本章将探索内核级DLL模块注入实现原理,DLL模块注入在应用层中通常会使用 CreateRemoteThread 直接开启远程线程执行即可,驱动级别的注入有多种实现原理,而其中最简单的一种实现方式则是通过劫持EIP的方式实现,其实现原理可总结为,挂起目标进程,停止目标进程EIP的变换,在目标进程开启空间,并把相关的指令机器码和数据拷贝到里面去,然后直接修改目标进程EIP使其强行跳转到我们拷贝进去的相关机器码位置,执行相关代码后,然后再次跳转回来执行原始指令集。

在内核模式中实现这一过程大体可分为如下步骤;

- 1.通过 PSLookupProcessByProcessId 将进程 PID 转为 EProcess 结构
- 2. 通过 KeStackAttachProcess 附加到目标进程
- 3.通过 GetUserModule 得到当前进程中 Ntdll.dll 模块的基址
- 4.通过 GetModuleExport 得到 Ntdll.dll 模块内 LdrLoadDll 函数基址
- 5.通过 ZwGetNextThread 得到当前线程句柄
- 6.通过 PsSuspendThread 暂停当前线程运行
- 7.此时通过 GetWow64Code 生成特定的加载代码,并放入 ZwAllocateVirtualMemory 生成的内存中
- 8.修改当前EIP的值指向 newAddress 内存地址
- 7.通过 PSResumeThread 恢复线程执行,让其执行我们的 ShellCode 代码
- 8.最后调用 KeUnstackDetachProcess 脱离目标进程,并释放句柄

首先需要定义一个标准头文件,并将其命名为 Tyshark.h 其定义部分如下所示,此部分内容摘录于微软官方文档,如果需要了解结构体内的含义,请去自行查阅微软官方文档;

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntifs.h>
#include <windef.h>
#include <intrin.h>
#include <ntimage.h>
#include <ntstrsafe.h>
// 线程结构体偏移值
#define MAXCOUNTS 0x200
#define INITIALSTACKOFFSET 0x28
#define wow64CONTEXTOFFSET 0x1488
#define wow64_SIZE_OF_80387_REGISTERS 80
#define wow64_MAXIMUM_SUPPORTED_EXTENSION 512
// 导出函数
NTKERNELAPI PPEB NTAPI PSGetProcessPeb(IN PEPROCESS Process);
// 定义自定义函数指针
typedef PVOID(NTAPI* PPsGetThreadTeb)(IN PETHREAD Thread);
typedef PVOID(NTAPI* PPsGetProcessWow64Process)(_In_ PEPROCESS Process);
typedef NTSTATUS(NTAPI* PPsResumeThread)(PETHREAD Thread, OUT PULONG
PreviousCount);
typedef NTSTATUS(NTAPI* PPsSuspendThread)(IN PETHREAD Thread, OUT PULONG
PreviousSuspendCount OPTIONAL);
```

```
typedef NTSTATUS(NTAPI* PZwGetNextThread)(_In_ HANDLE ProcessHandle, _In_ HANDLE
ThreadHandle, _In_ ACCESS_MASK DesiredAccess, _In_ ULONG HandleAttributes, _In_
ULONG Flags, _Out_ PHANDLE NewThreadHandle);
// 存放全局函数指针的变量
PPsGetThreadTeb g_PsGetThreadTeb = NULL;
PPsResumeThread g_PsResumeThread = NULL;
PPsSuspendThread g_PsSuspendThread = NULL;
PZwGetNextThread g_ZwGetNextThread = NULL;
PPsGetProcessWow64Process g_PsGetProcessWow64Process = NULL;
// 定义微软结构体
typedef struct _PEB_LDR_DATA32
    ULONG Length;
    UCHAR Initialized;
    ULONG SsHandle;
    LIST_ENTRY32 InLoadOrderModuleList;
    LIST_ENTRY32 InMemoryOrderModuleList;
    LIST_ENTRY32 InInitializationOrderModuleList;
} PEB_LDR_DATA32, *PPEB_LDR_DATA32;
typedef struct _PEB_LDR_DATA
{
    ULONG Length;
    UCHAR Initialized;
    PVOID SsHandle;
    LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderModuleList;
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderModuleList;
    LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderModuleList;
} PEB_LDR_DATA, *PPEB_LDR_DATA;
typedef struct _LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32
{
    LIST_ENTRY32 InLoadOrderLinks;
    LIST_ENTRY32 InMemoryOrderLinks;
    LIST_ENTRY32 InInitializationOrderLinks;
    ULONG DllBase;
    ULONG EntryPoint;
    ULONG SizeOfImage;
    UNICODE_STRING32 FullDllName;
    UNICODE_STRING32 BaseDllName;
    ULONG Flags;
    USHORT LoadCount;
    USHORT TlsIndex;
    LIST_ENTRY32 HashLinks;
    ULONG TimeDateStamp;
} LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32, *PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32;
typedef struct _LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY
{
    LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks;
    LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks;
    LIST_ENTRY InInitializationOrderLinks;
    PVOID DllBase;
    PVOID EntryPoint;
```

```
ULONG SizeOfImage;
    UNICODE_STRING FullDllName;
    UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
    ULONG Flags;
    USHORT LoadCount;
    USHORT TlsIndex;
    LIST_ENTRY HashLinks;
    ULONG TimeDateStamp;
} LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, *PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY;
typedef struct _PEB32
{
    UCHAR InheritedAddressSpace;
    UCHAR ReadImageFileExecOptions;
    UCHAR BeingDebugged;
    UCHAR BitField;
    ULONG Mutant;
    ULONG ImageBaseAddress;
    ULONG Ldr;
    ULONG ProcessParameters;
    ULONG SubSystemData;
    ULONG ProcessHeap;
    ULONG FastPebLock;
    ULONG AtlThunkSListPtr;
    ULONG IFEOKey;
    ULONG CrossProcessFlags;
    ULONG UserSharedInfoPtr;
    ULONG SystemReserved;
    ULONG AtlThunkSListPtr32;
    ULONG ApiSetMap;
} PEB32, *PPEB32;
typedef struct _PEB
{
    UCHAR InheritedAddressSpace;
    UCHAR ReadImageFileExecOptions;
    UCHAR BeingDebugged;
    UCHAR BitField;
    PVOID Mutant;
    PVOID ImageBaseAddress;
    PPEB_LDR_DATA Ldr;
    PVOID ProcessParameters;
    PVOID SubSystemData;
    PVOID ProcessHeap;
    PVOID FastPebLock;
    PVOID AtlThunkSListPtr;
    PVOID IFEOKey;
    PVOID CrossProcessFlags;
    PVOID KernelCallbackTable;
    ULONG SystemReserved;
    ULONG AtlThunkSListPtr32;
    PVOID ApiSetMap;
} PEB, *PPEB;
typedef struct _KLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY
```

```
LIST_ENTRY InLoadOrderLinks;
    PVOID ExceptionTable;
    ULONG ExceptionTableSize;
    PVOID GpValue;
    ULONG UnKnow;
    PVOID DllBase;
    PVOID EntryPoint;
    ULONG SizeOfImage;
    UNICODE_STRING FullDllName;
    UNICODE_STRING BaseDllName;
    ULONG Flags;
    USHORT LoadCount;
    USHORT ___Unused5;
    PVOID SectionPointer:
    ULONG CheckSum;
    PVOID LoadedImports;
    PVOID PatchInformation;
} KLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, *PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY;
typedef struct _WOW64_FLOATING_SAVE_AREA
{
    DWORD Controlword;
    DWORD StatusWord;
    DWORD Tagword;
    DWORD ErrorOffset;
    DWORD ErrorSelector;
    DWORD DataOffset;
    DWORD DataSelector:
    BYTE RegisterArea[WOW64_SIZE_OF_80387_REGISTERS];
    DWORD CrONpxState;
} WOW64_FLOATING_SAVE_AREA;
typedef struct _WOW64_CONTEXT
{
    DWORD padding;
    DWORD ContextFlags;
    DWORD Dr0;
    DWORD Dr1;
    DWORD Dr2;
    DWORD Dr3;
    DWORD Dr6;
    DWORD Dr7;
    WOW64_FLOATING_SAVE_AREA FloatSave;
    DWORD SegGs;
    DWORD SegFs;
    DWORD SegEs;
    DWORD SegDs;
    DWORD Edi;
    DWORD Esi;
    DWORD Ebx;
    DWORD Edx;
    DWORD Ecx;
    DWORD Eax;
    DWORD Ebp;
    DWORD Eip;
    DWORD SegCs;
```

