# Introducción a Selenium

# Qué es el Testing Automatizado?

El Testing Automatizado es el proceso de automatizar los test manuales para probar una aplicación.

Involucra la creación de scripts que pueden ser ejecutados de forma repetitiva y no requiere ninguna intervención manual



# Beneficios de Automatizar el testing

- Ejecución de tests de forma repetitiva
- 2. Permite la ejecución en paralelo
- 3. Ejecución automática de los tests
- 4. Evita "errores humanos" a la hora de testear
- 5. Permite detectar errores



# Por qué Selenium?

- Es gratis y open-source
- Tiene una gran cantidad de foros y comunidades activas
- Compatibilidad con muchos browsers
- Compatibilidad con Sistemas Operativos (Windows, Mac, Linux, etc)
- Soporta múltiples lenguajes de programación (Java, Ruby, C#, Python, etc)



#### Limitaciones de Selenium

- Solo soporta testing de sólo aplicaciones web
- Las aplicaciones móviles no pueden ser automatizadas
- Los captcha no pueden ser automatizados
- No hay un "soporte" activo por parte de los creadores
- El usuario debe saber programar de antemano

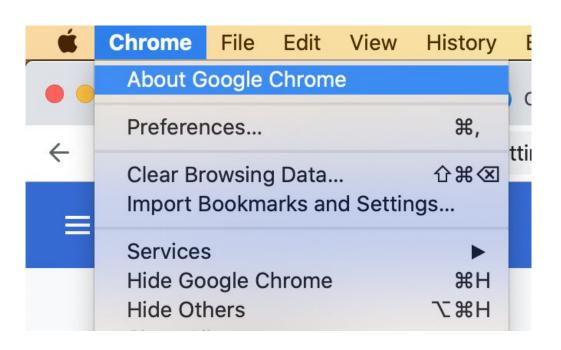


# Primeros pasos con Selenium

# Descargar los drivers

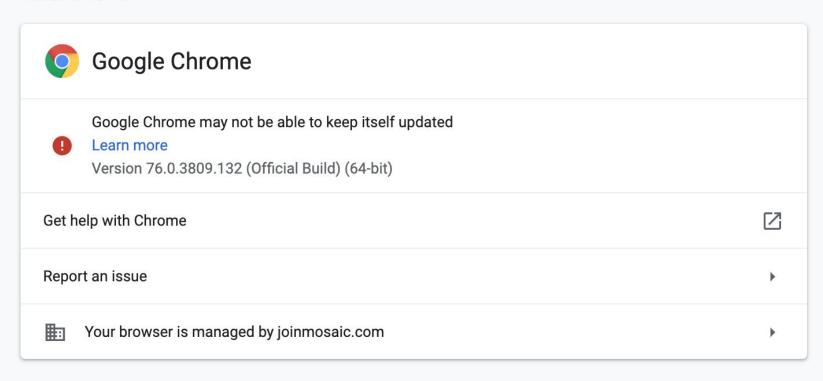
https://chromedriver.chromium.org/downloads

#### Chrome version





#### **About Chrome**



# **ChromeDriver - WebDriver for Chrome**

Search this

**CHROMEDRIVER** 

**CAPABILITIES & CHROMEOPTIONS** 

**CHROME EXTENSIONS** 

**CHROMEDRIVER CANARY** 

CONTRIBUTING

▼ DOWNLOADS

**VERSION SELECTION** 

**▼ GETTING STARTED** 

ANDROID

CHROMEOS

LOGGING

PERFORMANCE LOG

MOBILE EMULATION

▼ NEED HELP?

CHROME DOESN'T START OR CRASHES IMMEDIATELY

CHROMEDRIVER CRASHES

**CLICKING ISSUES** 

**KEYBOARD SUPPORT** 

**OPERATION NOT SUPPORTED WHEN** 

#### **Downloads**

#### **Current Releases**

- If you are using Chrome version 84, please download ChromeDriver 84.0.4147.30
- If you are using Chrome version 83, please download ChromeDriver 83.0.4103.39
- If you are using Chrome version 81, please download ChromeDriver 81.0.4044.138
- For older version of Chrome, please see below for the version of ChromeDriver that supports it.

If you are using Chrome from Dev or Canary channel, please following instructions on the ChromeDriver Canary page.

For more information on selecting the right version of ChromeDriver, please see the Version Selection page.

