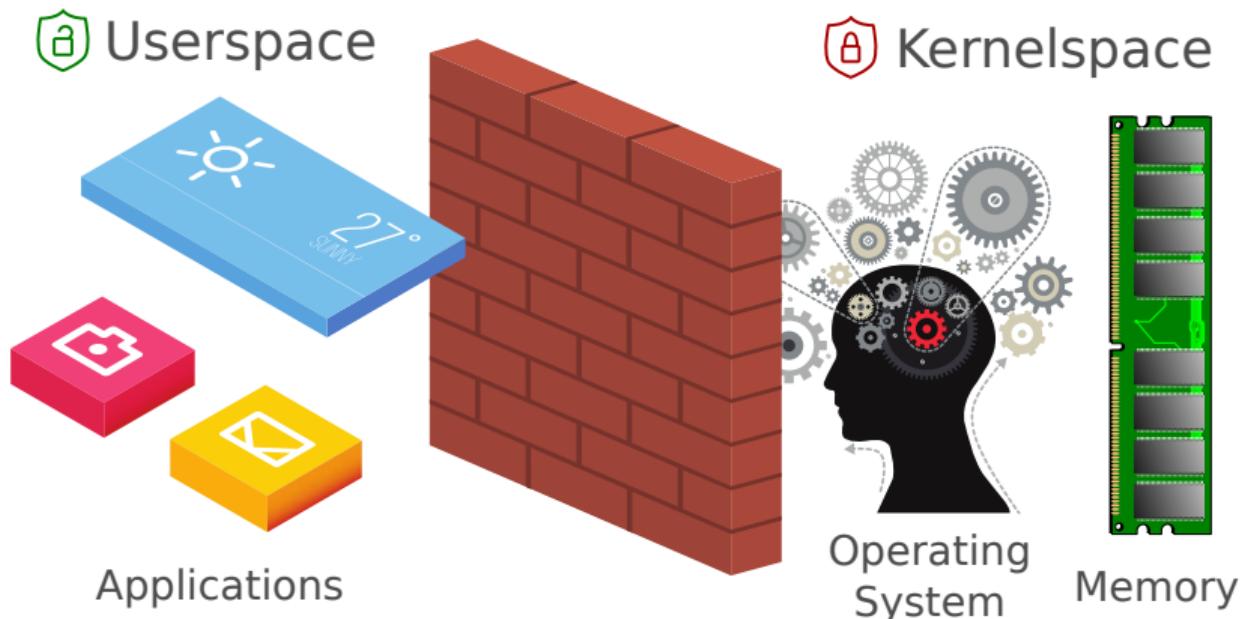


- ...and remove them if not needed?

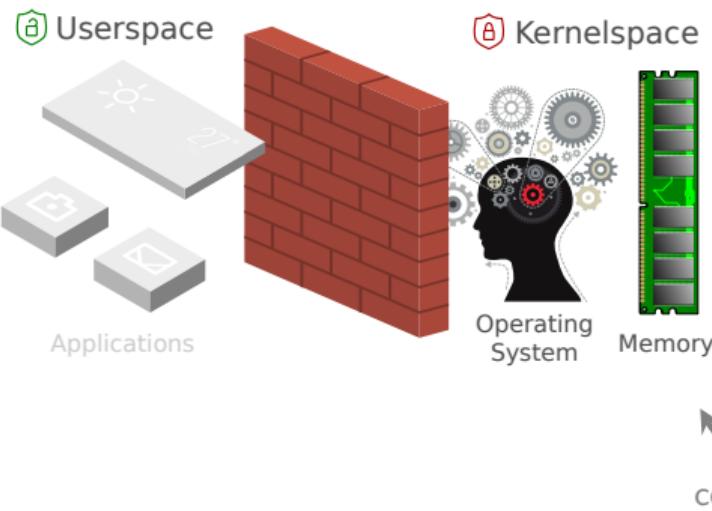
...and remove them



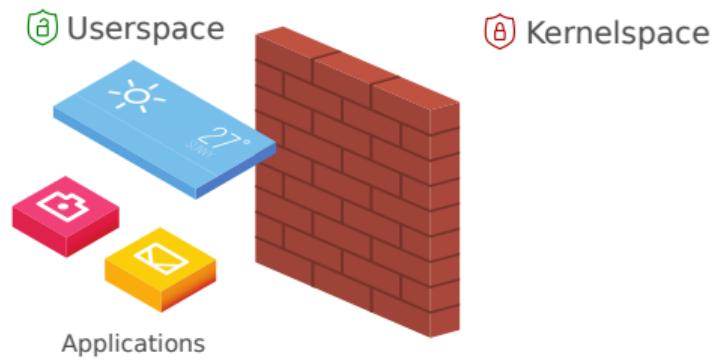
- ...and remove them if not needed?
- User accessible check in hardware is not reliable



Kernel View



User View





- **Linux:** Kernel Page-table Isolation (KPTI)



- **Linux:** Kernel Page-table Isolation (KPTI)
- **Apple:** Released updates



- **Linux:** Kernel Page-table Isolation (KPTI)
- **Apple:** Released updates
- **Windows:** Kernel Virtual Address (KVA) Shadow

Meltdown defenses in **2 categories**:

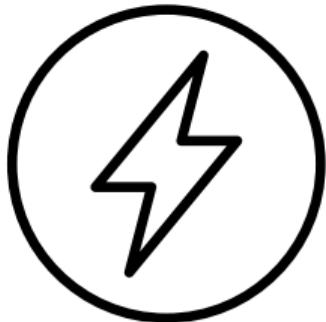


D1 Architecturally inaccessible data is also microarchitecturally inaccessible

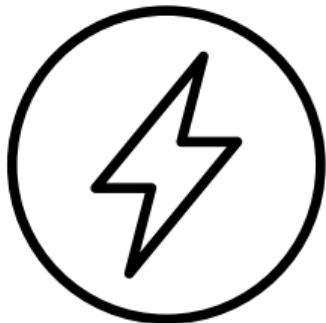
D2 Preventing occurrence of faults

- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place





- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**
- SGX Page Abort Semantics



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**
- SGX Page Abort Semantics
 - Returns -1 when enclave memory is accessed from the outside world



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**
- SGX Page Abort Semantics
 - Returns -1 when enclave memory is accessed from the outside world
- Meltdown-NM mitigation: Use eager switching instead of lazy switching in the FPU



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**
- SGX Page Abort Semantics
 - Returns -1 when enclave memory is accessed from the outside world
- Meltdown-NM mitigation: Use eager switching instead of lazy switching in the FPU
 - FPU is always available → never faults



- Prevent the occurrence of faults in the first place
 - Accesses which would normally fault → become architecturally and microarchitecturally valid accesses
 - But **do not leak data**
- SGX Page Abort Semantics
 - Returns -1 when enclave memory is accessed from the outside world
- Meltdown-NM mitigation: Use eager switching instead of lazy switching in the FPU
 - FPU is always available → never faults



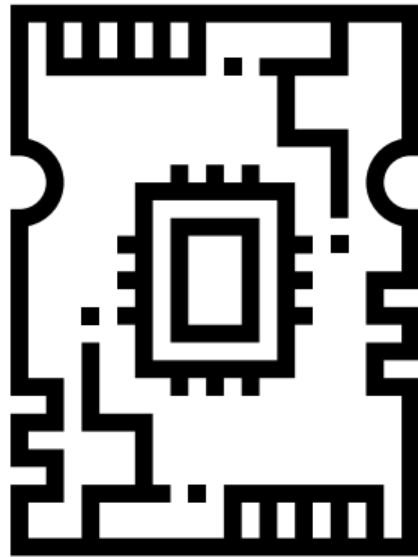
Clear physical address field of
unmapped PTEs



Clear physical address field of
unmapped PTEs



Flush L1 upon switching protection
domains



What about other **microarchitectural** elements?

Branch Prediction



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...
 - ... based on what happened in the past



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...
 - ... based on what happened in the past
- **Speculative execution** of instructions



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...
 - ... based on what happened in the past
- **Speculative execution** of instructions
- Correct prediction, ...



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...
 - ... based on what happened in the past
- **Speculative execution** of instructions
- Correct prediction, ...
 - ... very fast



- CPU tries to predict the future, ...
 - ... based on what happened in the past
- **Speculative execution** of instructions
- Correct prediction, ...
 - ... very fast
 - otherwise: Discard results

- CPU has many different predictors ...

- CPU has many different predictors ...



Pattern History Table
(PHT)

- CPU has many different predictors ...



Pattern History Table
(PHT)



Branch Target
Buffer (BTB)

- CPU has many different predictors ...



Pattern History Table
(PHT)



Branch Target
Buffer (BTB)



Return Stack Buffer
(RSB)

- CPU has many different predictors ...



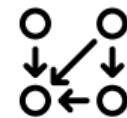
Pattern History Table
(PHT)



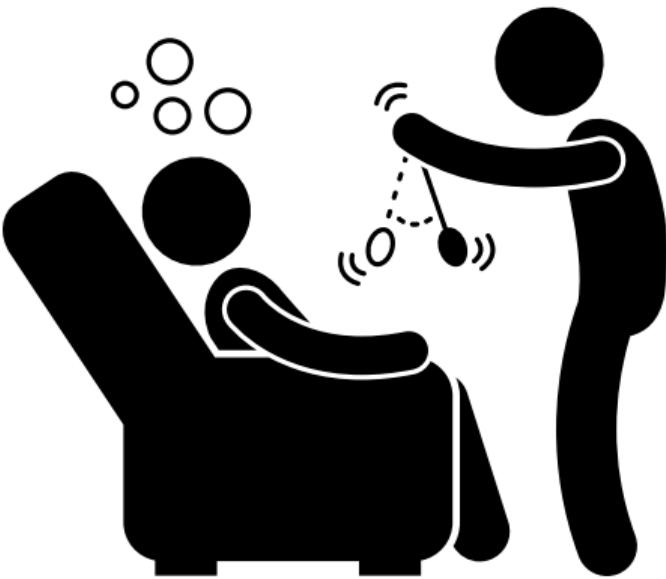
Branch Target
Buffer (BTB)



Return Stack Buffer
(RSB)



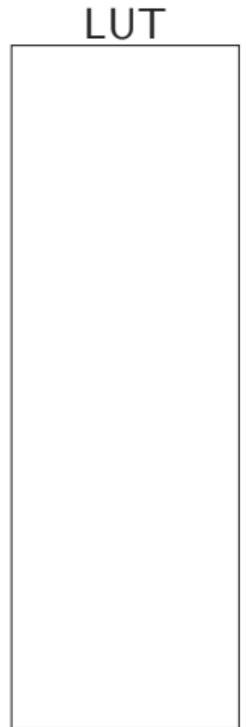
Memory
Disambiguation
(STL)



Can we **trick** the CPU into executing code speculatively?
And **exploit** that?



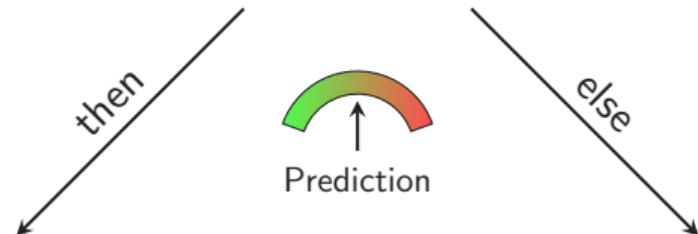
Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 0;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

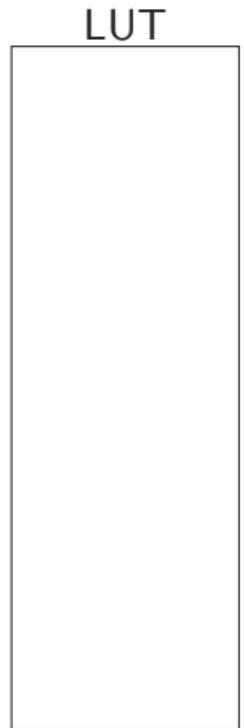
```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

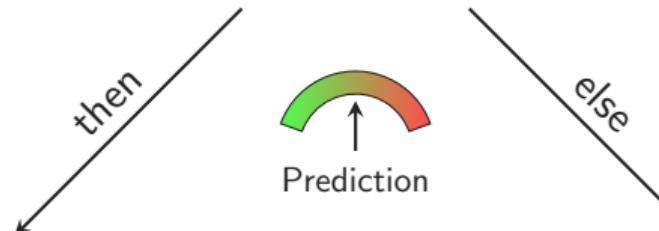
```
0
```

Pattern History Table (PHT)



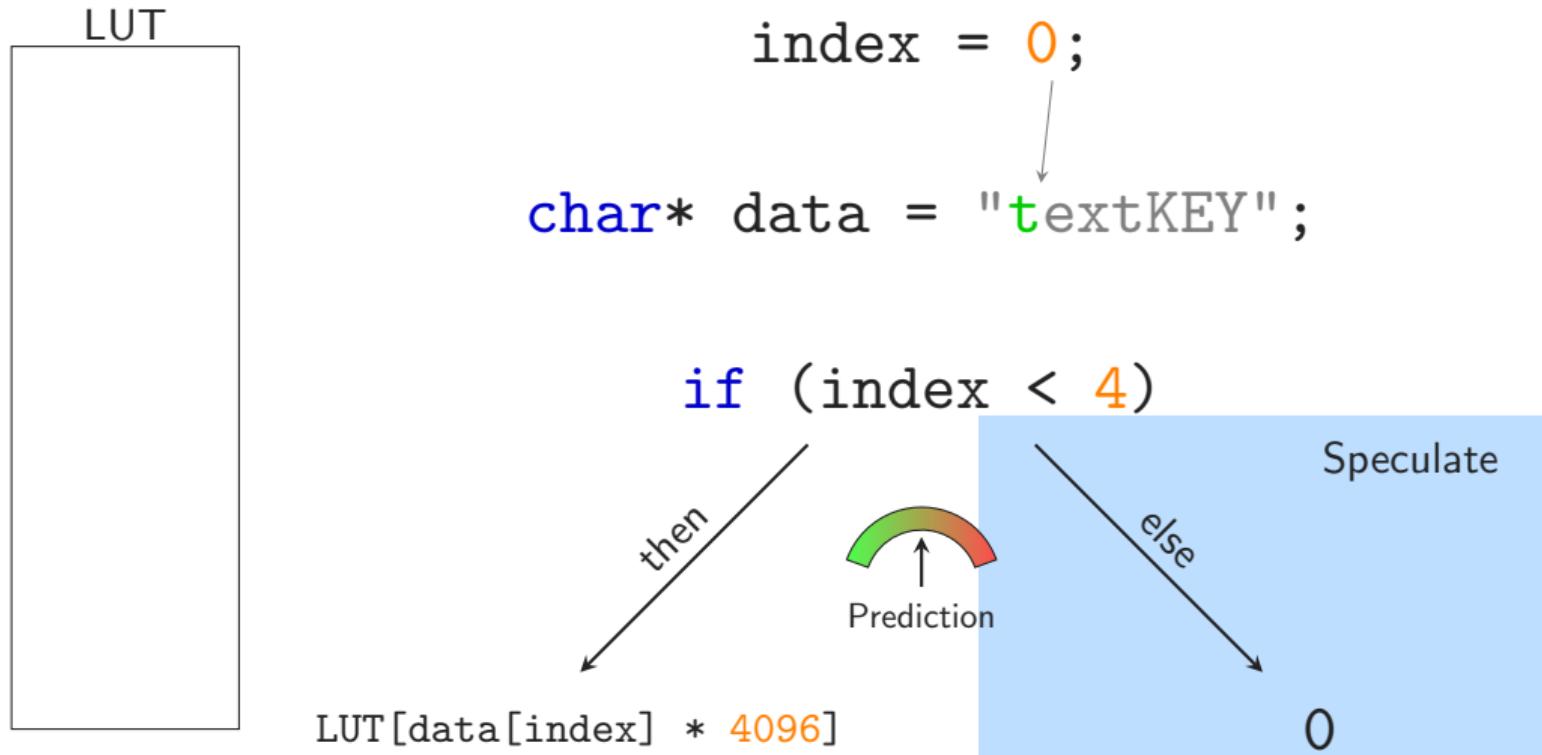
```
index = 0;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```

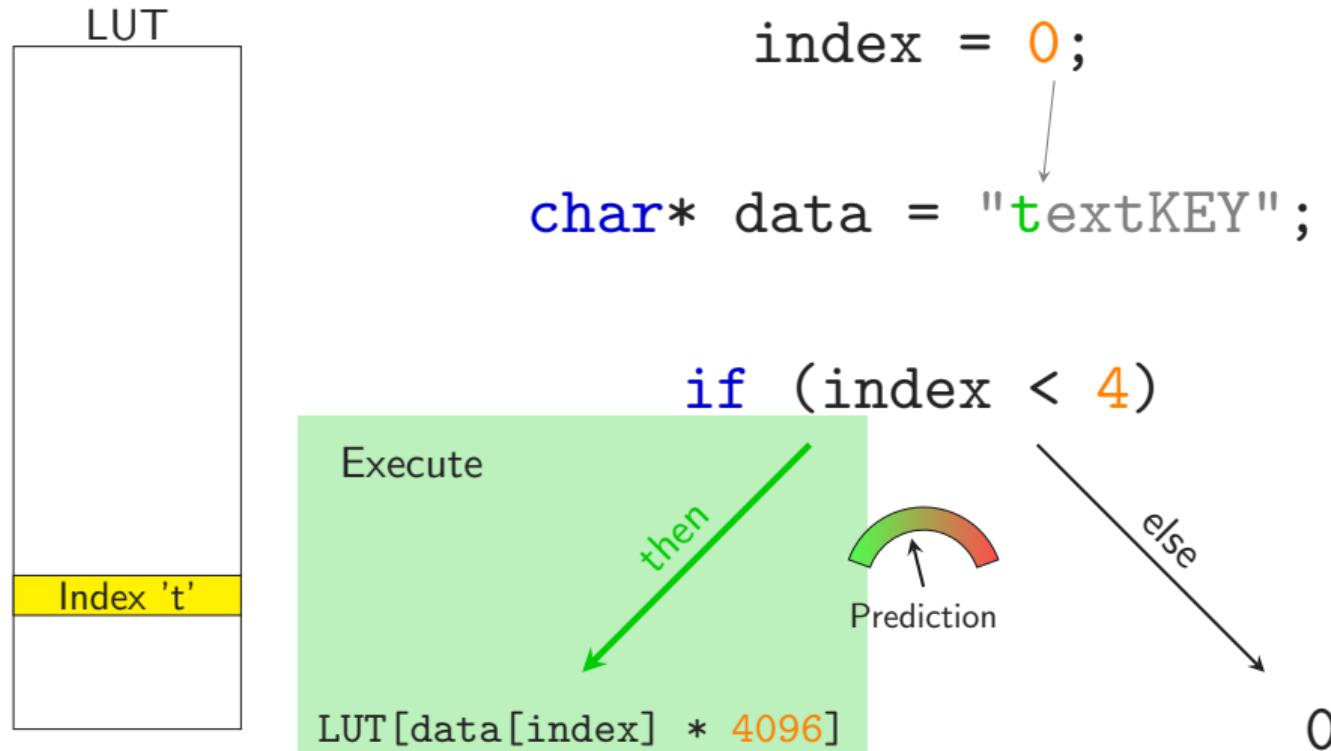


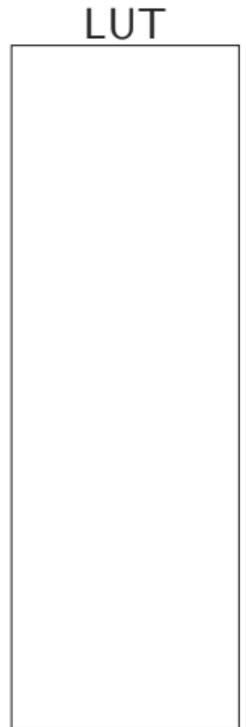
```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]  
0
```

Pattern History Table (PHT)



Pattern History Table (PHT)