```
DWORD EFlags;
    DWORD Esp;
    DWORD SegSs;
    BYTE ExtendedRegisters[WOW64_MAXIMUM_SUPPORTED_EXTENSION];
} WOW64_CONTEXT, *PWOW64_CONTEXT;
// 自定义注入结构体
typedef struct _INJECT_BUFFER
    UCHAR Code[0x200];
    UNICODE_STRING Path;
    UNICODE_STRING32 Path32;
    wchar_t Buffer[488];
    PVOID ModuleHandle:
    ULONG Complete;
    NTSTATUS Status;
    ULONG64 orgRipAddress;
    ULONG64 orgRip;
} INJECT_BUFFER, *PINJECT_BUFFER;
```

SearchOPcode 特征码定位基址: 在注入之前我们需要通过 SearchOPcode() 函数动态的寻找几个关键函数的基址,以 PsSuspendThread 函数的寻找为例,通过 winDBG 我们可以定位到该函数,该函数模块在 ntoskrn1.exe 中,且无法直接通过 MmGetSystemRoutineAddress 拿到,为了能通过代码拿到该函数的入口地址,我提取 fffff804204de668 到 fffff804204de670 位置处的特征码,由于fffff804204de668 距离 PsSuspendThread 函数开头只有 24 字节,所以直接通过 -24 即可得到。

通过调用 SearchoPcode() 并传入机器码即可直接拿到 PsSuspendThread 的入口地址,根据上述方式我们需要分别得到 PsSuspendThread , PsResumeThread 这几个函数的内存基址,这些函数的具体作用如下所示;

- PsSuspendThread() 用于暂停或者挂起线程
- PsResumeThread() 用于恢复线程

其次还需要通过 MmGetSystemRoutineAddress 函数动态的得到 ZwGetNextThread, PsGetThreadTeb, PsGetProcessWow64Process 这几个函数的基址,这些函数的具体作用如下所示;

- ZwGetNextThread() 用于获取下一个活动线程
- PsGetThreadTeb() 用于获取线程TEB结构
- PsGetProcessWow64Process() 判断当前进程是否为32位

完整代码如下所示,运行这段代码将定位到我们所需的所有内核函数的基址信息;

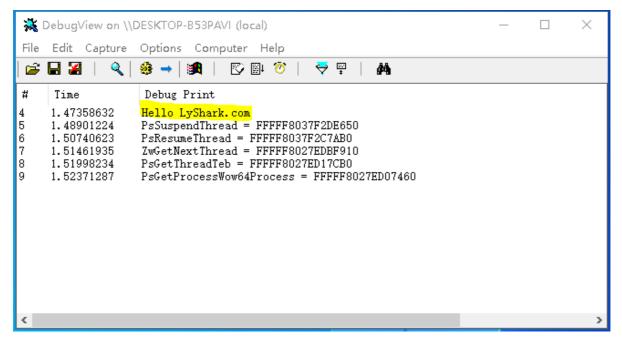
```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include "lyshark.h"
// 内核特征码定位函数封装
// 参数1: 传入驱动句柄
// 参数2: 传入驱动模块名
// 参数3: 传入节表名称
// 参数4: 传入待搜索机器码字节数组
// 参数5: 传入机器码长度
// 参数6: 基址修正字节数
PVOID SearchOPcode(PDRIVER_OBJECT pObj, PWCHAR DriverName, PCHAR sectionName,
PUCHAR opCode, DWORD len, DWORD offset)
{
   PVOID dllBase = NULL;
   UNICODE_STRING uniDriverName;
   PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY firstentry;
   // 获取驱动入口
   PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY entry = (PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)pObj->DriverSection;
   firstentry = entry;
   RtlInitUnicodeString(&uniDriverName, DriverName);
   // 开始遍历
   while ((PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)entry->InLoadOrderLinks.Flink != firstentry)
   {
       if (entry->FullDllName.Buffer != 0 && entry->BaseDllName.Buffer != 0)
           // 如果找到了所需模块则将其基地址返回
           if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&uniDriverName, &(entry->BaseDllName),
FALSE) == 0
           {
               dllBase = entry->DllBase;
               break;
           }
       }
       entry = (PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)entry->InLoadOrderLinks.Flink;
   }
   if (dllBase)
   {
       __try
       {
           // 载入模块基地址
           PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER ImageDosHeader = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)dllBase;
           if (ImageDosHeader->e_magic != IMAGE_DOS_SIGNATURE)
               return NULL;
           }
           // 得到模块NT头以及Section节头
```

```
PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64 pImageNtHeaders64 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64)
((PUCHAR)dllBase + ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
           PIMAGE_SECTION_HEADER pSectionHeader = (PIMAGE_SECTION_HEADER)
((PUCHAR)pImageNtHeaders64 + sizeof(pImageNtHeaders64->Signature) +
sizeof(pImageNtHeaders64->FileHeader) + pImageNtHeaders64-
>FileHeader.SizeOfOptionalHeader);
           PUCHAR endAddress = 0;
           PUCHAR starAddress = 0;
           // 寻找符合条件的节
           for (int i = 0; i < pImageNtHeaders64->FileHeader.NumberOfSections;
i++)
           {
               if (memcmp(sectionName, pSectionHeader->Name, strlen(sectionName)
+ 1) == 0
               {
                   starAddress = pSectionHeader->VirtualAddress +
(PUCHAR)dllBase;
                   endAddress = pSectionHeader->VirtualAddress + (PUCHAR)dllBase
+ pSectionHeader->SizeOfRawData;
                   break;
               }
               pSectionHeader++;
           }
           if (endAddress && starAddress)
               // 找到会开始寻找特征
               for (; starAddress < endAddress - len - 1; starAddress++)</pre>
               {
                   // 验证访问权限
                   if (MmIsAddressValid(starAddress))
                   {
                       DWORD i = 0;
                       for (; i < len; i++)
                           // 判断是否为通配符 '*'
                           if (opCode[i] == 0x2a)
                           {
                               continue;
                           }
                           // 找到了一个字节则跳出
                           if (opCode[i] != starAddress[i])
                               break;
                           }
                       }
                       // 找到次数完全匹配则返回地址
                       if (i == len)
                       {
                           return starAddress + offset;
```