#### **ChromeDriver 84.0.4147.30**

Supports Chrome version 84

- Resolved issue 3420: after switching to the print window, the chromedriver stops responding
- Resolved issue 3421: Driver returns Cyrillic text without styles
- Resolved issue 3422: GetElementText breaks with prototype 1.6.0.3
- Resolved issue 3434: Cannot get 'assert' messages from the 'browser' logs

#### **ChromeDriver 81.0.4044.138**

Supports Chrome version 81

• Updated Chromedriver to work correctly with prototype.js.

For more details, please see the release notes.

#### **ChromeDriver 81.0.4044.69**

Supports Chrome version 81

- Fixed: Chromedriver crashes on getPageSource on some sites.
- Fixed: ChromeDriver crashes on certain element or click commands.

For more details, please see the release notes.

#### **ChromeDriver 81.0.4044.20**

Supports Chrome version 81

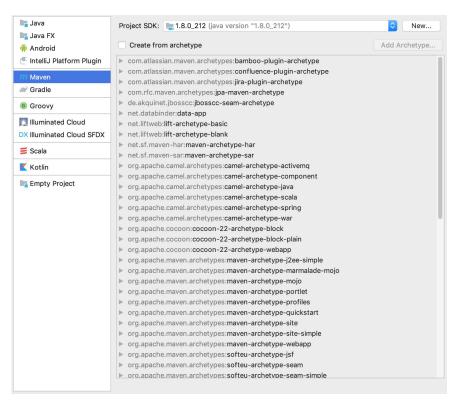
- Fixed error when attempting to get location of html element.
- Get and Add Cookie commands are now frame specific.

# Elegimos el driver para nuestro sistema operativo

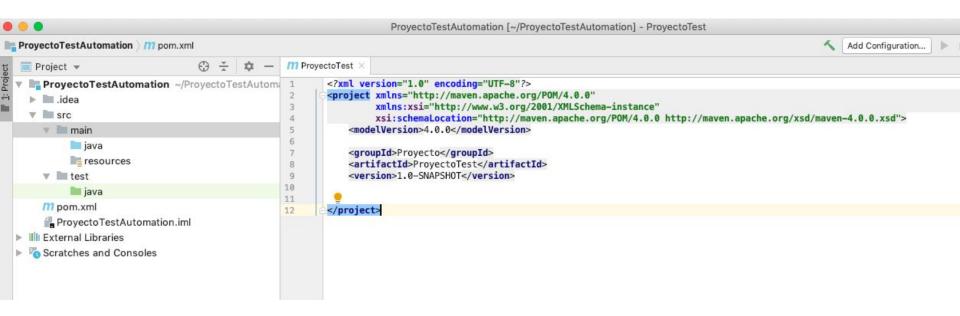
## Index of /81.0.4044.138/

	<u>Name</u>	Last modified	Size	ETag
	Parent Directory		-	
	chromedriver linux64.zip	2020-05-05 20:33:58	4.74MB	6581e09a8ce12da2239ac21b2a1cd20b
252 253 253 252 252 253 255	chromedriver mac64.zip	2020-05-05 20:34:00	6.70MB	4b2ace862187dc9e53d29c9f12710731
	chromedriver win32.zip	2020-05-05 20:34:01	4.20MB	d19aef5daf9dbaeac152d27066285a7b
10 01 10	notes.txt	2020-05-05 20:34:05	0.00MB	a40835254450bd55cb1c9a1895939357

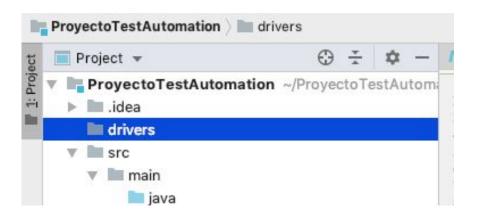
# Crear proyecto Mavens en Intellij



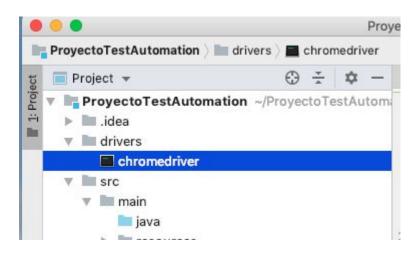
## Estructura del proyecto



# Crear una carpeta llamada drivers



# Colocamos el driver que descargamos en la carpeta



#### POM.xml

El archivo POM contiene información fundamental sobre el proyecto y su configuración en los proyectos Mavens.