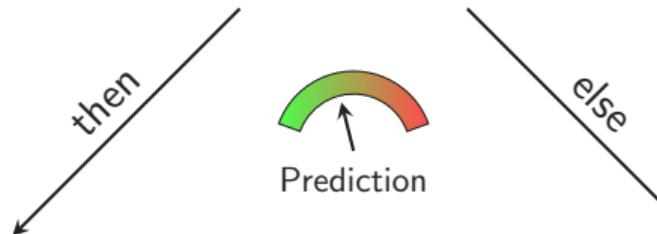




```
index = 1;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

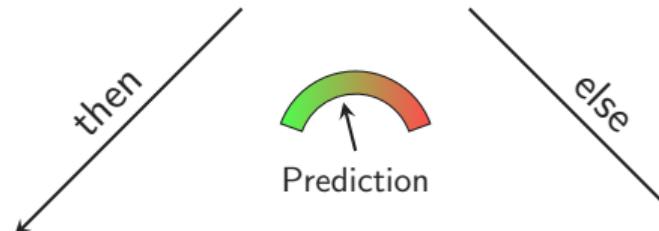
```
0
```

Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 1;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

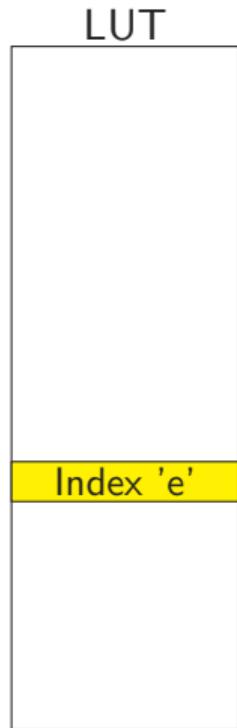
```
if (index < 4)
```



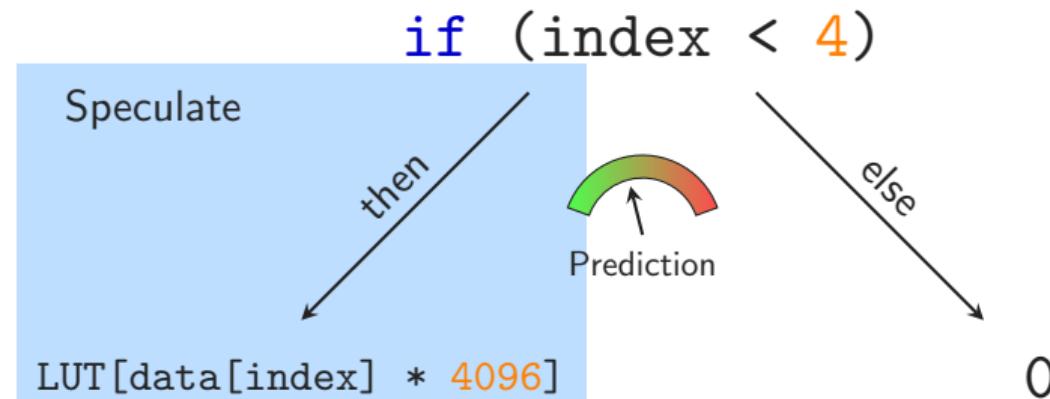
```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

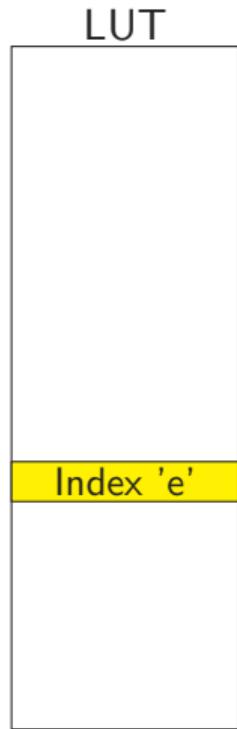
Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 1;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

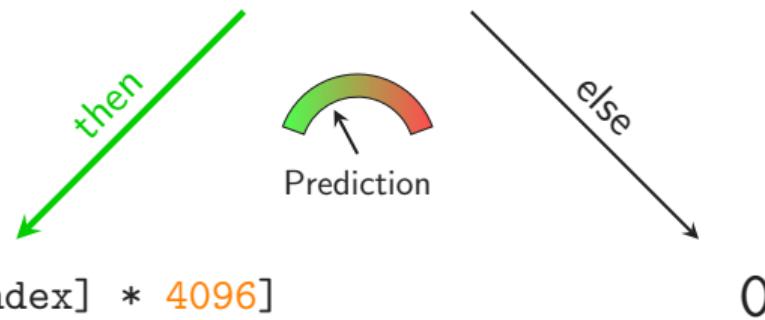


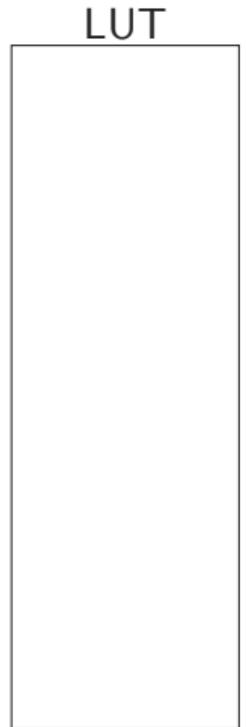
Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 1;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```

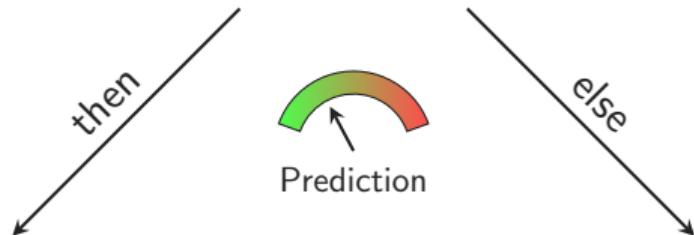




```
index = 2;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

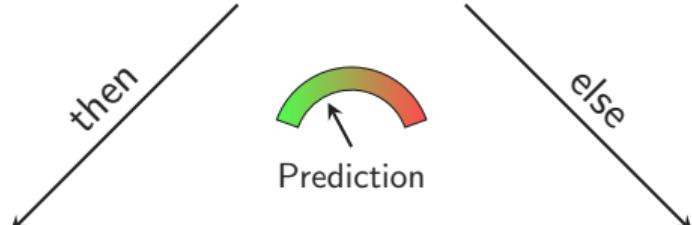
Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 2;

char* data = "textKEY";

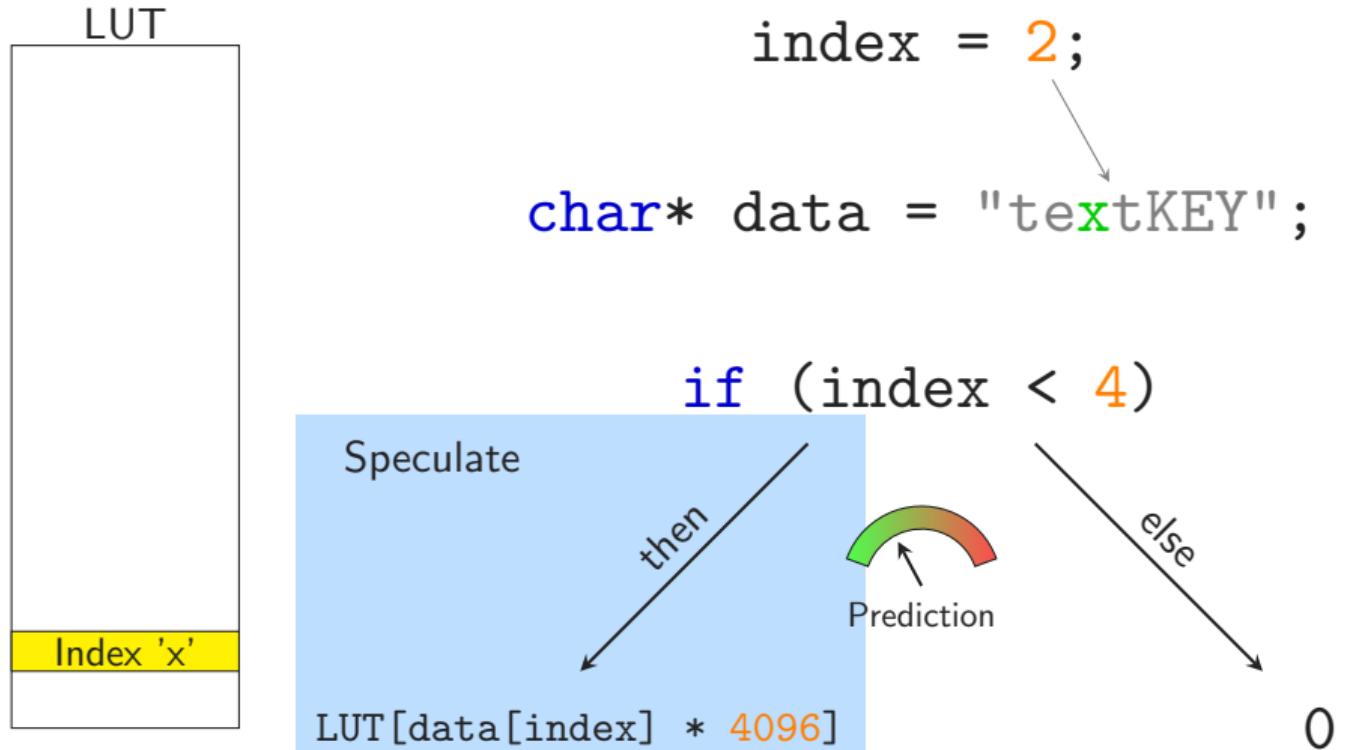
if (index < 4)



LUT[data[index] * 4096]

0

Pattern History Table (PHT)



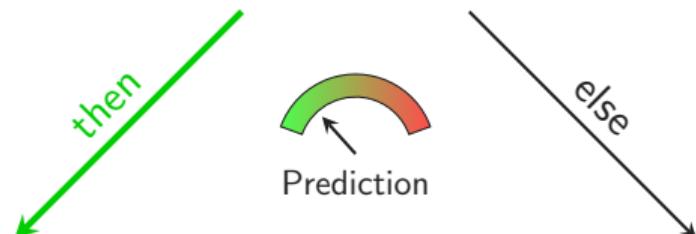
Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 2;

char* data = "textKEY";

if (index < 4)



LUT[data[index] * 4096]

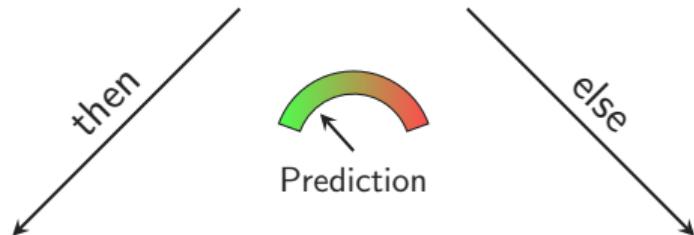
0



```
index = 3;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

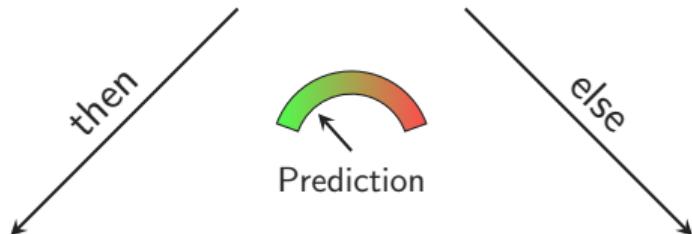
Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 3;

char* data = "textKEY";

if (index < 4)



LUT[data[index] * 4096]

0

Pattern History Table (PHT)

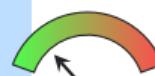


```
index = 3;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```

Speculate

then



else

```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

0

Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 3;

char* data = "textKEY";

if (index < 4)



LUT[data[index] * 4096]

0



```
index = 4;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

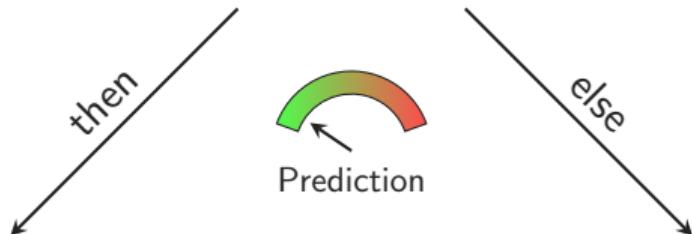
Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 4;

char* data = "textKEY";

if (index < 4)



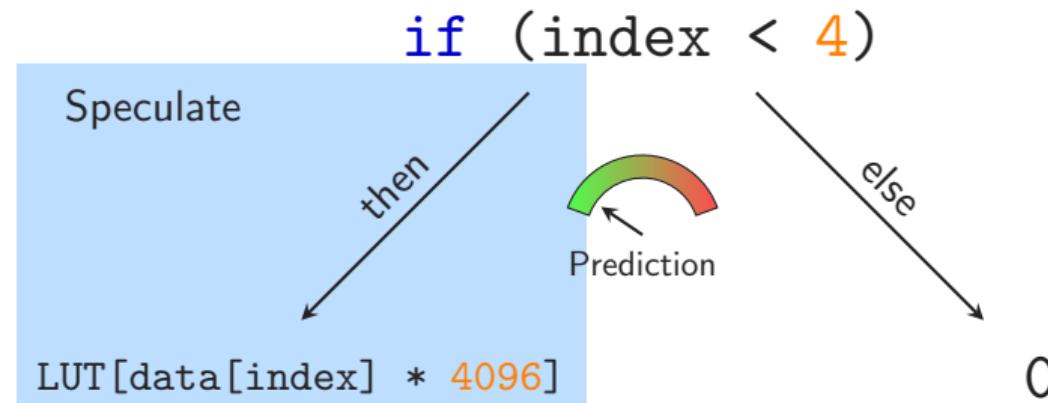
LUT[data[index] * 4096]

0

Pattern History Table (PHT)



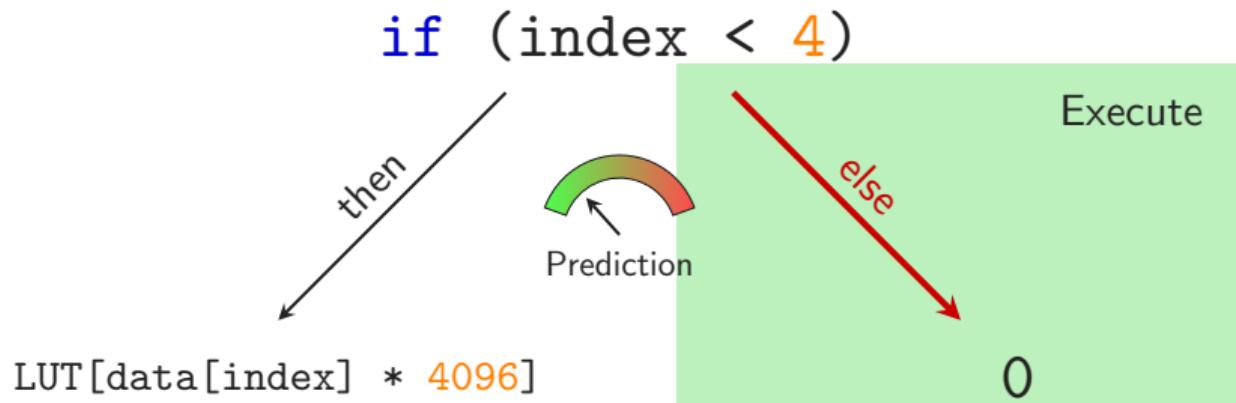
```
index = 4;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```



Pattern History Table (PHT)



index = 4;
char* data = "textKEY";

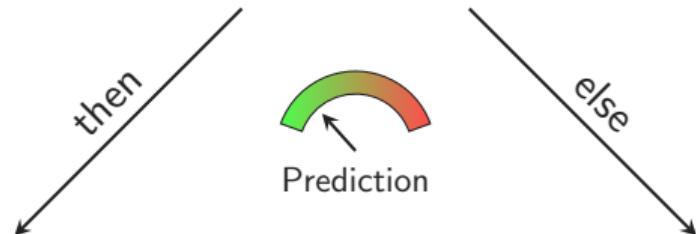




```
index = 5;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

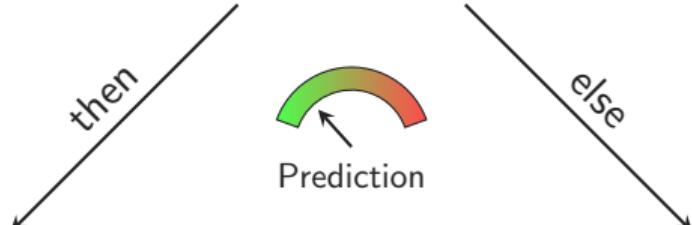
Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 5;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```

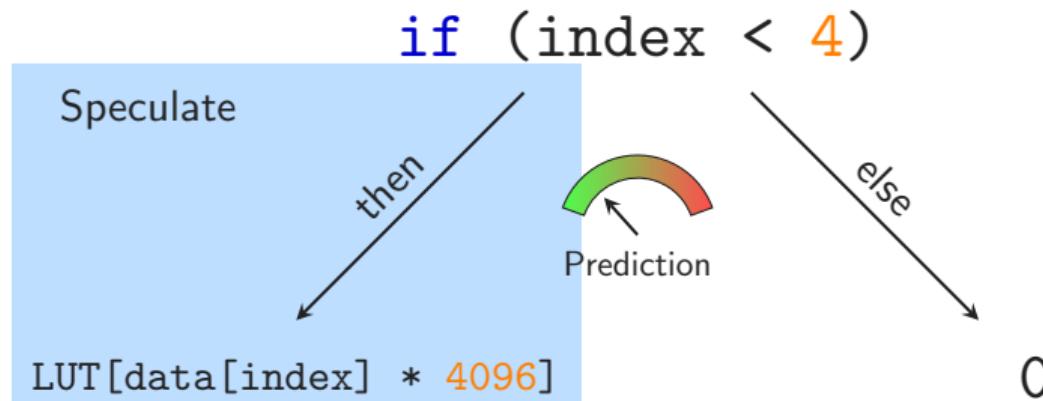


```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```



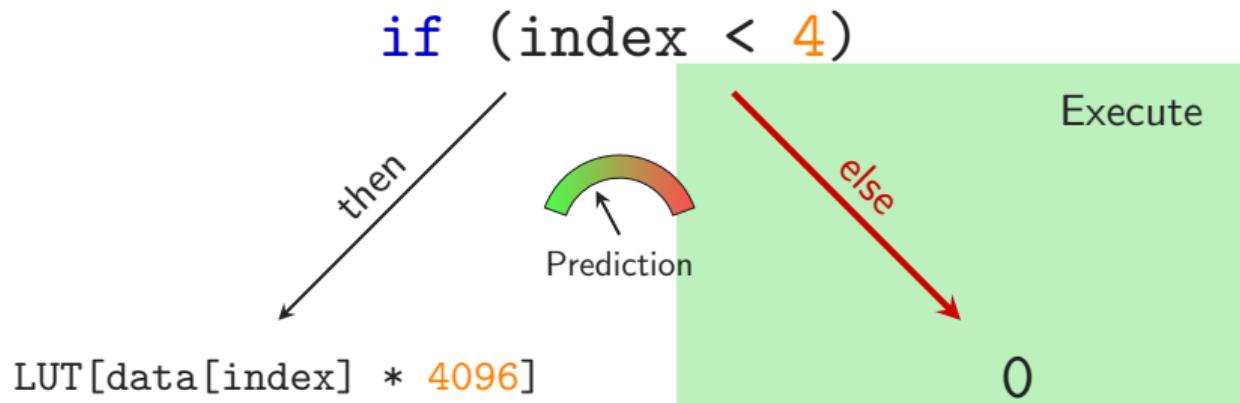
```
index = 5;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```



Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 5;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

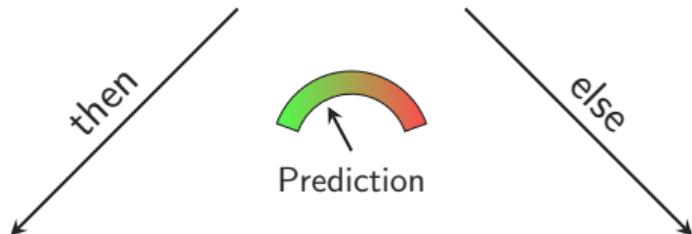




