

Session #1

# AP signals – English class

**TERM 2**



# Modal verbs

- A modal verb is a type of auxiliary verb which describes the state of the verb.

**Note:** They are used to express: ability, possibility, permission or obligation.

**Note:** Always remember to use the base form of the verb after modals.



## 1.Can

It is similar to “**be able to**” and shows the ability.

### Positive form

➤ She is able to speak English well.

Or

➤ She can speak English well.

➤ **Drill:**

- I am able to swim.
- They are able to run fast.
- My mother is able to cook spaghetti.
- I am able to knit.
- Farhad is able to ride a bicycle.
- We are able to read French novels.

# Can

## Negative form

➤ He is not able to play the piano.

Or

➤ He can't play the piano. (can't = cannot)

➤ His dad is not able to drive a truck.

➤ Ali is not able to take the dog for a walk.

➤ We are not able to paint this big wall.

➤ They are not able to win this war.

# Can

## Question form

► Is she able to climb that mountain?

Or

► Can she climb that mountain?

► Are they able to steal that necklace?

► Are you able to play chess?

► Is Farhad able to kill his king?

► Is Sarah able to serve the food?

It is similar to “**be allowed to**” or “**to have the permission**” and shows the permission.

### Positive form

➤ You are allowed to use your cellphone here.

Or

➤ You may use your cellphone here.

➤ You have the permission to use your cellphone here.

Or

➤ You may use your cellphone here.

➤ They are allowed to stand near the president.

➤ Zahra has the permission to use my laptop.

➤ I am allowed to vote for presidential election.

➤ Ali is allowed to stay up late.

➤ My brother is allowed to smoke.

➤ They have the permission to kill the enemy.

## Negative form

▶ You are not allowed to watch TV tonight.

Or

▶ You may not watch TV tonight.

▶ You don't have the permission to watch TV tonight.

Or

▶ You may not watch TV tonight.

▶ Sarah is not allowed to marry him.

▶ Children are not allowed to play with a knife.

▶ You don't have the permission to walk here.

▶ They are not allowed to eat our food.

▶ My grandfather doesn't have the permission to eat fast food.

▶ We don't have the permission to smoke in this building.

## Question form

- Am I allowed to come in?                      **Or**                      May I come in?
- Do I have the permission to come in?                      **Or**                      May I come in?
- Is Farhad allowed to approach?
- Do we have the permission to drink wine?
- Is he allowed to drive that red car?
- Are you allowed to use the gun?
- Does she have the permission to stay out late?



### 3.Might

It is similar to “**it is possible**” or “**it is probable**” or “**probably**” and shows the possibility of an action.

#### Positive form

- It is possible that they arrive late.      **Or**      They might arrive late.
- It is possible that you study English.
- It is probable that my father goes to the stadium tonight.
- It is possible that Sarah marries him.
- My mother probably cooks dinner.
- He probably wants to say good bye.
- It is probable that I know more than Peiman

# Might

## Negative form

➤ It is not possible that she arrives soon.

Or

➤ she might not arrive soon.

➤ It is not probable that they do their homework on time.

➤ It is not possible that I fall in love with her.

➤ I do not probably travel to U.S.A.

➤ Zahra is not probably happy.

## 4. Will

It is similar to “**be going to**” and shows the future.

### Positive form

- We are going to eat dinner.
- Or
- we will eat dinner.
  
- They are going to make a long movie two years later.
- She is going to help the gorilla.
- We are going to win this war.
- I am going to kill you.
- My friend is going to get married next year.

# Will

## Negative form

➤ Ali is not going to buy that boat.

Or

➤ Ali will not buy that boat. (will not = won't)

➤ We are not going to tell Farhad the truth.

➤ She is not going to be a manager.

➤ They are not going to go swimming.

➤ Peyman is not going to write a letter.

➤ Our boss is not going to increase our salary.

# Will

## Question form

➤ Are you going to eat that giant fish?

Or

➤ will you eat that giant fish?

➤ Is she going to take a taxi?

➤ Are they going to adopt a child?

➤ Is Farhad going to drink the bitter coffee?

➤ Are my parents going to apply for Canada?

➤ Is he going to swim in the river?

➤ Are Ali and Sarah going to climb that rock?

## 5.Must

It is similar to “**have to**” and shows obligation.

### Positive form

➤ They have to be on time.

Or

➤ They must be on time.

➤ She has to study hard.

➤ We have to sleep late.

➤ Ali and Sarah have to visit their grandparents.

➤ He has to be on a diet.

➤ You have to go under that bridge.

➤ She has to protect her child.

➤ Daenerys has to fight Cersei.

➤ President Underwood has to give a speech today.

# Must

## Negative form

➤ You don't have to see him again.

Or

➤ You must not see him again.

➤ She doesn't have to wish him good fortune.

➤ They don't have to march into this beautiful country.

➤ I do not have to play football.

➤ You don't have to drink alcohol.

➤ My brother does not have to pick her up.

# Must

## Question form

➤ Does your father have to travel a lot?

Or

➤ Must your father travel a lot?

