通常使用 windows 系统自带的 任务管理器 可以正常地 结束 掉一般 进程,而某些 特殊的 进程在应用层很难被结束掉,例如某些 系统核心进程 其权限是在 0环 内核态,但有时我们不得不想办法结束掉这些特殊的进程,当然某些正常进程在特殊状态下也会无法被正常结束,此时使用驱动前行在内核态将其结束掉就变得很有用了,驱动结束进程有多种方法。

- 1.标准方法就是使用 ZwOpenProcess 打开进程获得句柄,然后使用 ZwTerminateProcess 这个内核API实现结束进程,最后使用 ZwClose 关闭句柄。
- 2.第二种方法,通过动态定位的方式找到 PspTerminateThreadByPointer 这个内核函数地址,然后调用该函数结束掉进程中所有的线程,当线程为空则进程也就消亡了。
- 3.第三种方法,我将其称作是内存清零法,其核心原理是通过打开进程,得到进程的基址,通过内存填充的方式将对端内存全部置0实现类似于结束的效果。

首先是第一种方法结束进程,封装实现 Kill Process 函数,用户传入 lyshark.exe 进程名,进程内执行 PsGetProcessImageFileName 判断是否是我们要结束的如果是则,调用 ZwOpenProcess 打开进程,并发送 ZwTerminateProcess 终止信号从而正常结束,其核心代码如下所示。

```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntifs.h>
NTKERNELAPI UCHAR* PSGetProcessImageFileName(IN PEPROCESS Process);
// 根据进程ID返回进程EPROCESS结构体,失败返回NULL
PEPROCESS GetProcessNameByProcessId(HANDLE pid)
{
    PEPROCESS ProcessObj = NULL;
   NTSTATUS Status = STATUS_UNSUCCESSFUL;
   Status = PsLookupProcessByProcessId(pid, &ProcessObj);
   if (NT_SUCCESS(Status))
        return ProcessObj;
   return NULL;
}
// 根据ProcessName获取到进程的PID号
HANDLE GetPidByProcessName(char *ProcessName)
{
    PEPROCESS pCurrentEprocess = NULL;
   HANDLE pid = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 1000000000; i += 4)
        pCurrentEprocess = GetProcessNameByProcessId((HANDLE)i);
        if (pCurrentEprocess != NULL)
            pid = PsGetProcessId(pCurrentEprocess);
            if (strstr(PsGetProcessImageFileName(pCurrentEprocess), ProcessName)
!= NULL)
               ObDereferenceObject(pCurrentEprocess);
                return pid;
```