```
index = 6;
```

```
char* data = "textKEY";
```

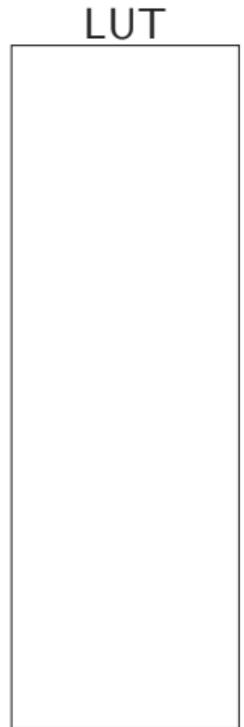
```
if (index < 4)
```



```
LUT[data[index] * 4096]
```

```
0
```

Pattern History Table (PHT)



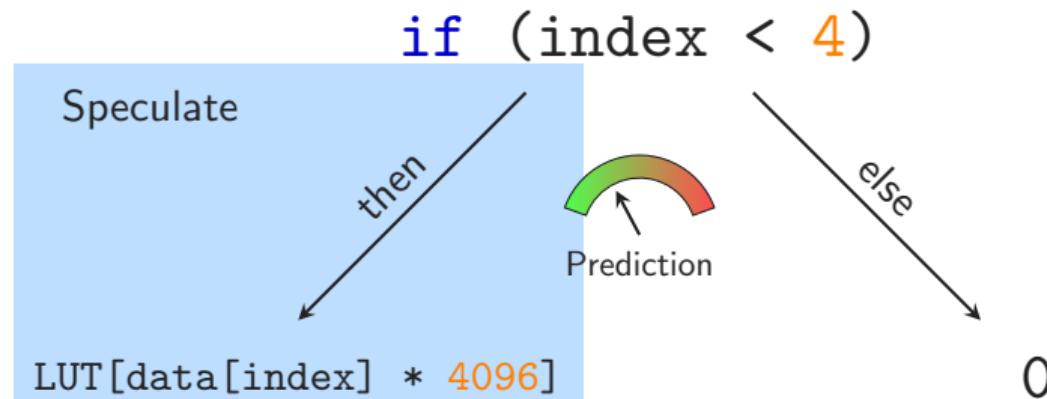
```
index = 6;  
char* data = "textKEY";  
  
if (index < 4)  
    then  
        LUT[data[index] * 4096]  
    else  
        0
```

The code snippet shows the use of a Look-Up Table (LUT) for memory access. It initializes an index to 6 and a character pointer to "textKEY". An if-statement checks if the index is less than 4. If true (labeled "then"), it performs a memory access using the formula `LUT[data[index] * 4096]`. If false (labeled "else"), it returns the value 0. A "Prediction" icon, consisting of a semi-circular gradient from green to red with an arrow pointing upwards, is positioned between the two branches of the if-statement.

Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 6;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

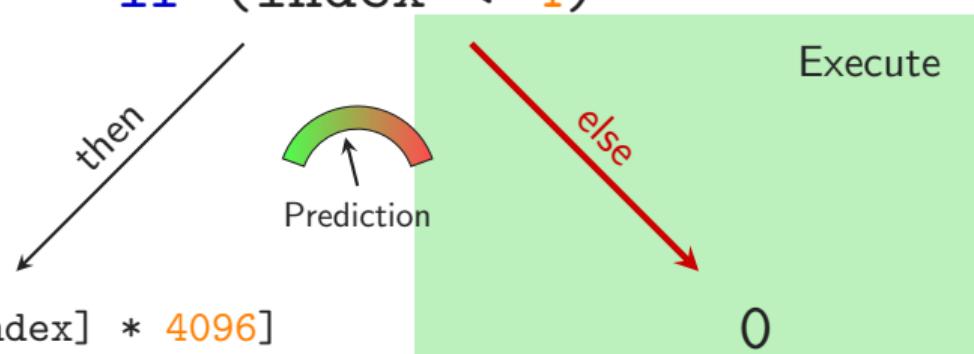


Pattern History Table (PHT)



```
index = 6;  
char* data = "textKEY";
```

```
if (index < 4)
```





- Spectre Variant 1: Bounds Check Bypass on Load



- Spectre Variant 1: Bounds Check Bypass on Load
- Spectre Variant 1.1: Bounds Check Bypass on Stores



- Spectre Variant 1: Bounds Check Bypass on Load
- Spectre Variant 1.1: Bounds Check Bypass on Stores
- Intel: Side-Channel Vulnerability 1

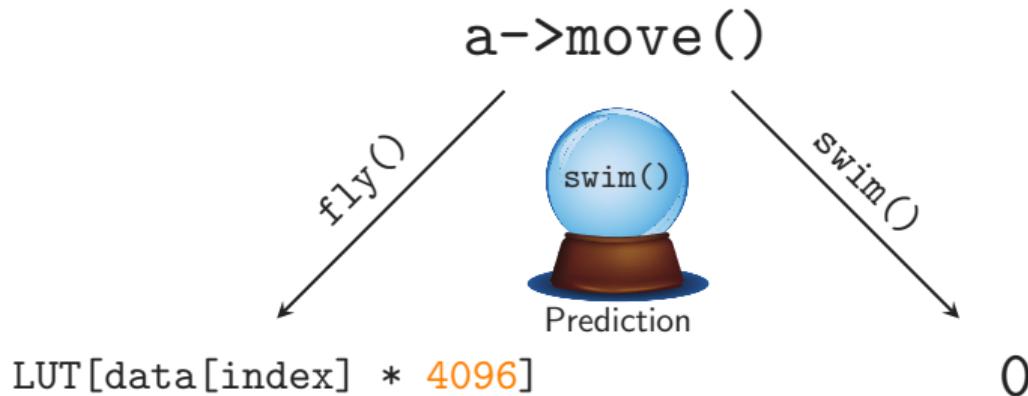


- Spectre Variant 1: Bounds Check Bypass on Load
- Spectre Variant 1.1: Bounds Check Bypass on Stores
- Intel: Side-Channel Vulnerability 1
- Propose: **Spectre-PHT**

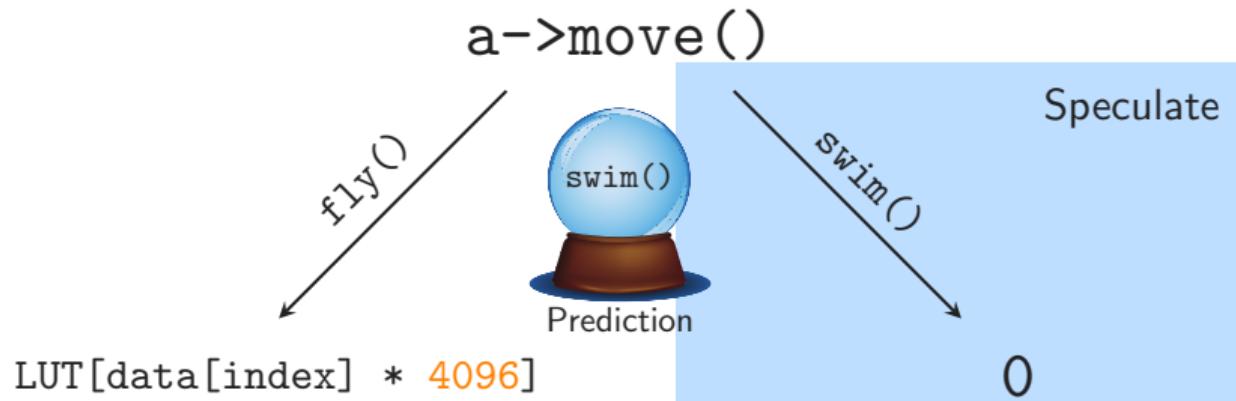


Branch Target Buffer (BTB)

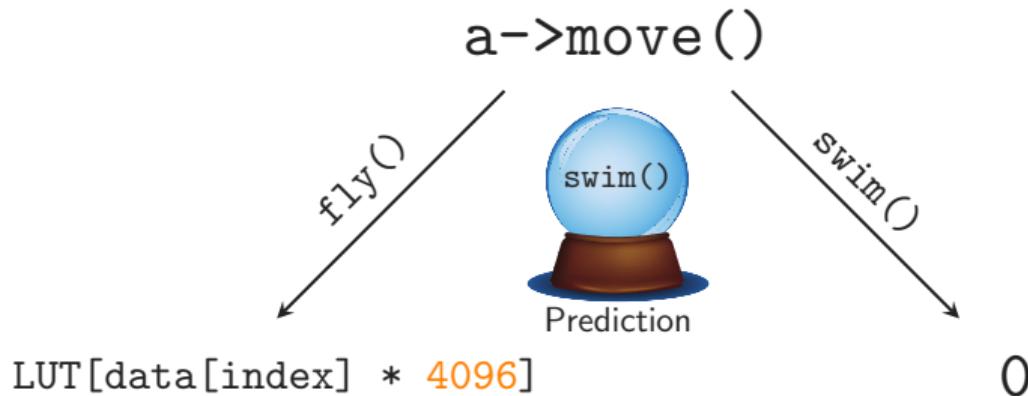
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



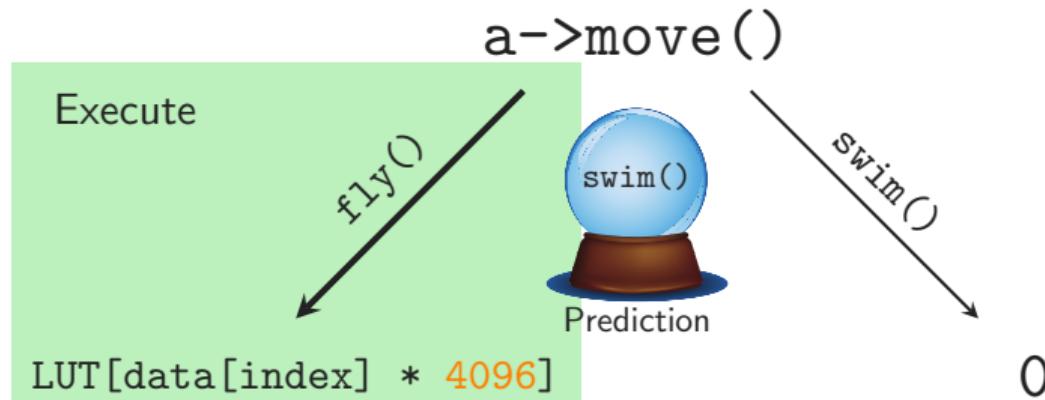
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



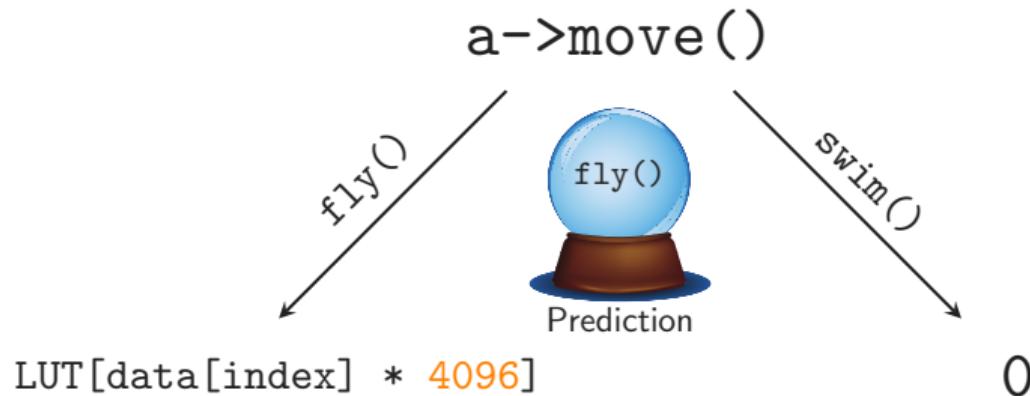
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



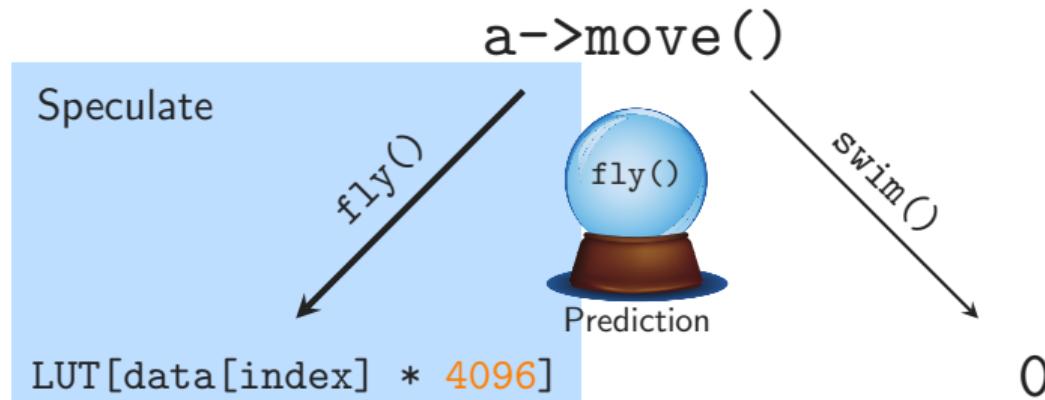
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



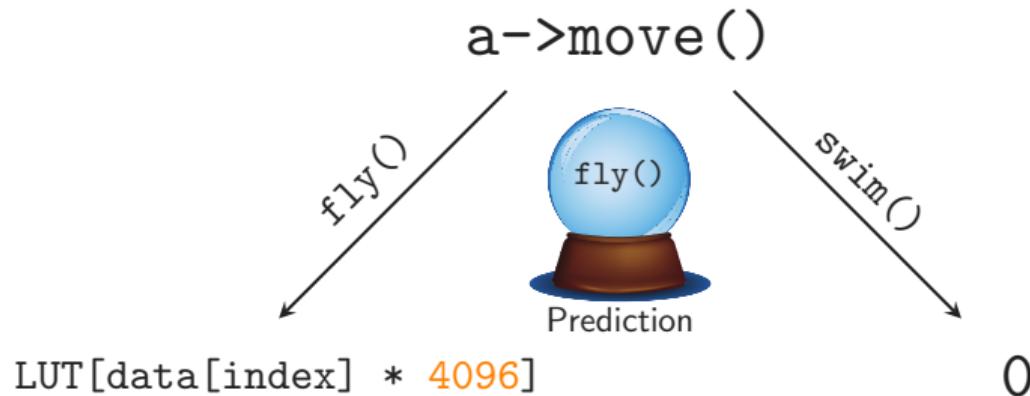
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



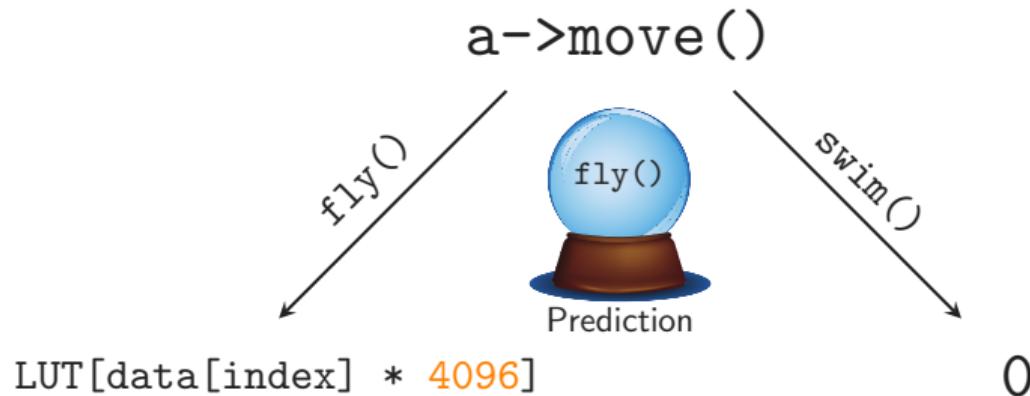
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



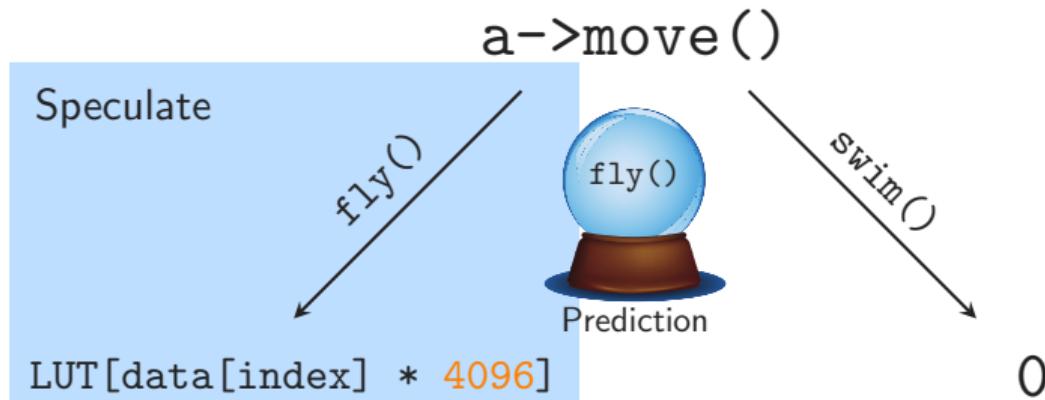
```
Animal* a = bird;
```



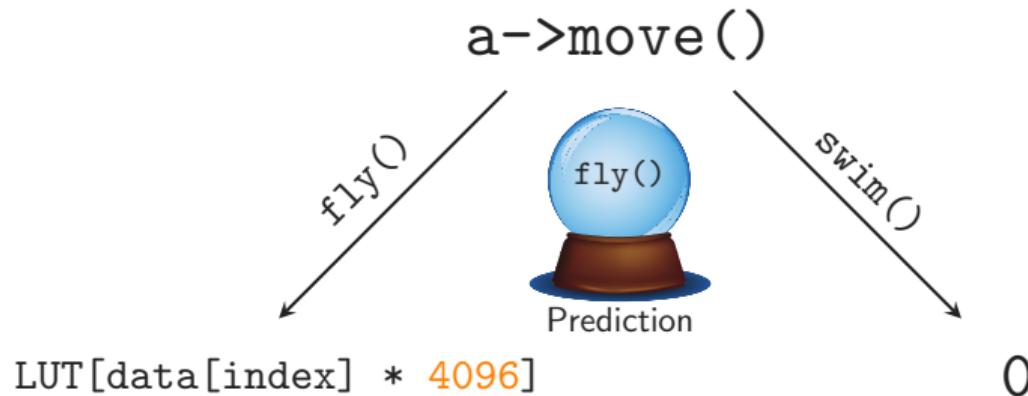
```
Animal* a = fish;
```



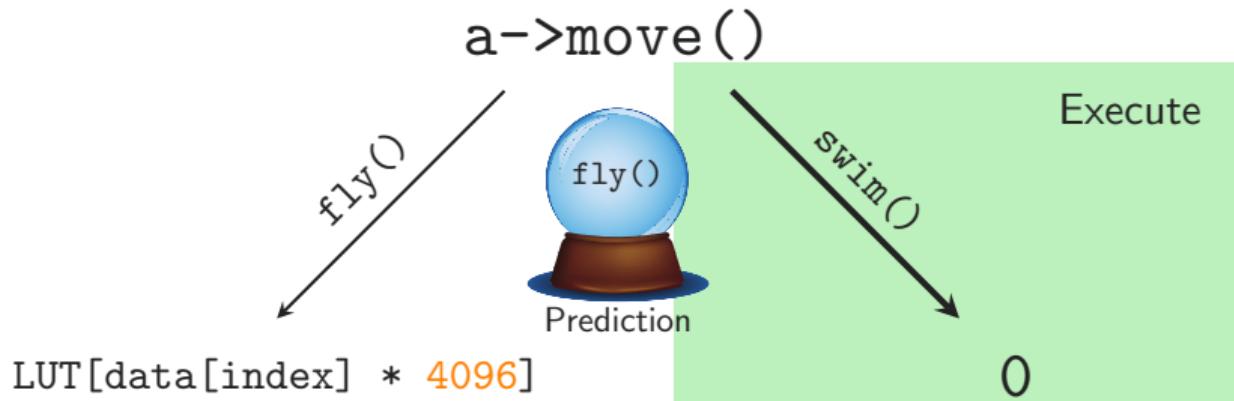
```
Animal* a = fish;
```



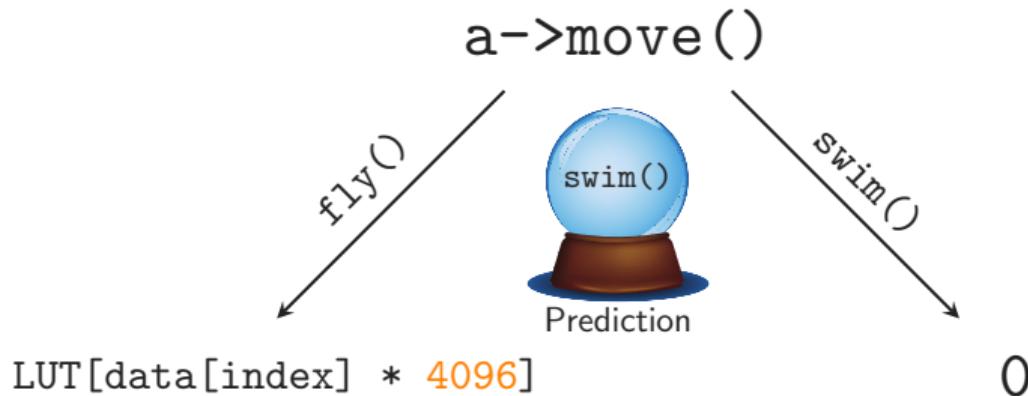
```
Animal* a = fish;
```



