# **Integration Manual**

for S32K14X LIN Driver

Document Number: IM2LINASR4.2 Rev0002R1.0.1

Rev. 1.0



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# **Chapter 1 Revision History**

# Table 1-1. Revision History

Revision	Date	Author	Description
1.0	13/07/2018		Updated version for ASR 4.2.2S32K14X1.0.1 Release

# Chapter 2 Introduction

This integration manual describes the integration requirements for LIN Driver for S32K14X microcontrollers.

# 2.1 Supported Derivatives

The software described in this document is intented to be used with the following microcontroller devices of NXP Semiconductors.

Table 2-1. S32K14X Derivatives

NXP Semiconductors	s32k148_lqfp144, s32k148_lqfp176,
	s32k148_mapbga100, s32k146_lqfp144,
	s32k146_lqfp100, s32k146_lqfp64,
	s32k146_mapbga100, s32k144_lqfp100,
	s32k144_lqfp64, s32k144_mapbga100,
	s32k142_lqfp100, s32k142_lqfp64,
	s32k118_lqfp48, s32k118_lqfp64

All of the above microcontroller devices are collectively named as S32K14X.

# 2.2 Overview

**AUTOSAR** (**AUTomotive Open System ARchitecture**) is an industry partnership working to establish standards for software interfaces and software modules for automobile electronic control systems.

#### **AUTOSAR**

- paves the way for innovative electronic systems that further improve performance, safety and environmental friendliness.
- is a strong global partnership that creates one common standard: "Cooperate on standards, compete on implementation".

#### **About this Manual**

- is a key enabling technology to manage the growing electrics/electronics complexity. It aims to be prepared for the upcoming technologies and to improve cost-efficiency without making any compromise with respect to quality.
- facilitates the exchange and update of software and hardware over the service life of the vehicle.

#### 2.3 About this Manual

This Technical Reference employs the following typographical conventions:

**Boldface** type: Bold is used for important terms, notes and warnings.

*Italic* font: Italic typeface is used for code snippets in the text. Note that C language modifiers such "const" or "volatile" are sometimes omitted to improve readability of the presented code.

Notes and warnings are shown as below:

**Note** 

This is a note.

# 2.4 Acronyms and Definitions

**Table 2-2. Acronyms and Definitions** 

Term	Definition
API	Application Programming Interface
ASM	Assembler
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture
BSMI	Basic Software Make file Interface
C/CPP	C and C++ Source Code
DEM	Diagnostic Event Manager
DET	Default Error Tracer
EcuM	ECU state Manager
GUI	Graphical User Interface
ISR	Interrupt Service Routine
LIN	Local Interconnect Network
MCU	Micro Controller Unit
N/A	Not Applicable
OS	Operating System
PB Variant	Post Build Variant

Table continues on the next page...

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# Table 2-2. Acronyms and Definitions (continued)

Term	Definition
PC Variant	Pre Compile Variant
VLE	Variable Length Encoding

# 2.5 Reference List

**Table 2-3. Reference List** 

#	Title	Version
1	Specification of LIN Driver	AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2
2	S32K14X Reference Manual	Reference Manual, Rev. 4, 06/2017
3	S32K142 Mask Set Errata for Mask 0N33V (0N33V)	30/11/2017
4	S32K144 Mask Set Errata for Mask 0N57U (0N57U)	30/11/2017
5	S32K146 Mask Set Errata for Mask 0N73V (0N73V)	30/11/2017
6	S32K148 Mask Set Errata for Mask 0N20V (0N20V)	30/11/2017
7	S32K118 Mask Set Errata for Mask 0N97V (0N97V)	26/02/2018

Reference List

# **Chapter 3 Building the Driver**

This section describes the source files and various compilers, linker options used for building the Autosar LIN driver for NXP SemiconductorsS32K14X . It also explains the EB Tresos Studio plugin setup procedure.

# 3.1 Build Options

The LIN driver files are compiled using

- Green Hills Multi 7.1.4 / Compiler 2017.1.4
- (Linaro GCC 6.3-2017.06~dev) 6.3.1 20170509 (Thu Dec 7 13:28:42 CST 2017 build.sh rev=g7fea41d s=L631 Earmv7 -V release\_g7fea41d\_build\_Fed\_Earmv7)
- IAR: V8.11.2

The compiler, linker flags used for building the driver are explained below:

#### **Note**

The TS\_T40D2M10I1R0 plugin name is composed as follow:

 $TS_T = Target_Id$ 

D = Derivative\_Id

 $M = SW_Version_Major$ 

 $I = SW_Version_Minor$ 

R = Revision

(i.e. Target\_Id = 40 identifies CORTEXM architecture and Derivative\_Id = 2 identifies the S32K14X)