```
}
        }
        __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER) {}
    }
    return NULL;
}
NTSTATUS UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("Hello LyShark.com \n");
    0: kd> uf PsSuspendThread
    nt!PsSuspendThread:
    fffff804`204de650 4889542410
                                              qword ptr [rsp+10h],rdx
                                      mov
    fffff804`204de655 48894c2408
                                      mov
                                              qword ptr [rsp+8],rcx
    fffff804<sup>204de65a</sup>53
                                              rbx
                                      push
    fffff804 204de65b 56
                                      push
                                              rsi
    fffff804`204de65c 57
                                      push
                                              rdi
    fffff804`204de65d 4156
                                      push
                                              r14
    fffff804`204de65f 4157
                                      push
                                             r15
    fffff804`204de661 4883ec30
                                      sub
                                              rsp,30h
    fffff804`204de665 4c8bf2
                                      mov
                                              r14, rdx
    fffff804`204de668 488bf9
                                              rdi, rcx
                                      mov
    fffff804`204de66b 8364242000
                                              dword ptr [rsp+20h],0
                                      and
    fffff804`204de670 65488b342588010000 mov
                                              rsi,qword ptr gs:[188h]
    fffff804`204de679 4889742470
                                              qword ptr [rsp+70h],rsi
                                      mov
    fffff804`204de67e 66ff8ee4010000
                                      dec
                                              word ptr [rsi+1E4h]
    fffff804`204de685 4c8db9c8060000 lea
                                              r15,[rcx+6C8h]
    fffff804`204de68c 4c897c2478
                                      mov
                                              qword ptr [rsp+78h],r15
    fffff804`204de691 498bcf
                                      mov
                                              rcx, r15
    fffff804`204de694 e8c7ff95ff
                                      call
                                              nt!ExAcquireRundownProtection
(fffff804\1fe3e660)
    fffff804`204de699 84c0
                                      test
                                              al,al
    fffff804`204de69b 0f84495a1100
                                              nt!PsSuspendThread+0x115a9a
                                      ie
(fffff804`205f40ea) Branch
    */
    UCHAR SuspendopCode[] = { 0x48, 0x8b, 0xf9, 0x83, 0x64, 0x24, 0x20, 0x00,
0x65, 0x48, 0x8b, 0x34, 0x25, 0x88, 0x01 };
    0: kd> uf PsResumeThread
    nt!PsResumeThread:
    fffff804`204c7ab0 48895c2408
                                      mov
                                              qword ptr [rsp+8],rbx
    fffff804`204c7ab5 4889742410
                                              qword ptr [rsp+10h],rsi
                                      mov
    fffff804 204c7aba 57
                                      push
                                              rdi
    fffff804`204c7abb 4883ec20
                                      sub
                                              rsp,20h
    fffff804`204c7abf 488bda
                                              rbx, rdx
                                      mov
    fffff804 204c7ac2 488bf9
                                              rdi, rcx
                                      mov
```

```
fffff804`204c7ac5 e8ee4fa5ff call nt!KeResumeThread
(fffff804`1ff1cab8)
    fffff804`204c7aca 65488b142588010000 mov rdx,qword ptr qs:[188h]
   fffff804`204c7ad3 8bf0
                                   mov
                                            esi,eax
   fffff804`204c7ad5 83f801
                                    cmp
                                             eax,1
   fffff804`204c7ad8 7521
                                     jne
                                             nt!PsResumeThread+0x4b
(fffff804`204c7afb) Branch
   */
   UCHAR ResumeOpCode[] = { 0x48, 0x8b, 0xf9, 0xe8, 0xee, 0x4f, 0xa5, 0xff,
0x65, 0x48, 0x8b, 0x14, 0x25, 0x88 };
   // 特征码检索PsSuspendThread函数基址
    g_PsSuspendThread = (PPsSuspendThread)SearchOPcode(Driver, L"ntoskrnl.exe",
"PAGE", SuspendOpCode, sizeof(SuspendOpCode), -24);
    DbgPrint("PsSuspendThread = %p \n", g_PsSuspendThread);
   // 特征码检索PsResumeThread基址
    g_PsResumeThread = (PPsResumeThread)SearchOPcode(Driver, L"ntoskrnl.exe",
"PAGE", ResumeOpCode, sizeof(ResumeOpCode), -18);
   DbgPrint("PsResumeThread = %p \n", g_PsResumeThread);
   // 动态获取内存中的ZwGetNextThread基址
    UNICODE_STRING ZwGetNextThreadString =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"ZwGetNextThread");
    g_ZwGetNextThread =
(PZwGetNextThread)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&ZwGetNextThreadString);
    DbgPrint("ZwGetNextThread = %p \n", g_ZwGetNextThread);
   // 动态获取内存中的PsGetThreadTeb基址
   UNICODE_STRING PSGetThreadTebString = RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"PSGetThreadTeb");
    q_PsGetThreadTeb =
(PPsGetThreadTeb)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&PsGetThreadTebString);
   DbgPrint("PsGetThreadTeb = %p \n", g_PsGetThreadTeb);
   // 动态获取内存中的PSGetProcessWow64Process基址
   UNICODE_STRING PsGetProcessWow64ProcessString =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"PsGetProcessWow64Process");
    q_PsGetProcessWow64Process =
(PPSGetProcessWow64Process)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&PsGetProcessWow64ProcessStr
ing);
   DbgPrint("PsGetProcessWow64Process = %p \n", g_PsGetProcessWow64Process);
   Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

编译并运行如上代码片段,则会输出我们所需函数的入口地址,输出效果图如下所示;



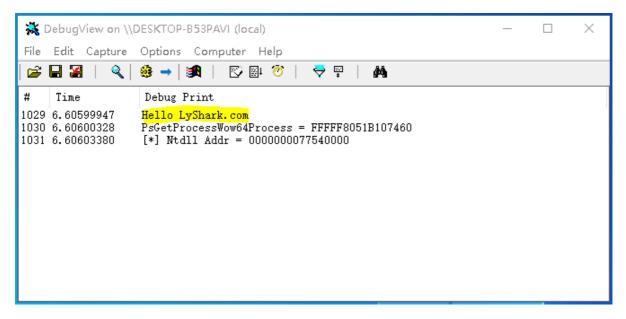
GetUserModule 获取模块基址: 此函数的功能是获取到当前内核下特定模块的基址,函数接收三个参数,在入口 DriverEntry 位置通过 KeStackAttachProcess 附加到进程空间内,如果是32位进程则通过 PsGetProcessWow64Process 得到进程的PEB结构,如果是64位则通过 PsGetProcessPeb 得到PEB进程环境块的目的是为了解析 PLIST_ENTRY32 链表,通过 Rt1CompareUnicodeString 对比模块是否符合要求,如果符合则在此链表中取出 LdrDataTableEntry32->Dl1Base 模块基址并返回给调用者,其完整代码片段如下所示;

- 1.通过 KeStackAttachProcess 附加到用户层进程空间内
- 2.通过各种函数获取到进程 PEB 进程环境块
- 3.遍历 PLIST_ENTRY32 链表,判断 ModuleName 是否所需
- 4.获取 LdrDataTableEntry32->DllBase 中的模块基址

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include "lyshark.h"
// 得到当前用户进程下的模块基址
// 参数1: 传入用户EProcess结构
// 参数2: 传入模块名
// 参数3: 是否32位
PVOID GetUserModule(IN PEPROCESS EProcess, IN PUNICODE_STRING ModuleName, IN
BOOLEAN ISWOW64)
   if (EProcess == NULL)
       return NULL;
   __try
   {
       // 执行32位
       if (IsWow64)
           // 获取32位下的PEB进程环境块
           PPEB32 Peb32 = (PPEB32)g_PsGetProcessWow64Process(EProcess);
```

```
if (Peb32 == NULL)
                return NULL;
           if (!Peb32->Ldr)
                return NULL;
           // 循环遍历链表 寻找模块
           for (PLIST_ENTRY32 ListEntry = (PLIST_ENTRY32)
((PPEB_LDR_DATA32)Peb32->Ldr)->InLoadOrderModuleList.Flink;
               ListEntry != &((PPEB_LDR_DATA32)Peb32->Ldr)-
>InLoadOrderModuleList;
               ListEntry = (PLIST_ENTRY32)ListEntry->Flink)
           {
               UNICODE_STRING UnicodeString;
               PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32 LdrDataTableEntry32 =
CONTAINING_RECORD(ListEntry, LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32, InLoadOrderLinks);
               // 初始化模块名
                RtlUnicodeStringInit(&UnicodeString, (PWCH)LdrDataTableEntry32-
>BaseDllName.Buffer);
               // 对比模块名是否符合
               if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&UnicodeString, ModuleName, TRUE) ==
0)
                   return (PVOID)LdrDataTableEntry32->DllBase;
           }
        }
       // 执行64位
       else
        {
           // 得到64位PEB进程环境块
           PPEB Peb = PsGetProcessPeb(EProcess);
           if (!Peb)
                return NULL;
           if (!Peb->Ldr)
                return NULL;
           // 开始遍历模块
           for (PLIST_ENTRY ListEntry = Peb->Ldr->InLoadOrderModuleList.Flink;
               ListEntry != &Peb->Ldr->InLoadOrderModuleList;
               ListEntry = ListEntry->Flink)
           {
               // 得到表头
                PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY LdrDataTableEntry =
CONTAINING_RECORD(Listentry, LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, InLoadOrderLinks);
               // 判断是否是所需要的模块
               if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&LdrDataTableEntry->BaseDllName,
ModuleName, TRUE) == 0)
                   return LdrDataTableEntry->DllBase;
           }
       }
    __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER){}
```