```
Animal* a = fish;
```



```
Animal* a = fish;
```





- Spectre Variant 2: Branch Target Injection



- Spectre Variant 2: Branch Target Injection
- Intel: Side-Channel Vulnerability 2



- Spectre Variant 2: Branch Target Injection
- Intel: Side-Channel Vulnerability 2
- Propose: **Spectre-BTB**



Return Stack Buffer (RSB)

Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



function()

...

Victim



Attacker



RSB



Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



function()

...

Victim

```
reg = secret
```

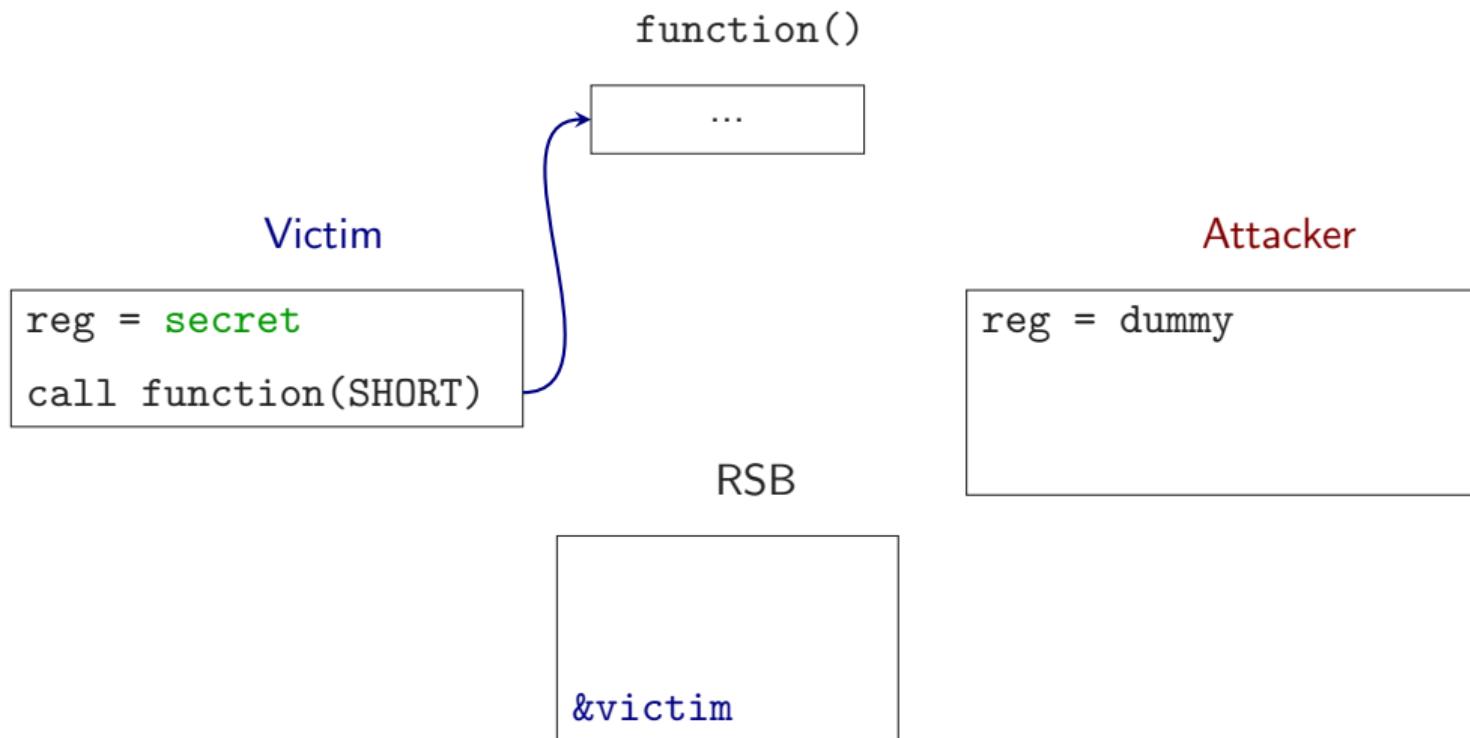
Attacker

```
reg = dummy
```

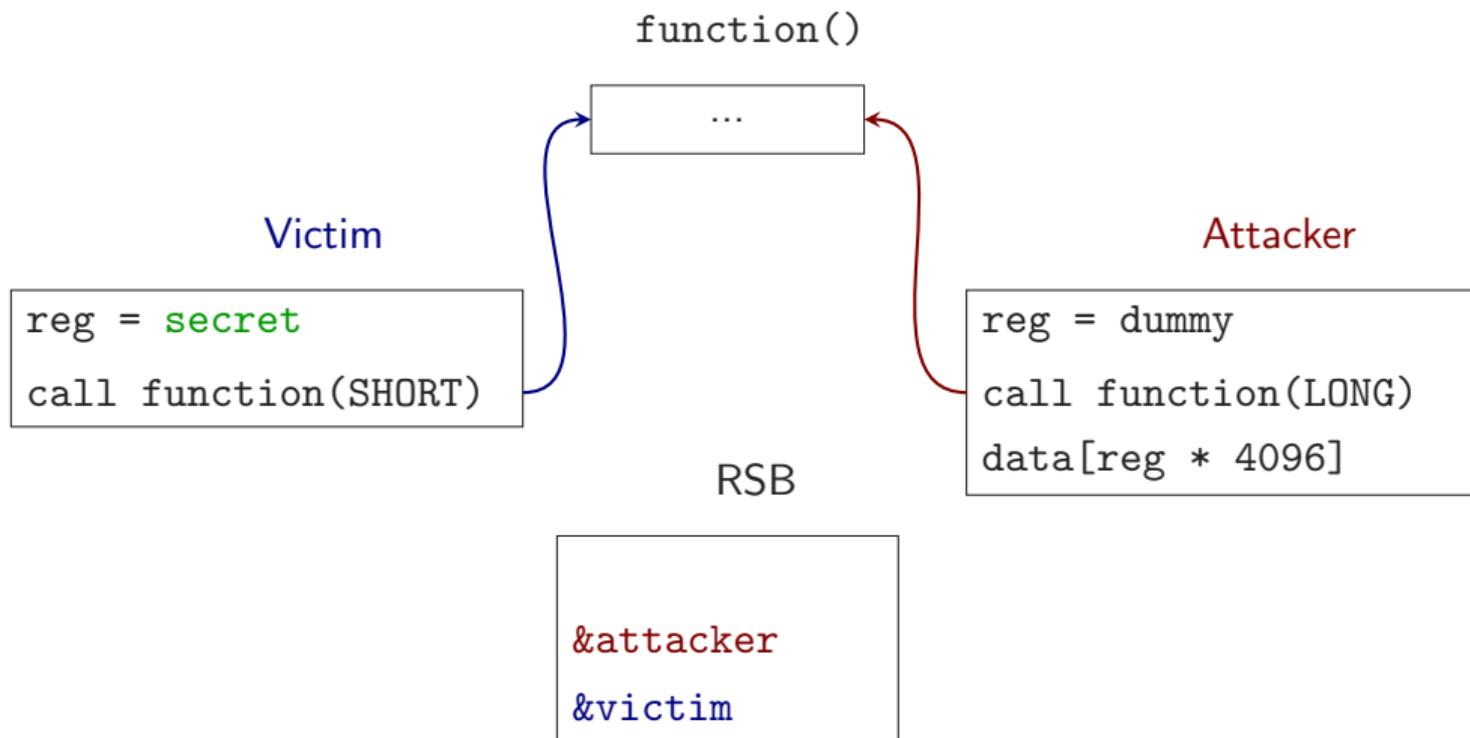
RSB



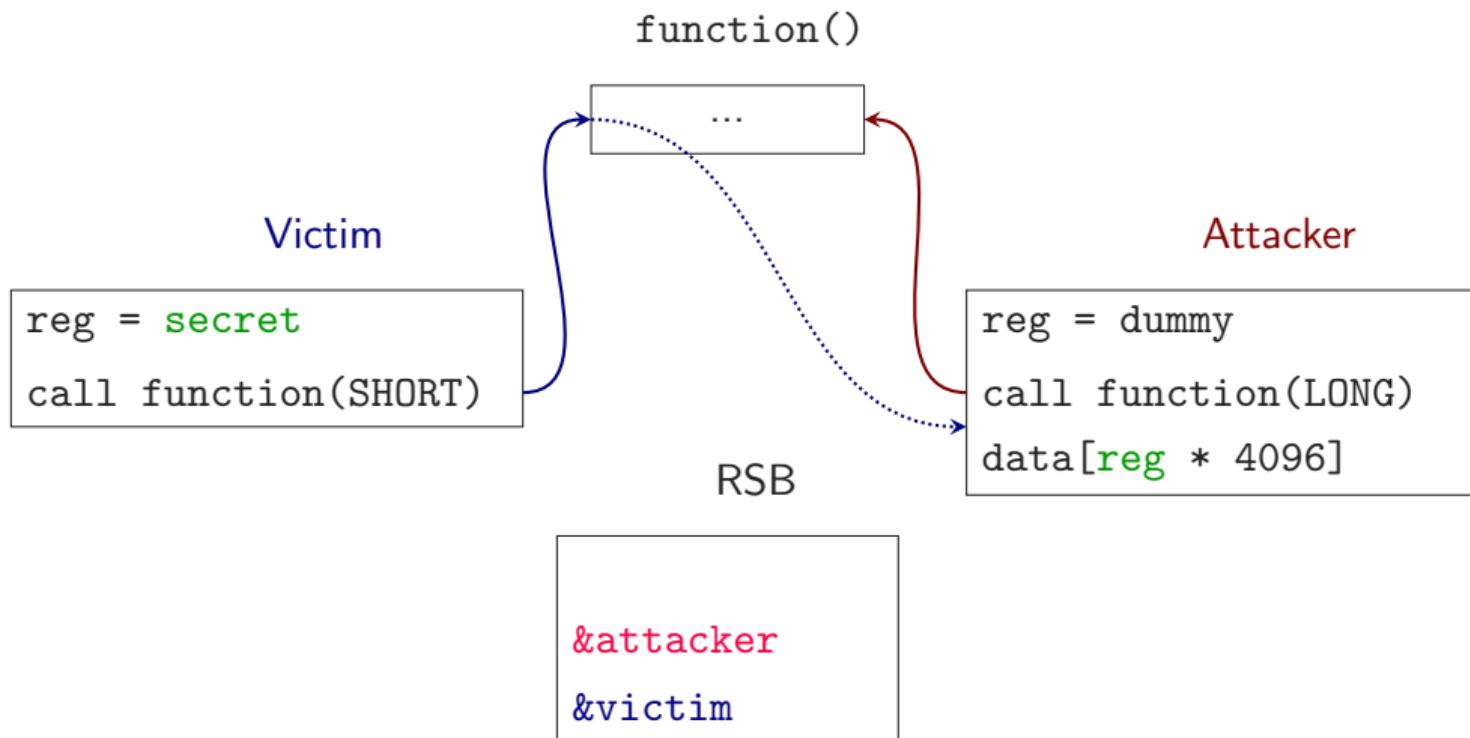
Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



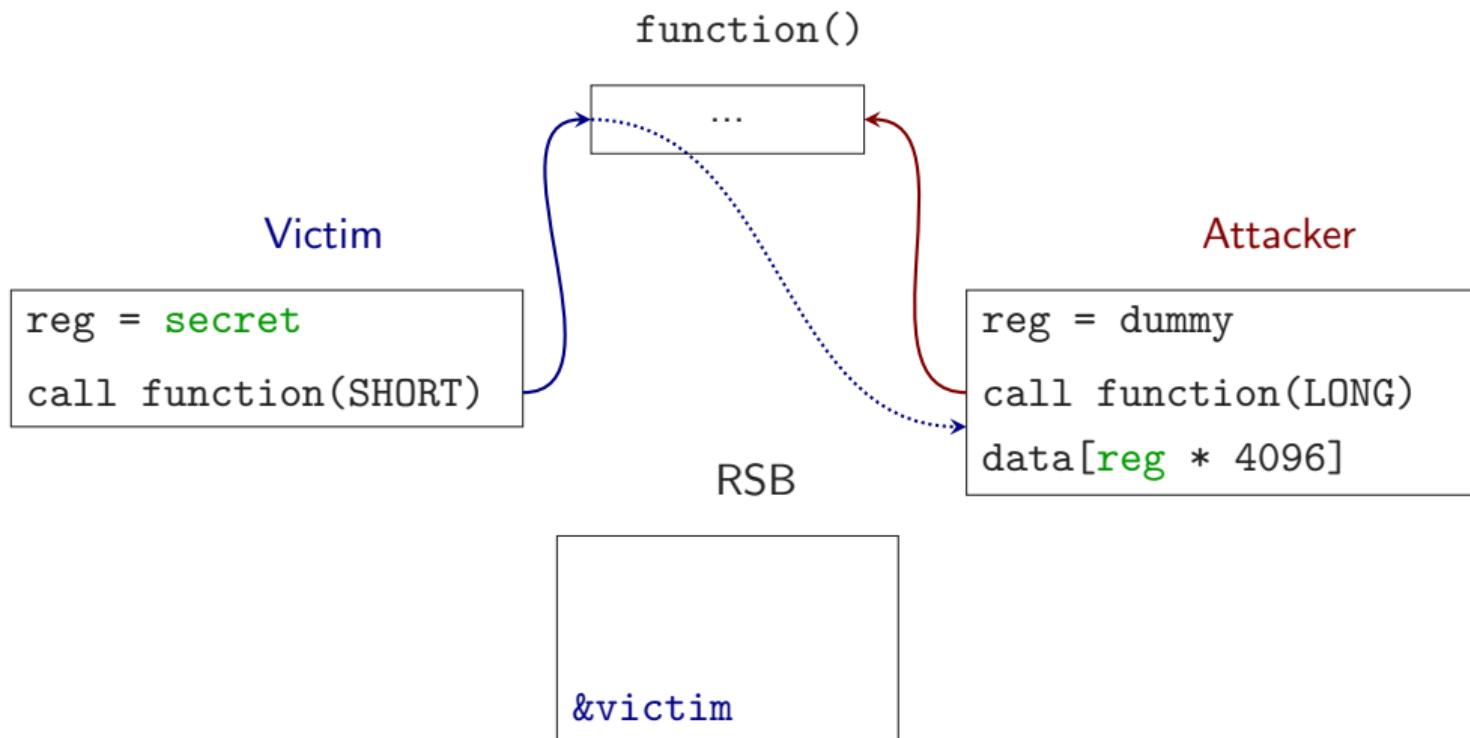
Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



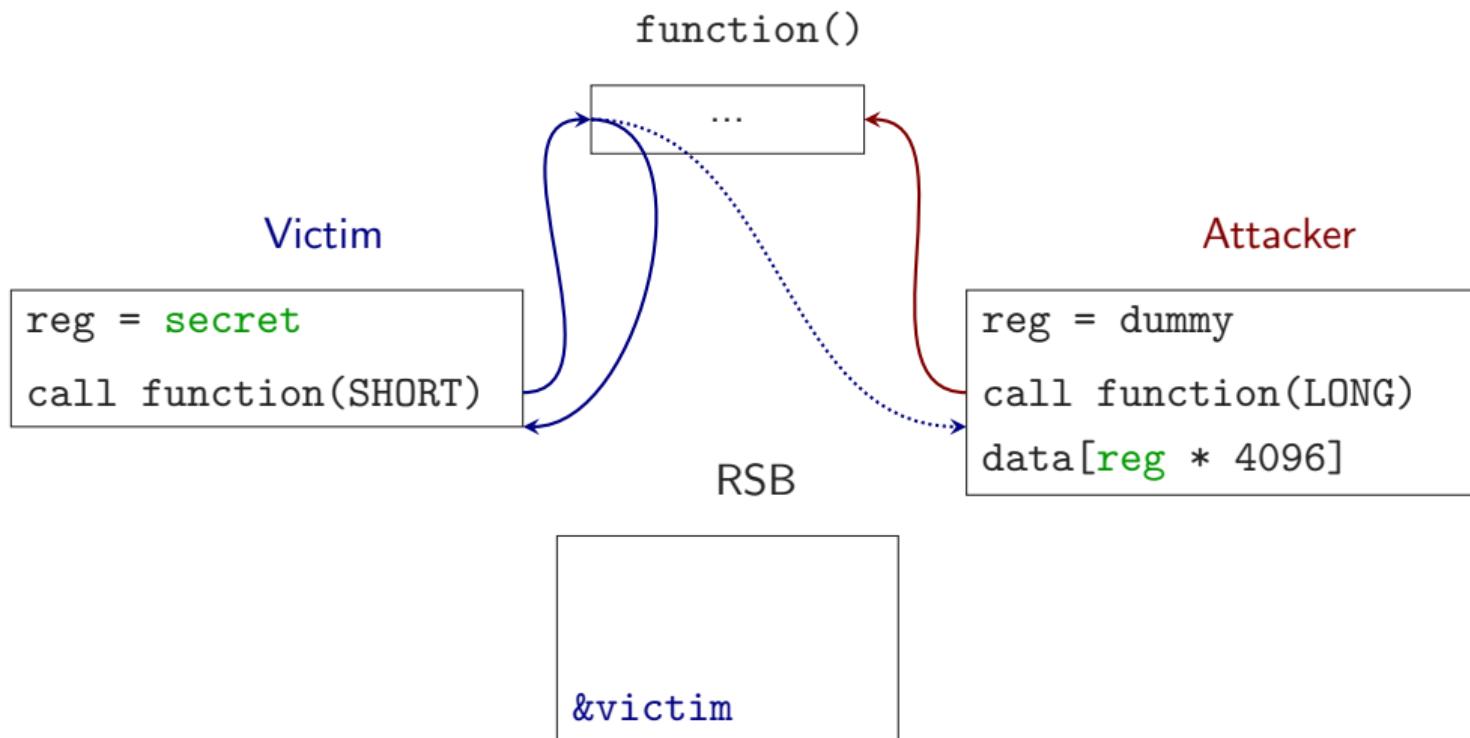
Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



Return Stack Buffer (RSB)



Return Stack Buffer (RSB)





- Spectre-NG



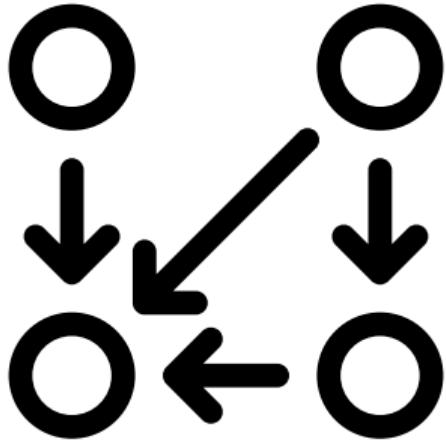
- Spectre-NG
- SpectreRSB



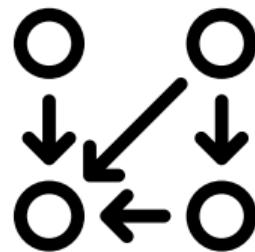
- Spectre-NG
- SpectreRSB
- ret2spec



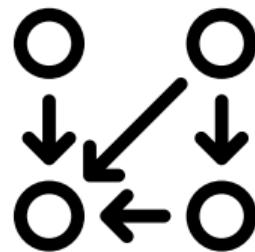
- Spectre-NG
- SpectreRSB
- ret2spec
- Propose: **Spectre-RSB**



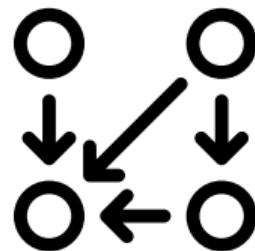
Memory Disambiguation (STL)



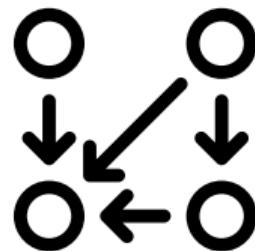
- Loads can be executed out-of-order



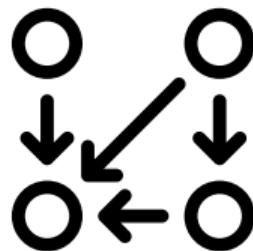
- Loads can be executed out-of-order → need to check for previous stores



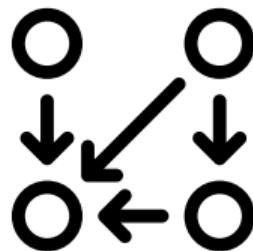
- Loads can be executed out-of-order → need to check for previous stores
- Check is **time consuming**



- Loads can be executed out-of-order → need to check for previous stores
- Check is **time consuming**
- Optimization: **Speculate** whether a store happened or not



- Loads can be executed out-of-order → need to check for previous stores
- Check is **time consuming**
- Optimization: **Speculate** whether a store happened or not
 - no store: bypass check



- Loads can be executed out-of-order → need to check for previous stores