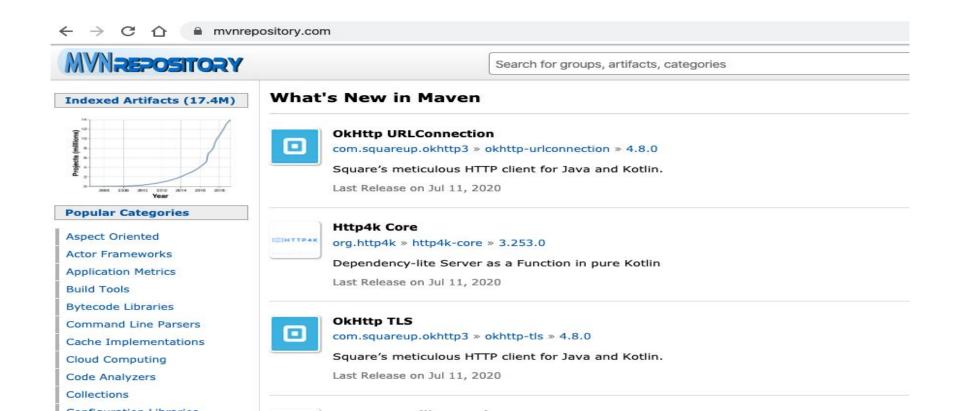
Contiene dependencias, variables, etc.



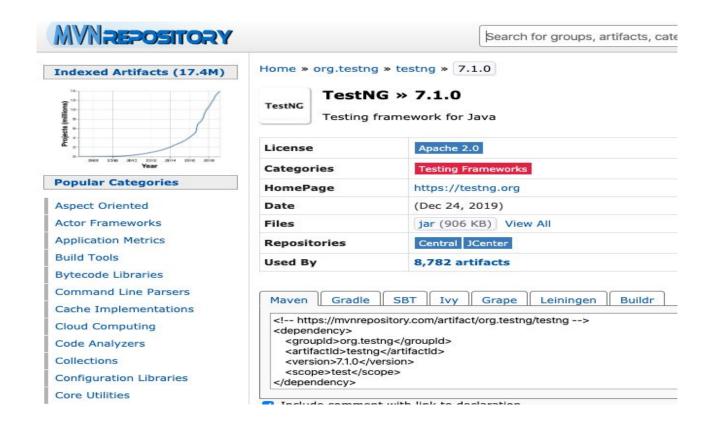
#### **POM**

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/mav
<modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
<groupId>Proyecto</groupId>
<artifactId>ProvectoTest</artifactId>
<version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
properties>
    <testng.version>7.1.0</testng.version>
    <selenium.version>3.141.59</selenium.version>
    <aerogearotp.version>1.0.0</aerogearotp.version>
    <rest-assured.version>4.3.0</rest-assured.version>
    <gson.version>2.8.6</gson.version>
</properties>
<dependencies>
   <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.selenium/selenium/selenium-java -->
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium
       <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
       <version>${selenium.version}</version>
   </dependency>
    <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.testng/testng -->
    <dependency>
       <groupId>org.testng</groupId>
       <artifactId>testng</artifactId>
       <version>${testng.version}</version>
       <scope>test</scope>
   </dependency>
   <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/io.rest-assured/rest-assured -->
    <dependency>
       <groupId>io.rest-assured
       <artifactId>rest-assured</artifactId>
       <version>${rest-assured.version}</version>
       <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
```

# Ingresamos a Maven Repository



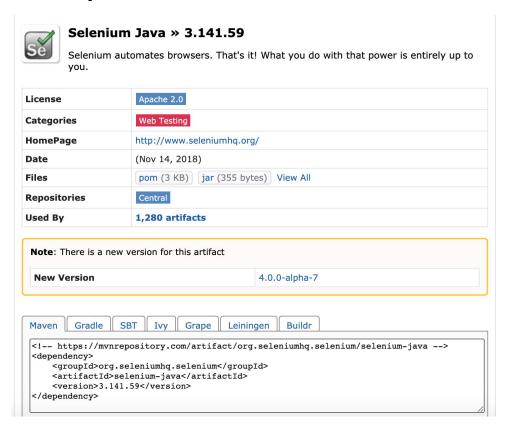
# Copiamos la dependencia a Testng



## En el pom.xml....

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://mav
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
   <groupId>proyectoViernes
   <artifactId>proyectoViernes</artifactId>
   <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT
   <dependencies>
      <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.testng/testng -->
      <dependency>
          <groupId>org.testng
          <artifactId>testng</artifactId>
          <version>7.1.0
          <scope>test</scope>
      </dependency>
   </dependencies>
</project>
```