```
return NULL;
}
NTSTATUS UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
    DbgPrint("Hello LyShark.com \n");
    // 动态获取内存中的PsGetProcessWow64Process基址
    UNICODE_STRING PsGetProcessWow64ProcessString =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"PsGetProcessWow64Process");
    g_PsGetProcessWow64Process =
(PPSGetProcessWow64Process)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&PsGetProcessWow64ProcessStr
ing);
    DbgPrint("PsGetProcessWow64Process = %p \n", g_PsGetProcessWow64Process);
    PEPROCESS pEprocess = NULL;
    DWORD pid = 6084;
    // 根据PID得到进程Eprocess结构
    if (NT_SUCCESS(PsLookupProcessByProcessId((HANDLE)pid, &pEprocess)))
    {
        // 初始化结构
        UNICODE_STRING ntdllstring = RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"Ntdll.dll");
        KAPC\_STATE \ kApc = \{ 0 \};
        // 附加到进程内
        KeStackAttachProcess(pEprocess, &kApc);
        // 获取NTDLL的模块基地址
        PVOID ntdll_address = GetUserModule(pEprocess, &ntdllString, TRUE);
        if (ntdll_address != NULL)
            DbgPrint("[*] Ntdll Addr = %p \n", ntdll_address);
        }
        // 取消附加
        KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
        // 递减计数
        ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
    }
    Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```



GetModuleExport 取导出表函数基址: 此函数的功能是获取到当前内核下特定模块中的特定函数(内存中)基址,函数接收两个参数,在入口 DriverEntry 位置通过 KeStackAttachProcess 附加到进程空间内,通过解析 IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT 导出表取出导出函数名,此处需要注意如果函数名指针小于等于 0xFFFF 则说明是序号导出,如果大于 0xFFFF 则说明是名字导出,判断名字是否一致,如果一致则返回当前内存的 ModuleBase 模块基址加上 pAddressOfFuncs [OrdIndex] 相对偏移,从而获取到内存中的绝对地址,完整代码片段如下所示;

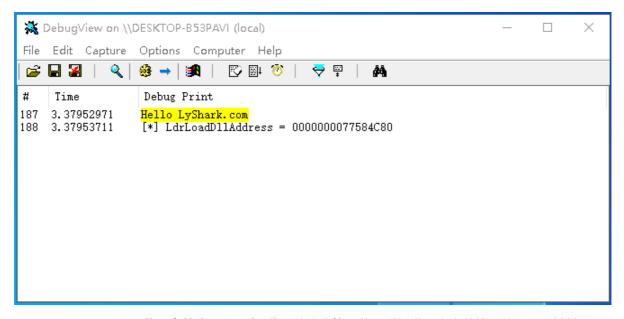
```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include "lyshark.h"
// 根据函数名得到导出表地址
// 参数1: 传入模块入口地址
// 参数2: 传入导出函数名
PVOID GetModuleExport(IN PVOID ModuleBase, IN PCCHAR FunctionName)
    PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER ImageDosHeader = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)ModuleBase;
    PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS32 ImageNtHeaders32 = NULL;
    PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64 ImageNtHeaders64 = NULL;
    PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY ImageExportDirectory = NULL;
    ULONG ExportDirectorySize = 0;
   ULONG_PTR FunctionAddress = 0;
   if (ModuleBase == NULL)
        return NULL;
    __try
    {
       // 判断是否是DOS头
       if (ImageDosHeader->e_magic != IMAGE_DOS_SIGNATURE)
        {
           return NULL;
       }
       // 获取PE结构节NT头
```

```
ImageNtHeaders32 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS32)((PUCHAR)ModuleBase +
ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
        ImageNtHeaders64 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64)((PUCHAR)ModuleBase +
ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
       // 判断是否是64位
        if (ImageNtHeaders64->OptionalHeader.Magic ==
IMAGE_NT_OPTIONAL_HDR64_MAGIC)
       {
           // 如果是64位则执行如下
           ImageExportDirectory = (PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY)(ImageNtHeaders64-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].VirtualAddress +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
           ExportDirectorySize = ImageNtHeaders64-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].Size;
       }
       else
        {
           // 如果32位则执行如下
           ImageExportDirectory = (PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY)(ImageNtHeaders32-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].VirtualAddress +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
           ExportDirectorySize = ImageNtHeaders32-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].Size;
        // 取出导出表Index, 名字, 函地址等
        PUSHORT pAddressOfords = (PUSHORT)(ImageExportDirectory-
>AddressOfNameOrdinals + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
        PULONG pAddressOfNames = (PULONG)(ImageExportDirectory->AddressOfNames +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
        PULONG pAddressOfFuncs = (PULONG)(ImageExportDirectory-
>AddressOfFunctions + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
        // 循环导出表
        for (ULONG i = 0; i < ImageExportDirectory->NumberOfFunctions; ++i)
           USHORT OrdIndex = 0xFFFF;
           PCHAR pName = NULL;
           // 说明是序号导出
           if ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName <= 0xFFFF)</pre>
               // 得到函数序号
               OrdIndex = (USHORT)i;
           // 说明是名字导出
           else if ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName > 0xFFFF && i <
ImageExportDirectory->NumberOfNames)
           {
               // 得到函数名
               pName = (PCHAR)(pAddressOfNames[i] + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
               OrdIndex = pAddressOfOrds[i];
           }
           else
```

```
return NULL;
           // 判断函数名是否符合
           if (((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName <= 0xFFFF && (USHORT)
((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName) == OrdIndex + ImageExportDirectory->Base) ||
                ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName > 0xFFFF && strcmp(pName, FunctionName)
== 0))
           {
               // 得到完整地址
               FunctionAddress = pAddressOfFuncs[OrdIndex] +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase;
               break;
           }
       }
   }
    __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER){}
   return (PVOID)FunctionAddress;
}
NTSTATUS UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
   DbgPrint("Hello LyShark.com \n");
    PEPROCESS pEprocess = NULL;
    DWORD pid = 6084;
   // 根据PID得到进程Eprocess结构
   if (NT_SUCCESS(PsLookupProcessByProcessId((HANDLE)pid, &pEprocess)))
    {
       KAPC\_STATE \ kApc = \{ 0 \};
       // ntdll.dll模块基址
        PVOID ntdll_address = (PVOID)0x0000000077540000;
       // 附加到进程内
       KeStackAttachProcess(pEprocess, &kApc);
       // 取模块中LdrLoadDll函数基址
        PVOID LdrLoadDllAddress = GetModuleExport(ntdll_address, "LdrLoadDll");
       DbgPrint("[*] LdrLoadDllAddress = %p \n", LdrLoadDllAddress);
       // 取消附加
       KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
       // 递减计数
       ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
   }
   Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
```

```
return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

编译并运行如上代码片段,即可获取到进程 6084 号,ntd11.d11 模块中 LdrLoadD11 的内存地址,其输出效果图如下所示;



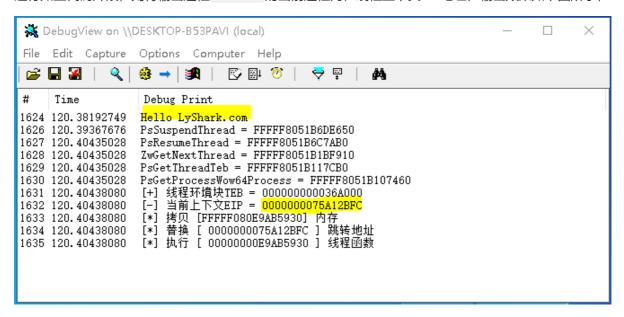
GetCurrentContext 获取当前线程上下文: 此函数的功能是获取附加进程内当前线程的上下文地址,函数接收一个参数,内部通过 PsLookupProcessByProcessId 得到进程 EProcess 结构体,通过 KeStackAttachProcess 附加到进程内,调用 g_ZwGetNextThread 获取当当前线程上下文,函数 ObReferenceObjectByHandle 用于将 Handle 转换为线程对象,之后再通过 g_PsSuspendThread 暂停线程后,即可通过各类函数获取到该线程的绝大部分信息,最终在调用结束时记得调用 g_PsResumeThread 恢复线程的运行,并 KeUnstackDetachProcess 脱离附加,解析上下文环境完整代码如下所示;

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include "lyshark.h"
// ShellCode 注入线程函数
NTSTATUS GetCurrentContext(ULONG pid, PVOID* allcateAddress)
    PEPROCESS pEprocess = NULL;
   // 根据PID得到进程Eprocess结构
   if (NT_SUCCESS(PsLookupProcessByProcessId((HANDLE)pid, &pEprocess)))
    {
       KAPC\_STATE\ kApc = \{ 0 \};
       // 附加到进程内
       KeStackAttachProcess(pEprocess, &kApc);
       HANDLE threadHandle = NULL;
       // 得到当前正在运行的线程上下文
```

```
if (NT_SUCCESS(g_ZwGetNextThread((HANDLE)-1, (HANDLE)0, 0x1fffff, 0x240,
0, &threadHandle)))
       {
           PVOID threadObj = NULL;
           // 在对象句柄上提供访问验证,如果可以授予访问权限,则返回指向对象的正文的相应指针。
           NTSTATUS state = ObReferenceObjectByHandle(threadHandle, 0x1FFFFF,
*PsThreadType, KernelMode, &threadObj, NULL);
           if (NT_SUCCESS(state))
           {
               // 暂停线程
               g_PsSuspendThread(threadObj, NULL);
               __try
               {
                   // 得到TEB
                   PVOID pTeb = g_PsGetThreadTeb(threadObj);
                   if (pTeb)
                   {
                       DbgPrint("[+] 线程环境块TEB = %p \n", pTeb);
                       // 得到当前线程上下文
                       /* WOW64CONTEXTOFFSET = Tlsslots + 8
                           0: kd> dt _TEB
                           nt!_TEB
                           + 0x000 NtTib
                                                   : _NT_TIB
                           + 0x1258 StaticUnicodeString : _UNICODE_STRING
                           + 0x1268 StaticUnicodeBuffer : [261] Wchar
                           + 0x1472 Padding3 : [6] UChar
                           + 0x1478 DeallocationStack: Ptr64 Void
                           + 0x1480 TlsSlots : [64] Ptr64 Void
                           + 0x1680 TlsLinks : _LIST_ENTRY
                           + 0x1690 Vdm : Ptr64 Void
                           + 0x1698 ReservedForNtRpc : Ptr64 Void
                           + 0x16a0 DbgSsReserved : [2] Ptr64 Void
                       */
                       PWOW64_CONTEXT pCurrentContext = (PWOW64_CONTEXT)(*
(ULONG64*)((ULONG64)pTeb + WOW64CONTEXTOFFSET));
                       DbgPrint("[-] 当前上下文EIP = %p \n", pCurrentContext-
>Eip);
                       // 检查上下文是否可读
                       ProbeForRead((PVOID)pCurrentContext,
sizeof(pCurrentContext), sizeof(CHAR));
                       UCHAR Code[] = {
                           0xb8, 0x0, 0x0, 0x0, 0x0,
                                                       // mov eax, orgEip
                           0x58.
                                                          // pop eax
                           0xc3
                                                          // ret
                       };
                       // 将ShellCode拷贝到InjectBuffer中等待处理
                       RtlCopyMemory(allcateAddress, Code, sizeof(Code));
                       DbgPrint("[*] 拷贝 [%p] 内存 \n", allcateAddress);;
```

```
// 修改代码模板,将指定位置替换为我们自己的代码
                       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)allcateAddress + 1) = pCurrentContext-
>Eip;
                       DbgPrint("[*] 替换 [ %p ] 跳转地址 \n", pCurrentContext-
>Eip);
                       // 执行线程
                       pCurrentContext->Eip = (ULONG)(ULONG64)(allcateAddress);
                       DbgPrint("[*] 执行 [ %p ] 线程函数 \n", pCurrentContext-
>Eip);
                   }
               }
               __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER) {}
               // 恢复线程
               g_PsResumeThread(threadObj, NULL);
               ObDereferenceObject(threadObj);
           NtClose(threadHandle);
       }
       // 关闭线程
       KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
       ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
   }
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
   UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(driver);
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
   DbgPrint("Hello LyShark.com \n");
   UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(RegistryPath);
   // 初始化基址
   InitAddress(Driver);
   ULONG ProcessID = 4904;
   PVOID AllcateAddress = NULL;
   DWORD create_size = 1024;
   // 申请堆 《内核远程堆分配与销毁》核心代码
   NTSTATUS Status = AllocMemory(ProcessID, create_size, &AllcateAddress);
   // 执行ShellCode线程注入
   Status = GetCurrentContext(ProcessID, &AllcateAddress);
   Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
```

