Problem C. Very Friends

Time limit 1000 ms
Mem limit 1572864 kB
Code length Limit 50000 B
OS Linux

NOTICE: The test cases for this problem are not as hard as intended. If you've solved this problem, and think your solution is up for it, try <u>VFRIEND2</u>!

You are creating a new soical network for dogs. Wow. The dogs don't have many possibilities for interacting with your website, but they can bark how many friends they want. E.g. if a dog wants to have much 8 friends it will bark 8 times, and if it doesn't want any friends, it'll just stay quiet.

After spending a good year of your life collecting these barks, you are finally ready to assign a friend list for each dog. The only problem is: You are not sure whether it is actually possible. Thus before you proceed you would like to write a program, that given a list of N wishes w_i , outputs HAPPY if it is possible to make a friend list for each dog i of length w_i , or SAD if some dog will have to get more or fewer friends than it wished for.

Notice: Being friends is considered an irreflexive, symetric relation.

Update: If you manage to solve this problem much efficiently, have a look at VFRIEND2, which is a so harder version of this problem.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer T - the number of test cases to process.

Each following lines will start with an integer $0 \le N \le 10^5$ followed by an ordered list of N wishes $0 \le w_i \le 10^5$.

Output

Write the answer - HAPPY or SAD - for each test case on a separate line.

Example

Input:

```
3
3 0 1 1
5 0 1 2 3 4
```

6 1 1 2 2 3 3

Output:

HAPPY

SAD

HAPPY

Explanation

In the first case we can make dog 2 and 3 be friends.

In the second case no assignment that works, since dog 5 would have to be friends with everyone, but dog 1 doesn't want that.