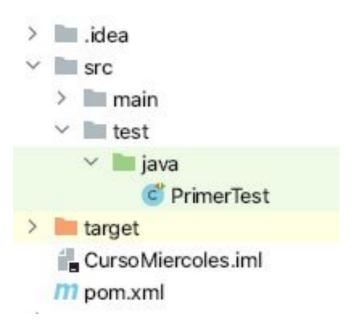
# Copiamos la dependencia a Selenium Java



# En el pom.xml....

```
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.testng/testng -->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.testng</groupId>
   <artifactId>testng</artifactId>
   <version>7.1.0
   <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.seleniumhg.selenium/selenium-java -->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium
   <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
   <version>3.141.59
</dependency>
```

## Creamos una clase para realizar los tests



#### Primer test en Windows

```
@Test
public void testInWindows(String URL){
    System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "drivers/chromedriver.exe");
    driver = new ChromeDriver();
    driver.get("https://www.facebook.com");
}
```

#### Primer test en Mac

```
@Test
public void testInMac(String URL){
    System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "drivers/chromedriver");
    driver = new ChromeDriver();
    driver.get("https://www.facebook.com");
}
```

## Cómo se crean instancias de los Browsers?

WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();

WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

WebDriver driver = new InternetExplorerDriver();

### Acceder a un sitio web

WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

String baseURL = "https://www.bbc.com/mundo"; driver.get(baseURL);

# Qué tipos de Drivers están disponibles?

- FirefoxDriver
- InternetExplorerDriver
- ChromeDriver
- SafariDriver
- OperaDriver



### Métodos del Driver

driver.navigate().refresh()

driver.navigate().back();

driver.navigate().forward();

driver.manage().window().maximize();

### Métodos de Webdrivers

int altura = driver.manage().window().getSize().getHeight(); int ancho = driver.manage().window().getSize().getWidth();

# Como se cierra el explorador?

Cuando corremos nuestros tests, el browser queda abierto...

driver.close(); → cierra el browser actual

driver.quit(); → cierra el TODOS los browser



#### Elementos de un HTML



```
Elements
                   Console
                                         Network
▶ <style data-iml="1586468482257">...</style>
▼ <div class="ctr-p" id="viewport">
 ▶ <div id="cst">...</div>
 ▶ <style data-iml="1586468482258">...</style>
 ▼ <div id="gb" class="gb_Wf">
   ▶ <div id="gbw">...</div>
   </div> == $0
 ▼<div class="jhp big" id="searchform">
   ▶ <script nonce="tKlyrB+CUuSxel2Rc0HoGQ==">...</script>
   ▶ <div class="sfbg nojsv" style="margin-top:-20px">...</div>
   ▼<form class="tsf nj" action="/search" style="overflow:
   visible" data-submitfalse="q" id="tsf" method="GET" name="f"
   role="search" _lpchecked="1">
     ▶ <div id="tophf">...</div>
     ▼ <div jsmodel="vWNDde" jsdata="MuIEvd;;B2WeNk">
```

# This is heading 1

# This is heading 2

This is heading 3

This is heading 4

This is heading 5

This is heading 6

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>This is heading 1</h1>
<h2>This is heading 2</h2>
<h3>This is heading 3</h3>
<h4>This is heading 4</h4>
<h5>This is heading 5</h5>
<h6>This is heading 6</h6>
<b>Tip:</b> Use h1 to h6 elements only for headings. Do not use
them just to make text bold or big. Use other tags for that.
</body>
</html>
```

#### Links en HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>Esto es un título</h1>
<a href="https://www.facebook.com">Facebook</a>
</body>
</html>
```

### Esto es un título

**Facebook** 

#### Encontrar elementos en un sitio web

driver.findElement( LOCALIZADOR )

Busca el primer elemento que contiene la propiedad y lo retorna

Retorno: WebElement

driver.findElements( LOCALIZADOR )

Busca TODOS los elementos que contienen la propiedad y los retorna en forma de lista

Retorno: List<WebElement>



### Métodos de WebElement

WebElement buttonLogin = driver.findElement(By.tagName("button"));

buttonLogin.click();

driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("holamundo");



### Métodos de WebElement

System.out.println(driver.findElement(By.tagName("h3")).getText());

boolean isNameBox= driver.findElement(By.id("name")).isDisplayed();



#### Métodos de WebElement

```
boolean isTipoProductoSelected =
driver.findElement(By.id("tipoProducto")).isSelected();
boolean isPromoEnabled =
```

driver.findElement(By.id("PremiumPromo")).isEnabled();



# Tipos de Localizadores

- By.id()
- By.name()
- By.tagName()
- By.className()
- By.linkText()
- By.partialLinkText()
- By.xpath()
- By.cssSelector()