运行如上代码片段,则将输出进程 ID=4904 的当前进程内,线程上下文RIP地址,输出效果如下图所示;



KernelInjectDLL 驱动注入:如上代码中我们已经找到了驱动注入时所需用到的关键函数,那么实现代码就变得很容易了,驱动注入的实现方式有很多种,不论哪一种其实现的难度并不在于代码本身,而在于某些结构如何正确的被找到,一旦结构被找到原理方面的代码可以说非常容易获取到,如下这段完整代码则是驱动注入的一个简化版,如果你觉得不方便完全可以自行添加IOCTL控制器让其更易于使用,此处为了节约篇幅不在增加冗余代码,代码已做具体分析和备注。

此注入驱动核心实现代码如下所示,其中 Searchopcode 用于在内核模块中寻找符合条件的内存地址,GetNativeCode 则用于生成一段可被调用的 ShellCode 代码,此代码执行的目的就是将DLL动态装载到对端内存中,SetThreadStartAddress 则用于填充执行线程结构信息,GetUserModule 用户获取进程内特定模块的基址,GetModuleExport 用于在模块内寻找特定函数的基址,KernelInjectDLL则是最终注入函数,其首先将线程暂停,并注入生成的 ShellCode ,然后恢复线程让 ShellCode 跑起来,当ShellCode 跑起来后将会自动的将特定目录下的DLL拉起来,以此来实现动态加载的目的。

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include "lyshark.h"
// 内核特征码定位函数封装
PVOID SearchOPcode(PDRIVER_OBJECT pObj, PWCHAR DriverName, PCHAR sectionName,
PUCHAR opCode, int len, int offset)
    PVOID dllBase = NULL;
    UNICODE_STRING uniDriverName;
    PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY firstentry;
    // 获取驱动入口
    PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY entry = (PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)pObj->DriverSection;
    firstentry = entry;
    RtlInitUnicodeString(&uniDriverName, DriverName);
   // 开始遍历
```

