SD Curs 8

- 1. Aligna Medianei in O(n)
 - Algoritmul aleator
 - Algoritmul determinist

Alignea medianei in O(n)

- 1. Algoritmul aleator
- 2. Algoritmel determinist

Problema De voite comparatio arem musice

pt a gossi niment si maximul

die ti-un vector?

min => n-1 comporații

nin 1 max = ?

3 5 2 1 7 4 10

min = 3 7 % 4 7 min

2 ? 1
1 ? min
2 ? max

2 ? max

min = 1

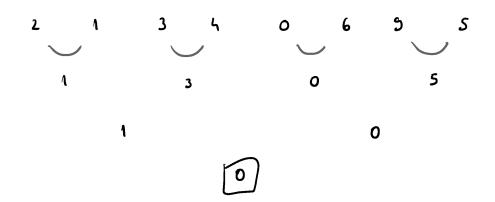
max = 7

= 1 max = 5

Pt. finare comparative over 3 comparative => $\frac{3}{2}$ comparative (mai bine decat 2(n-1))

Problema De vote comparații arem musie pt a goii nimmel si al doilea minim dinti-un vector?

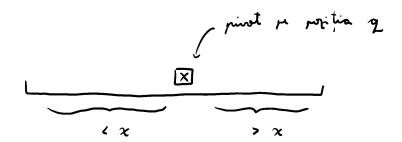
n + log n wmparatii



m + m + m + ... = m-1

Al drilea minim sigur a fort comparat un el de-al drilea minim

1. Algoritm aleater pt. ganirea medianei (in general al K-lea element dintr-un vector)



1. Dona Kig



2. Dona K > 2 × × × × ×

Exemple :

privot ales aleatorin

1 7 3 5 2 10 13 4 20

3 2 4 5 7 10 13 5 20

Prudo wod:

K-elment (A, l, r, K)

if (K ' 2) return K-elment (A, l, g-1)
else return K-elment (A, g+1, r, K-g)

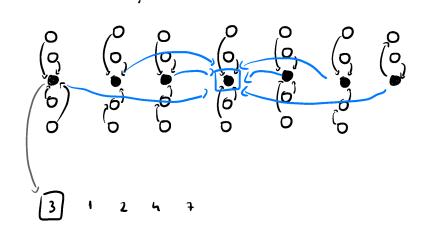
Cor powerful
$$T(n) = T(\frac{m}{2}) + O(n) = \Theta(n)$$

Cor reparable $T(n) = T(n-1) + O(n) = \Theta(n^2)$

2. Algoritmul determinist

1. Partitionain numerele in grupe de voite 5 0 0 0 0 0 Ö Ó 6 0 Ó

2. Gosim mediana dir finan grupa



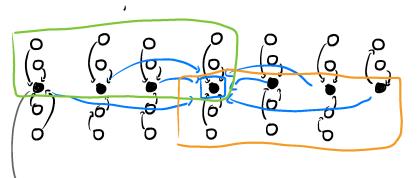
- 3. Sain mediana medianela folosind același algoritm
 - 4. Selection volvaire de la pet 3 drept privat
 - 5. Continuam in ocelasi mod sa alg. aleator

m grupe

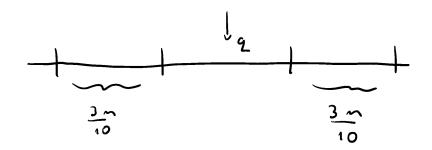
 $\frac{m}{5}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ an mediana mai mica de cât

mediana medianelor

=) 3 m elemente & mediana medianelor



> mediana



$$T(n) = T(\frac{m}{5}) + T(\frac{3n}{10}) + O(n) = O(n)$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad$$

Aratom of
$$T(n) \le c n$$

#

 P_n of $T(\frac{\pi}{5}) \le c \frac{\pi}{5}$
 $T(\frac{2n}{10}) \le c \frac{2n}{10}$

$$T(m) = T(\frac{\pi}{5}) + T(\frac{4\pi}{10}) + m \le \frac{c \cdot m}{5} + c \cdot \frac{4m}{10} + m \le \frac{cm}{10} + m \le \frac{c$$

Supe de vâte 3

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{m}{3}\right) + T\left(\frac{2n}{3}\right) + O(n) = \theta \left(n \log n\right)$$

$$\frac{m}{3}$$
 grupe

$$\frac{m}{6}$$
 y rupe \times 2 clem = $\frac{m}{3}$ clem \leq mediana mediane br

Supe de cote 7

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{m}{7}\right) + T\left(\frac{5n}{7}\right) + O(n) = \Theta(n)$$