

test_mechanics

November 19, 2022

0.1 test_mechanics.py

```
[1]: """
    test_mechanics.py

    References:
        Vladimir Pletser - Lagrangian and Hamiltonian Analytical Mechanics Forty_
        ↳ Exercises Resolved and Explained-Springer Singapore (2018).pdf
    """

    import copy
    import sys
    import os
    lstPaths = ["../src"]
    for ipath in lstPaths:
        if ipath not in sys.path:
            sys.path.append(ipath)
    from libsympy import *
    from mechanics import *
    from sympy.physics import mechanics
    mechanics.mechanics_printing()
    #print(sys.version)
    #print(sys.path)
    # Execute jupyter-notebook related commands.
    exec(open('libnotebook.py').read())
```

libsympy is loaded.

libnotebook is loaded.

0.1.1 Settings

```
[3]: """ Settings
    class sets:
        """
        Settings class.

        Instead of settings class, settings namedtuple might be used.
        Settings = namedtuple("Settings", "type dropinf delta")
        sets = Settings(type="symbolic", dropinf=True, delta=0.1)
```

```

"""
global dictflow, test_all

def __init__(self):
    pass

input_dir = "input/mechanics"
output_dir = "output/mechanics"

# Plotting settings
plot_time_scale = {1:"xy", 2:"xz", 3:"yz"}[3]

# Execution settings.
test_all = {0:False, 1:True}[1]
dictflow = {100:"get_formulary", 150:"get_subformulary",
            200:"simple_harmonic_oscillator_scalar", 201:
↪ "simple_harmonic_oscillator_vectorial",
            2321:"coordinate_systems"}
flow = [dictflow[i] for i in [2321]]
if test_all: flow = [dictflow[i] for i in dictflow.keys()]

```

```
[3]: print("Test of the {0}.".format(sets.flow))
```

Test of the ['get_formulary', 'get_subformulary',
'simple_harmonic_oscillator_scalar', 'simple_harmonic_oscillator_vectorial',
'coordinate_systems'].

0.1.2 get_formulary

```

[ ]: """ get_formulary
if "get_formulary" in sets.flow:
    omech.class_type = "scalar"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.output_style = "latex"
    omech.get_formulary()
    omech.get_formulary(style="eq")

    omech.class_type = "vectorial"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.get_formulary()

    omech.class_type = "EulerLagrange"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.get_formulary()

```

0.1.3 get_subformulary

```
[ ]: if "get_subformulary" in sets.flow:
    omech.__init__()
    omech.get_subformulary()
```

0.1.4 simple_harmonic_oscillator_scalar

```
[4]: if "simple_harmonic_oscillator_scalar" in sets.flow:
    """
    Example: Solve a from  $F = ma$ 
    """

    # omech = mechanics() # DO NOT create any instance.
    omech.class_type = "scalar"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.solver.verbose = True
    commands = ["solve", "NewtonsLaw2", omech.a.rhs]
    omech.process(commands)

    """
    Example: Solve position of a spring mass system.
     $F = ma$ ,  $F = -kx$ 
     $-kx = ma$ 
     $-kx = m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2}$ 
     $w = \sqrt{k/m}$ 
     $x(t) = C1 \sin(wt) + C2 \cos(wt)$ 
    """

    # Scalar Way.
    omech.class_type = "scalar"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.solver.verbose = True
    display("Newton's 2nd Law", omech.NewtonsLaw2,
            "Hooke's Law", omech.HookesLaw)
    commands = ["Eq", "NewtonsLaw2", "HookesLaw"]
    # commands = ["subs", "omech.result", [(a, diff(x, t, 2, evaluate=False))]]
    res = omech.process(commands)
    simp = simplify(res.lhs/m)
    omech.result = Eq(simp, 0)
    commands = ["subs", "omech.result", [(k/m, w**2)]]
    omech.process(commands)
    commands = ["dsolve", "omech.result", x]
    print("Codes:\n", *omech.solver.get_codes())

    omech.x = omech.process(commands).rhs
    v = omech.v.evalf(subs={x:omech.x}).doit()
    a = omech.a.evalf(subs={x:omech.x}).doit()
```

```

display(omech.result,v,a)

# Numerical calculations
[C1,C2] = symbols('C1 C2')
numvals = {C1:1, C2:1, w:2}
# commands = ["xreplace", "omech.x", numvals]
# omech.process(commands)
x = omech.x.evalf(subs=numvals).doit()
v = v.evalf(subs=numvals).rhs
a = a.evalf(subs=numvals).rhs
plot(x, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")
plot(v, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$v(t)$")
plot(a, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$a(t)$")
plot_sympfunc([x.subs({t:var('x')})], (0, float(4*pi), 200),
              xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")