```
while ((PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)entry->InLoadOrderLinks.Flink != firstentry)
    {
        // 如果找到了所需模块则将其基地址返回
       if (entry->FullDllName.Buffer != 0 && entry->BaseDllName.Buffer != 0)
           if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&uniDriverName, &(entry->BaseDllName),
FALSE) == 0
           {
               dllBase = entry->DllBase;
               break;
           }
       }
       entry = (PKLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY)entry->InLoadOrderLinks.Flink;
   }
   if (dllBase)
        __try
       {
           // 载入模块基地址
           PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER ImageDosHeader = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)dllBase;
           if (ImageDosHeader->e_magic != IMAGE_DOS_SIGNATURE)
           {
               return NULL;
           }
           // 得到模块NT头
           PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64 pImageNtHeaders64 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64)
((PUCHAR)dllBase + ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
           // 获取节表头
           PIMAGE_SECTION_HEADER pSectionHeader = (PIMAGE_SECTION_HEADER)
((PUCHAR)pImageNtHeaders64 + sizeof(pImageNtHeaders64->Signature) +
sizeof(pImageNtHeaders64->FileHeader) + pImageNtHeaders64-
>FileHeader.SizeOfOptionalHeader);
           PUCHAR endAddress = 0;
           PUCHAR starAddress = 0;
           // 寻找符合条件的节
           for (int i = 0; i < pImageNtHeaders64->FileHeader.NumberOfSections;
i++)
           {
               // 寻找符合条件的表名
               if (memcmp(sectionName, pSectionHeader->Name, strlen(sectionName)
+ 1) == 0
               {
                   // 取出开始和结束地址
                   starAddress = pSectionHeader->VirtualAddress +
(PUCHAR)dllBase;
                   endAddress = pSectionHeader->VirtualAddress + (PUCHAR)dllBase
+ pSectionHeader->SizeOfRawData;
                   break;
               }
               // 遍历下一个节
               pSectionHeader++;
           }
```

```
if (endAddress && starAddress)
            {
                // 找到会开始寻找特征
               for (; starAddress < endAddress - len - 1; starAddress++)</pre>
                    // 验证访问权限
                    if (MmIsAddressValid(starAddress))
                    {
                        int i = 0;
                        for (; i < len; i++)
                            // 判断是否为通配符'*'
                            if (opCode[i] == 0x2a)
                                continue;
                            // 找到了一个字节则跳出
                            if (opCode[i] != starAddress[i])
                               break;
                        // 找到次数完全匹配则返回地址
                        if (i == len)
                            return starAddress + offset;
                        }
                   }
               }
           }
       }
       __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER) {}
   }
   return NULL;
}
// 生成64位注入代码
PINJECT_BUFFER GetNativeCode(PVOID LdrLoadDll, PUNICODE_STRING DllFullPath,
ULONGLONG orgEip)
{
   SIZE_T Size = PAGE_SIZE;
   PINJECT_BUFFER InjectBuffer = NULL;
   UCHAR Code[] = {
       0x41, 0x57,
                                                // push r15
       0x41, 0x56,
                                                // push r14
       0x41, 0x55,
                                                // push r13
       0x41, 0x54,
                                                // push r12
       0x41, 0x53,
                                                // push r11
       0x41, 0x52,
                                                // push r10
       0x41, 0x51,
                                                // push r9
       0x41, 0x50,
                                                // push r8
       0x50,
                                                // push rax
       0x51,
                                                // push rcx
       0x53,
                                                // push rbx
       0x52.
                                                // push rdx
       0x55,
                                                // push rbp
       0x54,
                                                // push rsp
                                                // push rsi
       0x56,
```

```
0x57,
                                                // push rdi
       0x66, 0x9C,
                                                // pushf
       0x48, 0x83, 0xEC, 0x26,
                                                // sub rsp, 0x28
       0x48, 0x31, 0xC9,
                                               // xor rcx, rcx
                                               // xor rdx, rdx
       0x48, 0x31, 0xD2,
       0x49, 0xB8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov r8, ModuleFileName
offset +38
       0x49, 0xB9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov r9, ModuleHandle
offset +48
       0x48, 0xB8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov rax, LdrLoadDll
offset +58
       0xFF, 0xD0,
                                                // call rax
       0x48, 0xBA, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                                // mov rdx, COMPLETE_OFFSET
       0xC7, 0x02, 0x7E, 0x1E, 0x37, 0xC0,
                                               // mov [rdx], CALL_COMPLETE
       0x48, 0xBA, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov rdx, STATUS_OFFSET
offset +86
       0x89, 0x02,
                                                // mov [rdx], eax
       0x48, 0x83, 0xC4, 0x26,
                                                // add rsp, 0x28
       0x66, 0x9D,
                                                // popf
       0x5F.
                                                // pop rdi
       0x5E,
                                                // pop rsi
       0x5C,
                                                // pop rsp
       0x5D.
                                                // pop rbp
       0x5A.
                                                // pop rdx
                                                // pop rbx
       0x5B,
       0x59.
                                                // pop rcx
       0x58.
                                                // pop rax
       0x41, 0x58,
                                                // pop r8
       0x41, 0x59,
                                                // pop r9
       0x41, 0x5A,
                                                // pop r10
       0x41, 0x5B,
                                                // pop r11
       0x41, 0x5C,
                                                // pop r12
       0x41, 0x5D,
                                                // pop r13
       0x41, 0x5E,
                                                // pop r14
       0x41, 0x5F,
                                                // pop r15
       0x50.
                                                // push rax
       0x50,
                                                // push rax
       0x48, 0xB8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                              // mov rax, orgEip offset +130
       0x48, 0x89, 0x44, 0x24, 0x08,
                                               // mov [rsp+8],rax
       0x58,
                                                // pop rax
       0xc3
                                                // ret
   };
    // 在当前进程内分配内存空间
   if (NT_SUCCESS(ZwAllocateVirtualMemory(ZwCurrentProcess(), &InjectBuffer, 0,
&Size, MEM_COMMIT, PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE)))
   {
        // 初始化路径变量与长度参数
        PUNICODE_STRING UserPath = &InjectBuffer->Path;
       UserPath->Length = DllFullPath->Length;
       UserPath->MaximumLength = DllFullPath->MaximumLength;
       UserPath->Buffer = InjectBuffer->Buffer;
       RtlUnicodeStringCopy(UserPath, DllFullPath);
```

```
// 将ShellCode拷贝到InjectBuffer中等待处理
        memcpy(InjectBuffer, Code, sizeof(Code));
       // 修改代码模板,将指定位置替换为我们自己的代码
        *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 38) = (ULONGLONG)UserPath;
        *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 48) = (ULONGLONG)& InjectBuffer-
>ModuleHandle;
        *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 58) = (ULONGLONG)LdrLoadDll;
        *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 70) = (ULONGLONG)& InjectBuffer-
>Complete;
        *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 86) = (ULONGLONG)& InjectBuffer-
>Status;
       *(ULONGLONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 130) = orgEip;
       return InjectBuffer;
   }
   return NULL;
}
// 生成32位注入代码
PINJECT_BUFFER GetWow64Code(PVOID LdrLoadDll, PUNICODE_STRING DllFullPath, ULONG
orgEip)
{
   SIZE_T Size = PAGE_SIZE;
   PINJECT_BUFFER InjectBuffer = NULL;
   UCHAR Code[] = {
       0x60.
                                               // pushad
       0x9c.
                                               // pushfd
       0x68, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // push ModuleHandle
offset +3
       0x68, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // push ModuleFileName
offset +8
       0x6A, 0,
                                               // push Flags
       0x6A, 0,
                                               // push PathToFile
       0xE8, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // call LdrLoadDll
offset +17
       0xBA, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov edx, COMPLETE_OFFSET
offset +22
       0xC7, 0x02, 0x7E, 0x1E, 0x37, 0xC0,
                                              // mov [edx], CALL_COMPLETE
       0xBA, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               // mov edx, STATUS_OFFSET
offset +33
       0x89, 0x02,
                                               // mov [edx], eax
       0x9d,
                                               // popfd
       0x61,
                                               // popad
       0x50,
                                               // push eax
       0x50.
                                               // push eax
       0xb8, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                                              // mov eax, orgEip
                                              // mov [esp+4],eax
       0x89, 0x44, 0x24, 0x04,
       0x58,
                                               // pop eax
       0xc3
                                               // ret
   };
    /*
```