➤ Do you have to find a place to live?

➤ Does he have to be nice to children?

➤ Do they have to swim in the sea?

➤ Does Parinaz have to go to Canada?

➤ Do your parents have to wash the dishes?



**6.Should** It is similar to “*had better*” and shows the suggestion.

### Positive form

➤ You had better see a doctor.

Or

➤ you should see a doctor.

➤ You had better hurry.

➤ She had better drink some tea.

➤ We had better drive slowly.

➤ You had better marry him.

➤ They had better take some photos of her.

# Should

## Negative form

➤ They had better not leave the office early.

Or

➤ they shouldn't leave the office early.

➤ We had better not eat fat.

➤ They had better not walk away from their queen.

➤ Zahra had better not listened to Evil.

➤ I had better not play videogames.

# Should

## Question form

➤ Had we better leave a note for him?

Or

➤ should we leave a note for him?

➤ Had she better send a letter to her father?

➤ Had they better talk to the police officer?

➤ Had you better go hunting?

➤ Had Ali better drink some coffee?

➤ Had you better talk to him?

# The summary of modals

| Modal  | Meaning                  | Example                                 |
|--------|--------------------------|---|
| Can    | to express ability       | I can speak Russian.                    |
| Can    | to request permission    | Can I open the window?                  |
| May    | to express possibility   | I may be home late.                     |
| May    | to request permission    | May I sit down, please?                 |
| Must   | to express obligation    | I must go now.                          |
| Must   | to express strong belief | She must be over 90 years old.          |
| Should | to give advice           | You should stop smoking.                |
| Will   | predicting the future    | We will travel to Germany tomorrow.     |
| Might  | To express possibility   | The students might be in the classroom. |



# *The summary of modals*



| Question                                | Negative                                    |
|---|---|
| Can you write a letter?                 | I can't write a letter.                     |
| Will we travel to Germany tomorrow?     | We won't travel to Germany tomorrow.        |
| Should I bring an umbrella?             | I shouldn't bring an umbrella.              |
| May John go to school tomorrow?         | John may not go to school tomorrow.         |
| Might the students be in the classroom? | The students might not be in the classroom. |
| Must you sing?                          | You mustn't sing                            |

## ➤ I can write a letter.

- (she) (they) (Ali) (not) (we) (?) (receive) (+) (two letters) (must) (not) (send) (he) (+) (Sarah) (?) (I)

## ➤ She should eat lunch.

- (you) (?) (visit a doctor) (+) (they) (take some rest) (not) (be on time) (+) (must) (?) (my dad) (+)

➤ آنها می توانند به خوبی فرانسوی صحبت کنند.

➤ ممکن است او به توکیو سفر کند.

➤ جان فردا نامه ای نخواهد نوشت.

➤ آنها اجازه ورود به سینما را دارند.

➤ دانش آموزان اجازه دارند معلمشان را ببینند.

➤ آنها باید درس بخوانند.

➤ آقای اسمیت نمی تواند با همسرش به رستوران برود.

➤ جان هفته آینده ازدواج خواهد کرد.

➤ تو میتوانی پیانو بنوازی.

➤ لطفا با خودت چتر ببر. ممکن است باران ببارد.

➤ رانندگان باید زمانی که چراغ راهنمایی قرمز است، ماشین را متوقف کنند.

➤ آیا می توانم از لپتاپ شما استفاده کنم؟

➤ آیا اجازه دارم در این اتاق سیگار بکشم؟

➤ او سال قبل ازدواج کرد و ممکن است که در شهر دیگری زندگی کند.

# Vocabulary list

|            |            |             |
|------------|------------|-------------|
| Auxiliary  | Ability    | Possibility |
| Obligation | Suggestion | Novel       |
| Truck      | Climb      | Necklace    |
| Steal      | Permission | Allow       |
| Approach   | Probable   | Truth       |
| Salary     | Boss       | Increase    |
| Giant      | speech     |             |

|             |           |          |            |
|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Intelligent | Kind      | Boring   | Ticket     |
| Push        | Stupid    | Angry    | Shut       |
| Rich        | Throw     | Ground   | Behind     |
| Stairs      | Laugh     | Perhaps  | Wind       |
| Pay         | Wonderful | Enjoy    | Building   |
| Quickly     | Inside    | Outside  | Earthquake |
| Armchair    | Ill       | Medicine | Jewellery  |
| Weak        | Daughter  | Pretty   | Manager    |
| Kitchen     | Follow    | Light    | Change     |

|           |          |          |           |
|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Quiet     | Washroom | Garden   | Terrible  |
| Sky       | Shaking  | Scream   | Crack     |
| Bottom    | Pull     | Roof     | Rubble    |
| Noise     | Broken   | Dirty    | Across    |
| Thick     | Smoke    | Idea     | Hurt      |
| Square    | Ruin     | Neighbor | Safe      |
| Dangerous | Flat     | News     | Fall      |
| Accident  | Nurse    | Afraid   | Worry     |
| Midnight  | Jacket   | Thirsty  | Country   |
| Thief     | Fireman  | Cross    | Carefully |
| Journey   |          |          |           |