```

```
'solve NewtonsLaw2 Derivative(x(t), (t, 2))'
```

```
solve(Eq(F, m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2))), Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)))
```

$$\left[\frac{F}{m} \right]$$

"Newton's 2nd Law"

$$F = m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t)$$

"Hooke's Law"

$$F = -kx(t)$$

'Eq NewtonsLaw2 HookesLaw'

```
Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)
```

$$kx(t) + m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = 0$$

```
'subs omech.result [(k/m, w**2)]'
```

```
Eq(k*x(t)/m + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)(subs, [(k/m, w**2)])
```

$$w^2 x(t) + \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = 0$$

Codes:

```
Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)
```

```
Eq(k*x(t)/m + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)(subs, [(k/m, w**2)])
```

```
'dsolve omech.result x(t)'
```

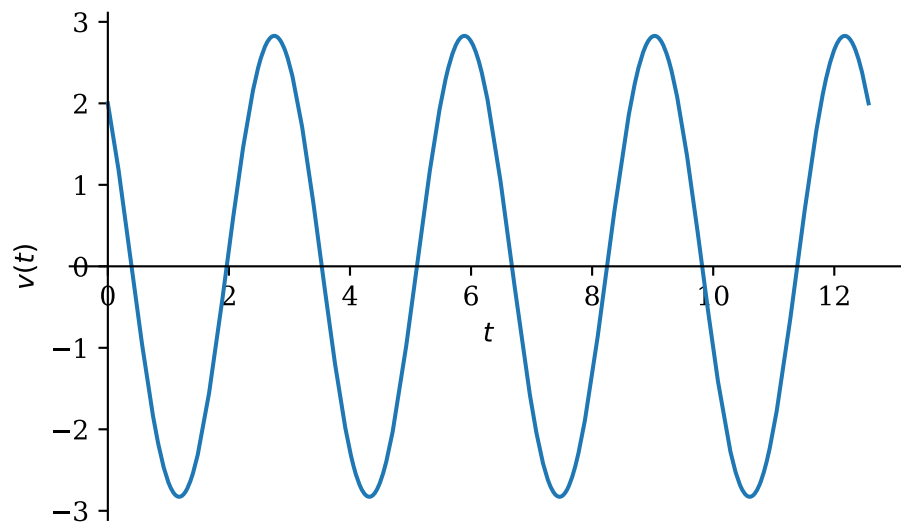
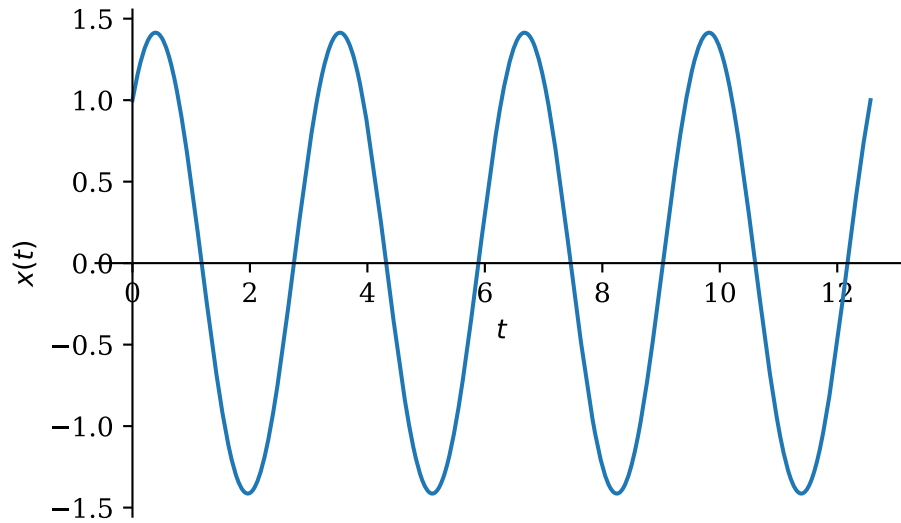
```
dsolve(Eq(w**2*x(t) + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0), x(t))
```

