

4. Nizovi i redovi - 2. dio

1. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova pomoću D'Alembertovog kriterija:

(a) $\frac{1}{e} + \frac{8}{e^2} + \frac{27}{e^3} + \frac{64}{e^4} + \dots$

(b) $\frac{1!}{2^1 + 1} + \frac{2!}{2^2 + 1} + \frac{3!}{2^3 + 1} + \dots$

(c) $\frac{2!}{10} + \frac{3!}{10^2} + \frac{4!}{10^3} + \dots$

(d) $1 + \frac{1}{a} + \frac{2^b}{a^2} + \frac{3^b}{a^3} + \dots, \quad a > 1, b \in \mathbb{R}.$

2. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova pomoću Cauchyjevog kriterija:

(a) $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^3} + \dots$

(b) $\frac{3}{2 \cdot \operatorname{arctg} 1} + \frac{3^2}{2^2 \cdot \operatorname{arctg}^2 2} + \frac{3^3}{2^3 \cdot \operatorname{arctg}^3 3} + \dots$

(c) $\frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^9 + \dots$

(d) $\sin 2 + 2^2 \sin 1 + 3^3 \sin \frac{2}{3} + 4^4 \sin \frac{2}{4} + \dots$

3. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova pomoću poredbenog kriterija:

(a) $1 + \frac{\ln 2}{2} + \frac{\ln 3}{3} + \frac{\ln 4}{4} + \dots$

(b) $1 + \frac{1}{\ln 2} + \frac{1}{\ln 3} + \frac{1}{\ln 4} + \dots$

(c) $\frac{1}{1001} + \frac{1}{2001} + \frac{1}{3001} + \dots$

(d) $1 + \frac{|\sin 2a|}{2^3} + \frac{|\sin 3a|}{3^3} + \frac{|\sin 4a|}{4^3} + \dots$

4. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova pomoću Leibnizovog kriterija:

(a) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{(\ln n)^n};$

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n - \ln n}.$

5. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova:

(a) $1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{32} + \dots$

(b) $\sin 1 + \frac{\sin 2}{2^2} + \frac{\sin 3}{3^2} + \frac{\sin 4}{4^2} + \dots$

6. Ispitajte konvergenciju redova:

(a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^n}{(n!)^2};$

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n-1)!}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdots 2n};$

(c) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n-2}{n+2} \right)^{n(n+1)};$

(d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^2 \right]^{n^2};$

(e) $1 + \frac{1}{2^{\sin 2a}} + \frac{1}{3^{\sin 3a}} + \frac{1}{4^{\sin 4a}} + \dots$

(f) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{1}{n};$

(g) $1 + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{4}{9} + \frac{8}{27} + \frac{16}{81} - \frac{32}{243} + \dots$

$$(h) \cos 1 + \frac{\cos 2}{\sqrt{2^3}} + \frac{\cos 3}{\sqrt{3^3}} + \frac{\cos 4}{\sqrt{4^3}} + \dots$$

7. Izračunajte sume redova:

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+3)};$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)};$$

$$(c) \frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots$$

$$(d) \frac{1}{1 \cdot 3} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 7} + \dots$$

$$(e) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sqrt{n+2} - 2\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n} \right).$$

8. Odredite područje konvergencije redova:

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n-1}}{n^2 \cdot 3^n};$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n^2}}{n!};$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n \cdot 10^n};$$

$$(d) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{1+x} \right)^n;$$

$$(e) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4[1+3+\dots+(2n-1)]-1} \cdot \left(\frac{x+2}{2x+1} \right)^{2n};$$

$$(f) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-1)^n}{(2n+1)(2n+3)}.$$