

在笔者上一篇文章《驱动开发：内核枚举进程与线程ObCall回调》简单介绍了如何枚举系统中已经存在的进程与线程回调，本章 LyShark 将通过对象回调实现对进程线程的句柄监控，在内核中提供了 ObRegisterCallbacks 回调，使用这个内核回调函数，可注册一个对象回调，不过目前该函数只能监控进程与线程句柄操作，通过监控进程或线程句柄，可实现保护指定进程线程不被终止的目的。

由于目前对象回调只能监控进程与线程，而这个监控是通过 ObjectType 这么一个成员控制的，如果成员是 PsProcessType 则代表监控进程，反之 PsThreadType 则是监控线程，无论监控进程还是线程都调用 ObRegisterCallbacks 这个函数来完成注册。

函数 ObRegisterCallbacks 其微软对他的定义是这样的，用户传入 OB\_OPERATION\_REGISTRATION 结构，以及 OB\_CALLBACK\_REGISTRATION 回调结构，其中 PreOperation 则是传入的回调函数，也是最重要的，其次是 ObjectType 指定成进程回调。

```
NTSTATUS ObRegisterCallbacks(  
    [in] POB_CALLBACK_REGISTRATION CallbackRegistration,  
    [out] PVOID *RegistrationHandle  
);
```

首先来实现一个检测的案例，注册一个进程回调对象 MyLySharkComObjectCallBack，通过 ObRegisterCallbacks 注册的回调只需要传入一个填充好的 OB\_CALLBACK\_REGISTRATION 回调结构体，以及一个全局句柄即可，这个全局句柄的作用仅仅只是在程序结束时，调用 ObUnRegisterCallbacks 卸载监控而已，实现代码如下所示。

```
// 署名权  
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work  
// PowerBy: LyShark  
// Email: me@lyshark.com  
#include <ntddk.h>  
#include <ntstrsafe.h>  
  
PVOID Globle_Object_Handle;  
  
// 绕过签名检测  
void BypassCheckSign(PDRIVER_OBJECT pDriverObj)  
{  
    typedef struct _LDR_DATA  
    {  
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks;  
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks;  
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks;  
        VOID* DllBase;  
        VOID* EntryPoint;  
        ULONG32 SizeOfImage;  
        UINT8 _PADDING0_[0x4];  
        struct _UNICODE_STRING FullDllName;  
        struct _UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;  
        ULONG32 Flags;  
    } LDR_DATA, *PLDR_DATA;  
  
    PLDR_DATA ldr;  
    ldr = (PLDR_DATA)(pDriverObj->DriverSection);
```

```

    ldr->Flags |= 0x20;
}

// 自定义回调
OB_PREOP_CALLBACK_STATUS MyLySharkComObjectCallback(PVOID RegistrationContext,
POB_PRE_OPERATION_INFORMATION OperationInformation)
{
    DbgPrint("[lyshark] 执行回调函数... \n");
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    ObUnRegisterCallbacks(Globle_Object_Handle);
    DbgPrint("回调卸载完成... \n");
}

NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    BypassCheckSign(Driver);

    OB_OPERATION_REGISTRATION Base; // 回调函数结构体
    OB_CALLBACK_REGISTRATION CallbackReg; // 回调函数

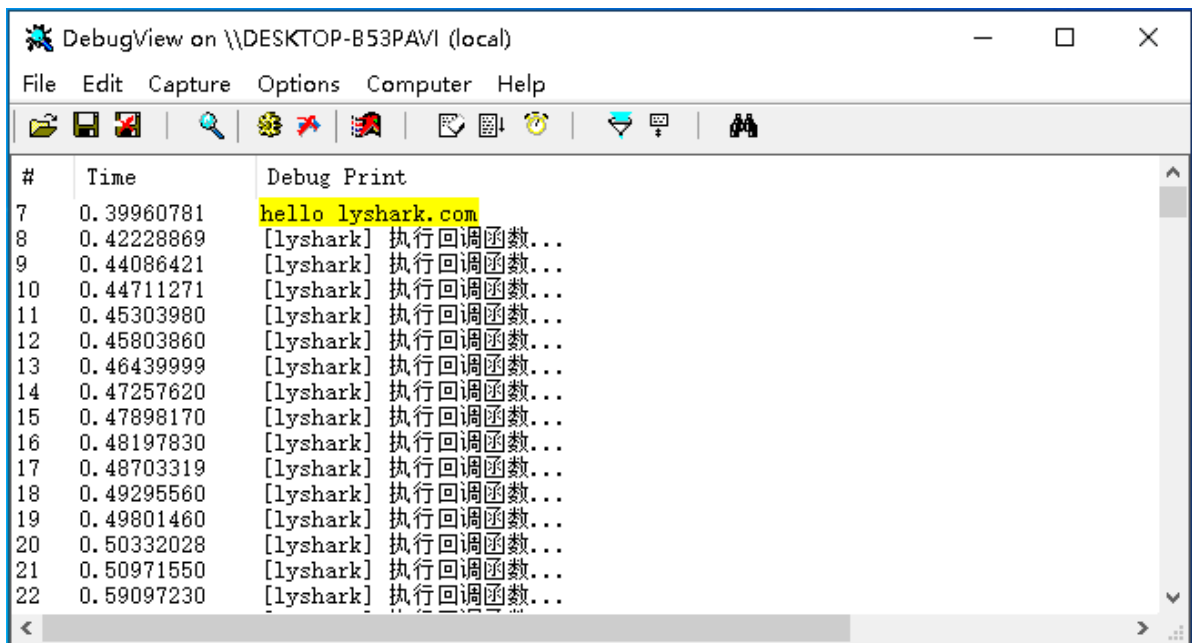
    CallbackReg.RegistrationContext = NULL; // 注册上下文(你回调函
数返回参数)
    CallbackReg.Version = OB_FLT_REGISTRATION_VERSION; // 注册回调版本
    CallbackReg.OperationRegistration = &Base; // 回调结构体
    CallbackReg.OperationRegistrationCount = 1; // 操作计数(下钩数量)

    RtlUnicodeStringInit(&CallbackReg.Altitude, L"600000"); // 长度
    Base.ObjectType = PsProcessType; // 进程操作类型.此处为
进程操作
    Base.Operations = OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE; // 操作句柄创建
    Base.PreOperation = MyLySharkComObjectCallback; // 你自己的回调函数
    Base.PostOperation = NULL;

    // 注册回调
    if (ObRegisterCallbacks(&CallbackReg, &Globle_Object_Handle))
    {
        DbgPrint("[lyshark message] 回调注册成功...");
    }
    Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