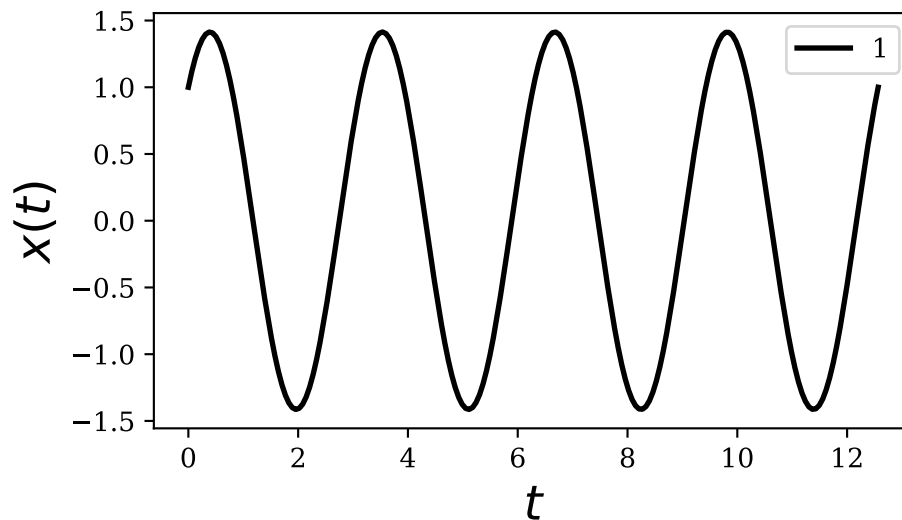
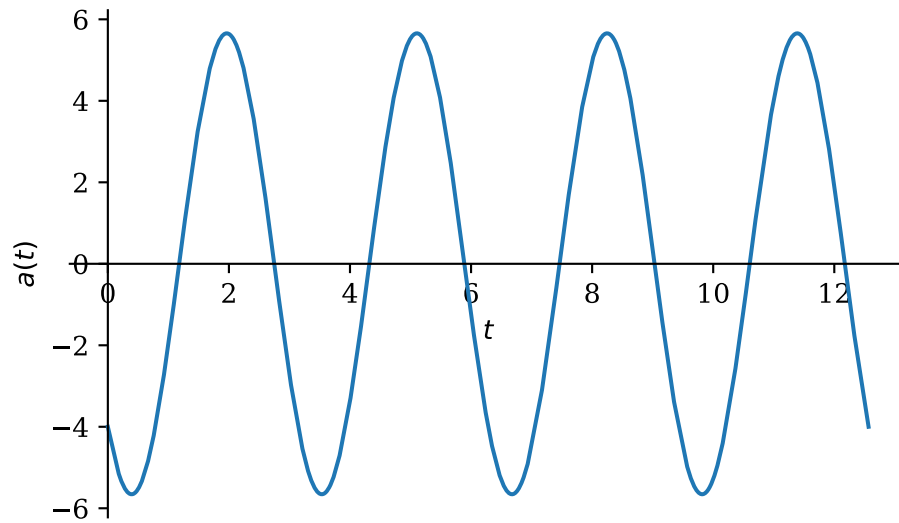
$$x(t) = C_1 \sin(tw) + C_2 \cos(tw)$$

