# Dimensional transition from Kitaev spin liquid to decoupled fermion chains

Shi Feng<sup>1</sup>, Adhip Agarwala<sup>2</sup> and Nandini Trivedi<sup>1</sup>

 $^1{\rm Department}$  of Physics, The Ohio State University, Ohio 43210, USA  $^2{\rm Department}$  of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur 208016, India



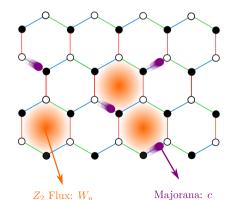


Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023 1/13

#### Introduction

• A. Kitaev. Ann. Phys. 321, 2-111 (2006)

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \mathbf{K}_{x} S_{i}^{x} S_{j}^{x} + \mathbf{K}_{y} S_{i}^{y} S_{j}^{y} + \mathbf{K}_{z} S_{i}^{z} S_{j}^{z}$$



#### Relevant QSL materials:

- α−RuCl<sub>3</sub>
- Y. Kasahara, T. Ohnishi, Y. Mizukami, O. Tanaka, Sixiao Ma, K. Sugii, N. Kurita, H. Tanaka, J. Nasu, Y. Motome, T. Shibauchi and Y. Matsuda. Nature 559, 227–231 (2018)

#### Large in-plane field to destabilize order

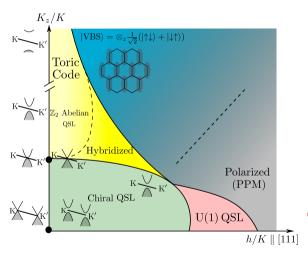
- BaCo<sub>2</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
  - X. Zhang, Y. Xu., T. Halloran, R. Zhong, C. Broholm, R. J. Cava, N. Drichko, N. P. Armitage. A magnetic continuum in the cobalt-based honeycomb magnet BaCo2(AsO4)2. Nat. Mater. 22, 58–63 (2023)

#### Small [111] field to destabilize order

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Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023 2 / 13

#### Phase diagram under out-of-plane [111] field

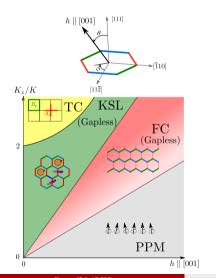


- N. Patel and N. Trivedi. Magnetic field-induced intermediate quantum spin liquid with a spinon Fermi surface. PNAS 116, 12199 (2019)
- S. Feng, A. Agarwala, S. Bhattacharjee and N. Trivedi. Anyon dynamics in field-driven phases of the anisotropic Kitaev model, arXiv:2206.12990

## The simplest [001] field?

Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023 3 / 13

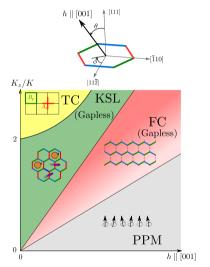
## Phase diagram under [001] field and exchange anisotropy



$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{i} K(\sigma_{i}^{x} \sigma_{i+x}^{x} + \sigma_{i}^{y} \sigma_{i+y}^{y}) + \frac{\mathbf{K}_{z}}{\mathbf{K}_{z}} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z} \sigma_{i+z}^{z} - \frac{\mathbf{h}}{\mathbf{h}} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z}$$

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#### Phase diagram under [001] field and exchange anisotropy



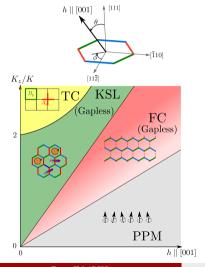
$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{i} K(\sigma_{i}^{x} \sigma_{i+x}^{x} + \sigma_{i}^{y} \sigma_{i+y}^{y}) + \underline{K_{z}} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z} \sigma_{i+z}^{z} - \underline{h} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z}$$

#### Related works by Majorana MFT:

- S. Liang, M. H. Jiang, W. Chen, J. X. Li, and Q. H. Wang. Intermediate gapless phase and topological phase transition of the Kitaev model in a uniform magnetic field. Phys. Rev. B 98, 054433 (2018)
- J. Nasu, Y. Kato, Y. Kamiya, and Y. Motome. Successive Majorana topological transitions driven by a magnetic field in the Kitaev model. Phys. Rev. B 98, 060416(R) (2018)

Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023 4/13

## Phase diagram under [001] field and exchange anisotropy



$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{i} K(\sigma_{i}^{x} \sigma_{i+x}^{x} + \sigma_{i}^{y} \sigma_{i+y}^{y}) + \underline{K_{z}} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z} \sigma_{i+z}^{z} - \underline{h} \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{z}$$

Four phases in  $(K_z, h)$  plane:

- Gapless Kitaev spin liquid (KSL) at small  $h/K_z$
- ② Decoupled/Weakly coupled fermion chains (FC) at intermediate  $h/K_z$
- **3** Toric Code (TC) at large  $K_z$
- Partially polarized magnet (PPM) at large  $h/K_z$  as Emergent decoupled boson chains

Discussion by ED, DMRG, MFT, Effective field theory.