- Check is **time consuming**
- Optimization: **Speculate** whether a store happened or not
 - no store: bypass check
 - stall



- Spectre Variant 4: Speculative Store Bypass

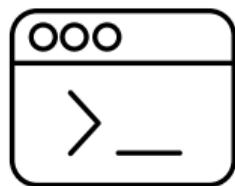


- Spectre Variant 4: Speculative Store Bypass
- Propose: Spectre-STL



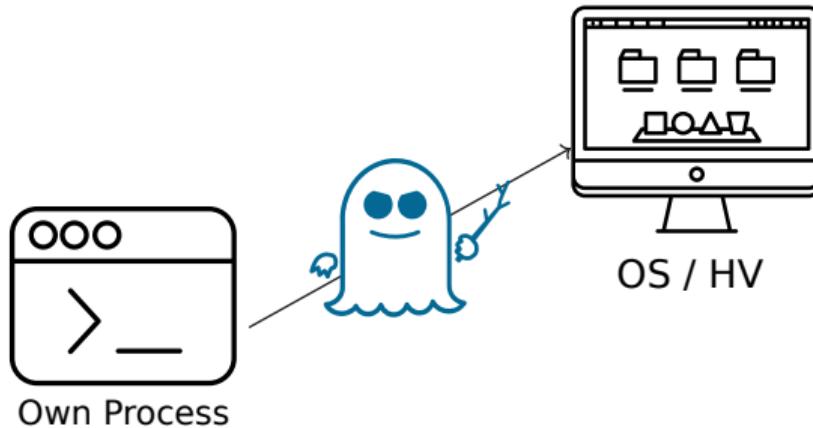
What can you attack?

What can you attack?

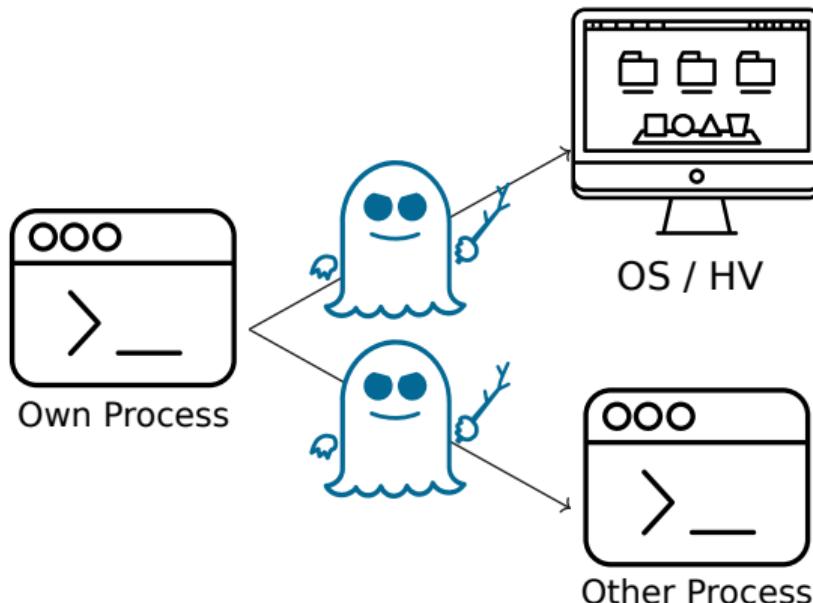


Own Process

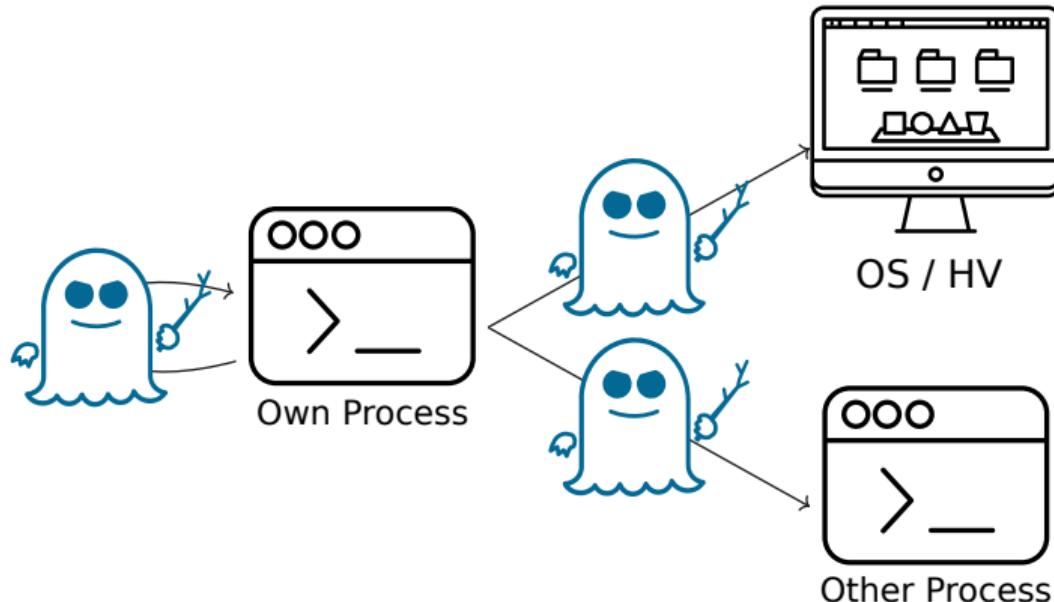
What can you attack?

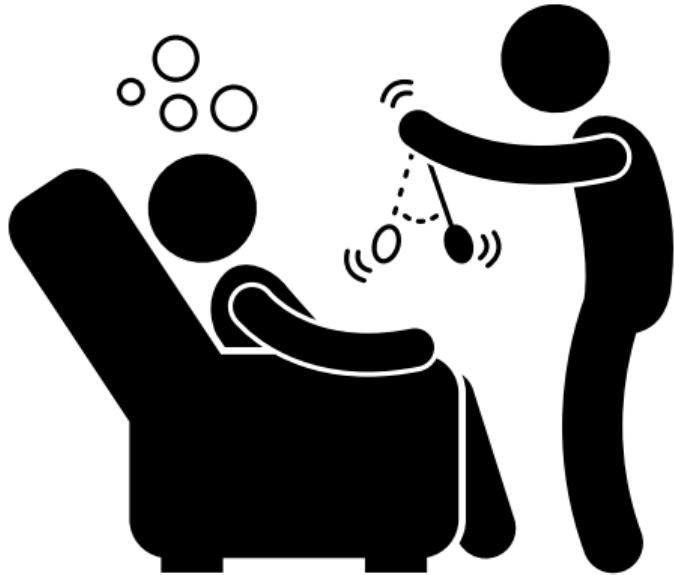


What can you attack?



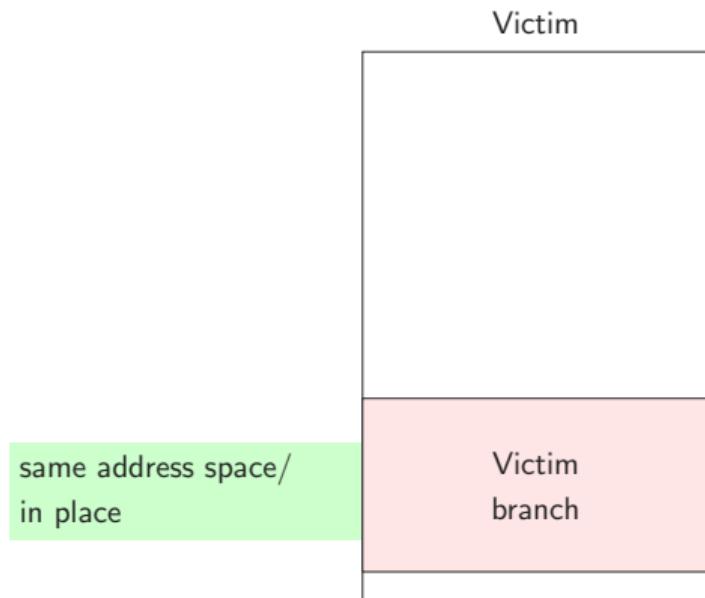
What can you attack?



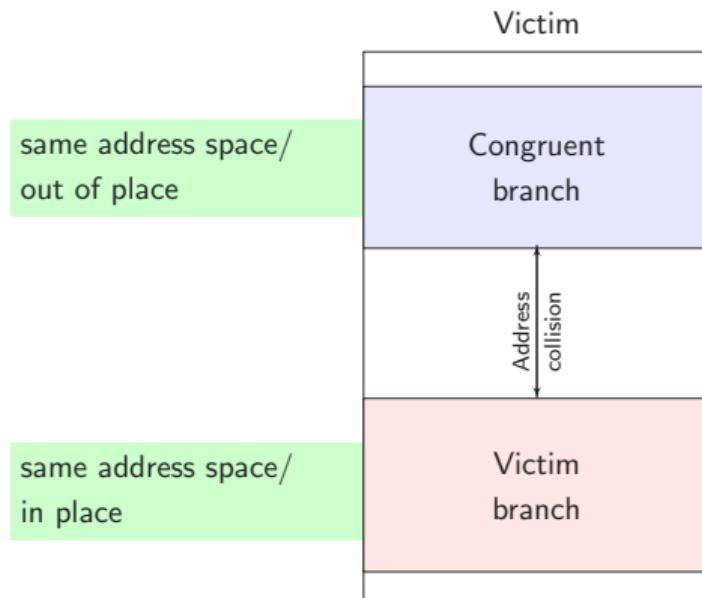


How can we **mistrain** the CPU?

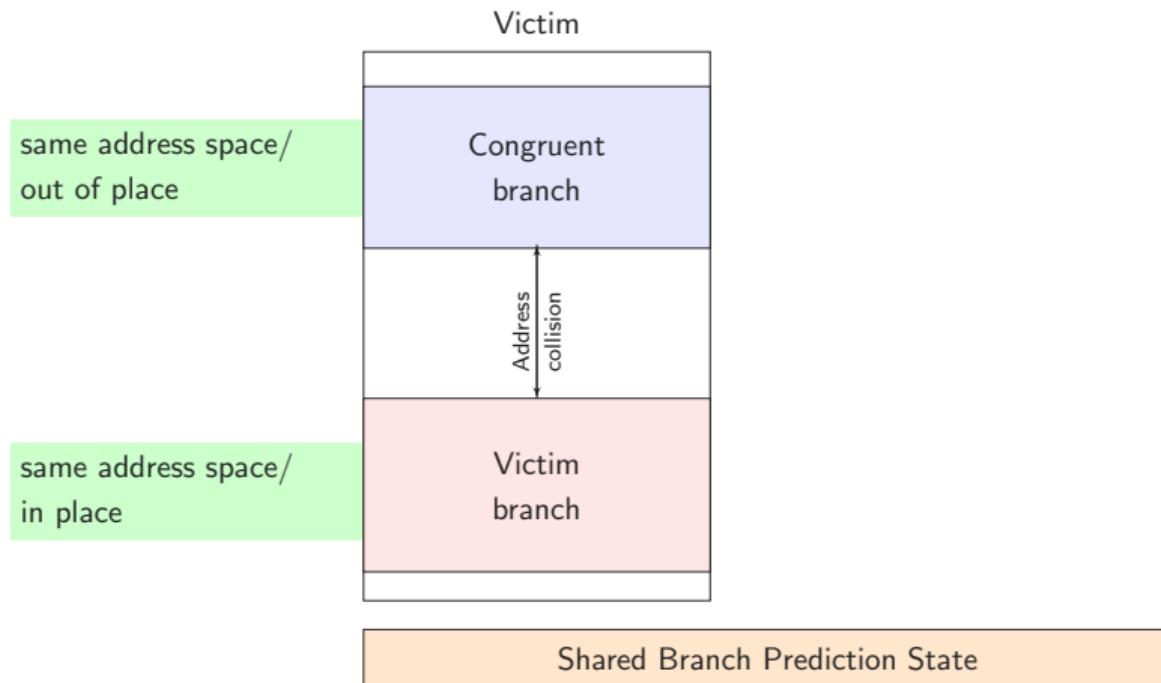
How can we mistrain?



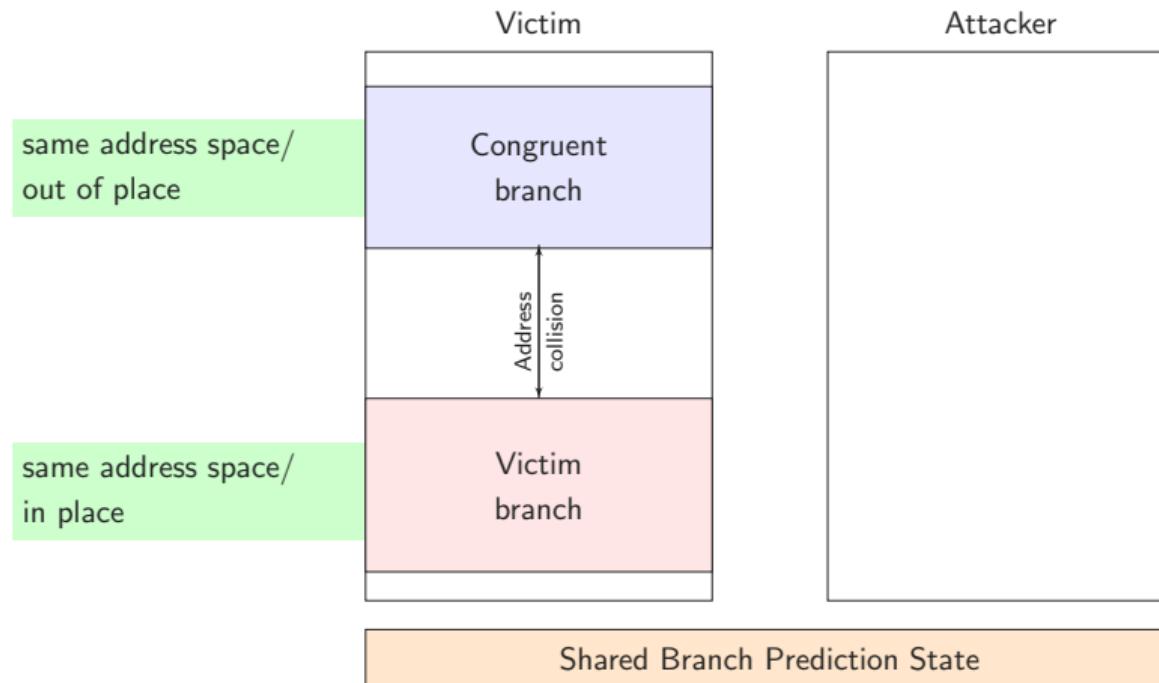
How can we misstrain?



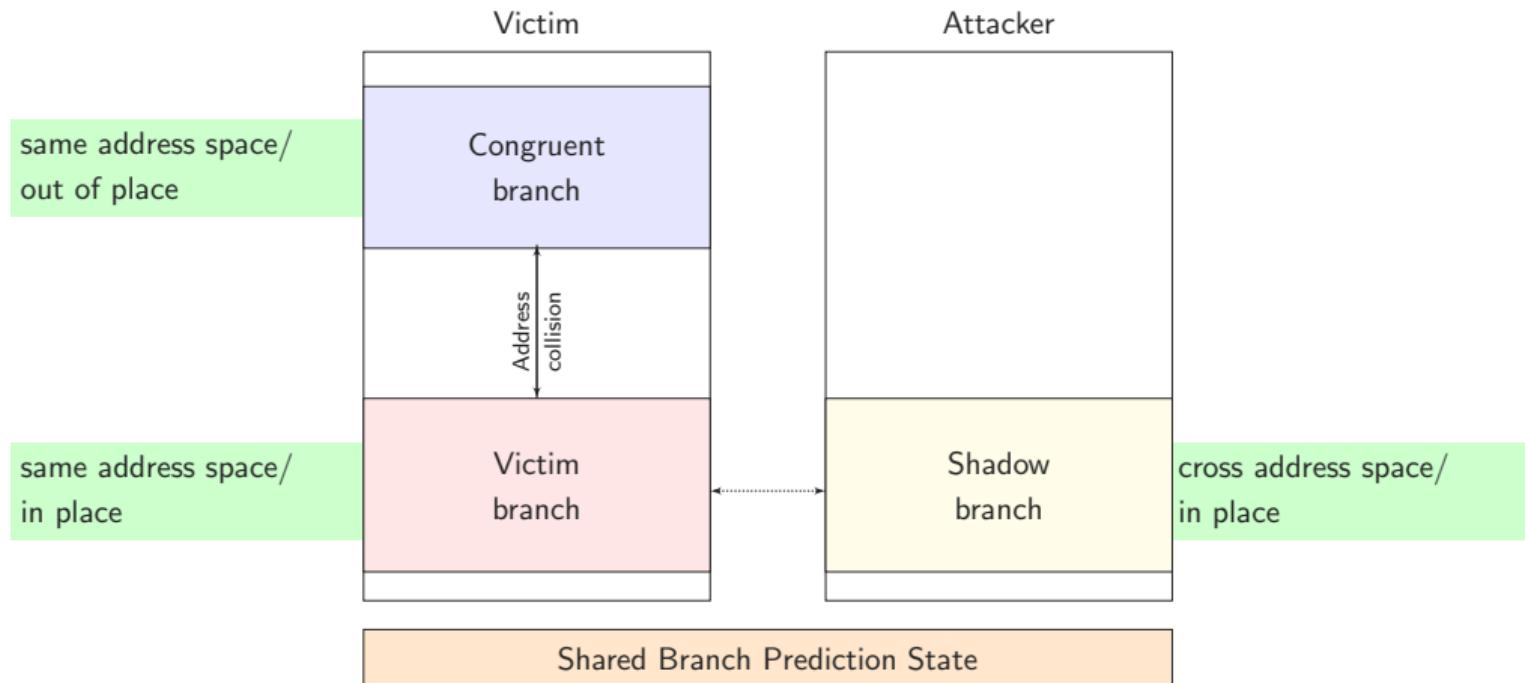
How can we misstrain?



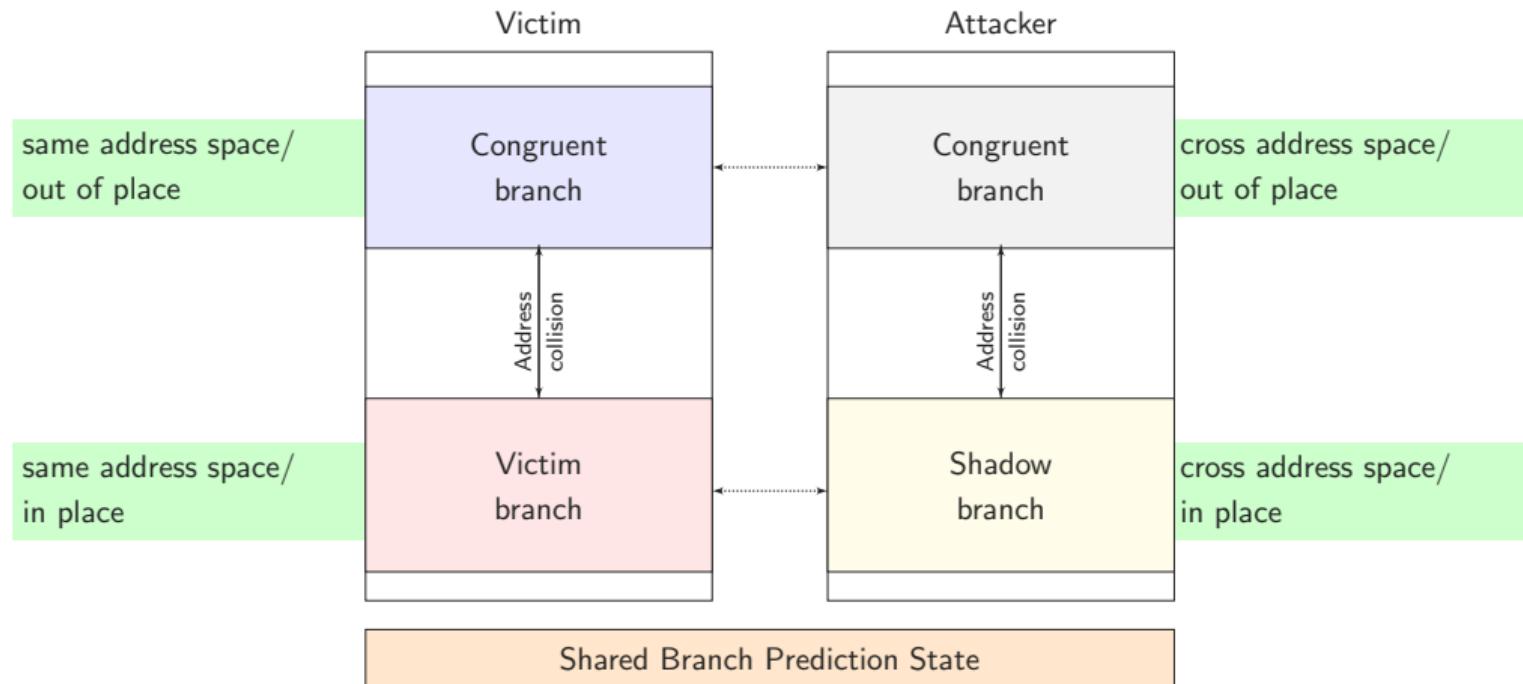
How can we mistrain?

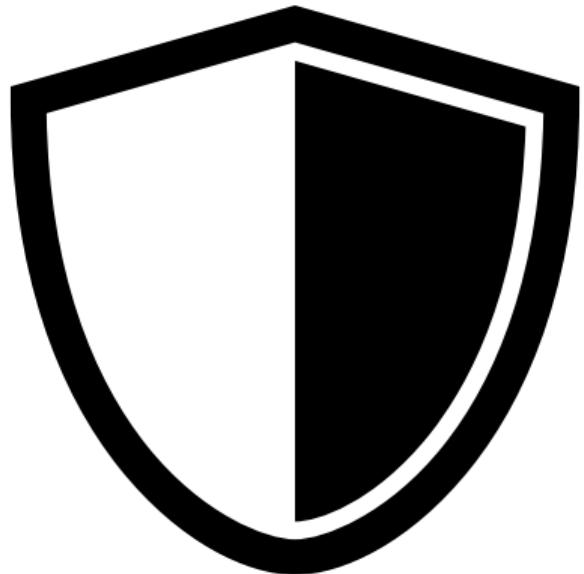


How can we mistrain?



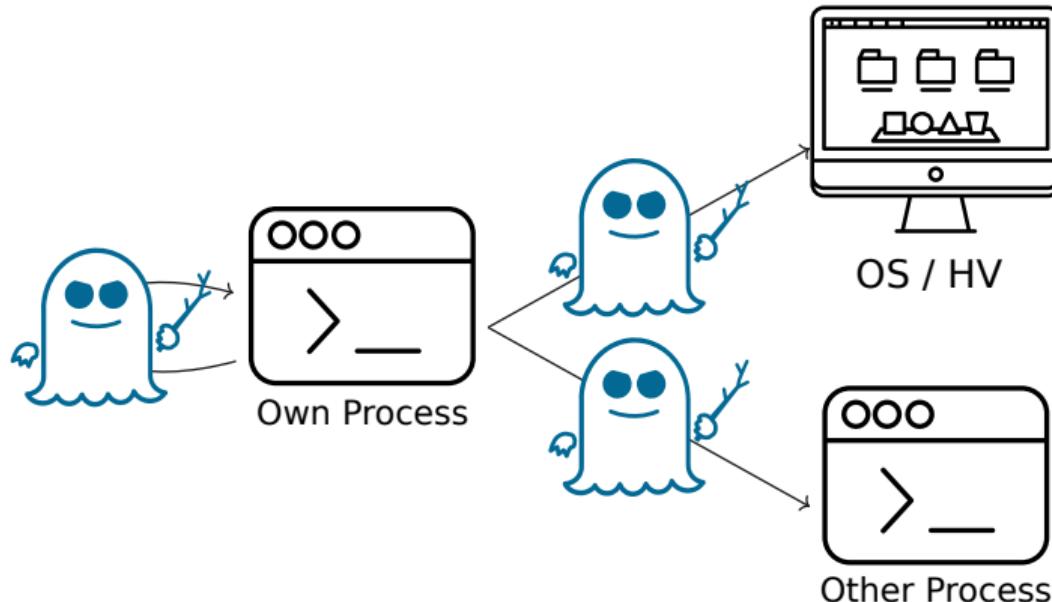
How can we mistrain?



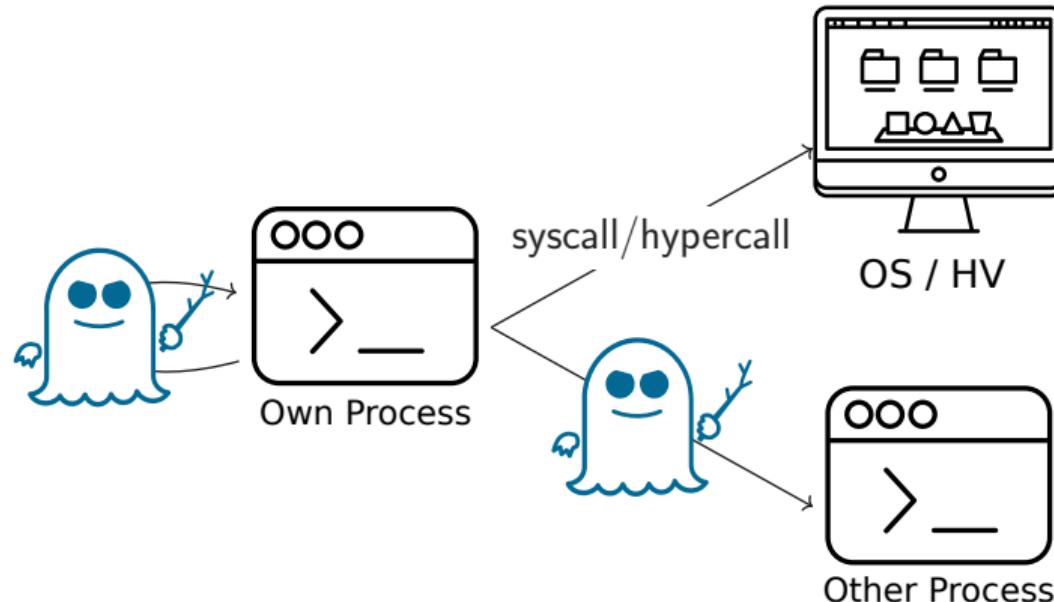


How can we **fix** this?

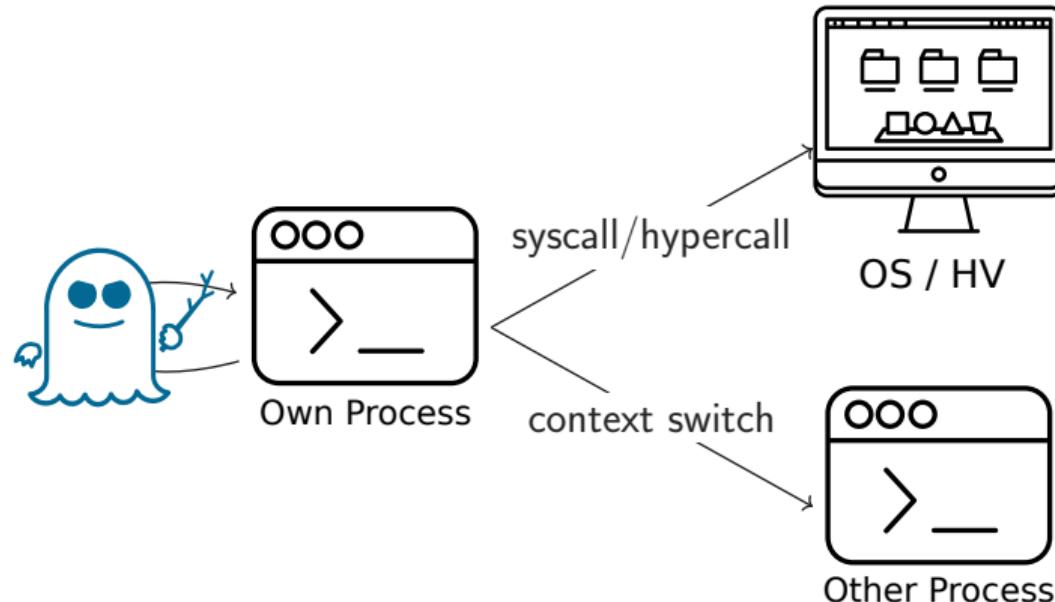
How can we fix this?



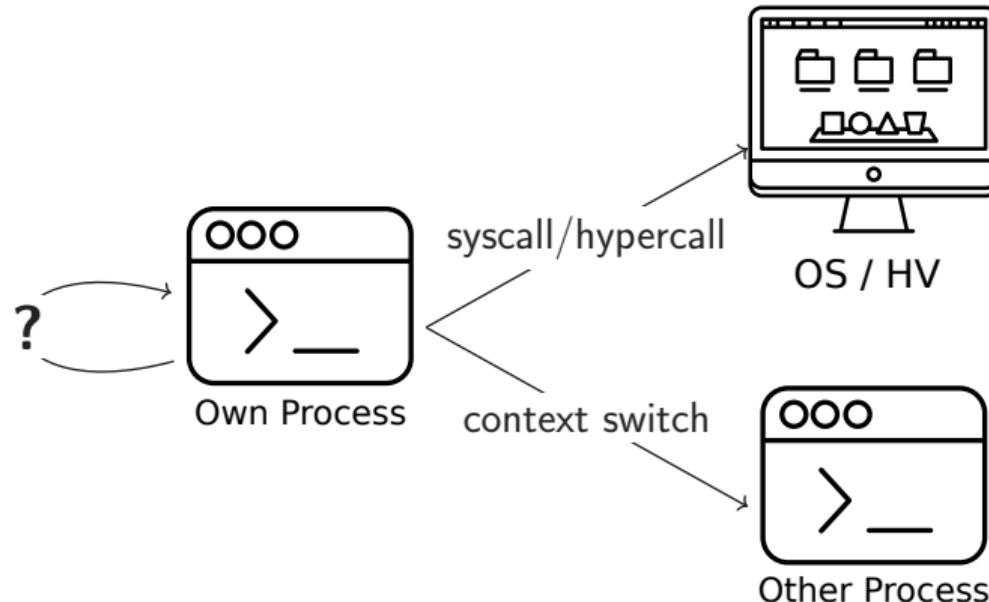
How can we fix this?



How can we fix this?

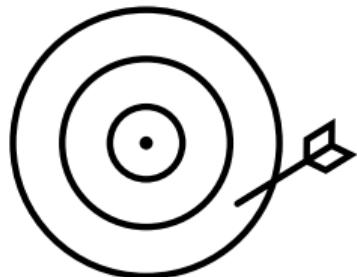


How can we fix this?



Spectre defenses in **3 categories**:

Spectre defenses in **3 categories**:



C1 Mitigating or reducing
the accuracy of covert
channels

- Deactivate the cache



- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow



- Deactivate the cache → System would be too slow
- Remove flush instructions



- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction





- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction
- **Remove rdtsc**



- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction
- **Remove rdtsc** → Many alternative high-resolution timers



- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction
- **Remove rdtsc** → Many alternative high-resolution timers
- **Build new caches:** DAWG, InvisiSpec, SafeSpec