# 3.1.1 GHS Compiler/Linker/Assembler Options

**Table 3-1. Compiler Options** 

Option	Description
-cpu=cortexm4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
-ansi	Specifies ANSI C with extensions. This mode extends the ANSI X3.159-1989 standard with certain useful and compatible constructs.
-Osize	Optimize for size.
-dual_debug	Enables the generation of DWARF, COFF, or BSD debugging information in the object file
-G	Generates source level debugging information and allows procedure call from debugger's command line.
no_exceptions	Disables support for exception handling
-Wundef	Generates warnings for undefined symbols in preprocessor expressions
-Wimplicit-int	Issues a warning if the return type of a function is not declared before it is called
-Wshadow	Issues a warning if the declaration of a local variable shadows the declaration of a variable of the same name declared at the global scope, or at an outer scope
-Wtrigraphs	Issues a warning for any use of trigraphs
-Wall	Enables all the warnings about constructions that some users consider questionable, and that are easy to avoid even in conjunction with macros.
prototype_errors	Generates errors when functions referenced or called have no prototype
incorrect_pragma_warnings	Valid #pragma directives with wrong syntax are treated as warnings
-noslashcomment	C++ like comments will generate a compilation error
-preprocess_assembly_files	Preprocesses assembly files
-nostartfile	Do not use Start files
short_enum	Store enumerations in the smallest possible type
-с	Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
no_commons	Allocates uninitialized global variables to a section and initializes them to zero at program startup.
-keeptempfiles	Prevents the deletion of temporary files after they are used. If an assembly language file is created by the compiler, this option will place it in the current directory instead of the temporary directory. Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
-list	Creates a listing by using the name of the object file with the .lst extension. Assembler option
DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USE	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value.  AUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED: By default in the package, the drivers are compiled to be used without Autosar OS. If the drivers are used with Autosar OS, the compiler option '-DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED' must be removed from project options
- DDISABLE_MCAL_INTERMO DULE_ASR_CHECK	-D defines a preprocessor symbol to disable the inter-module version check for AR_RELEASE versions. DISABLE_MCAL_INTERMODULE_ASR_CHECK: By default in the package, drivers are compiled to perform the inter-module version check as per Autosar BSW004. When the inter-module version check needs to be disabled then the DISABLE_MCAL_INTERMODULE_ASR_CHECK global define must be added to the list of compiler options.
-DGHS	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value. This one defines the GHS preprocessor symbol.

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# **Table 3-2. Assembler Options**

Option	Description
-cpu=cortexm4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
-c	Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
-preprocess_assembly_files	Preprocesses assembly files
-asm=list	Creates a listing by using the name of the object file with the .lst extension. Assembler option

**Table 3-3. Linker Options** 

Option	Description
-Mn	Map file numeric ordering
-delete	Removal from the executable of functions that are unused and unreferenced
-V	Display removed unused functions
-ignore_debug_references	Ignores relocations from DWARF debug sections when using -delete.
-map	Creates a detailed map file
-keepmap	Keep the map file in the event of a link error
-Istartup	Link libstartup library -Run-time environment startup routines
-lsys	Link libsys library -Run-time environment system routines
-larch	Link libarch library -Target-specific run-time support. Any file produced by the Green Hills Compiler may depend on symbols in this library.
-lansi	Link libansi library -the standard C library
-L(/lib/thumb2)	Link thumb2 library
-lutf8_s32	Include utf8_s32.a to use the Wide Character Functions

# 3.1.2 GCC Compiler/Linker/Assembler Options

**Table 3-4. Compiler Options** 

Option	Description
-c	Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
-Os	Use optimization for size.
-ggdb3	Produce debugging information for use by GDB. Level 3 includes extra information, such as all the macro definitions present in the program.
-mcpu=cortex-m4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
-mcpu=cortex-m0plus	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M0+
-mthumb	Selects generating code that executes in Thumb state.
-ansi	Specifies ANSI C with extensions.
-mlittle-endian	Generate code for a processor running in little-endian mode.
-fomit-frame-pointer	Removes the frame pointer for all functions, which might make debugging harder.
-msoft-float	Use software floating-point instructions.

Table continues on the next page...

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#### **Build Options**

# **Table 3-4. Compiler Options (continued)**

Option	Description
-fno-common	Specifies that the compiler should place uninitialized global variables in the data section of the object file, rather than generating them as common blocks.
-Wall	Enables all the warnings about constructions that some users consider questionable, and that are easy to avoid even in conjunction with macros.
-Wextra	Enables some extra warning flags that are not enabled by '-Wall'.
-Wstrict-prototypes	Warn if a function is declared or defined without specifying the argument types.
-Wno-sign-compare	Do not warn when a comparison between signed and unsigned values could produce an incorrect result when the signed value is converted to unsigned.
-fstack-usage	Geneates an extra file that specifies the maximum amount of stack used, on a per-function basis.
-fdump-ipa-all	Enables all inter-procedural analysis dumps.
-Werror=implicit-function-declaration	Generates an error when the prototype of the function is not defined
DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USE	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value.  AUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED: By default in the package, the drivers are compiled to be used without Autosar OS. If the drivers are used with Autosar OS, the compiler option '-DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED' must be removed from project options
-DGCC	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value. This one defines the GCC preprocessor symbol.