|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Abandon:</b> to leave without planning to come back | <b>Qualify :</b> to show that you are able               |
| <b>Inhabit :</b> to live in                            | <b>Conceal:</b> to hide                                  |
| <b>Recline :</b> to lie down                           | <b>Tempt :</b> to try to get someone to do sth           |
| <b>Persuade:</b> to make willing                       | <b>Blend:</b> to mix together                            |
| <b>Devise:</b> to plan / to invent                     | <b>Vanish:</b> to disappear                              |
| <b>Predict:</b> to tell beforehand                     | <b>Circulate:</b> to go around                           |
| <b>Descend:</b> to go or come down from a high place   | <b>Eliminate:</b> to get rid of                          |
| <b>Assemble:</b> to bring together                     | <b>Explore:</b> to examine                               |
| <b>Debate:</b> to discuss for agreed and disagreed     | <b>Evade:</b> to get away from by trickery or cleverness |
| <b>Probe:</b> to search into                           | <b>Reform:</b> to make better                            |
| <b>Detect:</b> to find out / to discover               | <b>Neglect:</b> to give too little care or attention     |
| <b>Deceive:</b> to mislead                             | <b>Defraud:</b> to take money, etc. away by cheating     |
| <b>Post pone:</b> to delay                             | <b>Consent:</b> to agree / to give permission            |

## *A list of verbs*





## ***Reading***

- Read the story, "The Earthquake".

## ***Listening***

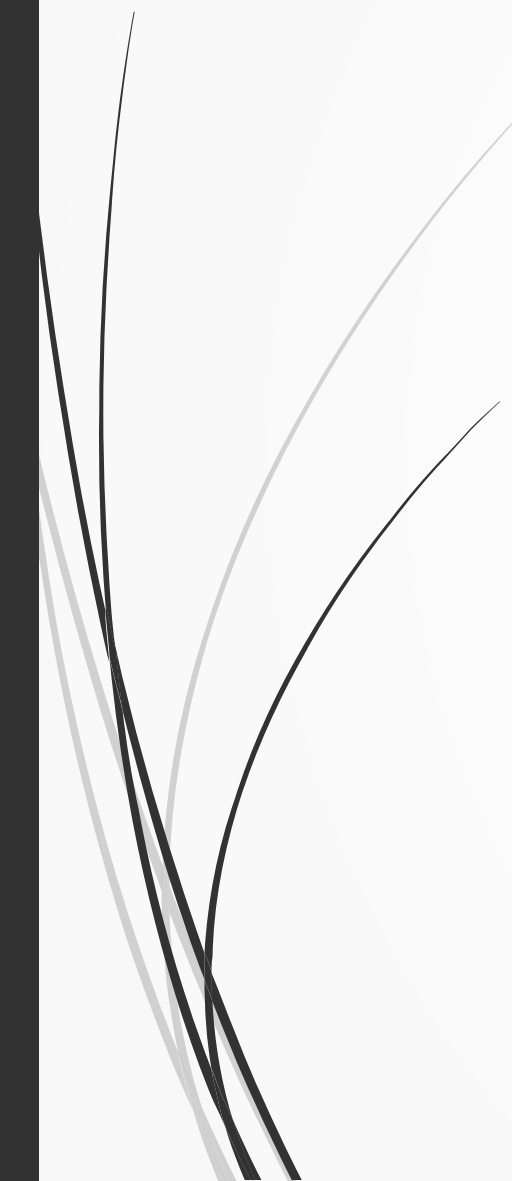
- Complete the blanks in the story.

## ***Speaking***

- Tell the summary of the story and record your voice.



## Writing

1. Write some sentences with modals, using the list of vocabulary.
  2. Write the summary of the story.
  3. Write some comments about the following situations:
    - Things we must do in a hospital.
    - Things we can do on the internet.
    - Things we may not do at the middle of an exam.
    - Things we should do when we are sick.
    - Things we might not do when we travel to a foreign country.
    - Things we will do in a wedding ceremony.
- (Write at least 5 sentences for each situation. Good luck!)
- 

# Translate the following sentences

- i. مادر من میتواند برای من نامه بنویسد.
- ii. برادر جذاب او میتواند با سرعت بدود.
- iii. من می توانم با تاکسی به مدرسه بروم.
- iv. او نمی تواند به زبان فرانسوی صحبت کند.
- v. آنها اجازه دارند به سفر بروند.
- vi. برادر من اجازه ندارد با آن دختر امریکایی ازدواج کند.
- vii. ما اجازه داریم به انگلستان سفر کنیم.
- viii. تو ممکن است ناهار بخوری.
- ix. جیمی ممکن است خواهرش را بکشد.
- x. جان ممکن است شاه بشود.
- xi. همسر فرانک رئیس جمهور خواهد شد.
- xii. سوفی با جان ازدواج نخواهد کرد.
- xiii. ما کتاب های داستان را خواهیم خواند.
- xiv. تو باید زود به خانه برگردی.
- xv. شاه بایستی با ملکه ازدواج کند.