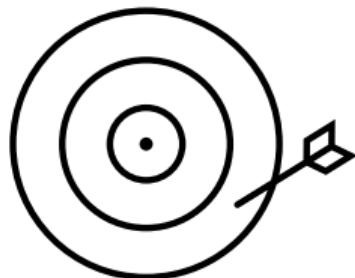


- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction
- **Remove rdtsc** → Many alternative high-resolution timers
- **Build new caches:** DAWG, InvisiSpec, SafeSpec → Require hardware changes



- **Deactivate the cache** → System would be too slow
- **Remove flush instructions** → Use eviction
- **Remove rdtsc** → Many alternative high-resolution timers
- **Build new caches:** DAWG, InvisiSpec, SafeSpec → Require hardware changes
- **Other covert channels** besides the cache:
 - PortSmash
 - SMoTHERSpectre
 - AVX

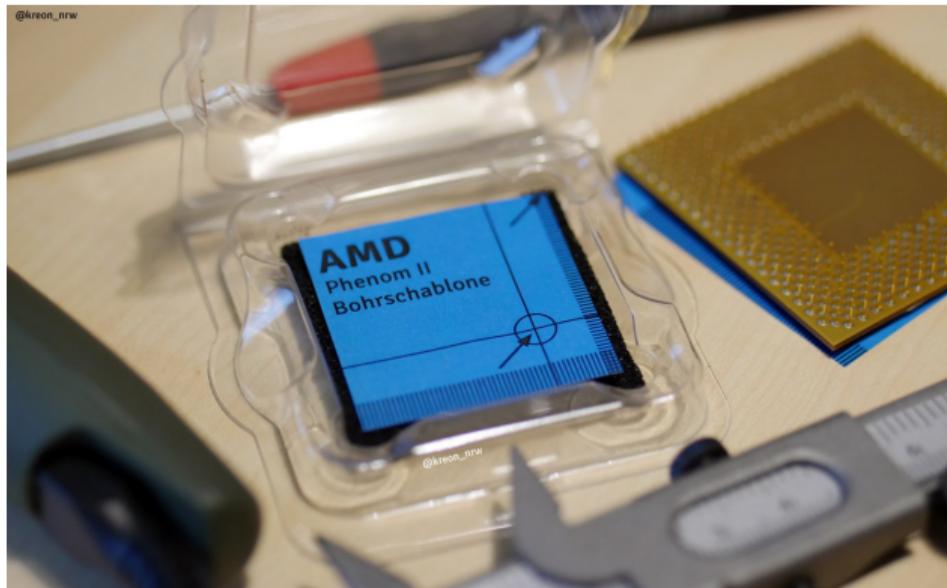
Spectre defenses in **3 categories**:



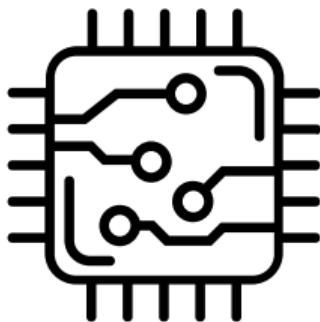
C1 Mitigating or reducing
the accuracy of covert
channels

C2 Mitigating or aborting
speculation

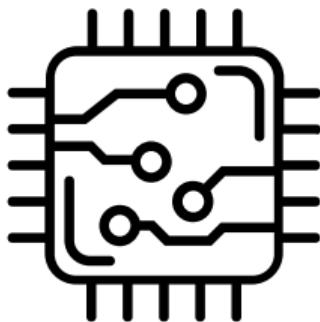
C2: Mitigating or aborting speculation in hardware



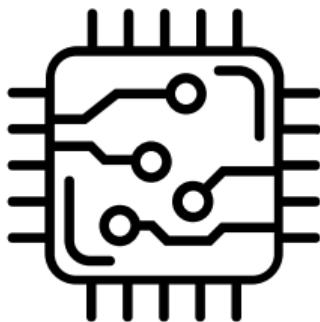
Drilling template (@kreon_nrw)



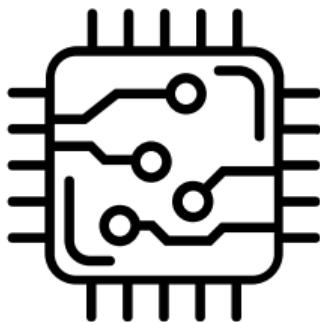
- Three new controls for ISA:
 - Indirect Branch Restricted Speculation (**IBRS**)



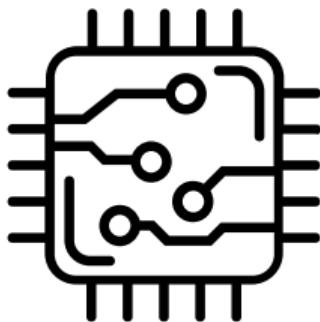
- Three new controls for ISA:
 - Indirect Branch Restricted Speculation (**IBRS**)
 - Single Thread Indirect Branch Prediction (**STIBP**)



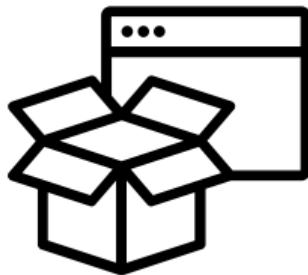
- Three new controls for ISA:
 - Indirect Branch Restricted Speculation (**IBRS**)
 - Single Thread Indirect Branch Prediction (**STIBP**)
 - Indirect Branch Predictor Barrier (**IBPB**)



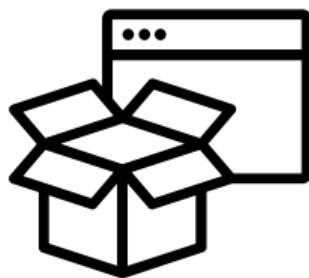
- Three new controls for ISA:
 - Indirect Branch Restricted Speculation (**IBRS**)
 - Single Thread Indirect Branch Prediction (**STIBP**)
 - Indirect Branch Predictor Barrier (**IBPB**)
 - ARMv8.5-A: New barrier (**sb**)



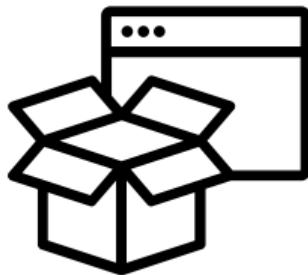
- Three new controls for ISA:
 - Indirect Branch Restricted Speculation (**IBRS**)
 - Single Thread Indirect Branch Prediction (**STIBP**)
 - Indirect Branch Predictor Barrier (**IBPB**)
 - ARMv8.5-A: New barrier (**sb**)
- Speculative Store Bypass Safe/Disable (**SSBS/SSBD**)



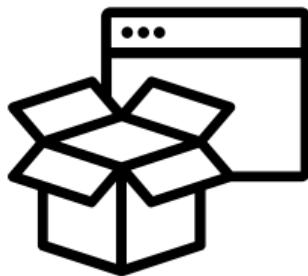