```

当驱动程序被加载以后，一旦有进程运行则会执行我们自己的 `MyLySharkComObjectCallback` 回调，而在回调函数内则可以执行任意功能，运行如下所示。



如上所示只是演示基本的回调申请流程，回调函数通常需要包含两个值，其一 `RegistrationContext` 用于标注上下文，其二 `POB_PRE_OPERATION_INFORMATION` 则用于标注进程或者线程创建的信息结构体。

```
OB_PREOP_CALLBACK_STATUS MyLySharkComObjectCallback(PVOID RegistrationContext,
POB_PRE_OPERATION_INFORMATION OperationInformation)
```

那么如何实现 拦截进程启动 这个功能呢，我们可以在回调函数中写入以下代码进行拦截。

- `CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess` 将打开句柄的权限清零
- `CreateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess` 判断是否终止

```
if (pOperationInformation->Operation == OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE)
{
    DbgPrint("lyshark.exe 进程打开 \n");
    pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess=0;
    if ((pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess & PROCESS_TERMINATE) ==
PROCESS_TERMINATE)
    {
        pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess
&= ~PROCESS_TERMINATE;
    }
}
```

拦截进程创建核心代码如下所示。

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntddk.h>
#include <ntstrsafe.h>

#define PROCESS_TERMINATE 0x1
```

```

// 导出两个API
NTKERNELAPI PEPROCESS IoThreadToProcess(PETHREAD Thread);
NTKERNELAPI char* PsGetProcessImageFileName(PEPROCESS Process);

// 全局句柄
PVOID Globle_Object_Handle = NULL;

// 绕过签名检测
void BypassCheckSign(PDRIVER_OBJECT pDriverObj)
{
    typedef struct _LDR_DATA
    {
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks;
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks;
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks;
        VOID* DllBase;
        VOID* EntryPoint;
        ULONG32 SizeOfImage;
        UINT8 _PADDING0_[0x4];
        struct _UNICODE_STRING FullDllName;
        struct _UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
        ULONG32 Flags;
    } LDR_DATA, *PLDR_DATA;