$$x(t) = C_1 \sin(tw) + C_2 \cos(tw)$$

$$v(t) = C_1 w \cos(tw) - C_2 w \sin(tw)$$

$$a(t) = -w^2 (C_1 \sin(tw) + C_2 \cos(tw))$$





0.1.5 simple_harmonic_oscillator_vectorial

```
[5]: if "simple_harmonic_oscillator_vectorial" in sets.flow:
#     todo error occurs at "Eq" due to undefined 0 vector. ???
# Vectorial Way.
omech.class_type = "vectorial"
omech.__init__()
omech.solver.verbose = True
commands = ["Eq", "NewtonsLaw2", "HookesLaw"]
omech.process(commands)
```

```

#   commands = ["subs", "omech.result", [(a, diff(x, t, 2, evaluate=False))]]
res = omech.process(commands)
simp = simplify(res.lhs/m)
omech.result = Eq(simp, 0)
commands = ["subs", "omech.result", [(k/m, w**2)]]
omech.process(commands)
commands = ["dsolve", "omech.result", omech.x]
print("Codes:\n", *omech.solver.get_codes())

omech.x = omech.process(commands).rhs
v = omech.v.evalf(subs={x:omech.x}).doit()
a = omech.a.evalf(subs={x:omech.x}).doit()
display(omech.result,v,a)

# Numerical calculations
[C1,C2] = symbols('C1 C2')
numvals = {C1:1, C2:1, w:2}
#   commands = ["xreplace", "omech.x", numvals]
#   omech.process(commands)
x = omech.x.evalf(subs=numvals).doit()
v = v.evalf(subs=numvals).rhs.components[C.i]
a = a.evalf(subs=numvals).rhs.components[C.i]
plot(x, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")
plot(v, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$v(t)$")
plot(a, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$a(t)$")
plot_sympfunc([x.subs({t:var('x')})], (0, float(4*pi), 200),
               xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")

```

'Eq NewtonsLaw2 HookesLaw'

Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)

$$kx(t) + m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = 0$$

'Eq NewtonsLaw2 HookesLaw'

Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)

$$kx(t) + m \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = 0$$

'subs omech.result [(k/m, w**2)]'

Eq(k*x(t)/m + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)(subs, [(k/m, w**2)])

$$w^2 x(t) + \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = 0$$

Codes:

```
Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)
Equality(k*x(t) + m*Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)
Eq(k*x(t)/m + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0)(subs, [(k/m, w**2)])
```

```
'dsolve omech.result x(t)'
```

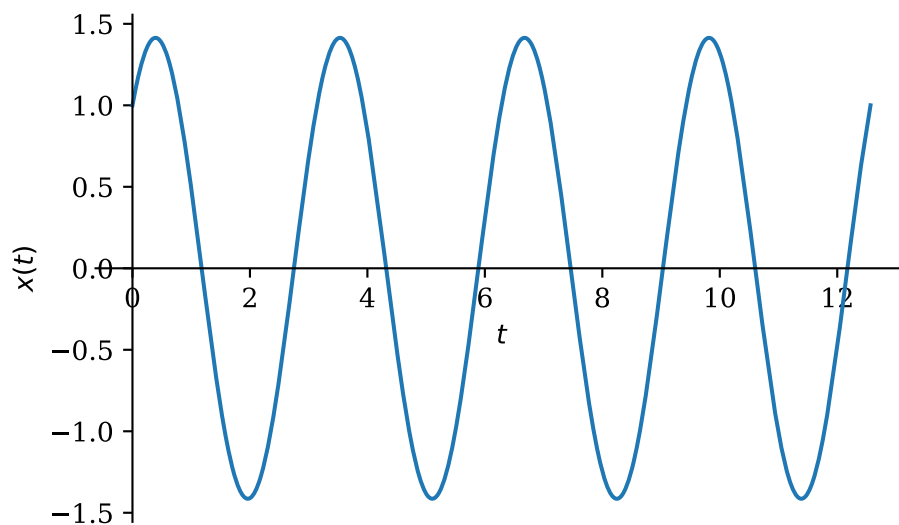
```
dsolve(Eq(w**2*x(t) + Derivative(x(t), (t, 2)), 0), x(t))
```

