## Regression Models Course Project

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#### 1. Overview

In this assignment we will look at a data set of a collection of cars to explore the relationship between a set of variables and miles per gallon (MPG) (outcome). We are particularly interested in the following two questions:

- Is an automatic or manual transmission better for MPG
- Quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions

Let's check what data we have for analysis:

```
dim(mtcars)
## [1] 32 11
head(mtcars)
##
                      mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                               wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                     21.0
                               160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                     21.0
                            6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
## Datsun 710
                     22.8
                            4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61
                                                                      1
## Hornet 4 Drive
                     21.4
                            6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44
                                                                      1
                               360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02
                                                                 3
                                                                      2
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7
                            8
                               225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22
## Valiant
                     18.1
                                                                      1
mtcars$mpg
  [1] 21.0 21.0 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 17.8 16.4 17.3 15.2
## [15] 10.4 10.4 14.7 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 15.5 15.2 13.3 19.2 27.3 26.0 30.4
## [29] 15.8 19.7 15.0 21.4
unique(mtcars$am)
```

## [1] 1 0

We are interested in "mpg" (miles per galon) and "am" (automatic - 0 or manual - 1 transmission) fields.

## 2. Exploratory data analysis and answer to question "Is an automatic or manual transmission better for MPG?"

```
At first - let's check the MPG means for the different transmission types:
```

```
autoMpg <- mtcars[mtcars$am == 0, ]$mpg
mean(autoMpg)

## [1] 17.14737

manualMpg <- mtcars[mtcars$am == 1, ]$mpg
mean(manualMpg)</pre>
```

## [1] 24.39231

So, at the first glance it looks like cars with automatic transmission have lower MPG.

You can check the appendix for the boxplot of our data. Now we are even more sure, that automatic transmission cars have bigger fuel consumption.

Let's test a hypotesis, that the transmission type does not affect MPG:

```
t.test(autoMpg, manualMpg)
##
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: autoMpg and manualMpg
## t = -3.7671, df = 18.332, p-value = 0.001374
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -11.280194 -3.209684
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 17.14737 24.39231
```

Resulting P-value is really small, so hypotesis needs to be rejected.

# 3. Building linear models to "Quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions"

For the start let's build a full multivariable model to check how all the variables affect MPG. As many people have suggested we'll use a stepwise approach to find the best model solution:

```
stepModel <- step(lm(data = mtcars, mpg ~ .), trace = 0)
summary(stepModel)$coef</pre>
```

```
## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 9.617781 6.9595930 1.381946 1.779152e-01
## wt -3.916504 0.7112016 -5.506882 6.952711e-06
## qsec 1.225886 0.2886696 4.246676 2.161737e-04
## am 2.935837 1.4109045 2.080819 4.671551e-02
```

You can check the diagnosis plots in appendix 4.2 (it's quite ok). As we see transmission type(am) is quite important, but weight(wt) makes more difference and 1/4 mile time(qsec) has it's impact too.

In average, choosing automatic transmission drops 2.94 MPG, but the std. error are very big.

Let's also check how weight and qsec impact MPG with different types of transmission:

```
mpgByAmModel <- lm(mpg ~ factor(am):wt + factor(am):qsec, data = mtcars)
summary(mpgByAmModel)$coef</pre>
```

```
## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 13.9692069 5.7756116 2.418654 2.259367e-02
## factor(am)0:wt -3.1758862 0.6362299 -4.991727 3.114029e-05
## factor(am)1:wt -6.0991935 0.9685466 -6.297264 9.703599e-07
## factor(am)0:qsec 0.8337859 0.2601709 3.204762 3.458031e-03
## factor(am)1:qsec 1.4463757 0.2692125 5.372616 1.120875e-05
```

So when the weight is increased by 1000 lbs fuel consumption is decreased by 3.18 miles per galon for automatic transmission and by 6.1 miles per galon for cars with manual transmission.

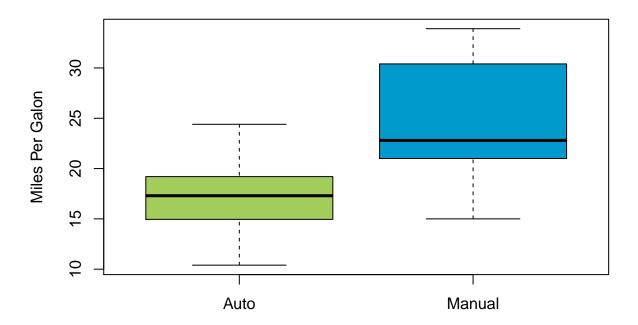
When 1/4 mile time is increased by 1 sec fuel consumption is decreased by 0.834 miles per galon for automatic transmission and by 1.446 miles per galon for cars with manual transmission.

### 4. Appendix

### 4.1 MPG by transmission type boxplot:

```
boxplot(mpg ~ am,
  data = mtcars,
  names = c('Auto', 'Manual'),
  main = 'MPG by transmission type',
  ylab = 'Miles Per Galon',
  col = c('darkolivegreen3', 'deepskyblue3')
)
```

### MPG by transmission type



### 4.2 Residual plot for diagnostics:

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(stepModel)
```

