# CSGE602055 Operating Systems CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi Minggu 09: File System & Persistent Storage

#### Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim

Universitas Indonesia

http://rms46.vlsm.org/2/207.html

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## OS172 | INT TU/TH 13:00-15:00 | EXT TH 19:00-21:50

Minggu 00	29 Aug - 05 Sep 2017	Intro & Review
Minggu 01	07 Sep - 12 Sep 2017	IPR, SED, AWK, REGEX, & Scripting
Minggu 02	14 Sep - 19 Sep 2017	Protection, Security, Privacy,
		& C-language
Minggu 03	26 Sep - 30 Sep 2017	BIOS, Loader, Systemd, & I/O
Minggu 04	03 Okt - 07 Okt 2017	Addressing, Shared Lib, Pointer
		& I/O Programming
Minggu 05	10 Okt - 14 Okt 2017	Virtual Memory
Ming. UTS	15 Okt - 24 Okt 2017	
Minggu 06	26 Okt - 31 Okt 2017	Concurency: Processes & Threads
Minggu 07	02 Nov - 07 Nov 2017	Synchronization
Minggu 08	09 Nov - 14 Nov 2017	Scheduling
		& Network Sockets Programming
Minggu 09	16 Nov - 21 Nov 2017	File System & Persistent Storage
Minggu 10	23 Nov - 28 Nov 2017	Special Topic: Blockchain
Cadangan	30 Nov - 09 Des 2017	
Ming. UAS	10 Des - 23 Des 2017	

# Agenda

- Start
- 2 Agenda
- Week 09
- 4 File Systems
- Mass Storage Systems
- **6** FUSE
- RAID
- The End

# Week 09: File System & Persistent Storage

- Reference: (OSCE2e ch9/10/11) (UCB 17A/18/19) (UDA P4L2 P4L2) (OLD 07 09) (SUP WEEK09)
- File System Interface
- File Attribute
- File Operation
- Disk Stucture and Organization
- File Systen Types
- Directory
- FS Mounting vs. Volume Based System
- FS Structure and Implementation
- File Control Block
- FS In Memory Structure
- VFS
- Directory Implementation

#### File Systems

- File System Layers
  - Application Programs
  - Logical File Systems
  - File-Organization Module
  - Basic File Systems
  - I/O Control
  - Hardware Device
- Allocation Method
  - Contiguous
  - Linked
  - Indexed
  - Combined Scheme
- Cache
- STREAMS

### Mass Storage Systems

- Mass Storage Structure
  - Solid State Disk
  - Storage Array
  - SAN
  - NAS
  - Scheduling: FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-SCAN, C-LOOK.
  - Disk Management
- Linux I/O Scheduling Algorithm.
  - Deadline Scheduler
  - Completely Fair Queueing (CFQ)

#### **FUSE**

- the /dev/ directory
  - /etc/fstab: configuration of filesystems
  - ullet /etc/mtab o /proc/mounts: mounted filesystems
  - /proc/swaps: swap filesystems
  - df: checking diskspace and filesystems
  - Device Major and Minor Numbers
  - UUID Universally Unique IDentifier (128 bits)
  - GUID Globally Unique IDentifiers: ls -al /dev/disk/by-uuid
  - practically is NOT guaranteed unique
  - FUSE: Filesystem in Userspace

#### **RAID**

- RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 100
- Note (http://www.commodore.ca/windows/raid5/raid5.htm):
  - RAID was created to enhance data performance, reliability and availability.
  - Striping, parity checking and mirroring are three primary functions of RAID systems.
  - RAID performs its functions transparent to the operating system.
  - Systems are typically defined by ranks consisting of five disks each connected to one or two Disk Array Controllers.
  - Different RAID levels provide varying degrees of speed and data protection.
- Lab
  - Visit http://os.vlsm.org/

#### The End

• This is the end of the presentation.