    PLDR_DATA ldr;
    ldr = (PLDR_DATA)(pDriverObj->DriverSection);
    ldr->Flags |= 0x20;
}

// 判断是否是是需要保护的进程
BOOLEAN CheckProcess(PEPROCESS eprocess)
{
    char *Name = PsGetProcessImageFileName(eprocess);
    if (!_stricmp("lyshark.exe", Name))
        return TRUE;
    else
        return FALSE;
}

// 进程回调
OB_PREOP_CALLBACK_STATUS MyLySharkProcessObjectCallback(PVOID
RegistrationContext, POB_PRE_OPERATION_INFORMATION pOperationInformation)
{
    HANDLE pid;

    // 只取出进程回调
    if (pOperationInformation->ObjectType != *PsProcessType)
    {
        return OB_PREOP_SUCCESS;
    }

    // 得到所有进程的ID
    pid = PsGetProcessId((PEPROCESS)pOperationInformation->Object);
    // DbgPrint("进程PID= %ld \n", pid);
}

```

```

UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(RegistrationContext);

// 验证是否是需要的进程
if (CheckProcess((PEPROCESS)pOperationInformation->Object))
{
    // 创建句柄
    if (pOperationInformation->Operation == OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE)
    {
        DbgPrint("lyshark.exe 进程打开事件 \n");
        pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess=0;
        if ((pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess & PROCESS_TERMINATE) == PROCESS_TERMINATE)
        {
            DbgPrint("[LyShark Message] 拦截进程打开 \n");
            pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess &= ~PROCESS_TERMINATE;
        }
    }
    // 复制句柄
    if (pOperationInformation->Operation == OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_DUPLICATE)
    {
        DbgPrint("lyshark.exe 进程被关闭 \n");
        pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess=0;
        if ((pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess & PROCESS_TERMINATE) == PROCESS_TERMINATE)
        {
            pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess &= ~PROCESS_TERMINATE;
        }
    }
}
return OB_PREOP_SUCCESS;
}

VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    ObUnRegisterCallbacks(Globle_Object_Handle);
    DbgPrint("回调卸载完成... \n");
}

NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    BypassCheckSign(Driver);

    OB_OPERATION_REGISTRATION ob_process_callback;
    OB_CALLBACK_REGISTRATION op_process_operation;

    memset(&ob_process_callback, 0, sizeof(ob_process_callback));
    ob_process_callback.ObjectType = PsProcessType;

```

```

    ob_process_callback.Operations = OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE |
OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_DUPLICATE;
    ob_process_callback.PreOperation = MyLySharkProcessObjectCallBack;
    ob_process_callback.PostOperation = NULL;

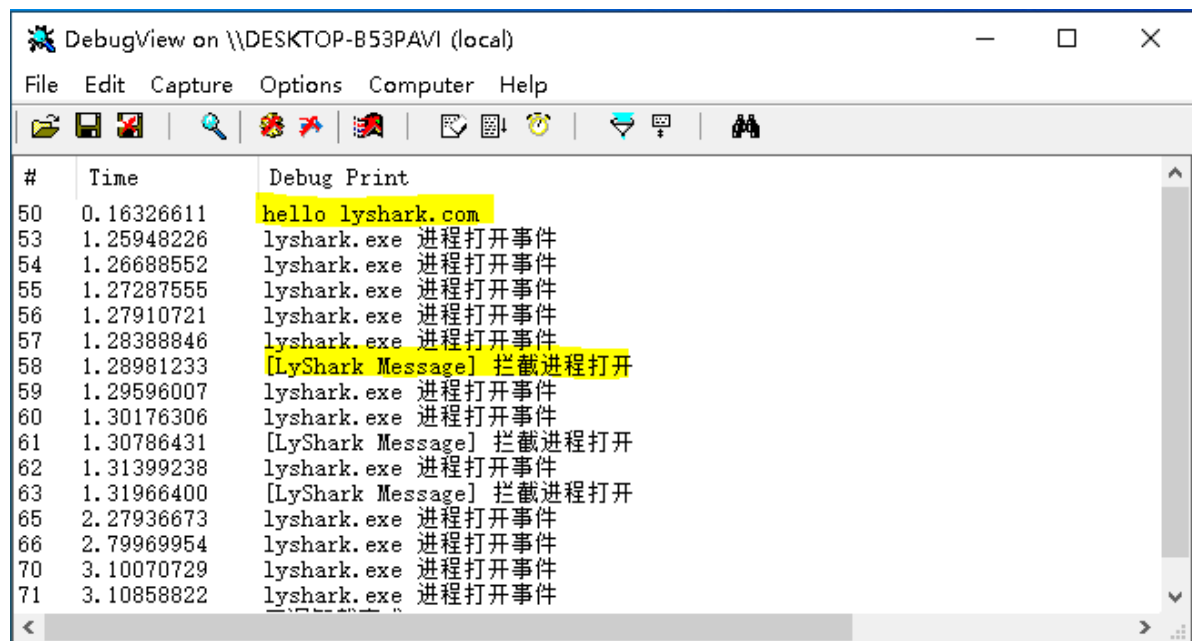
    RtlUnicodeStringInit(&op_process_operation.Altitude, L"600000");
    op_process_operation.RegistrationContext = NULL;
    op_process_operation.Version = OB_FLT_REGISTRATION_VERSION;
    op_process_operation.OperationRegistration = &ob_process_callback;
    op_process_operation.OperationRegistrationCount = 1;

    // 注册进程回调
    if (ObRegisterCallbacks(&op_process_operation, &Globe_Object_Handle))
    {
        DbgPrint("进程回调注册成功...");
    }

    Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

```

加载这个驱动，当有进程被创建时，则首先判断是否是 `lyshark.exe` 如果是则直接禁止打开，也就是终止掉。



同理进程可以被拦截，那么如果增加更多的过滤条件，则线程同样可以被拦截，拦截线程代码如下所示。

```

// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntddk.h>
#include <ntstrsafe.h>

#define THREAD_TERMINATE2 0x1

// 导出两个API

```

```

NTKERNELAPI PEPROCESS IoThreadToProcess(PETHREAD Thread);
NTKERNELAPI char* PsGetProcessImageFileName(PEPROCESS Process);

// 全局句柄
PVOID Gbgle_Object_Handle = NULL;

// 绕过签名检测
void BypassCheckSign(PDRIVER_OBJECT pDriverObj)
{
    typedef struct _LDR_DATA
    {
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks;
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks;
        struct _LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks;
        VOID* DllBase;
        VOID* EntryPoint;
        ULONG32 SizeOfImage;
        UINT8 _PADDING0_[0x4];
        struct _UNICODE_STRING FullDllName;
        struct _UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
        ULONG32 Flags;
    } LDR_DATA, *PLDR_DATA;

    PLDR_DATA ldr;
    ldr = (PLDR_DATA)(pDriverObj->DriverSection);
    ldr->Flags |= 0x20;
}

// 判断是否是受保护的进程
BOOLEAN CheckProcess(PEPROCESS eprocess)
{
    char *Name = PsGetProcessImageFileName(eprocess);
    if (!_stricmp("lyshark.exe", Name))
        return TRUE;
    else
        return FALSE;
}

// 线程回调
OB_PREOP_CALLBACK_STATUS MyThreadObjectCallback(PVOID RegistrationContext,
POB_PRE_OPERATION_INFORMATION poperationInformation)
{
    PEPROCESS ep;
    PETHREAD et;
    HANDLE pid;

    // 线程过滤
    if (poperationInformation->ObjectType != *PsThreadType)
    {
        return OB_PREOP_SUCCESS;
    }

    et = (PETHREAD)poperationInformation->Object;
    ep = IoThreadToProcess(et);
    pid = PsGetProcessId(ep);

```

```

// DbgPrint("线程PID= %ld | TID= %ld \n", pid, PsGetThreadId(et));
UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(RegistrationContext);

if (CheckProcess(ep))
{
    if (pOperationInformation->Operation == OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE)
    {
        pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess=0;
        if ((pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess & THREAD_TERMINATE2) ==
            THREAD_TERMINATE2)
        {
            DbgPrint("[Lyshark] 拦截lyshark.exe进程内 %d 线程创建 \n",
                PsGetThreadId(et));
            pOperationInformation->Parameters->CreateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess &= ~THREAD_TERMINATE2;
        }
    }
    if (pOperationInformation->Operation == OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_DUPLICATE)
    {
        pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess=0;
        if ((pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.OriginalDesiredAccess & THREAD_TERMINATE2) ==
            THREAD_TERMINATE2)
        {
            pOperationInformation->Parameters->DuplicateHandleInformation.DesiredAccess &= ~THREAD_TERMINATE2;
        }
    }
}
return OB_PREOP_SUCCESS;
}

VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    ObUnRegisterCallbacks(GloblObject_Handle);
    DbgPrint("回调卸载完成... \n");
}

NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    BypassCheckSign(Driver);

    OB_OPERATION_REGISTRATION ob_thread_callback;
    OB_CALLBACK_REGISTRATION op_thread_operation;

    memset(&ob_thread_callback, 0, sizeof(ob_thread_callback));
    ob_thread_callback.ObjectType = PsThreadType;
    ob_thread_callback.Operations = OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_CREATE |
        OB_OPERATION_HANDLE_DUPLICATE;

```



```

ob_thread_callback.PreOperation = MyThreadObjectCallBack;
ob_thread_callback.PostOperation = NULL;

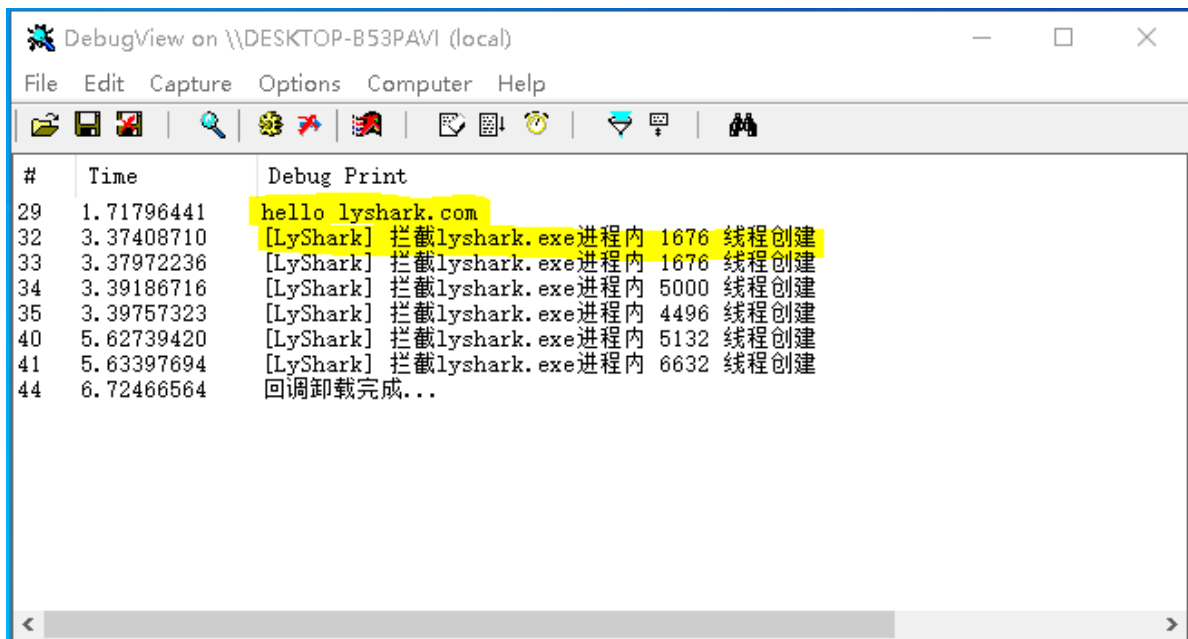
RtlUnicodeStringInit(&op_thread_operation.Altitude, L"600001");
op_thread_operation.RegistrationContext = NULL;
op_thread_operation.Version = OBFLT_REGISTRATION_VERSION;
op_thread_operation.OperationRegistration = &ob_thread_callback;
op_thread_operation.OperationRegistrationCount = 1;

// 注册进程回调
if (ObRegisterCallbacks(&op_thread_operation, &Globle_Object_Handle))
{
    DbgPrint("进程回调注册成功...");
}

Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

```

这段驱动加载后，如果有新线程被创建，则会被拦截并打印输出，效果图如下。



## 参考文献

<https://www.cnblogs.com/ciyze0101/p/5468175.html>

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