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5 / 13

#### Phase diagram (DMRG & ED)

$$\chi = \frac{\partial^2 E_{\rm gs}}{\partial h^2}, \quad \langle W_p \rangle = \langle \sigma_1^x \sigma_2^y \sigma_3^z \sigma_4^x \sigma_5^y \sigma_6^z \rangle. \quad \langle W_p \rangle = 1 \text{ at } h = 0$$

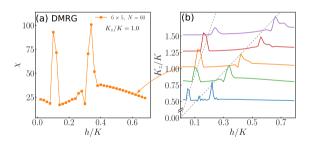


Figure: Magnetic susceptibility  $\chi$  by DMRG

6/13

Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023

## Phase diagram (DMRG & ED)

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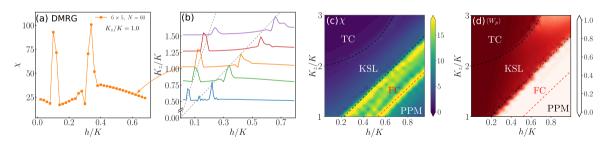


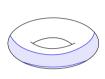
Figure: Magnetic susceptibility  $\chi$  by DMRG

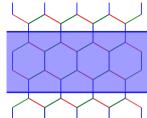
Figure:  $\chi$  and  $Z_2$  flux expectation by 24-site ED

Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023 6 / 13

# **Entanglement entropy**

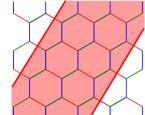
z - bond cut





y - bond cut





von-Neumann entropy per  $\alpha$  bond  $S_{vN}^{\alpha}$ :

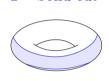
$$S_{
u N}^{lpha} = -rac{1}{|\partial A_{lpha}|} \operatorname{Tr} 
ho_{A_{lpha}} \ln 
ho_{A_{lpha}}, \; lpha \in \{z,y\}$$

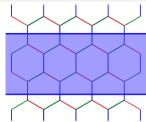
 $A_{\alpha}$ : subsystem whose edges cut  $\alpha$  bonds

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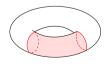
## **Entanglement entropy**

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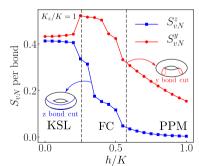




von-Neumann entropy per  $\alpha$  bond  $S_{vN}^{\alpha}$ :

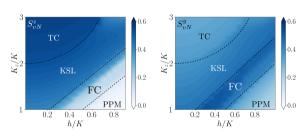
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## **Entanglement entropy**



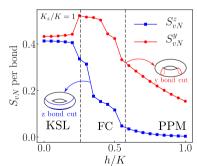
- ② TC: Large  $S_{\nu N}^z$  and small  $S_{\nu N}^y(S_{\nu N}^x)$
- **3** FC: Small  $S_{\nu N}^z$  and large  $S_{\nu N}^y(S_{\nu N}^x)$

**1** PPM: 
$$S_{vN}^z = 0$$
,  $S_{vN}^y(S_{vN}^x) > 0$ 

von-Neumann entropy per  $\alpha$  bond  $S_{\nu N}^{\alpha}$ :

$$S_{vN}^{lpha} = -rac{1}{|\partial A_{lpha}|} \operatorname{Tr} 
ho_{A_{lpha}} \ln 
ho_{A_{lpha}}, \; lpha \in \{z,y\}$$

 $A_{\alpha}$ : subsystem whose edges cut  $\alpha$  bonds



#### Decoupled bosonic chains in PPM

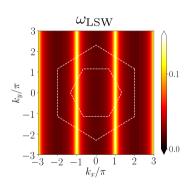


Figure: LSW at  $h \sim 0.5$ 

$$\mathcal{H}_{LSW} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \Psi_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{k}) \Psi_{\mathbf{k}}, \ \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{k}) \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{M}(\mathbf{k}) & \mathbf{N}(\mathbf{k}) \\ \mathbf{N}^{\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) & \mathbf{M}(-\mathbf{k}) \end{pmatrix}$$

where we defined  $\Psi_{\mathbf{k}} \equiv (a_{\mathbf{k}}, b_{\mathbf{k}}, a_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}, b_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger})^{\mathrm{T}}$  with a, b boson operators of A and B sublattices, and  $\mathbf{N}(\mathbf{k})$  and  $\mathbf{M}(\mathbf{k})$  are:

$$\mathbf{N} = \frac{1}{4} \left( K_x e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{n}_1} - K_y e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{n}_2} \right) \sigma^x$$

$$\mathbf{M} = \left( \frac{\mathbf{n}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} K_z \right) \sigma^z + \frac{1}{4} \left( K_x e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{n}_1} + K_y e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{n}_2} \right) \sigma^x$$

