

02_02_ifelse_simulator_teacher__

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Part of the InnovatED STEM and DroneBlocks Land, Air, and Sea Robotics Curriculum
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1 Conditional Logic with if/else Statements

In this notebook, you'll learn how to make your drone behave differently based on its current state using `if`, `else`, and `elif`.

We'll use sensor readings and state values like height, position, yaw, velocity, and status from the simulator.

```
[ ]: # Setup and Drone Initialization
import time
from crazyflie_sim import CrazyflieSimulator

drone = CrazyflieSimulator(real=False)
```

1.1 Conditional Checks with Drone State

You can access information from the drone using: - `drone.get_height()` → meters - `drone.get_position()` → (x, y) - `drone.get_yaw()` → degrees - `drone.get_velocity()` → (vx, vy, vz) - `drone.get_status()` → e.g. 'airborne', 'landed' - `drone.get_log()` → command history list

```
[ ]: print("Height:", drone.get_height())
print("Position:", drone.get_position())
print("Yaw:", drone.get_yaw())
print("Velocity:", drone.get_velocity())
print("Status:", drone.get_status())
print("Command Log:", drone.get_log())
```

1.2 Example 1: Check if drone is on the ground

```
[ ]: if drone.get_status() == 'landed':  
    print(" Drone is currently on the ground.")  
else:  
    print(" Drone is in the air!")
```

1.3 Example 2: Take off only if not already flying

```
[ ]: if drone.get_status() == 'landed':  
    drone.takeoff(1.0, 0.3)  
    time.sleep(2)  
else:  
    print("Already flying.")
```

1.4 Example 3: Turn based on yaw value

```
[ ]: yaw = drone.get_yaw()  
if yaw < 180:  
    print("Turning right to balance orientation.")  
    drone.rotate(90, 1)  
else:  
    print("Turning left to balance orientation.")  
    drone.rotate(-90, 1)
```

1.5 Exercise 1: Check if drone is below 1m and go up if needed

```
[ ]: # if drone.get_height() < 1.0:  
#     drone.up( , )  
# else:  
#     print("Altitude is sufficient.")
```

1.6 Exercise 2: If yaw > 180, rotate left to correct

```
[ ]: # yaw = drone.get_yaw()  
# if yaw > 180:  
#     drone.rotate( , )
```

1.7 Exercise 3: Print different messages based on velocity

```
[ ]: # vx, vy, vz = drone.get_velocity()  
# if abs(vx) > 0.2 or abs(vy) > 0.2:  
#     print(" Drone is moving fast!")  
# else:  
#     print(" Drone is moving slowly.")
```

1.8 Land and close the drone

```
[ ]: drone.land(0.3)  
     drone.close()
```