Project II – Test Scenarios (Results)

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Prog. Language: Ocaml

Project 2 assignment

Assignment Instructions

Using functional programming:

- no side effects
- no mutation:

create an emulator for the binary logic and arithmetic operations of a CPU

Deliverables:

- Source code
 - · No mutable variables
 - · Looping to be done by tail recursion
 - · All functions to be done on 'binary lists'
 - Conversions to and from integer to 'binary lists' to be done by implementing the algorithms shared
- Example output
 - · Show examples for each of the required functions
 - · Additionally, for addition show the following:
 - 128 + 128
 - 127 + 1
 - -5 + -5
 - · Additionally, for subtraction show the following:
 - · -128 + 0
 - 10 11

Grading:

- Both deliverables included
- Code embodies "functional programming"
- Code makes good use of reusable functions
- Output is correct

Build an emulator for some simple computer arithmetic and logical operations:

- Addition, subtraction
- Bit-wise and, or, xor, not

All operations will be done on an 8-bit value

- Arithmetic operations will be on 8-bit signed integers: -128 to 127
- All logical operations will be on 8-bit unsigned values: 0x0 to 0xFF

Input / Output

Input

You will read in user input to provide arithmetic and logical operations:

- Equations for arithmetic operations will be provided using decimal numbers. E.g.:
 - 5+4
 - -7 + 83
 - 101 121
 - 45 -6
- Entries for logical operations will be interpreted as hexadecimal. E.g.:
 - 0x48 AND 0x84
 - 48 AND 84
 - FF XOR AA

Output

The results of each equation provided as input should be printed out along with the equations

- Results for arithmetic equations should be in decimal
- Results for logical equations should be in hexadecimal
- · Show edge cases and overflows

```
BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
      let decimal_to_binary num =
         let rec convert remaining powers acc =
              let bit = if remaining >= power then I else v in
              let new_remaining = if bit = 1 then remaining - power else remaining in
              convert new_remaining rest (bit :: acc)
        convert n [128: 64: 32: 16: 8: 4: 2: 1] []
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports
> ocaml BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add
Enter first decimal value: 23
Enter second decimal value: -23
>>> 23 + -23 <<<
 [00010111] = 23
+[11101001] = -23
 [00000000] = 0
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add
Enter first decimal value: 30
Enter second decimal value: 7
>>> 30 + 7 <<<
 [00011110] = 30
+[00000111] = 7
 [00100101] = 37
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? sub
Enter first decimal value: 30
Enter second decimal value: 23
>>> 30 - 23 <<<
 [00011110] = 30
+[11101001] = -23
 [00000111] = 7
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? ■
```

```
Example: -23 decimal to binary
```

- 1. 23 -> 00010111
- 2. NOT -> 11101000
- 3. ADD 1 -> 11101001
- 4. Check 23 + (-23) = 0? 00010111 +11101001 ------00000000

ons

Example: 30 + 7

- 1. 30 -> 00011110
- 2. 7 -> 00000111
- 3. ----
- 4. 37 -> 00100101

ns

Example: 30 - 23

- 1. 23 -> 00010111
- 2. NOT -> 11101000
- 3. ADD 1 -> 11101001

- 1. 30 -> 00011110
- 2. -23 -> 11101001
- 3. ----
- 4. 7 -> 00000111

```
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? NOT
Enter Hex value: 0xF1
Result of NOT F1 = [00001110] = 0E
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? and
Enter first Hex value: 0xA5
Enter second Hex value: 0xF1
>>> 0xA5 AND 0xF1 <<<
[10100101] = 0 \times A5
[11110001] = 0xF1
[10100001] = 0 \times A1
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? OR
Enter first Hex value: 0xA5
Enter second Hex value: 0xF1
>>> 0xA5 OR 0xF1 <<<
[10100101] = 0 \times A5
[11110001] = 0xF1
[11110101] = 0xF5
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? XOR
Enter first Hex value: 0xA5
Enter second Hex value: 0xF1
>>> 0xA5 XOR 0xF1 <<<
[10100101] = 0 \times A5
[11110001] = 0xF1
[01010100] = 0x54
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)?
```

Methods

Logical operations

AND:

Do the following bit-wise, order doesn't matter

- 1. 0 AND 0 -> 0
- 2. 1 AND 0 -> 0; 0 AND 1 -> 0
- 3. 1 AND 1 -> 1

Example: 0xA5 AND 0xF1

- 1. 0xA5 -> 10100101
- 2. 0xF1 -> 11110001
- 3. -----
- 4. 0xA1 -> 10100001

OR:

Do the following bit-wise, order doesn't matter

- 1. 0 OR 0 -> 0
- 2. 1 OR 0 -> 1; 0 OR 1 -> 1
- 3. 1 OR 1 -> 1

Example: 0xA5 OR 0xF1

- 1. 0xA5 -> 10100101
- 2. 0xF1 -> 11110001
- 3. -----
- 4. 0xF5 -> 11110101

NOT:

Flip all bits

- 1. NOT 0 -> 1
- 2. NOT 1 -> 0

Example: NOT 0xF1

- 1. 0xF1 -> 11110001
- 3. 0x0E -> 00001110
- 3. UXUE -> 00001110

XOR:

Do the following bit-wise, order doesn't matter

- 1. 0 XOR 0 -> 0
- 2. 1 XOR 0 -> 1; 0 XOR 1 -> 1
- 3. 1 XOR 1 -> 0

Example: 0xA5 XOR 0xF1

- 1. 0xA5 -> 10100101
- 2. 0xF1 -> 11110001
- 3 -----
- 4. 0x56 -> 01010100

This is supposed to be **0x54**, not **0x56**.

Verified using:

https://www.binaryconvert.com/convert_signed_char.html

```
BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
       let decimal_to_binary num =
          let rec convert remaining powers acc =
                tet pit = if remaining >= power then i else v in
                 let new_remaining = if bit = 1 then remaining - power else remaining in
                convert new remaining rest (bit :: acc)
          convert n [128: 64: 32: 16: 8: 4: 2: 1] []
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports
 > ocaml BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add
Enter first decimal value: 5
Enter second decimal value: 4
>>> 5 + 4 <<<
[00000101] = 5 + [00000100] = 4
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add Enter first decimal value: -7 Enter second decimal value: 83
>>> -7 + 83 <<< [11111001] = -7
 +[01010011] = 83
 [01001100] = 76
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? sub
Enter first decimal value: 101
Enter second decimal value: 121
>>> 101 - 121 <<<
[01100101] = 101
+[10000111] = -121
 [11101100] = -20
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? sub Enter first decimal value: 45 \,
Enter second decimal value: -6
 >>> 45 - -6 <<<
 [00101101] = 45
 +[00000110] = 6
 [00110011] = 51
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)?
```

Input / Output

Input

You will read in user input to provide arithmetic and logical operations:

- Equations for arithmetic operations will be provided using decimal numbers. E.g.:
 - 5 + 4
 - -7 + 83
 - 101 121
 - 45 -6
- Entries for logical operations will be interpreted as hexadecimal. E.g.:
 - 0x48 AND 0x84
 - 48 AND 84
 - FF XOR AA

Output

The results of each equation provided as input should be printed out along with the equations

- Results for arithmetic equations should be in decimal
- Results for logical equations should be in hexadecimal
- Show edge cases and overflows

```
BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
  2 (* padding function to ensure 8 bits *)
       let pad_to_8 lst =
         let len = List.length lst in
         if len < 8 then
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal
 > ocaml BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? and Enter first Hex value: 48
Enter second Hex value: 84
>>> 0x48 AND 0x84 <<<
 [01001000] = 0x48
 [10000100] = 0 \times 84
 [00000000] = 0 \times 00
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? and
Enter first Hex value: 0x48
Enter second Hex value: 0x84
>>> 0x48 AND 0x84 <<<
 [01001000] = 0x48
 [10000100] = 0 \times 84
 [00000000] = 0 \times 00
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? xor
Enter first Hex value: FF
Enter second Hex value: AA
>>> 0xFF XOR 0xAA <<<
 [11111111] = 0xFF
 [10101010] = 0 \times AA
[01010101] = 0x55
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)?
```

Input / Output

Input

You will read in user input to provide arithmetic and logical operations:

- Equations for arithmetic operations will be provided using decimal numbers. E.g.:
 - 5 + 4
 - -7 + 83
 - 101 121
 - 45 -6
- Entries for logical operations will be interpreted as hexadecimal. E.g.:
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 - 48 AND 84
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Output

The results of each equation provided as input should be printed out along with the equations

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- Show edge cases and overflows

My code work for both hexadecimal forms (e.g., 0x48 | 48)

```
BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
      let binary to decimal binary =
         let rec convert bits powers acc =
         match (bits, powers) with
          | [], _ | _, [] -> acc
          | bit :: rest_bits, power :: rest_powers ->
               let value = if bit = 1 then power else 0 in
               convert rest_bits rest_powers (acc + value)
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal
                                              Ports
> ocaml BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? not
Enter Hex value: 55
Result of NOT 55 = [10101010] = AA
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add
Enter first decimal value: 23
Enter second decimal value: 68
>>> 23 + 68 <<<
 [00010111] = 23
+[01000100] = 68
 [01011011] = 91
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? and
Enter first Hex value: A4
Enter second Hex value: A5
>>> 0xA4 AND 0xA5 <<<
[10100100] = 0 \times A4
[10100101] = 0 \times A5
[10100100] = 0 \times A4
```