- Use **serializing instructions** on branch outcomes (`lfence`, `dsb`, `sy`)



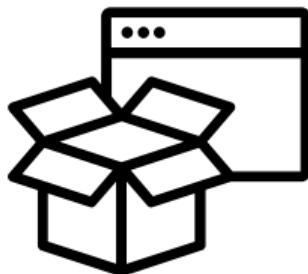
- Use **serializing instructions** on branch outcomes (`lfence`, `dsb`, `sy`)
 - Developers need to know where to put them



- Use **serializing instructions** on branch outcomes (`lfence`, `dsb`, `sy`)
 - Developers need to know where to put them
- **Retpoline**: replacing indirect branches with return instructions

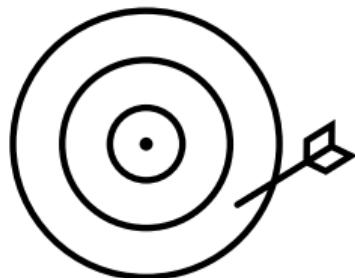


- Use **serializing instructions** on branch outcomes (`lfence`, `dsb`, `sy`)
 - Developers need to know where to put them
- **Retpoline**: replacing indirect branches with return instructions
- **RSB Stuffing**



- Use **serializing instructions** on branch outcomes (`lfence`, `dsb`, `sy`)
 - Developers need to know where to put them
- **Retpoline**: replacing indirect branches with return instructions
- **RSB Stuffing**
 - Fill RSB with benign addresses on every context switch

Spectre defenses in **3 categories**:



C1 Mitigating or reducing
the accuracy of covert
channels

C2 Mitigating or aborting
speculation

C3 Ensuring secret data
cannot be reached



- What to do if an attacker attacks his **own process** (**sandboxing**)?



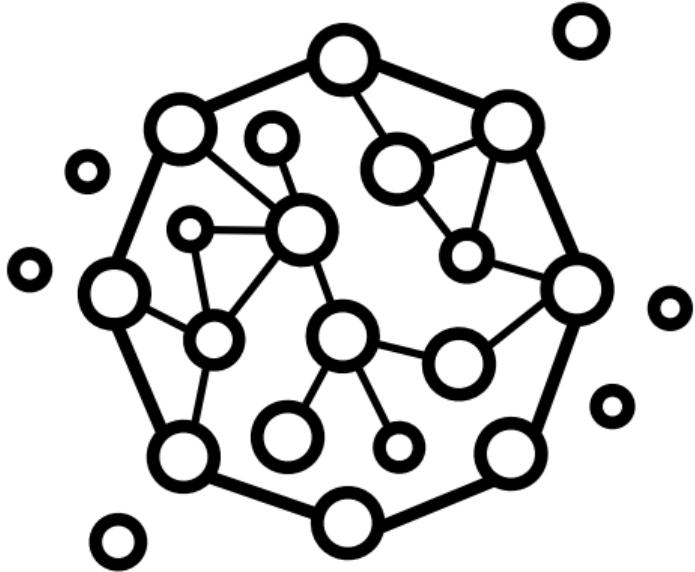
- What to do if an attacker attacks his own process (sandboxing)?
- Webkit: Index masking instead of array bounds checks



- What to do if an attacker attacks his **own process** (**sandboxing**)?
- Webkit: **Index masking** instead of array bounds checks
- Webkit: **Poison values** to protect pointers

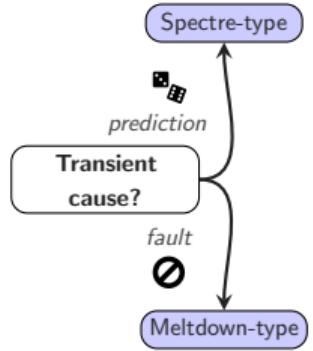


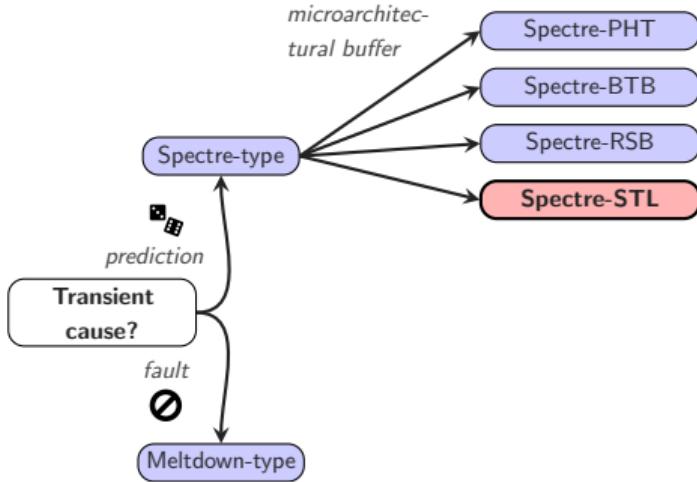
- What to do if an attacker attacks his **own process** (**sandboxing**)?
- Webkit: **Index masking** instead of array bounds checks
- Webkit: **Poison values** to protect pointers
- Chrome: Site Isolation

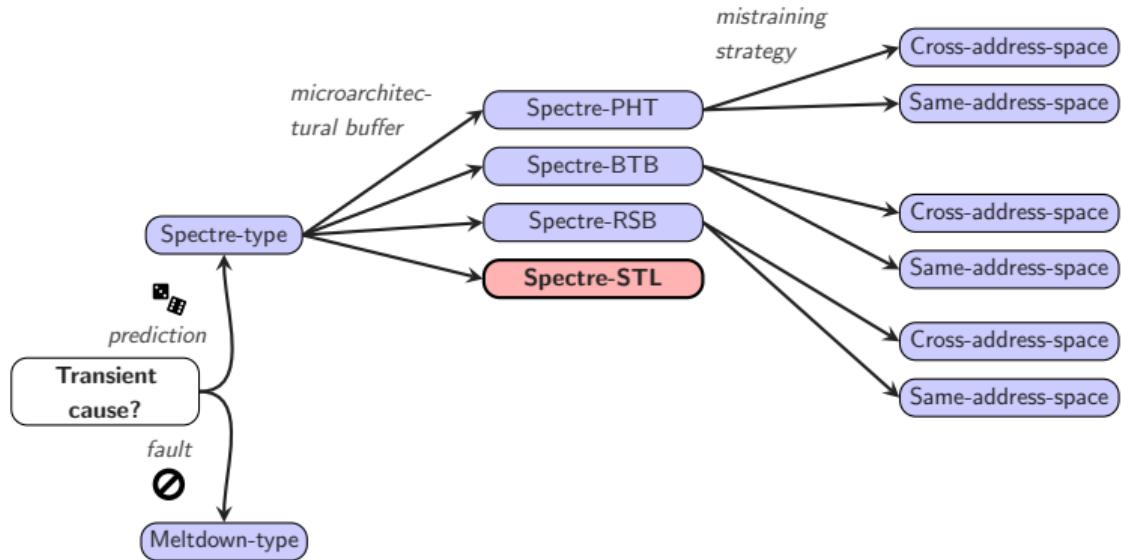


Systematization

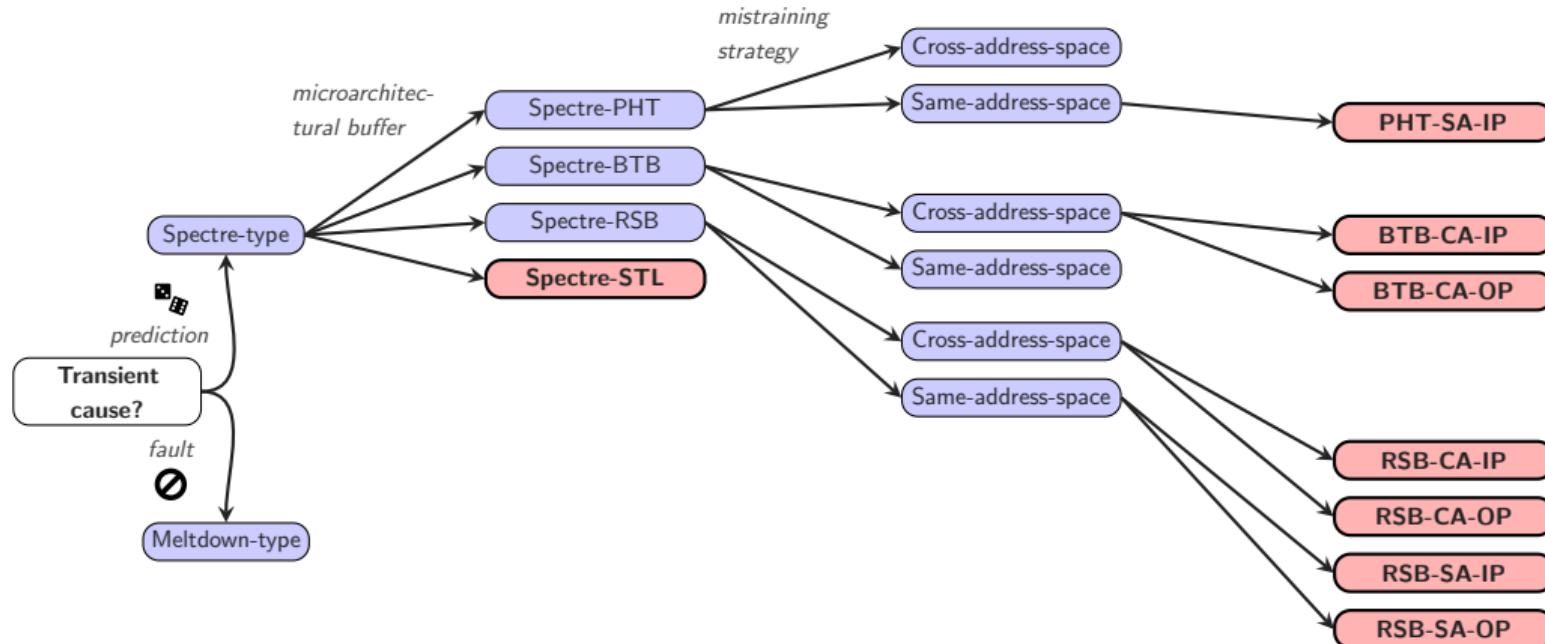
Transient
cause?

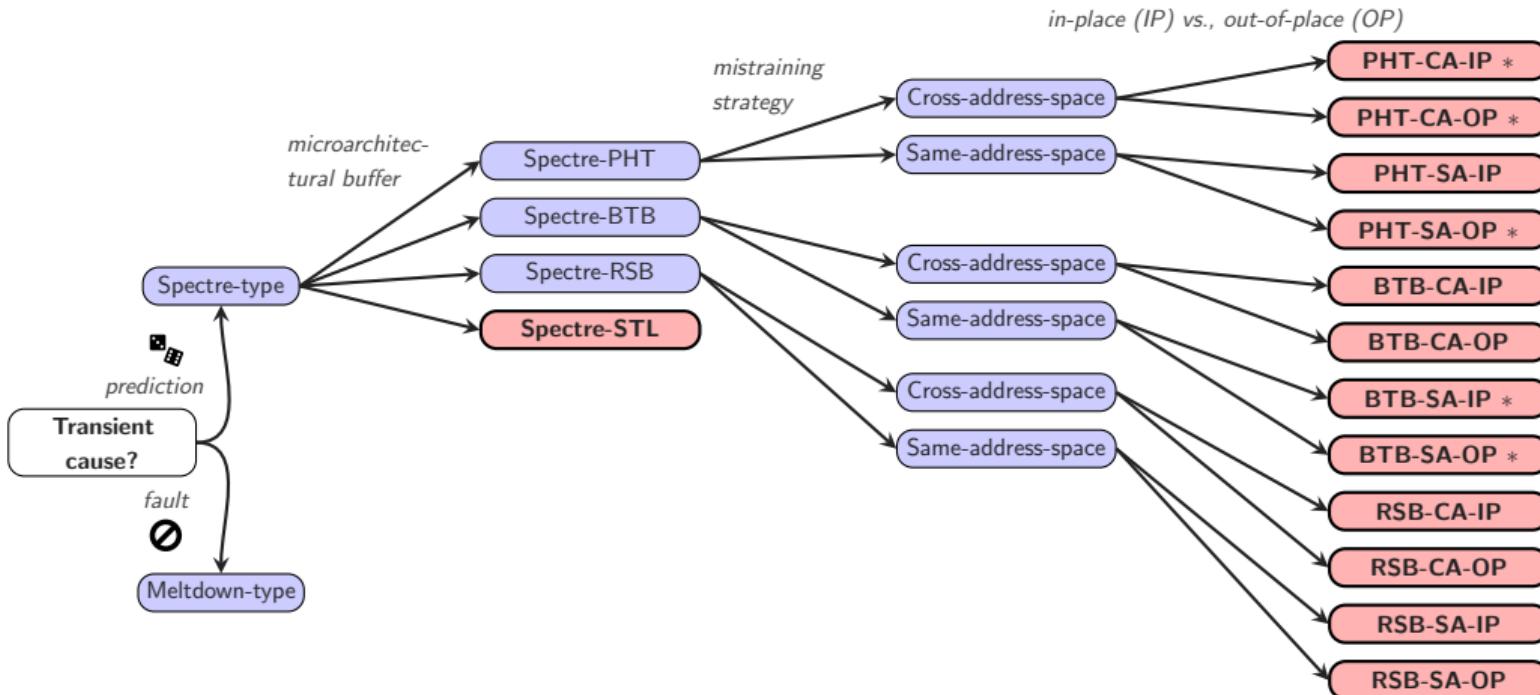


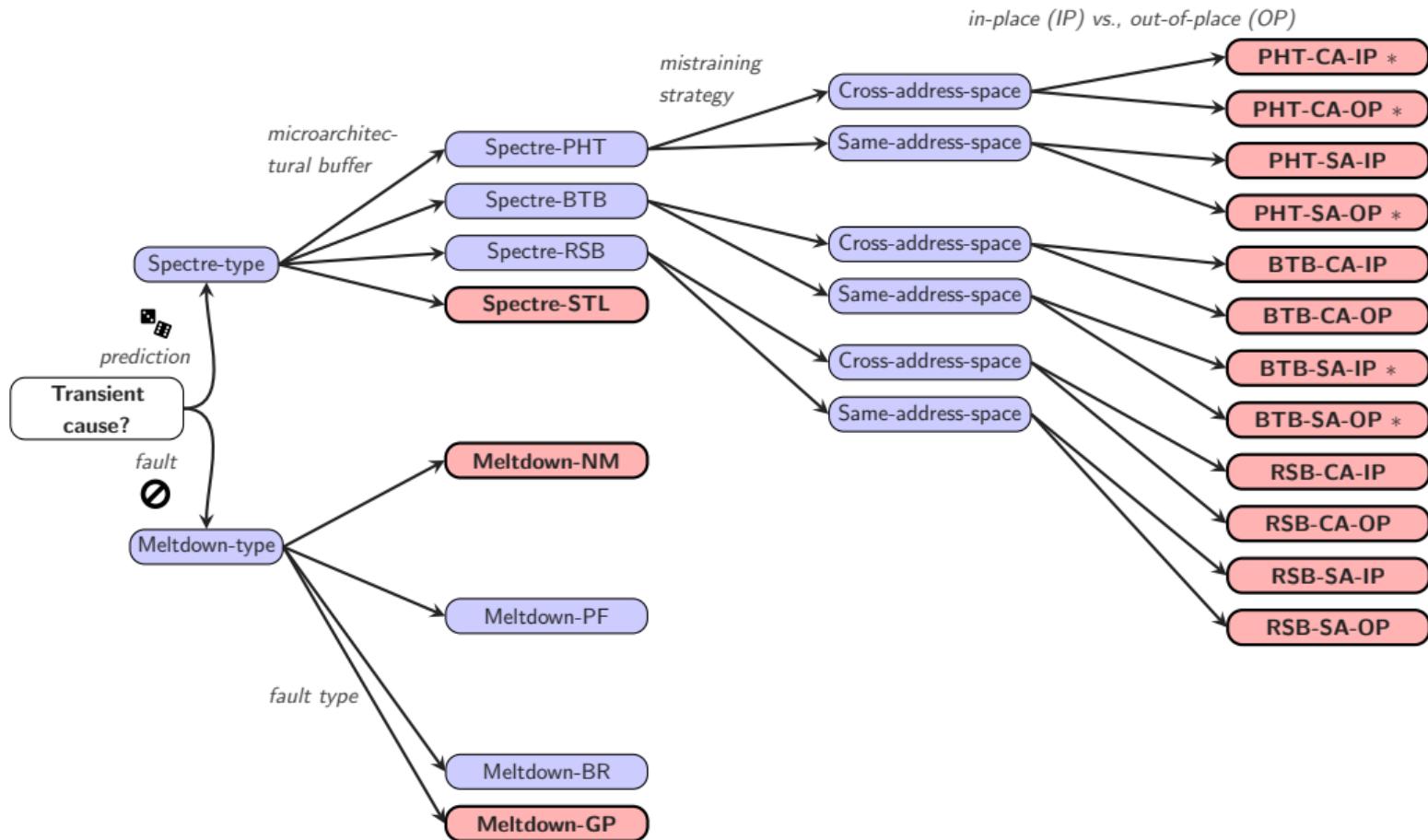


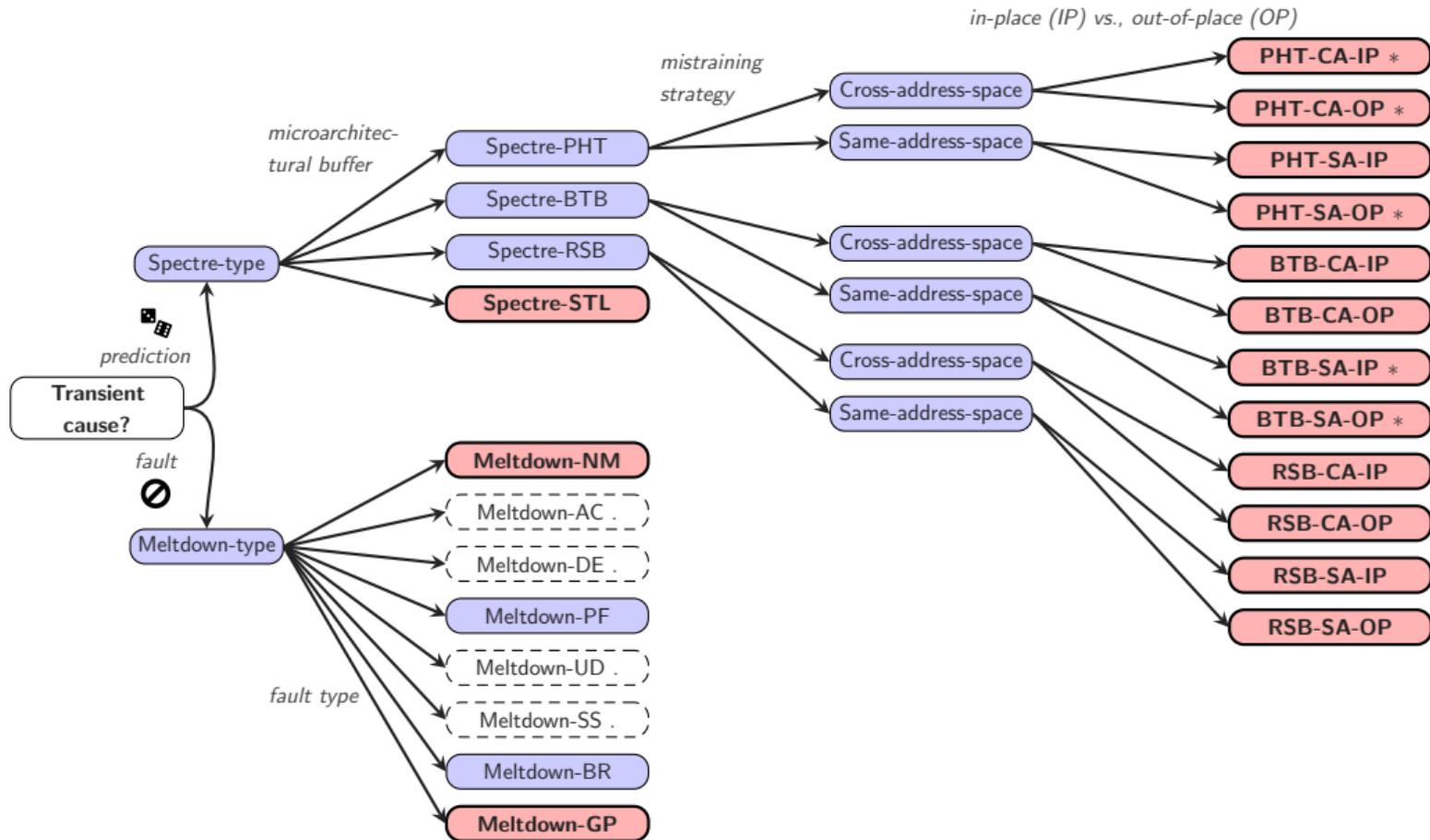


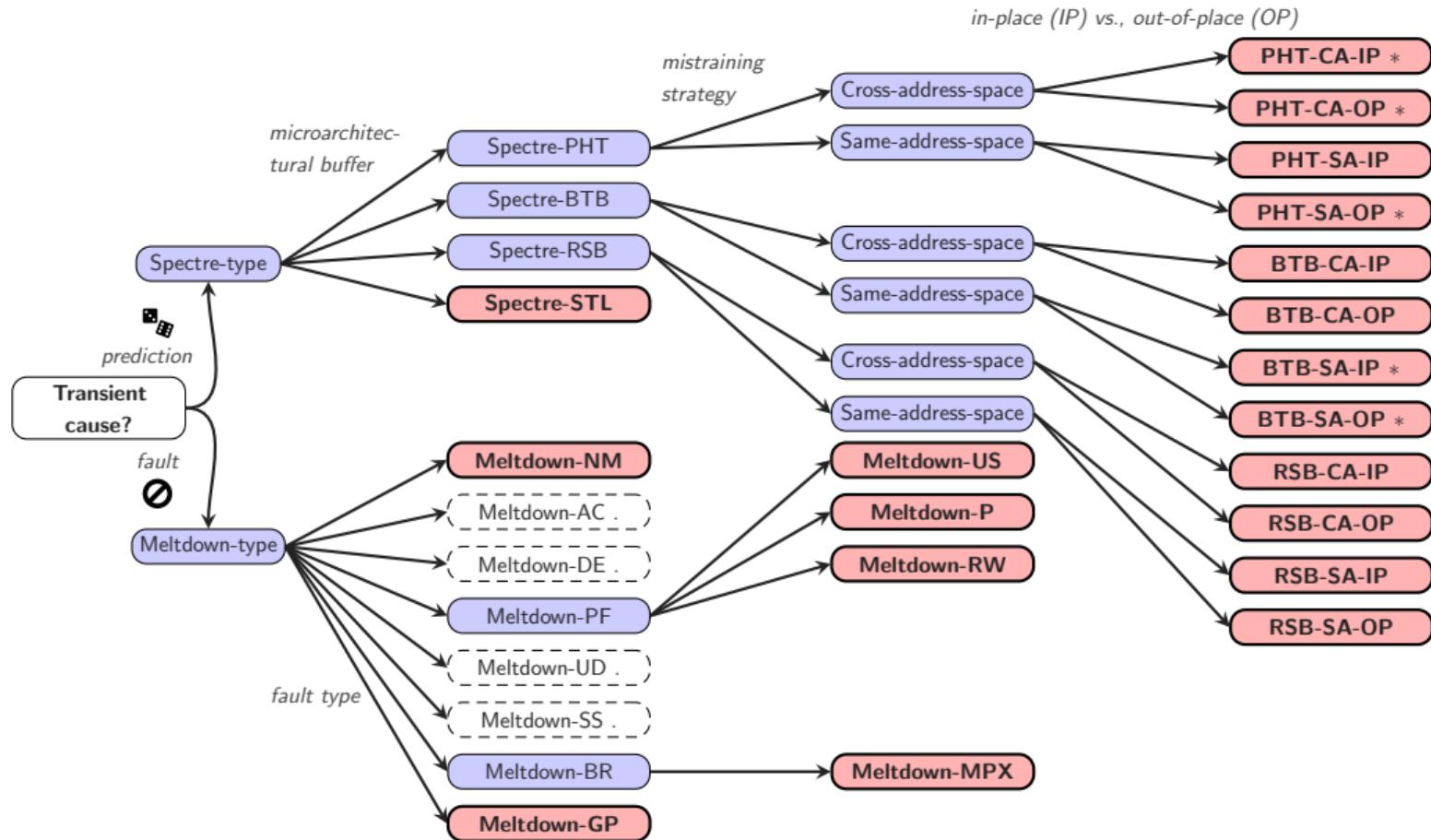