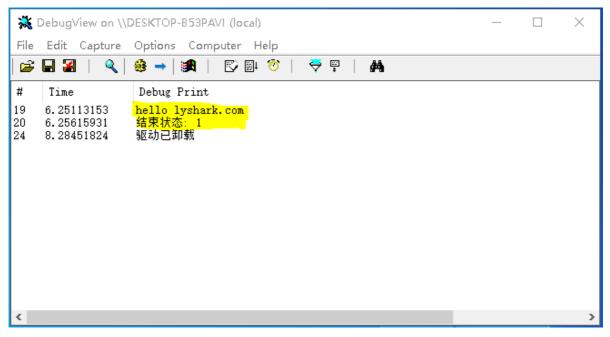
```
ObDereferenceObject(pCurrentEprocess);
       }
   }
   return (HANDLE)-1;
}
// 传入进程名称,终止掉该进程
BOOLEAN Killprocess(PCHAR ProcessName)
    PEPROCESS pCurrentEprocess = NULL;
   HANDLE pid = 0;
   HANDLE Handle = NULL;
   OBJECT_ATTRIBUTES obj;
   CLIENT_ID cid = { 0 };
   NTSTATUS Status = STATUS_UNSUCCESSFUL;
   for (int i = 0; i < 10000000; i += 4)
       pCurrentEprocess = GetProcessNameByProcessId((HANDLE)i);
       if (pCurrentEprocess != NULL)
           pid = PsGetProcessId(pCurrentEprocess);
           // 判断当前镜像名称是否是需要结束的进程
           if (strstr(PsGetProcessImageFileName(pCurrentEprocess), ProcessName)
!= NULL)
            {
               ObDereferenceObject(pCurrentEprocess);
               // 找到后开始结束
               InitializeObjectAttributes(&obj, NULL, OBJ_KERNEL_HANDLE |
OBJ_CASE_INSENSITIVE, NULL, NULL);
               cid.UniqueProcess = (HANDLE)pid;
               cid.UniqueThread = 0;
               // 打开进程
               Status = ZwOpenProcess(&Handle, GENERIC_ALL, &obj, &cid);
               if (NT_SUCCESS(Status))
               {
                   // 发送终止信号
                   ZwTerminateProcess(Handle, 0);
                   ZwClose(Handle);
               ZwClose(Handle);
               return TRUE;
           ObDereferenceObject(pCurrentEprocess);
       }
    }
    return FALSE;
}
VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
   DbgPrint("驱动已卸载 \n");
```

```
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    BOOLEAN Retn;
    Retn = KillProcess("lyshark.exe");
    DbgPrint("结束状态: %d \n", Retn);

    Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

我们运行这个驱动,当进程 1yshark.exe 存在时则可以看到结束效果,当然这种方式只是在内核层面调用了结束进程函数,其本质上还是正常结束,只是这种方式权限要大一些仅此而已。



第二种方法,其原理就是将进程内的线程全部结束掉从而让进程自动结束,由于 PspTerminateThreadByPointer没有被导出,所以我们需要动态的这个内存地址,然后动态调用即可,这个寻找方法可以总结为以下步骤。

- 1.寻找 PsTerminateSystemThread 函数地址,这个地址可以直接通过 MmGetSystemRoutineAddress 函数得到。
- 2.在 PsTerminateSystemThread 函数地址内向下扫描特征 e80cb6f6ff 得到 call nt!PspTerminateThreadByPointer 地址。

根据《驱动开发:内核枚举LoadImage映像回调》中使用的 SearchMemory 函数实现搜索 PspTerminateThreadByPointer 内存地址。

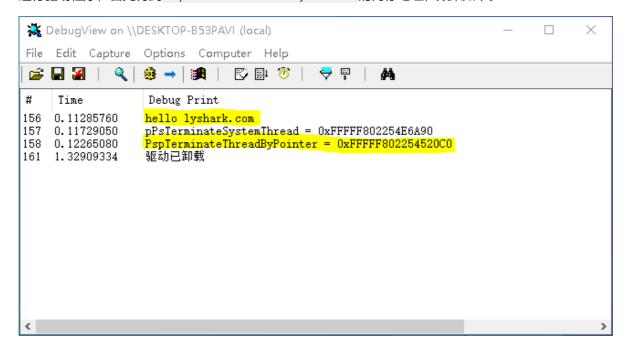
```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntifs.h>

// 得到PspTerminateThreadByPointer内存地址
PVOID PspTerminateThreadByPointer()
```

```
UNICODE_STRING ustrFuncName;
   PVOID pAddress = NULL;
   LONG loffset = 0;
   PVOID pPsTerminateSystemThread = NULL;
   PVOID pPspTerminateThreadByPointer = NULL;
   // 获取 PsTerminateSystemThread 函数地址
   RtlInitUnicodeString(&ustrFuncName, L"PsTerminateSystemThread");
   pPsTerminateSystemThread = MmGetSystemRoutineAddress(&ustrFuncName);
   DbgPrint("pPsTerminateSystemThread = 0x%p \n", pPsTerminateSystemThread);
   if (NULL == pPsTerminateSystemThread)
       return 0;
   }
   // 查找 PspTerminateThreadByPointer 函数地址
   /*
   1: kd> uf PsTerminateSystemThread
           nt!PsTerminateSystemThread:
           fffff802`254e6a90 4883ec28
                                          sub rsp,28h
           fffff802`254e6a94 8bd1
                                           mov
                                                  edx,ecx
           fffff802`254e6a96 65488b0c2588010000 mov rcx,qword ptr gs:[188h]
           fffff802`254e6a9f f7417400040000 test dword ptr [rcx+74h],400h
           fffff802`254e6aa6 0f8444081100 je
nt!PsTerminateSystemThread+0x110860 (fffff802`255f72f0) Branch
           nt!PsTerminateSystemThread+0x1c:
           fffff802`254e6aac 41b001
                                          mov
                                                   r8b.1
           fffff802`254e6aaf e80cb6f6ff
                                           call
nt!PspTerminateThreadByPointer (fffff802`254520c0)
           nt!PsTerminateSystemThread+0x24:
           fffff802`254e6ab4 4883c428 add
                                                  rsp,28h
           fffff802`254e6ab8 c3
                                           ret
           nt!PsTerminateSystemThread+0x110860:
           fffff802`255f72f0 b80d0000c0
                                                   eax,0C000000Dh
                                            mov
           fffff802`255f72f5 e9baf7eeff
                                            jmp
nt!PsTerminateSystemThread+0x24 (fffff802`254e6ab4) Branch
   */
   UCHAR pSpecialData[50] = { 0 };
   ULONG ulSpecialDataSize = 0;
   // fffff802`254e6aaf e80cb6f6ff call nt!PspTerminateThreadByPointer
(fffff802<sup>254520c0</sup>)
   pSpecialData[0] = 0xE8;
   ulspecialDataSize = 1;
   // 搜索地址 PsTerminateSystemThread --> PsTerminateSystemThread + Oxff 查找
e80cb6f6ff
```