Sample session

```
Enter the operation you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT): NOT
Enter Hex value: 55
Result of NOT 55 = [1; 0; 1; 0; 1; 0; 1; 0] = AA
Enter the operation you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT): ADD
Enter first decimal value: 23
Enter second decimal value: 68
        [0; 0; 0; 1; 0; 1; 1; 1] = 23
       [0; 1; 0; 0; 0; 1; 0; 0] = 68
       [0; 1; 0; 1; 1; 0; 1; 1] = 91
Enter the operation you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT): AND
Enter first Hex value: A4
Enter second Hex value: A5
        [1; 0; 1; 0; 0; 1; 0; 0] = A4
       [1; 0; 1; 0; 0; 1; 0; 1] = A5
       [1; 0; 1; 0; 0; 1; 0; 0] = A4
Enter the operation you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT): QUIT
```

```
BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
 25 let binary_to_decimal binary =
           let rec convert bits powers acc =
    maccn (bits, powers) with
             | bit :: rest_bits, power :: rest_powers ->
 Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports
 > ocaml BinaryLogicANDArithmeticOperator.ml
 What operation do you want to perform (NOT,add
Enter first decimal value: 128
Enter second decimal value: 128
Error: Values must be between -128 and 127
 What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add
 Enter first decimal value: 127
 Enter second decimal value: 1
>>> 127 + 1 <<< [01111111] = 127 +[00000001] = 1
  [10000000] = -128
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? add Enter first decimal value: -5 Enter second decimal value: -5
 >>> -5 + -5 <<<
[11111011] = -5
+[11111011] = -5
 [11110110] = -10
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? sub Enter first decimal value: -128 Enter second decimal value: 0
>>> -128 - 0 <<< [10000000] = -128 +[00000000] = 0
  [10000000] = -128
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? sub Enter first decimal value: 10 \,
 Enter second decimal value: 11
>>> 10 - 11 <<< [00001010] = 10
 +[11110101] = -11
  [11111111] = -1
```

Project 2 assignment

Assignment Instructions

Using functional programming:

- no side effects
- no mutations

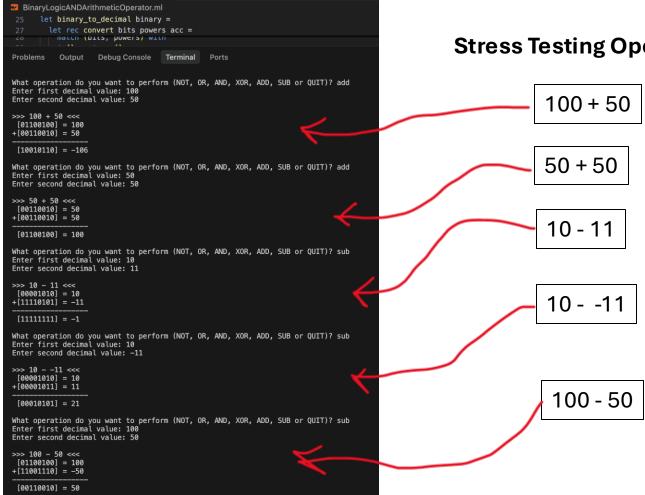
create an emulator for the binary logic and arithmetic operations of a CPU

Deliverables:

- Source code
 - No mutable variables
 - Looping to be done by tail recursion
 - All functions to be done on 'binary lists'
 - · Conversions to and from integer to 'binary lists' to be done by implementing the algorithms shared
- Example output
 - Show examples for each of the required functions
 - Additionally, for addition show the following:
 - 128 + 128
 - 127 + 1
 - -5 + -5
 - Additionally, for subtraction show the following:
 - · -128 + 0
 - 10 - 11

Grading:

- · Both deliverables included
- Code embodies "functional programming"
- · Code makes good use of reusable functions
- · Output is correct



Stress Testing Operations

Other edge cases

```
What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? NOT Enter Hex value: 00
Result of NOT 00 = [11111111] = FF

What operation do you want to perform (NOT, OR, AND, XOR, ADD, SUB or QUIT)? NOT Enter Hex value: FF
Result of NOT FF = [00000000] = 00
```

NOT 0x00

NOT 0xFF

0xAA AND 0x00