```
如下代码中通过定义Code并写入调用模块加载的汇编指令集,通过运用ZwAllocateVirtualMemory在
当前进程也就是附加到对端以后的进程内动态开辟了一块长度为Size的内存空间并赋予了
PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE读写执行属性,
   由于Code代码无法直接使用,则此处调用Rt1CopyMemory将指令拷贝到了InjectBuffer其目的是用于
后续的填充工作,最后通过*(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 3)的方式将需要使用的函数地址,
   模块信息等依次填充到汇编代码的指定位置,并返回InjectBuffer指针。
   // 在当前进程内分配内存空间
   if (NT_SUCCESS(ZwAllocateVirtualMemory(ZwCurrentProcess(), &InjectBuffer, 0,
&Size, MEM_COMMIT, PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE)))
   {
       // 初始化路径变量与长度参数
       PUNICODE_STRING32 pUserPath = &InjectBuffer->Path32;
       pUserPath->Length = DllFullPath->Length;
       pUserPath->MaximumLength = DllFullPath->MaximumLength;
       pUserPath->Buffer = (ULONG)(ULONG_PTR)InjectBuffer->Buffer;
       // 将ShellCode拷贝到InjectBuffer中等待处理
       memcpy((PVOID)pUserPath->Buffer, DllFullPath->Buffer, DllFullPath-
>Length);
       memcpy(InjectBuffer, Code, sizeof(Code));
       // 修改代码模板,将指定位置替换为我们自己的代码
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 3) = (ULONG)(ULONG_PTR)& InjectBuffer-
>ModuleHandle;
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 8) = (ULONG)(ULONG_PTR)pUserPath;
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 17) = (ULONG)((ULONG_PTR)LdrLoadD]] -
((ULONG_PTR)InjectBuffer + 17) - 5 + 1);
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 22) = (ULONG)(ULONG_PTR)& InjectBuffer-
>Complete;
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 33) = (ULONG)(ULONG_PTR)& InjectBuffer-
>Status;
       *(ULONG*)((PUCHAR)InjectBuffer + 44) = orgEip;
       return InjectBuffer;
   }
   return NULL;
}
// 设置线程执行地址
NTSTATUS SetThreadStartAddress(PETHREAD pEthread, BOOLEAN isWow64, PVOID
LdrLoadDll, PUNICODE_STRING DllFullPath, PINJECT_BUFFER *allcateAddress)
   __try
       // 判断是32位则执行
       if (isWow64)
           // 得到线程TEB
           PVOID pTeb = g_PsGetThreadTeb(pEthread);
           if (pTeb)
           {
              // 得到当前线程上下文
              PWOW64_CONTEXT pCurrentContext = (PWOW64_CONTEXT)(*(ULONG64*)
((ULONG64)pTeb + WOW64CONTEXTOFFSET));
```

```
// 检查上下文是否可读
               ProbeForRead((PVOID)pCurrentContext, sizeof(pCurrentContext),
sizeof(CHAR));
               // 生成注入代码
               PINJECT_BUFFER newAddress = GetWow64Code(LdrLoadDll, DllFullPath,
pCurrentContext->Eip);
               if (newAddress)
                   // 替换上下文地址到内存中
                   newAddress->orgRipAddress = (ULONG64)& (pCurrentContext-
>Eip);
                   newAddress->orgRip = pCurrentContext->Eip;
                   *allcateAddress = newAddress;
                   pCurrentContext->Eip = (ULONG)(ULONG64)(newAddress);
               }
               return STATUS_SUCCESS;
           }
       }
       // 执行64位代码
       else
       {
           // 验证地址是否可读取
           if (MmIsAddressValid((PVOID)* (ULONG64*)((ULONG64)pEthread +
INITIALSTACKOFFSET)))
           {
               // 当前TID
               PKTRAP_FRAME pCurrentTrap = (PKTRAP_FRAME)(*(ULONG64*)
((ULONG64)pEthread + INITIALSTACKOFFSET) - sizeof(KTRAP_FRAME));
               // 生成注入代码
               PINJECT_BUFFER newAddress = GetNativeCode(LdrLoadDll,
DllFullPath, pCurrentTrap->Rip);
               if (newAddress)
               {
                   // 替换当前RIP地址
                   newAddress->orgRipAddress = (ULONG64)& (pCurrentTrap->Rip);
                   newAddress->orgRip = pCurrentTrap->Rip;
                   *allcateAddress = newAddress;
                   pCurrentTrap->Rip = (ULONG64)newAddress;
               }
           return STATUS_SUCCESS;
       }
   __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER) {}
   return STATUS_UNSUCCESSFUL;
}
// 得到当前用户进程下的模块基址
PVOID GetUserModule(IN PEPROCESS EProcess, IN PUNICODE_STRING ModuleName, IN
BOOLEAN ISWow64)
{
   if (EProcess == NULL)
```

```
return NULL;
    __try
   {
       // 执行32位
       if (IsWow64)
       {
           // 获取32位下的PEB进程环境块
           PPEB32 Peb32 = (PPEB32)g_PsGetProcessWow64Process(EProcess);
           if (Peb32 == NULL)
               return NULL;
           if (!Peb32->Ldr)
               return NULL;
           // 循环遍历链表 寻找模块
           for (PLIST_ENTRY32 ListEntry = (PLIST_ENTRY32)
((PPEB_LDR_DATA32)Peb32->Ldr)->InLoadOrderModuleList.Flink;
               ListEntry != &((PPEB_LDR_DATA32)Peb32->Ldr)-
>InLoadOrderModuleList;
               ListEntry = (PLIST_ENTRY32)ListEntry->Flink)
           {
               UNICODE_STRING UnicodeString;
               PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32 LdrDataTableEntry32 =
CONTAINING_RECORD(ListEntry, LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY32, InLoadOrderLinks);
               // 初始化模块名
               RtlUnicodeStringInit(&UnicodeString, (PWCH)LdrDataTableEntry32-
>BaseDllName.Buffer);
               // 对比模块名是否符合
               if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&UnicodeString, ModuleName, TRUE) ==
0)
                   return (PVOID)LdrDataTableEntry32->DllBase;
           }
       // 执行64位
       else
        {
           // 得到64位PEB进程环境块
           PPEB Peb = PsGetProcessPeb(EProcess);
           if (!Peb)
               return NULL;
           if (!Peb->Ldr)
               return NULL;
           // 开始遍历模块
           for (PLIST_ENTRY ListEntry = Peb->Ldr->InLoadOrderModuleList.Flink;
               ListEntry != &Peb->Ldr->InLoadOrderModuleList;
               ListEntry = ListEntry->Flink)
           {
               // 得到表头
               PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY LdrDataTableEntry =
CONTAINING_RECORD(ListEntry, LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, InLoadOrderLinks);
               // 判断是否是所需要的模块
```

```
if (RtlCompareUnicodeString(&LdrDataTableEntry->BaseDllName,
ModuleName, TRUE) == 0)
                    return LdrDataTableEntry->DllBase;
           }
       }
   }
    __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER) {}
   return NULL;
}
// 根据函数名得到导出表地址
PVOID GetModuleExport(IN PVOID ModuleBase, IN PCCHAR FunctionName)
    PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER ImageDosHeader = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)ModuleBase;
    PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS32 ImageNtHeaders32 = NULL;
    PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64 ImageNtHeaders64 = NULL;
    PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY ImageExportDirectory = NULL;
    ULONG ExportDirectorySize = 0;
   ULONG_PTR FunctionAddress = 0;
   if (ModuleBase == NULL)
        return NULL;
    __try
    {
        // 判断是否是DOS头
       if (ImageDosHeader->e_magic != IMAGE_DOS_SIGNATURE)
        {
           return NULL;
       }
       // 获取PE结构节NT头
       ImageNtHeaders32 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS32)((PUCHAR)ModuleBase +
ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
       ImageNtHeaders64 = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS64)((PUCHAR)ModuleBase +
ImageDosHeader->e_lfanew);
        // 判断是否是64位
       if (ImageNtHeaders64->OptionalHeader.Magic ==
IMAGE_NT_OPTIONAL_HDR64_MAGIC)
       {
           // 如果是64位则执行如下
           ImageExportDirectory = (PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY)(ImageNtHeaders64-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].VirtualAddress +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
           ExportDirectorySize = ImageNtHeaders64-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].Size;
        }
       else
        {
           // 如果32位则执行如下
           ImageExportDirectory = (PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY)(ImageNtHeaders32-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].VirtualAddress +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
```