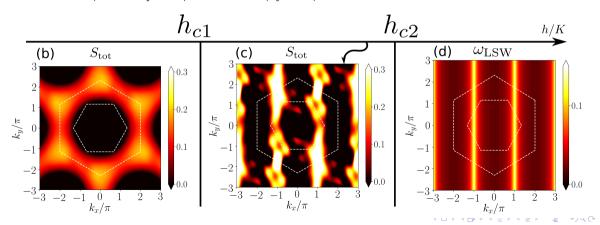
Near  $h_{c2} \sim 0.5$ ,  $K_z$  exchange on z bonds vanishes in PPM!  $\rightarrow$  Decoupled boson chains.

9/13

Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023

#### **Structure Factor**

 $S_{\text{tot}}(\mathbf{k}) = \langle \mathbf{S}_i(\mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{S}_j(-\mathbf{k}) \rangle - \langle \mathbf{S}_i(\mathbf{k}) \rangle \cdot \langle \mathbf{S}_j(-\mathbf{k}) \rangle, \quad \omega_{\text{LSW}}(\mathbf{k}) : \text{ Linear spin wave of PPM}$ 



Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023

10 / 13

# Weakly Coupled fermionic chains in FC

Kitaev's four majorana decomposition:  $\sigma^{\alpha} = ib^{\alpha}c$ . Convert into canonical fermions and bond fermions:

#### Hence

$$K_{z}\left(b_{i,A}^{z}b_{i,A+\hat{z}}^{z}c_{i,A}c_{i,A+\hat{z}}\right) = K_{z}(2n_{i}^{f}-1)(1-2n_{i}^{z})$$

$$K_{x}\left(b_{i,A}^{x}b_{i,A+\hat{x}}^{x}c_{i,A}c_{i,A+\hat{x}}\right) = K_{x}(1-2n_{i}^{x})$$

$$\times (f_{i}f_{i-\delta_{1}} - f_{i}f_{i-\delta_{1}}^{\dagger} + f_{i}^{\dagger}f_{i-\delta_{1}} - f_{i}^{\dagger}f_{i-\delta_{1}}^{\dagger})$$

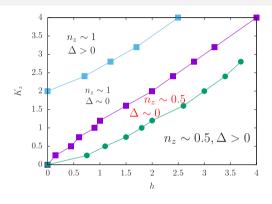


Figure: MFT phase diagram

 $K_z$  exchange on z bonds vanishes in the MFT of FC near  $h_{c2}^-$ !



Feng. Shi (OSI) March 9, 2023 11/13

#### Possible effective Theory in FC

Ignoring interchain coupling  $K_z$ ,  $\mathcal{H}$  becomes that of a compass chain, which can be mapped to the critical point of *TFIM*:

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{i} \sigma_{i}^{x} \sigma_{i+1}^{x} + \sigma_{i+1}^{y} \sigma_{i+2}^{y} \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{H}_{TFIM}^{c} = -\sum_{i} \tau_{i}^{z} \tau_{i+1}^{z} - \sum_{i} \tau_{i}^{x}$$

 $\mathcal{H}_{\mathrm{TFIM}}^{c}$ : 1+1D CFT with central charge  $c=\frac{1}{2}$ , with left and right chiral majoranas  $\gamma_{L(R)}$ .

$${\cal H}_L = \int dx (i\gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_L), \; {\cal H}_R = \int dx (-i\gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_R)$$

Consider weak coupling between chains via coupling between  $\gamma_L$  and  $\gamma_R$ :

$$\mathcal{H}(FC) \approx \mathcal{H}_L + \mathcal{H}_R - g \int dx (\gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_L) (\gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_R) \rightarrow \text{stable until finite } g_c$$

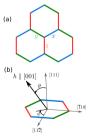
A. Rahmani, X. Zhu, M. Franz, and I. Affleck, Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 166401 (2015)

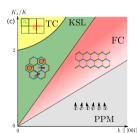
Feng, Shi (OSU) March 9, 2023

12/13

## **Summary**

- lacktriangledown Weakly coupled fermionic chains from Kitaev model under [001] field  $h\sim h_{c2}^-$
- ② Decoupled bosonic chains from Kitaev model under large [001] field  $\sim h_{c2}^+$
- **3** Liftshitz transitions by depleting  $n_i^z$  bond fermions from 1 to 0.5
- Proposed effective theory in FC:  $\mathcal{H}(FC) \approx \mathcal{H}_L + \mathcal{H}_R g \int dx (\gamma_L \partial_x \gamma_L) (\gamma_R \partial_x \gamma_R)$





#### Outlook:

- How is (or is not) the FC phase connected to the proposed spinon Fermi surface under [111] field?
- Other quantum phase transitions as a funciton of angles of field?
- Opening the state of the sta



13 / 13

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