```
pAddress = SearchMemory(pPsTerminateSystemThread, (PVOID)
((PUCHAR)pPsTerminateSystemThread + 0xFF), pSpecialData, ulSpecialDataSize);
    if (NULL == pAddress)
    {
        return 0;
    }
   // 先获取偏移,再计算地址
   10ffset = *(PLONG)pAddress;
   pPspTerminateThreadByPointer = (PVOID)((PUCHAR)pAddress + sizeof(LONG) +
10ffset);
   if (NULL == pPspTerminateThreadByPointer)
        return 0;
   }
    return pPspTerminateThreadByPointer;
}
VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
   DbgPrint("驱动已卸载 \n");
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
   DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");
    PVOID address = PspTerminateThreadByPointer();
   DbgPrint("PspTerminateThreadByPointer = 0x%p \n", address);
   Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

运行驱动程序,首先得到 PspTerminateThreadByPointer 的内存地址,效果如下。

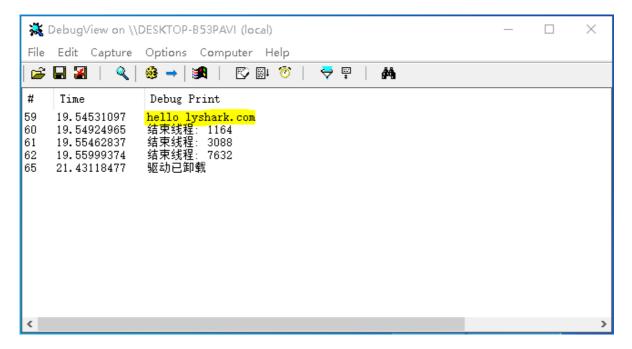


```
// 署名权
// right to sign one's name on a piece of work
// PowerBy: LyShark
// Email: me@lyshark.com
#include <ntifs.h>
typedef NTSTATUS(__fastcall *PSPTERMINATETHREADBYPOINTER) (PETHREAD pEThread,
NTSTATUS ntExitCode, BOOLEAN bDirectTerminate);
VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
   DbgPrint("驱动已卸载 \n");
}
NTSTATUS DriverEntry(IN PDRIVER_OBJECT Driver, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
   DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");
    PVOID pPspTerminateThreadByPointerAddress = 0xFFFFF802254520C0;
   HANDLE hProcessId = 6956;
   PEPROCESS pEProcess = NULL;
   PETHREAD pEThread = NULL;
    PEPROCESS pThreadEProcess = NULL;
   NTSTATUS status = STATUS_SUCCESS;
   ULONG i = 0;
   // 获取结束进程的进程结构对象EPROCESS
   status = PsLookupProcessByProcessId(hProcessId, &pEProcess);
   if (!NT_SUCCESS(status))
   {
       return status;
   }
    // 遍历所有线程, 并结束所有指定进程的线程
   for (i = 4; i < 0x80000; i = i + 4)
       status = PsLookupThreadByThreadId((HANDLE)i, &pEThread);
       if (NT_SUCCESS(status))
       {
           // 获取线程对应的进程结构对象
           pThreadEProcess = PsGetThreadProcess(pEThread);
           // 结束进程中的线程
           if (pEProcess == pThreadEProcess)
((PSPTERMINATETHREADBYPOINTER)pPspTerminateThreadByPointerAddress)(pEThread, 0,
1);
               DbgPrint("结束线程: %d \n", i);
           ObDereferenceObject(pEThread);
       }
    }
```

```
ObDereferenceObject(pEProcess);

Driver->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}
```

循环结束进程 6956 内的所有线程信息,效果如下;



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