OpenLDAP服务器及客户端配置(汇总手册)

服务器配置 1.安装OpenLDAP软件 CentOS: yum install openIdap-servers #服务端 yum install openIdap-clients #客户端 yum install openIdap #Open1dap库 yum install db4 2.启动LDAP服务 CentOS: service slapd start 3.防火墙开启389端口 4.复制配置文件 ${\tt cp /usr/share/open Idap-servers/DB_CONFIG.example /var/lib/Idap/DB_CONFIG.example /var/li$ cp /usr/share/openIdap-servers/slapd.conf.obsolete /etc/openIdap/slapd.conf 5.生成密码: slappasswd New password: Re-enter new password: {SSHA}pxQv4Dm30PtHT1x9uyvS364m0jrBwwbQ 6.编辑主配置文件slapd.conf 86 access to attrs=userPassword 87 by self write 88 by anonymous auth by dn.base="cn=Manager,dc=tsinghuaic,dc=com" write 89 by * none 90 91 92 access to * 93 94 by dn.base="cn=Manager,dc=tsinghuaic,dc=com" write 95 by * read 113 by dn.exact="cn=Manager,dc=tsinghuaic,dc=com" read 121suffix"dc=tsinghuaic,dc=com" 123 rootdn"cn=Manager,dc=tsinghuaic,dc=com" 128rootpw{SSHA}pxQv4Dm30PtHT1x9uyvS364m0jrBwwbQ 7. 测试和生成配置文件 rm -rf /etc/openIdap/slapd.d/* slaptest -f /etc/openldap/slapd.conf -F /etc/openldap/slapd.d 返回config file testing succeeded,则配置成功。 chown -R ldap:ldap /etc/openldap/slapd.d 8.重启服务: service slapd restart

ldapsearch -x -b " -s base '(objectclass=*)' namingContexts

9.用以下命令查询服务器:

如果命令执行成功,返回一些信息,则说明服务器正常运行了。

OpenLDAP web管理界面(Idap account Manager)

如果总是提示密码错误,操作如下

- 1.rm -rf /etc/openIdap/slapd.d/*
- ${\tt 2.slaptest\ -f\ /etc/openldap/slapd.conf\ -F\ /etc/openldap/slapd.d}$
- 3.chown -R ldap:ldap/etc/openldap/slapd.d
- 4.chmod -R 000 /etc/openIdap/slapd.d
- 5.chmod –R u+rwx /etc/openldap/slapd.d
- 6.删除slapd.conf