in-place (IP) vs., out-of-place (OP)

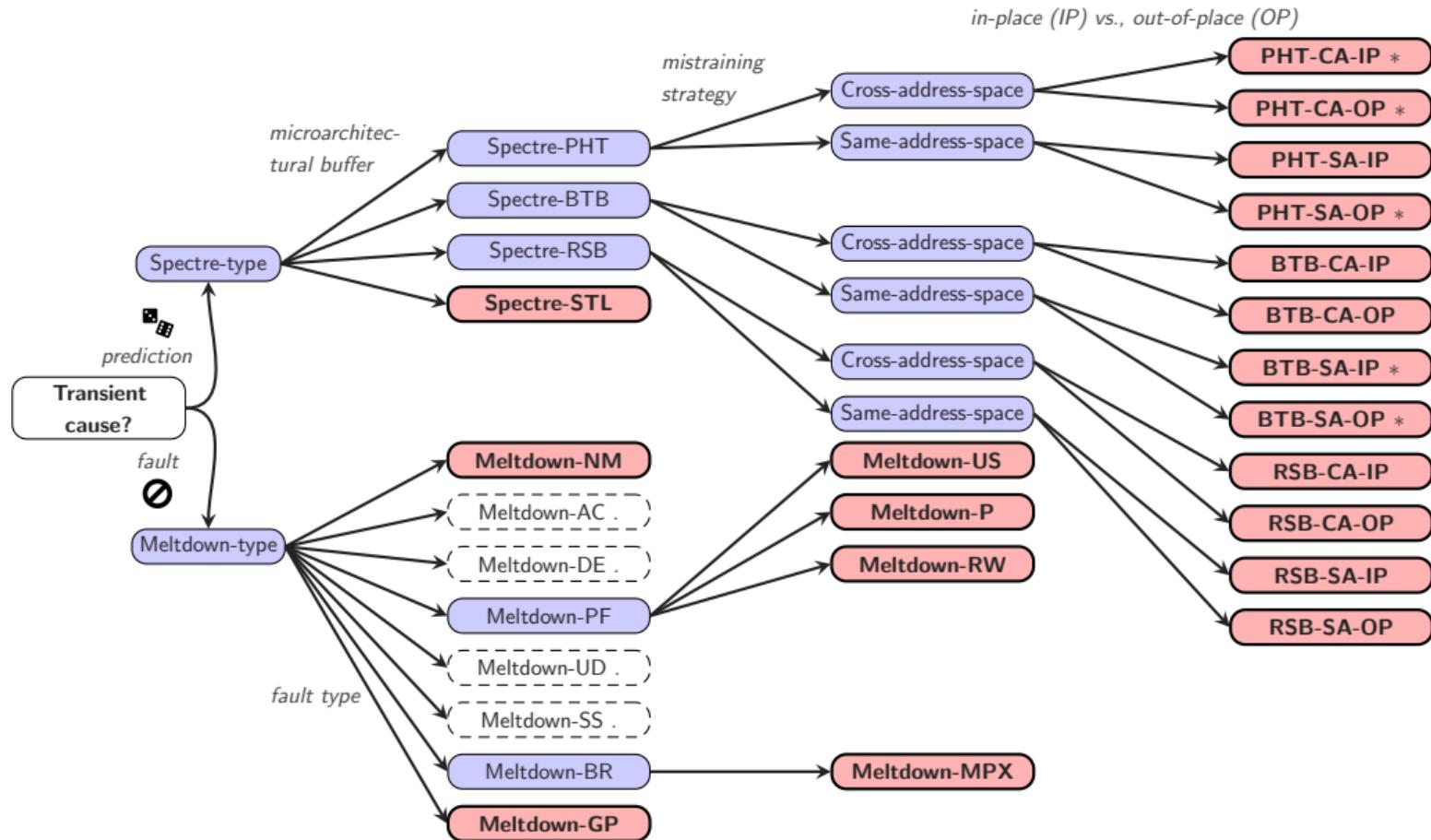


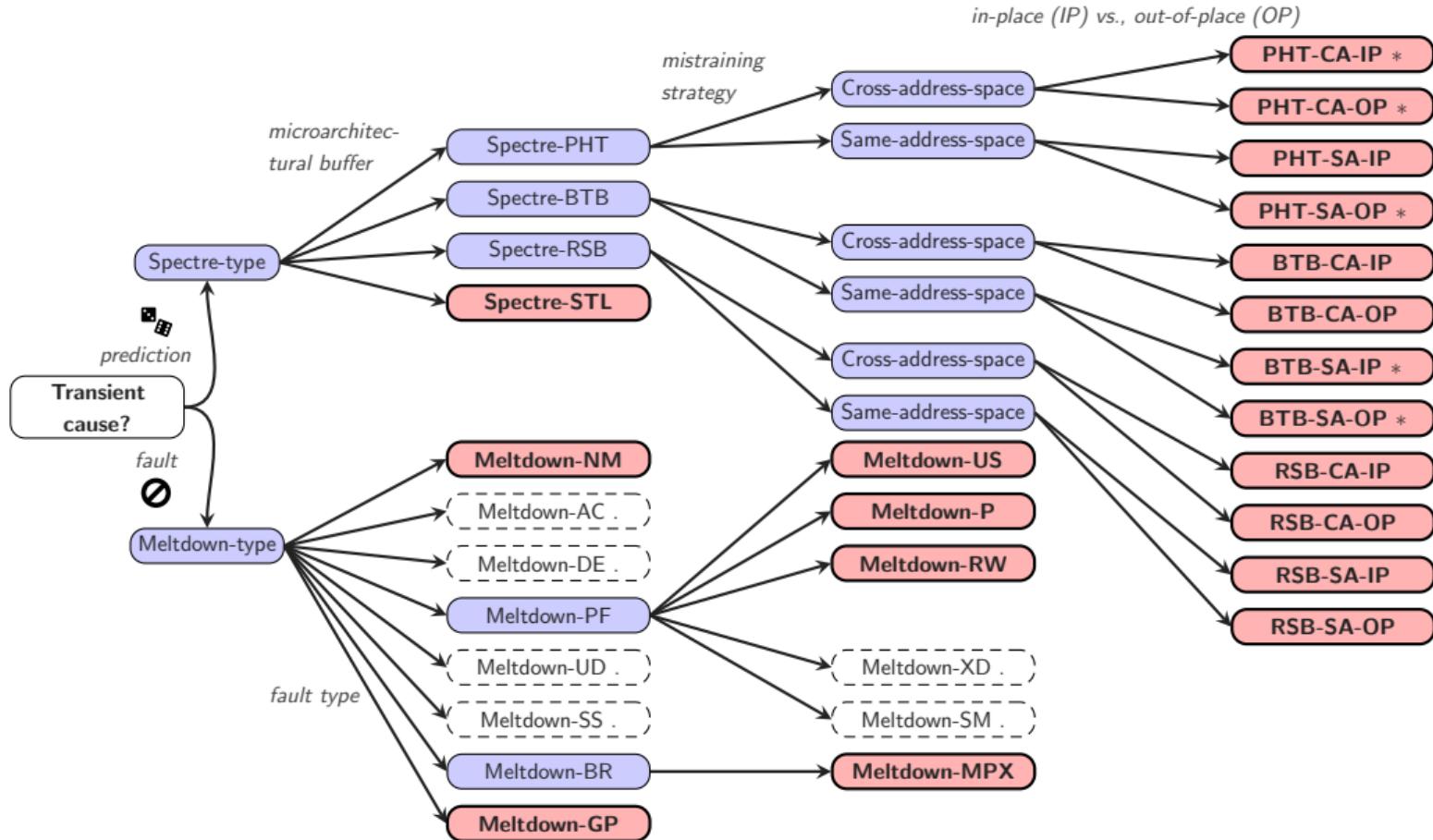


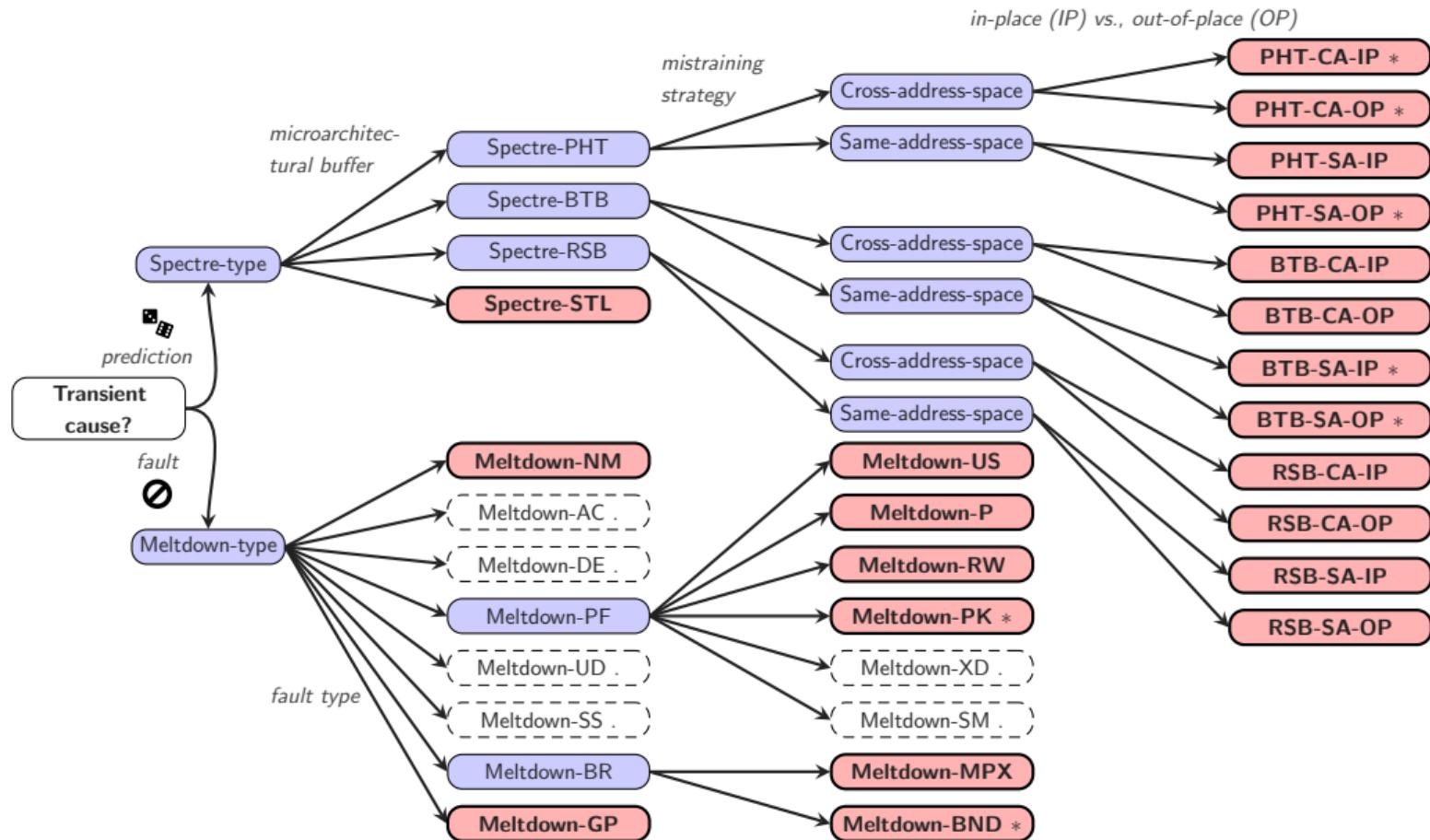


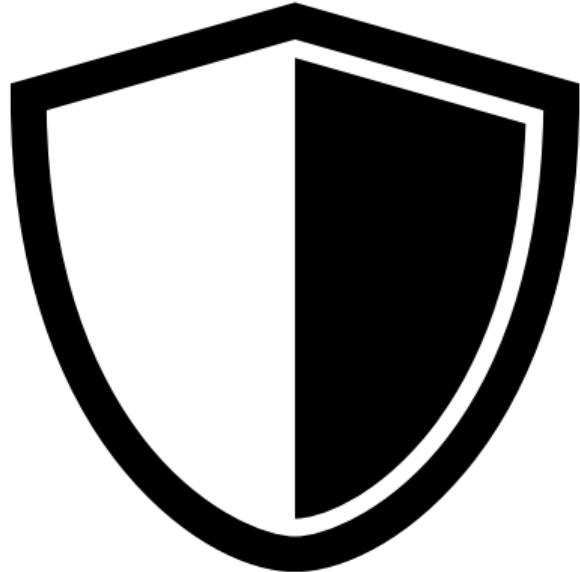












Are the defenses **working**?



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process
 - **Index Masking:** only limits how far beyond leakage can occur



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process
 - **Index Masking:** only limits how far beyond leakage can occur
 - **Speculative Load Hardening:** Spectrum showed potential leakage



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process
 - **Index Masking:** only limits how far beyond leakage can occur
 - **Speculative Load Hardening:** Spectrum showed potential leakage
 - **Timer reduction:** can build new timers



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process
 - **Index Masking:** only limits how far beyond leakage can occur
 - **Speculative Load Hardening:** Spectrum showed potential leakage
 - **Timer reduction:** can build new timers
 - **Poison Value:** works



- Evaluated all mitigations without hardware changes
 - **Serialization:** still leaks through TLB, AVX
 - **STIPB, IBPB, SSBD:** not enabled by default
 - **Site Isolation:** can still leak data of own process
 - **Index Masking:** only limits how far beyond leakage can occur
 - **Speculative Load Hardening:** Spectrum showed potential leakage
 - **Timer reduction:** can build new timers
 - **Poison Value:** works
- Meltdown defenses

Conclusion



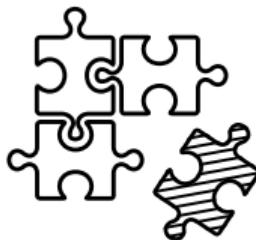
- **Optimizations** always come at a **cost**



- Optimizations always come at a cost
- Some mitigations cost more than gained by the feature they defend



- Optimizations always come at a cost
- Some mitigations cost more than gained by the feature they defend
- Transient-execution attacks will keep us busy for a while



- Optimizations always come at a cost
- Some mitigations cost more than gained by the feature they defend
- Transient-execution attacks will keep us busy for a while
- There are still many other microarchitectural elements left to explore