$$x(t) = C_1 \sin(tw) + C_2 \cos(tw)$$

$$x(t) = C_1 \sin(tw) + C_2 \cos(tw)$$

$$(v_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (v_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (v_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d}{dt}x(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}y(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}z(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$(a_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (a_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (a_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}x(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}y(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}z(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$



```
↳
↳
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call↳
↳last)
```

```
Input In [5], in <cell line: 1>()
  30 a = a.evalf(subs=numvals).rhs.components[C.i]
  31 plot(x, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")
---> 32 plot(v, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$v(t)$")
```



```

33 plot(a, (t,0,4*pi,200), xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$a(t)$")
34 plot_sympfunc([x.subs({t:var('x')})], (0, float(4*pi), 200),
35               xlabel="$t$", ylabel="$x(t)$")

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:1873,
↳ in plot(show, *args, **kwargs)
    1871 plots = Plot(*series, **kwargs)
    1872 if show:
-> 1873     plots.show()
    1874 return plots

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:251,
↳ in Plot.show(self)
    249     self._backend.close()
    250 self._backend = self.backend(self)
--> 251 self._backend.show()

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:1549,
↳ in MatplotlibBackend.show(self)
    1548 def show(self):
-> 1549     self.process_series()
    1550     #TODO after fixing https://github.com/ipython/ipython/issues/1255
    1551     # you can uncomment the next line and remove the pyplot.show()
↳ call
    1552     #self.fig.show()
    1553     if _show:

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:1546,
↳ in MatplotlibBackend.process_series(self)
    1544 if isinstance(self.parent, PlotGrid):
    1545     parent = self.parent.args[i]
-> 1546 self._process_series(series, ax, parent)

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:1367,
↳ in MatplotlibBackend._process_series(self, series, ax, parent)
    1364 for s in series:
    1365     # Create the collections
    1366     if s.is_2Dline:
-> 1367         x, y = s.get_data()
    1368         if (isinstance(s.line_color, (int, float)) or
    1369             callable(s.line_color)):
    1370             segments = self.get_segments(x, y)

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:605,
↳in Line2DBaseSeries.get_data(self)
    591 """ Return lists of coordinates for plotting the line.
    592
    593 Returns
    (...)
    602         List of z-coordinates in case of Parametric3DLineSeries
    603 """
    604 np = import_module('numpy')
--> 605 points = self.get_points()
    606 if self.steps is True:
    607     if len(points) == 2:

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/plot.py:779,
↳in LineOver1DRangeSeries.get_points(self)
    776         x_coords.append(q[0])
    777         y_coords.append(q[1])
--> 779 f_start = f(self.start)
    780 f_end = f(self.end)
    781 x_coords.append(self.start)

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/
↳experimental_lambdify.py:176, in lambdify.__call__(self, args)
    173 def __call__(self, args):
    174     try:
    175         #The result can be sympy.Float. Hence wrap it with complex
↳type.
--> 176         result = complex(self.lambda_func(args))
    177         if abs(result.imag) > 1e-7 * abs(result):
    178             return None

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/plotting/
↳experimental_lambdify.py:272, in Lambdifier.__call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
    271 def __call__(self, *args, **kwargs):
--> 272     return self.lambda_func(*args, **kwargs)

```

```

File <string>:1, in <lambda>(x0)

```

```

File /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sympy/core/function.py:1339,
↳in Derivative.__new__(cls, expr, *variables, **kwargs)

```

```

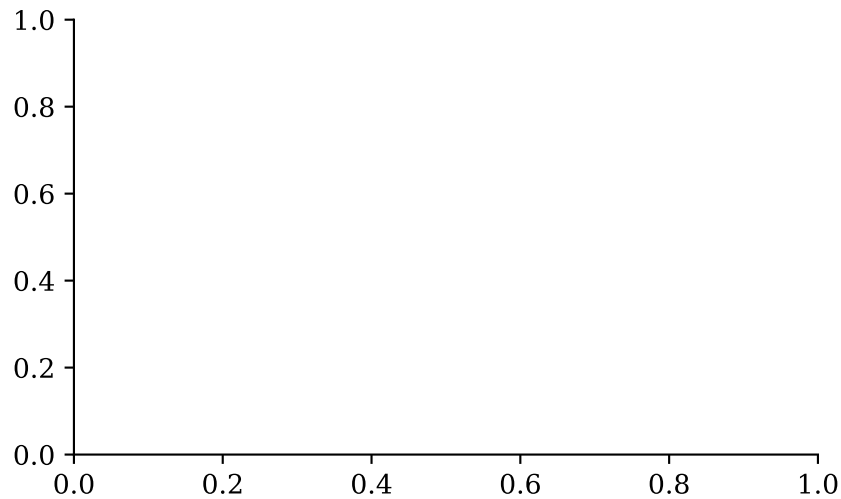
1337     if not v._diff_wrt:
1338         __ = '' # filler to make error message neater
-> 1339         raise ValueError(filldedent('''
1340             Can't calculate derivative wrt %s.%s''' % (v,
1341             __)))
1343 # We make a special case for 0th derivative, because there is no
1344 # good way to unambiguously print this.
1345 if len(variable_count) == 0:

```

```

ValueError:
Can't calculate derivative wrt 0.0.