```
ExportDirectorySize = ImageNtHeaders32-
>OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[IMAGE_DIRECTORY_ENTRY_EXPORT].Size;
       // 取出导出表Index, 名字, 函地址等
        PUSHORT pAddressOfords = (PUSHORT)(ImageExportDirectory-
>AddressOfNameOrdinals + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
       PULONG pAddressOfNames = (PULONG)(ImageExportDirectory->AddressOfNames +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
        PULONG pAddressOfFuncs = (PULONG)(ImageExportDirectory-
>AddressOfFunctions + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
       // 循环导出表
       for (ULONG i = 0; i < ImageExportDirectory->NumberOfFunctions; ++i)
           USHORT OrdIndex = 0xFFFF;
           PCHAR pName = NULL;
           // 说明是序号导出
           if ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName <= 0xFFFF)</pre>
               // 得到函数序号
               OrdIndex = (USHORT)i;
           }
           // 说明是名字导出
           else if ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName > 0xFFFF && i <
ImageExportDirectory->NumberOfNames)
           {
               // 得到函数名
               pName = (PCHAR)(pAddressOfNames[i] + (ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase);
               OrdIndex = pAddressOfOrds[i];
           }
           else
               return NULL;
           // 判断函数名是否符合
           if (((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName <= 0xFFFF && (USHORT)
((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName) == OrdIndex + ImageExportDirectory->Base) ||
               ((ULONG_PTR)FunctionName > 0xFFFF && strcmp(pName, FunctionName)
== 0))
           {
               // 得到完整地址
               FunctionAddress = pAddressOfFuncs[OrdIndex] +
(ULONG_PTR)ModuleBase;
               break:
           }
       }
   }
    __except (EXCEPTION_EXECUTE_HANDLER){}
   return (PVOID)FunctionAddress;
}
// DLL模块注入线程函数
```

```
NTSTATUS KernelInjectDLL(ULONG pid, PUNICODE_STRING DllFullPath, PINJECT_BUFFER*
allcateAddress)
   PEPROCESS pEprocess = NULL;
   // 根据PID得到进程Eprocess结构
   if (NT_SUCCESS(PsLookupProcessByProcessId((HANDLE)pid, &pEprocess)))
       KAPC\_STATE \ kApc = \{ 0 \};
       // 附加到进程内
       KeStackAttachProcess(pEprocess, &kApc);
       // 得到Ntdll.dll模块基址
       UNICODE_STRING ntdllstring = RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"Ntdll.dll");
       PVOID NtdllAddress = GetUserModule(pEprocess, &ntdllString,
g_PsGetProcessWow64Process(pEprocess) != 0);
       if (!NtdllAddress)
           // 失败了则直接脱离附加
           KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
           ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
           return STATUS_UNSUCCESSFUL;
       }
       // 得到LdrLoadDLL模块的基址
       PVOID LdrLoadDll = GetModuleExport(NtdllAddress, "LdrLoadDll");
       if (!LdrLoadD]])
           KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
           ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
           return STATUS_UNSUCCESSFUL;
       }
       HANDLE threadHandle = NULL;
       // 得到当前正在运行的线程上下文
       if (NT_SUCCESS(g_ZwGetNextThread((HANDLE)-1, (HANDLE)0, 0x1FFFFF, 0x240,
0, &threadHandle)))
       {
           PVOID threadObj = NULL;
           // 在对象句柄上提供访问验证,如果可以授予访问权限,则返回指向对象的正文的相应指针。
           NTSTATUS state = ObReferenceObjectByHandle(threadHandle, 0x1FFFFF,
*PsThreadType, KernelMode, &threadObj, NULL);
           if (NT_SUCCESS(state))
               // 暂停线程
               g_PsSuspendThread(threadObj, NULL);
               // 设置线程ShellCode代码
               SetThreadStartAddress(threadObj,
g_PsGetProcessWow64Process(pEprocess) != 0, LdrLoadDll, DllFullPath,
allcateAddress);
               // 恢复线程
```

```
g_PsResumeThread(threadObj, NULL);
               ObDereferenceObject(threadObj);
           NtClose(threadHandle);
       }
       // 关闭线程
       KeUnstackDetachProcess(&kApc);
       ObDereferenceObject(pEprocess);
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
   UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(driver);
   return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
   DbgPrint("Hello LyShark.com \n");
   UNREFERENCED_PARAMETER(RegistryPath);
                          _____
   // -----
   // 初始化
   // -----
   UCHAR SuspendopCode[] = { 0x48, 0x8b, 0xf9, 0x83, 0x64, 0x24, 0x20, 0x00,
0x65, 0x48, 0x8b, 0x34, 0x25, 0x88, 0x01 };
   UCHAR ResumeOpCode[] = { 0x48, 0x8b, 0xf9, 0xe8, 0xee, 0x4f, 0xa5, 0xff,
0x65, 0x48, 0x8b, 0x14, 0x25, 0x88 };
   // 特征码检索PsSuspendThread函数基址
   g_PsSuspendThread = (PPsSuspendThread)SearchOPcode(Driver, L"ntoskrnl.exe",
"PAGE", SuspendOpCode, sizeof(SuspendOpCode), -24);
   DbgPrint("PsSuspendThread = %p \n", g_PsSuspendThread);
   // 特征码检索PsResumeThread基址
   g_PsResumeThread = (PPsResumeThread)SearchOPcode(Driver, L"ntoskrnl.exe",
"PAGE", ResumeOpCode, sizeof(ResumeOpCode), -18);
   DbgPrint("PsResumeThread = %p \n", g_PsResumeThread);
   // 动态获取内存中的ZwGetNextThread基址
   UNICODE_STRING ZwGetNextThreadString =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"ZwGetNextThread");
   g_ZwGetNextThread =
(PZwGetNextThread)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&ZwGetNextThreadString);
   DbgPrint("ZwGetNextThread = %p \n", g_ZwGetNextThread);
   // 动态获取内存中的PsGetThreadTeb基址
   UNICODE_STRING PSGetThreadTebString = RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"PSGetThreadTeb");
   g_PsGetThreadTeb =
(PPsGetThreadTeb)MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&PsGetThreadTebString);
   DbgPrint("PsGetThreadTeb = %p \n", g_PsGetThreadTeb);
```

```
// 动态获取内存中的PsGetProcessWow64Process基址
                UNICODE_STRING PsGetProcessWow64ProcessString =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"PsGetProcessWow64Process");
                g_PsGetProcessWow64Process =
(PPSGetProcessWow64Process) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \verb§\&PSGetProcessWow64ProcessStructure) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \verb§\&PSGetProcessWow64ProcessStructure) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \texttt§\&PSGetProcessWow64ProcessStructure) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \texttt§\&PSGetProcessStructureAddress) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \texttt§\&PSGetProcessStructureAddress) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \texttt§\&PSGetProcessStructureAddress) \texttt{MmGetSystemRoutineAddress} ( \texttt§\&PSGetProcessStructureAddressStructureAddressStructureAddressStruc
                DbgPrint("PsGetProcessWow64Process = %p \n", g_PsGetProcessWow64Process);
               // 注入代码
                ULONG ProcessID = 984;
                UNICODE_STRING InjectDllPath =
RTL_CONSTANT_STRING(L"C:\\Users\\lyshark\\Desktop\\hook.dll");
                PINJECT_BUFFER AllcateAddress = NULL;
                // 执行线程注入
                NTSTATUS Status = KernelInjectDLL(ProcessID, &InjectDllPath,
&AllcateAddress);
                if (Status == STATUS_SUCCESS)
                                DbgPrint("[*] 线程注入PID = %d | DLL = %wZ \n", ProcessID, InjectDllPath);
                }
                Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
                return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

首先你需要自行准备好一个DLL文件,此处我的是 hook.dll 将文件放入到桌面,然后设置 ProcessID 指定进程ID,设置 InjectDllPath 指定DLL路径,签名后将驱动加载起来,此时你会看到 windbg 中的输出,且应用层的进程也会弹出 hello lyshark 的消息,说明注入成功了,如下图所示;