## **Table 3-5. Assembler Options**

Option	Description
-mcpu=cortex-m4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
-mcpu=cortex-m0plus	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M0+
-c	Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
-mthumb	This option specifies that the assembler should start assembling Thumb instructions.
-x assembler-with-cpp	Indicates that the assembly code contains C directives and the C preprocessor must be run.

# Table 3-6. Linker Options

Option	Description
-Map=filename	Print a link map to the file mapfile.
-T scriptfile	Use scriptfile as the linker script. This script replaces Id's default linker script(rather than adding to it), so commandfile must specify everything necessary to describe the output file.

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# 3.1.3 IAR Compiler/Linker/Assembler Options

## **Table 3-7. Compiler Options**

Option	Description
cpu=Cortex-M4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
cpu_mode=thumb	Selects generating code that executes in Thumb state.
endian=little	Specifies the endianess of core: little endian.
-Ohz	Sets the optimization level to High, favoring size.
-c	Produces an object file (called input-file.o) for each source file.
no_clustering	Disables static clustering optimizations.
no_mem_idioms	Makes the compiler to not optimize code sequences that clear, set, or copy a memory region.
no_explicit_zero_opt	Places the zero initialized variables in data section instead of bss.
debug	Makes the compiler include information in the object modules.
diag_suppress=Pa050	Suppresses diagnostic messages (warnings) about non-standard line endings.
DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USE	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value.  AUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED: By default in the package, the drivers are compiled to be used without Autosar OS. If the drivers are used with Autosar OS, the compiler option '-DAUTOSAR_OS_NOT_USED' must be removed from project options
-DIAR	-D defines a preprocessor symbol and optionally can set it to a value. This one defines the IAR preprocessor symbol.
require_prototypes	Forces the compiler to verify that all functions have proper prototypes.
no_wrap_diagnostics	Disables line wrapping of diagnostic messages issued by compiler.
no_system_include	Disables the automatic search for system include files.
-е	Enables language extensions. This option is needed by FLS driver which uses _packed structures.

#### **Table 3-8. Assembler Options**

Option	Description			
cpu=Cortex-M4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4			
cpu_mode=thumb	Selects generating code that executes in Thumb state.			
-g	Use this option to disable the automatic search for system include files.			

#### Table 3-9. Linker Options

Option	Description
cpu=Cortex-M4	Selects target processor: Arm Cortex M4
map filename	Produces a map file.
no_library_search	Disables automatic runtime library search.
entry _start	Treats the symbol _start as a root symbol and as the start of the application.
enable_stack_usage	Enables stack usage analysis.
skip_dynamic_initialization	Suppress dynamic initialization during system startup.
no_wrap_diagnostics	Disables line wrapping of diagnostic messages issued by linker.
config	Specifies the configuration file to be used by the linker.

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# 3.2 Files required for Compilation

This section describes the include files required to compile, assemble (if assembler code) and link the LIN driver for S32K14X microcontrollers.

To avoid integration of incompatible files, all the include files from other modules shall have the same AR\_MAJOR\_VERSION and AR\_MINOR\_VERSION, i.e. only files with the same AUTOSAR major and minor versions can be compiled.

#### **LIN Files**

- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\src\Lin.c
- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\src\Lin\_IPW.c
- ..\ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\src\Lin\_LPUART.c
- ..\ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\src\Lin\_LPUART\_Irq.c
- ..\ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\src\Lin\_NonASR.c
- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin.h
- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin\_NonASR.h
- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin\_IPW.h
- ..\ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin\_LPUART.h
- ..\ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Reg\_eSys\_LPUART.h

#### **LIN Generated Files**

- Lin\_[VariantName]\_PBcfg.c This file should be generated by the user using a configuration tool for compilation. The file contains the definition of the init pointer for the respective variant.
- Lin\_Cfg.c This file should be generated by the user using a configuration tool for compilation.
- Lin\_Cfg.h This file should be generated by the user using a configuration tool for compilation.

#### **Note**

As a deviation from standard:

- Lin\_[VariantName]\_PBcfg.c files will contain the definition for all parameters that are variant aware, independent of the configuration class that will be selected (PC, PB)
- Lin\_Cfg.c file will contain the definition for all configuration structures containing only variables that are not variant aware, configured and generated only once. This file alone does not contain the whole structure needed by Lin\_Init function to

configure the driver. Based on the number of variants configured in the EcuC, there can be more than one configuration structure for one module even for PreCompile variant.

#### Files from Base common folder

- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\include\modules.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\include\Soc\_Ips.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Cer.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Compiler.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Compiler\_Cfg.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\ComStack\_Cfg.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\ComStack\_Types.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin\_GeneralTypes.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Mcal.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Lin\_MemMap.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Platform\_Types.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Reg\_eSys.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Reg\_Macros.h
- ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Std\_Types.h

#### Files from Dem folder:

- ..\Dem TS T40D2M10I1R0\generate PC\include\Dem IntErrId.h
- ..\Dem\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Dem.h
- ..\Dem\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\Dem\_Types.h

#### Files from Det folder:

 $\bullet \ .. \backslash Det\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0 \backslash include \backslash Det.h$ 

#### Files from EcuM folder:

- ..\EcuM\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\EcuM.h
- ..\EcuM\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\include\EcuM\_Cbk.h

# 3.3 Setting up the Plug-ins

The LIN driver was designed to be configured by using the EB Tresos Studio (version EB tresos Studio 23.0.0 b170330-0431 or later.)

#### Location of various files inside the LIN module folder:

- VSMD (Vendor Specific Module Definition) file in EB tresos Studio XDM format:
  - ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\Base.xdm

#### Setting up the Plug-ins

- ..\EcuM\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\EcuM.xdm
- ..\EcuC\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\EcuC.xdm
- ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\Lin.xdm
- ..\Mcu\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\Mcu.xdm
- ..\Resource\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\config\Resource.xdm
- VSMD (Vendor Specific Module Definition) file(s) in AUTOSAR compliant EPD format:
  - ..\Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\Base.epd
  - ..\EcuM\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\EcuM.epd
  - ..\EcuC\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\EcuC.epd
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\Lin.epd
  - ..\Mcu\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\Mcu.epd
  - ..\Resource\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\autosar\Resource.epd
- Code Generation Templates for parameters without variation points:
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\src\Lin\_Cfg.c
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\include\Lin\_Cfg.h
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\Lin\_VersionCheck\_Inc.m
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\Lin\_VersionCheck\_Src.m
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PC\Lin\_BaudRate\_Comp.m
- Code Generation Templates for variant aware parameters:
  - $\bullet \ .. \ Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0 \ generate\_PB \ src \ Lin\_PBcfg.c$
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PB\Lin\_VersionCheck\_Inc.m
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PB\Lin\_VersionCheck\_Src\_PB.m
  - ..\Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0\generate\_PB\Lin\_BaudRate\_Comp.m

### **Steps to generate the configuration:**

- 1. Copy the module folders Lin\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0, Base\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0,Resource\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0, EcuM\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0, EcuC\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0,Mcu\_TS\_T40D2M10I1R0 into the Tresos plugins folder.
- 2. Set the desired Tresos Output location folder for the generated sources and header files.
- 3. Use the EB tresos Studio GUI to modify ECU configuration parameters values.
- 4. Generate the configuration files.

### **Dependencies**

• MCU is required to use System Clock when clock source is used as Peripheral clock source to generate LIN Segment values.

- **RESOURCE** is required to select processor derivative. Current Lin driver has support for the following derivatives, everyone having attached a Resource file: s32k148\_lqfp144, s32k148\_lqfp176, s32k148\_mapbga100, s32k146\_lqfp144, s32k146\_lqfp100, s32k146\_lqfp64, s32k146\_mapbga100, s32k144\_lqfp100, s32k144\_lqfp64, s32k144\_lqfp64, s32k144\_lqfp64.
- **ECUM** is required for selecting the reference to the wakeup source for every Lin controller.
- ECUC is required for selecting the postbuild variant criterion.
- **DET** is required for signaling the default error detection (parameters out of range, null pointers, etc).
- **DEM** is required for signaling the production error detection (hardware failure, etc).

#### **Resource Parameters Configuration**

- 1. **Lin.LinGlobalConfig.LinChannel** number of maximum available LPUART controllers on chip.
- 2. **Lin.LinGlobalConfig.LinChannel.LinHwChannel** list of available LPUART controllers on chip (LPUART\_0,LPUART\_1,LPUART\_2,LPUART\_3).
- 3. LinExternalWKPUSupport TRUE if wake up support needs to be configured.
- 4. **LinExternalWKPUChannelID** External Wake up channel(s) assigned for each LIN HW channel.

Setting up the Plug-ins

# Chapter 4 Function calls to module

# 4.1 Function Calls during Start-up

LIN shall be initialized during STARTUP phase of EcuM initialization. The API to be called for this is Lin\_Init(). The MCU module should be initialized before the LIN is initialized. The Lin driver does not need OS Support except for ISR's. Hence, can be initialized either in STARTUP1 or STARTUP2 phase of EcuM initialization. This depends on the implementation, desired duration for STARTUP1 & Target hardware design. The LIN module shall be initialized by Lin\_Init(<&Lin\_Configuration>) service call during the start-up before the LIN peripherals are used. Please note that GPIO pins used for connection of LIN physical layer have to be properly assigned to desired LPUART module prior the LIN initialization: so the MCU and PORT modules shall be initialized before LIN is initialized. After the LIN module is initialized each LIN channel have to be initialized as well before using it. This is also done by the Lin\_Init(<&Lin\_Configuration>) service.

# 4.2 Function Calls during Shutdown

There is no shutdown specific procedure for Lin driver. LIN driver can go to sleep mode using the following API services:

Lin\_GoToSleepInternal(LIN\_CHANNEL): which put the LIN driver into sleep mode without sending of Go-to-sleep command over the bus.

Lin\_GoToSleep(LIN\_CHANNEL): which put the LIN driver into sleep mode and send a Go-to-sleep command over the bus.

**Function Calls during Wake-up** 

# 4.3 Function Calls during Wake-up

LIN driver supports the transmission of wake up command via the LIN bus.

For this purposes the Lin\_Wakeup(LIN\_CHANNEL) API service may be used.

#### **External Wakeup:**

The Lin driver supports external wake-up from the bus in 2 modes:

If the channel is configured with "wake-up support", upon wakeup detection on Rx pin of the configured LPUART channel the ISR "Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler(*LIN channel*)" will be executed (based on the LIN Channel configured) to wake-up Lin Driver.

If the channel is not configured with "wake-up support", the Lin stack may call Lin\_CheckWakeup(LIN\_CHANNEL) service API in order to identify if a slave on the Lin bus issued a wake-up request. In case such a request is identified then, it is the Lin stack responsibility to wake up the channel and process the slave request.

# **Chapter 5 Module requirements**

#### 5.1 Exclusive areas to be defined in BSW scheduler

In the current implementation, LIN is using the services of Schedule Manager (SchM) for entering and exiting the critical regions, to preserve a resource. SchM implementation is done by the integrators of the MCAL using OS or non-OS services. For testing the LIN, stubs are used for SchM. The following critical regions are used in the LIN driver:

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_00** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_InitChannel.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_01** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_SendHeader.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_02** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_SendHeader.

LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_03 To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_SendResponse.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_04** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_GoToSleep.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_05** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_GoToSleep.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_06** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_GoToSleepInternal.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_07** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_GoToSleepInternal.

#### Exclusive areas to be defined in BSW scheduler

- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_08** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_WakeUp.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_09** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_WakeupInternal.
- LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_10 To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_11** To protect the LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_12** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_13 To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_14** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_15** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_16** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_17 To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_18** To protect the LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- **LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_19** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_20 To protect the LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.
- LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_21 To protect the LPUART\_STAT registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.

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**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_22** To protect the LPUART\_STAT, LPUART\_CTRL registers during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_TxRxInterruptHandler.

LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_23 To protect the LPUART\_STAT register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_ErrorInterruptHandler.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_24** To protect the LPUART\_STAT register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_LPUART\_ErrorInterruptHandler.

**LIN\_EXCLUSIVE\_AREA\_25** To protect the LPUART\_BAUD, LPUART\_CTRL register during the read/modify/write action. It is used in the function Lin\_SetClockMode.

Table 5-1. Exclusive Areas

Exclusiv e Area ID	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 0	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 1/02	LUSIVE_	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 4/05	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 6/07	LUSIVE_	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 9	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_1 0->22	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_2 3/24	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_2 5
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_00		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_01 / 02	х		x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_03	х	х		х	х	х	х	х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_04 /05	х	х	х		х	х	х	х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_06 / 07	х	х	x	х		x	x	x	x	x
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_08	х	х	х	х	х		х	х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_09	х	х	х	х	х	х		х	х	х
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_10 ->22	x	х	x	x	x	x	x		x	x
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х		х

Table continues on the next page...

Table 5-1. Exclusive Areas (continued)

Exclusiv e Area ID	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 0	LUSIVE_	LUSIVE_	LUSIVE_	LUSIVE_	LUSIVE_	LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_0 9	_	_	LUSIVE_
AREA_23 /24										
LIN_EXC LUSIVE_ AREA_25	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	

# 5.2 Peripheral Hardware Requirements

The LIN physical interface should be connected to the LIN module pins in order to get the LIN bus voltage levels.

# 5.3 ISR to configure within OS – dependencies

The interrupt service routines are implemented using ISR macro.

The ISR macro implementation depends on the MCAL environment used:

1. Without OS and INTC used in software vector mode:

#define ISR(IsrName) void IsrName(void)

2. Without OS and INTC used in hardware vector mode:

#define ISR(IsrName) INTERRUPT\_FUNC void IsrName(void)

3. With Freescale OS:

#define ISR(IsrName) void OS\_isr\_##IsrName()

The following ISR's are used by the LIN driver:

Table 5-2. LIN ISR's For LPUART channel

ISR Name	Hardware interrupt vector		
Lin_LPUART_Isr_LPUART_0	31		
Lin_LPUART_Isr_LPUART_1	33 (For S32K118 is 30)		
Lin_LPUART_Isr_LPUART_2	35		

For each interrupts name is added a prefix (ISR) that depends by OS:

- For MCAL without OS, ISR() macro is defined as "OSISR\_".
- For Freescale OS, the ISR() macro is defined as "OS\_isr\_".
- For EB OS, the ISR() macro is defined as "OS\_ISR\_".

#### NOTE:

- 1. The type number and interrupt vectors of hardware channels are specific for each platform. See the documentation for details.
- 2. In case of AUTOSAR\_OS\_NOT\_USED and the user wants to used the INTC in software mode, the compiler option "-DUSE\_SW\_VECTOR\_MODE" have to be added to the list of compiler options.
- 3. NO external wake-up is supported by drivers. To wake-up the core from Standby 0 over LIN channels, the ICU drivers has to be used.

#### 5.4 ISR Macro

MCAL drivers use the ISR macro to define the functions that will process hardware interrupts. Depending on whether the OS is used or not, this macro can have different definitions:

- a. OS is not used AUTOSAR\_OS\_NOT\_USED is defined:
- i. If USE\_SW\_VECTOR\_MODE is defined:

```
#define ISR(IsrName) void IsrName(void)
```

In this case, drivers' interrupt handlers are normal C functions and the prolog/epilog handle the context save and restore.

### ii. If USE\_SW\_VECTOR\_MODE is not defined:

```
#define ISR(IsrName) INTERRUPT FUNC void IsrName(void)
```

In this case, drivers' interrupt handlers must save and restore the execution context.

Custom OS is used - AUTOSAR\_OS\_NOT\_USED is not defined

```
#define ISR(IsrName) void OS isr ##IsrName()
```

In this case, OS is handling the execution context when an interrupt occurs. Drivers' interrupt handlers are normal C functions.

#### Other AUTOSAR modules - dependencies

Other vendor's OS is used - AUTOSAR OS NOT USED is not defined. Please refer to the OS documentation for description of the ISR macro.

# 5.5 Other AUTOSAR modules - dependencies

- Base: The BASE module contains the common files/definitions needed by all MCAL modules.
- Mcu: The MCU driver provides services for basic microcontroller initialization, power down functionality, reset and microcontroller specific functions required by other MCAL software modules. The clocks need to be initialized prior to using the LIN driver. This module is required for setting the "LIN Clock Reference" value.
- **Port:** The PORT module is used to configure the port pins with the needed modes, before they are used by the LIN module. For each LINFlex, the TXD and RXD signals need to be configured.
- EcuC: The ECUC module is used for ECU configuration. MCAL modules need ECUC to retrieve the variant information.
- **Det:** The DET module is used for enabling Default error detection. The API function used is Det\_ReportError(). The activation/deactivation of Default error detection is configurable using the 'LinDevErrorDetect' configuration parameter.
- **Dem:** The DEM module is used for enabling reporting of production relevant error status. The API function used is Dem\_ReportErrorStatus().
- EcuM: This module is used for processing the Wakeup notifications of LIN. Whenever the module is in 'Sleep' mode and a wakeup event occurs on a wakeup capable channel, it is reported to EcuM through the EcuM\_CheckWakeupEvent() API. This is configurable using the 'LinChannelWakeupInfo' configuration parameter.
- **Resource:** RESOURCE module is used to select microcontroller's derivatives.
- RTE: The RTE module is needed for implementing data consistency of exclusive areas that are used by LIN module.

#### **Data cache restriction** 5.6

In the DMA transfer mode, DMA transfers may issue cache coherency problems. To avoid possible coherency issues when D-CACHE is enabled, the user shall ensure that the buffers used as TCD source and destination are allocated in the NON-CACHEABLE area (by means of Memmap).

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# 5.7 User Mode Support

**Note:** Lin module does not include registers protection. So, it is accessible to all registered in any public mode.

**User Mode Support** 

# **Chapter 6 Main API Requirements**

## 6.1 Main functions calls within BSW scheduler

None.

# 6.2 API Requirements

Not Applicable.

# 6.3 Calls to Notification Functions, Callbacks, Callouts

#### **Call-back Notifications:**

The LIN Driver uses 3 callback functions which have to be provided by the respective module:

EcuM\_ValidateWakeupEvent(), EcuM\_SetWakeupEvent() and EcuM\_CheckWakeup() have to be provided by the EcuM module.

#### **User Notification**

None

Calls to Notification Functions, Callbacks, Callouts

# **Chapter 7 Memory Allocation**

# 7.1 Sections to be defined in Lin\_MemMap.h

Table 7-1. Memory Allocation

Section name	Type of section	Description
LIN_START_SEC_CONFIG_DATA_UNSPE CIFIED	Configuration Data	Start of Memory Section for Config Data
LIN_STOP_SEC_CONFIG_DATA_UNSPEC IFIED	Configuration Data	End of Memory Section for Config Data
LIN_START_SEC_CODE	Code	Start of memory Section for Code
LIN_STOP_SEC_CODE	Code	End of memory Section for Code
LIN_START_SEC_VAR_NO_INIT_8	Variables	Used for variables which have to be aligned to 8 bit. For instance used for variables of size 8 bit or used for composite data types: arrays, structs containing elements of maximum 8 bits. These variables are never cleared and never initialized by start-up code.
LIN_STOP_SEC_VAR_NO_INIT_8	Variables	End of above section.
LIN_START_SEC_VAR_NO_INIT_UNSPEC IFIED	Variables	Used for variables, structures, arrays when the SIZE (alignment) does not fit the criteria of 8,16 or 32 bit. These variables are never cleared and never initialized by start-up code.
LIN_STOP_SEC_VAR_NO_INIT_UNSPECIFIED	Variables	End of above section.
LIN_START_SEC_VAR_INIT_8	Variables	Used for variables which have to be aligned to 8 bit. For instance used for variables of size 8 bit or used for composite data types: arrays, structs containing elements of maximum 8 bits. These variables are initialized with values after every reset.
LIN_STOP_SEC_VAR_INIT_8	Variables	End of above section.
LIN_START_SEC_VAR_INIT_UNSPECIFIE D	Variables	Used for variables, structures, arrays, when the SIZE (alignment) does not fit the criteria

Table continues on the next page...

#### Linker command file

Table 7-1. Memory Allocation (continued)

Section name	Type of section	Description
		of 8,16 or 32 bit. These variables are initialized with values after every reset.
LIN_STOP_SEC_VAR_INIT_UNSPECIFIED	Variables	End of above section.
LIN_START_SEC_CONST_32	Constant Data	Used for constants that have to be aligned to 32 bit.
LIN_STOP_SEC_CONST_32	Constant Data	End of above section.
LIN_START_SEC_CONST_UNSPECIFIED	Constant Data	Used for constants when the SIZE (alignment) does not fit the criteria of 8,16 or 32 bit.
LIN_STOP_SEC_CONST_UNSPECIFIED	Constant Data	End of above section.

# 7.2 Linker command file

Memory shall be allocated for every section defined in LIN\_MemMap.h

# **Chapter 8 Configuration parameters considerations**

Configuration parameter class for Autosar LIN driver fall into the following variants as defined below:

# 8.1 Configuration Parameters

Specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post Build

**Table 8-1. Configuration Parameters** 

Configuration Container	Configuration Parameters	Configuration Variant	Current Implementation	
Lin	IMPLEMENTATION_CONFIG _VARIANT	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
NonAutosar				
	LinDisableDemReportErrorSt atus	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinDisableFrameTimeout	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
LinGeneral				
	LinDevErrorDetect	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinIndex	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinTimeoutDuration	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinVersionInfoApi	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
LinChannel				
	LinChannelld	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinHwChannel	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinClockRef	VariantPC or VariantPB	VariantPC or VariantPB	
	LinClockRef_Alternate	VariantPC or VariantPB	VariantPC or VariantPB	

Table continues on the next page...

#### **Configuration Parameters**

# **Table 8-1. Configuration Parameters (continued)**

Configuration Container	Configuration Parameters	Configuration Variant	Current Implementation	
	LinChannelBaudRate	VariantPC or VariantPB	VariantPC or VariantPB	
	BreakLength	VariantPC or VariantPB	VariantPC or VariantPB	
	LinChannelWakeupSupport	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
	LinChannelEcuMWakeupSour ce	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	
LinDemEventParameterRefs				
	LIN_E_TIMEOUT	Pre Compile parameter for all Variants of Configuration	Pre compile	

# **Chapter 9 Integration Steps**

This section gives a brief overview of the steps needed for integrating Local Interconnect Network:

- Generate the required LIN configurations. For more details refer to section Files required for Compilation
- Allocate proper memory sections in LIN\_MemMap.h and linker command file. For more details refer to section
- Compile & build the LIN with all the dependent modules. For more details refer to section Building the Driver

# Chapter 10 External Assumptions for LIN driver

The section presents requirements that must be complied with when integrating LIN driver into the application.

#### [SMCAL\_CPR\_EXT51]

<< The application shall not preempt a LIN function working on a channel by calling the same or another LIN function targeting the same channel. >>

#### NOTE

The following functions are targeted by the requirement:

- Lin\_CheckWakeup()
- Lin\_GoToSleep()
- Lin\_GoToSleepInternal()
- Lin\_Wakeup()
- Lin\_GetStatus()
- Lin\_SendFrame()

### [SMCAL\_CPR\_EXT52]

<< The application shall call the function Lin\_Init only once during runtime, as stated in LIN146. >>

# [SMCAL\_CPR\_EXT53]

<< Lin\_Init() function shall be called first to initialize the driver. Application shall not call any function of LIN API before the function Lin\_Init() has completed. Only Lin\_GetVersionInfo() can be called before Lin\_Init(). >>

# [SMCAL\_CPR\_EXT54]

<< The application shall only call Lin\_SendFrame on a channel which is in state LIN\_CH\_OPERATIONAL or in one of the sub-states of LIN\_CH\_OPERATIONAL. >>

#### NOTE

**Rationale**: If Lin\_SendFrame() is called while the LIN channel state is LIN\_CH\_SLEEP, the module might lose its internal consistency. The same risk exists in case of calling Lin\_SendFrame() while module state is LIN\_NOT\_OK.

**Implementation Hint**: Before calling Lin\_SendFrame() the application shall call Lin\_GetStatus() in order to ensure that the module state is compliant.

#### [SMCAL\_CPR\_EXT163]

<< If interrupts are locked a centralized function pair to lock and unlock interrupts shall be used. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00045]

<< One LIN driver provides access to one LIN hardware unit type (simple UART or dedicated LIN hardware) that may consist of several LIN channels. >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00242]

<< The types Lin\_PduType and Lin\_StatusType used by LIN driver shall be declared in Lin\_GeneralTypes.h . >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00225]

<< There must be at least one statically defined configuration set available for the LIN driver. When the EcuM invokes the initialization function, it has to provide a specific pointer to the configuration that it wishes to use. >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00014]

<< Each LIN PID shall be associated with a checksum model (either 'enhanced' where the PID is included in the checksum, or 'classic' where only the response data is checksummed) (see Lin\_PduType). >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00015]

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<< Each LIN PID shall be associated with a response data length in bytes (see Lin\_PduType). >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00210]

<< The upper layer of the LIN Driver has to keep the buffer data consistent until return of function call. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00246]

<< If different LIN drivers are used, only one instance of this file has to be included in the source tree. For implementation all Lin\_GeneralTypes.h related types in the documents mentioned before shall be considered. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00228]

<< Name: Lin\_FramePidType

Type: uint8

Range: 0...0xFE -- The LIN identifier (0...0x3F) together with its two parity bits.

Description: Represents all valid protected identifier used by Lin\_SendFrame(). >>

# [SWS\_Lin\_00229]

<< Name: Lin\_FrameCsModelType

Type: Enumeration

Range: LIN\_ENHANCED\_CS Enhanced checksum model

LIN\_CLASSIC\_CS Classic checksum model

Description: This type is used to specify the Checksum model to be used for the LIN

Frame. >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00230]

<< Name: Lin\_FrameResponseType

Type: Enumeration

Range: LIN\_MASTER\_RESPONSE Response is generated from this (master) node

LIN\_SLAVE\_RESPONSE Response is generated from a remote slave node

LIN\_SLAVE\_TO\_SLAVE Response is generated from one slave to another slave, for the master the response will be anonymous, it does not have to receive the response.

Description: This type is used to specify whether the frame processor is required to transmit the response part of the LIN frame. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00231]

<< Name: Lin\_FrameDlType

Type: uint8

Range: 1...8 -- Data length of a LIN Frame

Description: This type is used to specify the number of SDU data bytes to copy. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00232]

<< Name: Lin\_PduType

Type: Structure

Element: Lin\_FramePidType Pid --

Lin\_FrameCsModelType Cs --

Lin\_FrameResponseType Drc --

Lin\_FrameDlType Dl --

uint8\* SduPtr ---

Description: This Type is used to provide PID, checksum model, data length and SDU pointer from the LIN Interface to the LIN driver. >>

# [SWS\_Lin\_00233]

<< Name: Lin\_StatusType

Type: Enumeration

Range: LIN\_NOT\_OK LIN frame operation return value.

LIN\_TX\_BUSY Development or production error occurred

LIN\_TX\_OK LIN frame operation return value.

LIN\_TX\_BUSY Successful transmission.

LIN\_TX\_BUSY LIN frame operation return value.

Ongoing transmission (Header or Response).

LIN\_TX\_HEADER\_ERROR LIN frame operation return value.

Erroneous header transmission such as:

- Mismatch between sent and read back data
- Identifier parity error or
- Physical bus error

LIN\_TX\_ERROR LIN frame operation return value.

Erroneous response transmission such as:

- Mismatch between sent and read back data
- Physical bus error

LIN\_RX\_OK LIN frame operation return value.

Reception of correct response.

LIN\_RX\_BUSY LIN frame operation return value.

Ongoing reception: at least one response byte has been received,

but the checksum byte has not been received.

LIN\_RX\_ERROR LIN frame operation return value.

Erroneous response reception such as:

- Framing error
- Overrun error
- Checksum error or
- Short response

LIN\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE LIN frame operation return value.

No response byte has been received so far.

LIN\_OPERATIONAL LIN channel state return value.

Normal operation; the related LIN channel is ready to transmit next header.

No data from previous frame available (e.g. after initialization)

LIN CH SLEEP LIN channel state return value.

Sleep state operation; in this state wake-up detection from slave nodes is enabled.

Description: LIN operation states for a LIN channel or frame, as returned by the API service Lin\_GetStatus(). >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00106]

<< The Lin module's environment shall not call any function of the Lin module before having called Lin\_Init except Lin\_GetVersionInfo. >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00193]

<< In case of receiving data the LIN Interface has to wait for the corresponding response part of the LIN frame by polling with the function Lin\_GetStatus() after using the function Lin\_SendFrame(). >>

#### [SWS\_Lin\_00194]

<< The Lin module's environment shall only call Lin\_SendFrame on a channel which is in state LIN\_CH\_OPERATIONAL or in one of the sub-states ofLIN\_CH\_OPERATIONAL. >>

### [SWS\_Lin\_00239]

<< In case of errors during header transmission, it is up to the implementer how to handle these errors (stop/continue transmission) and to decide if the corresponding response is valid or not. >>

# [SWS\_Lin\_00200]

<< The return states LIN\_TX\_OK, LIN\_TX\_BUSY, LIN\_TX\_HEADER\_ERROR, LIN\_TX\_ERROR, LIN\_RX\_OK, LIN\_RX\_BUSY, LIN\_RX\_ERROR, LIN\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE and LIN\_OPERATIONAL are sub-states of the channel state LIN\_CH\_OPERATIONAL. >>

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Document Number IM2LINASR4.2 Rev0002R1.0.1 Revision 1.0