```



0.1.6 coordinate_systems

```

[4]: if "coordinate_systems" in sets.flow:
    print("Coordinate Systems")

    print("Polar Coordinates")
    omech.class_type = "vectorial"
    omech.__init__()
    omech.solver.verbose = False

    xreplaces = {x:r*cos(theta)*C.i,
                  y:r*sin(theta)*C.j,
                  z:0}
    xreplaces = {x:omech.subformulary.pol_to_cart_x,
                  y:omech.subformulary.pol_to_cart_y,

```

```

        z:0} # C.k
display(omech.r, omech.v, omech.a)
display(xreplaces)

commands = ["xreplace", "omech.r", xreplaces]
r = omech.process(commands).doit()
commands = ["xreplace", "omech.v", xreplaces]
v = omech.process(commands).doit()
commands = ["xreplace", "omech.a", xreplaces]
a = omech.process(commands).doit()
display(x,y,z,r,v,a)

print("Components of r")
[display(r.rhs.args[i]) for i in range(2)]
print("Components of v")
[display(v.rhs.args[i]) for i in range(2)]
print("Components of a")
[display(a.rhs.args[i]) for i in range(2)]

```

Coordinate Systems

Polar Coordinates

$$(r_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (r_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (r_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = (x(t))\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (y(t))\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (z(t))\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$(v_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (v_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (v_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d}{dt}x(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}y(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}z(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$(a_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (a_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (a_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}x(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}y(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}z(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$\{x(t) : r(t) \cos(\theta(t)), y(t) : r(t) \sin(\theta(t)), z(t) : 0\}$$

$$(r_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (r_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (r_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = (r(t) \cos(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (r(t) \sin(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C$$

$$(v_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (v_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (v_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d}{dt}r(t) \cos(\theta(t))\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}r(t) \sin(\theta(t))\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d}{dt}0\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$(a_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (a_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (a_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}r(t) \cos(\theta(t))\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}r(t) \sin(\theta(t))\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}0\right)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C$$

$$x(t)$$

$$y(t)$$

$$z(t)$$

$$(r_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (r_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (r_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C = (r(t) \cos(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (r(t) \sin(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C$$

$$\begin{aligned} (v_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + (v_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C + (v_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_C &= \left(-r(t) \sin(\theta(t)) \frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t)) \frac{d}{dt}r(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_C + \\ &\left(r(t) \cos(\theta(t)) \frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \sin(\theta(t)) \frac{d}{dt}r(t)\right)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_C \end{aligned}$$

$$(a_x)\hat{\mathbf{i}}_{\mathbf{C}}+(a_y)\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{C}}+(a_z)\hat{\mathbf{k}}_{\mathbf{C}} = \left(- \left(\sin(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t))\left(\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t)\right)^2 \right) r(t) - 2\sin(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t)\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t)) \right. \\ \left. \left(- \left(\sin(\theta(t))\left(\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t)\right)^2 - \cos(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\theta(t) \right) r(t) + \sin(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}r(t) + 2\cos(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t)\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) \right) \right) \hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

Components of \mathbf{r}

$$(r(t)\cos(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{i}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

$$(r(t)\sin(\theta(t)))\hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

Components of \mathbf{v}

$$\left(-r(t)\sin(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t) \right) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

$$\left(r(t)\cos(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \sin(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t) \right) \hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

Components of \mathbf{a}

$$\left(- \left(\sin(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t))\left(\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t)\right)^2 \right) r(t) - 2\sin(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t)\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}r(t) \right) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

$$\left(- \left(\sin(\theta(t))\left(\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t)\right)^2 - \cos(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\theta(t) \right) r(t) + \sin(\theta(t))\frac{d^2}{dt^2}r(t) + 2\cos(\theta(t))\frac{d}{dt}r(t)\frac{d}{dt}\theta(t) \right) \hat{\mathbf{j}}_{\mathbf{C}}$$

[]: