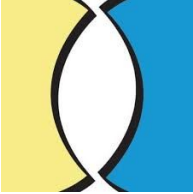


# GeneNetwork Web-Services And Data Uploading

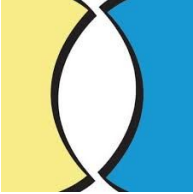
Felix Lisso

Date TBD



# A bit on GeneNetwork

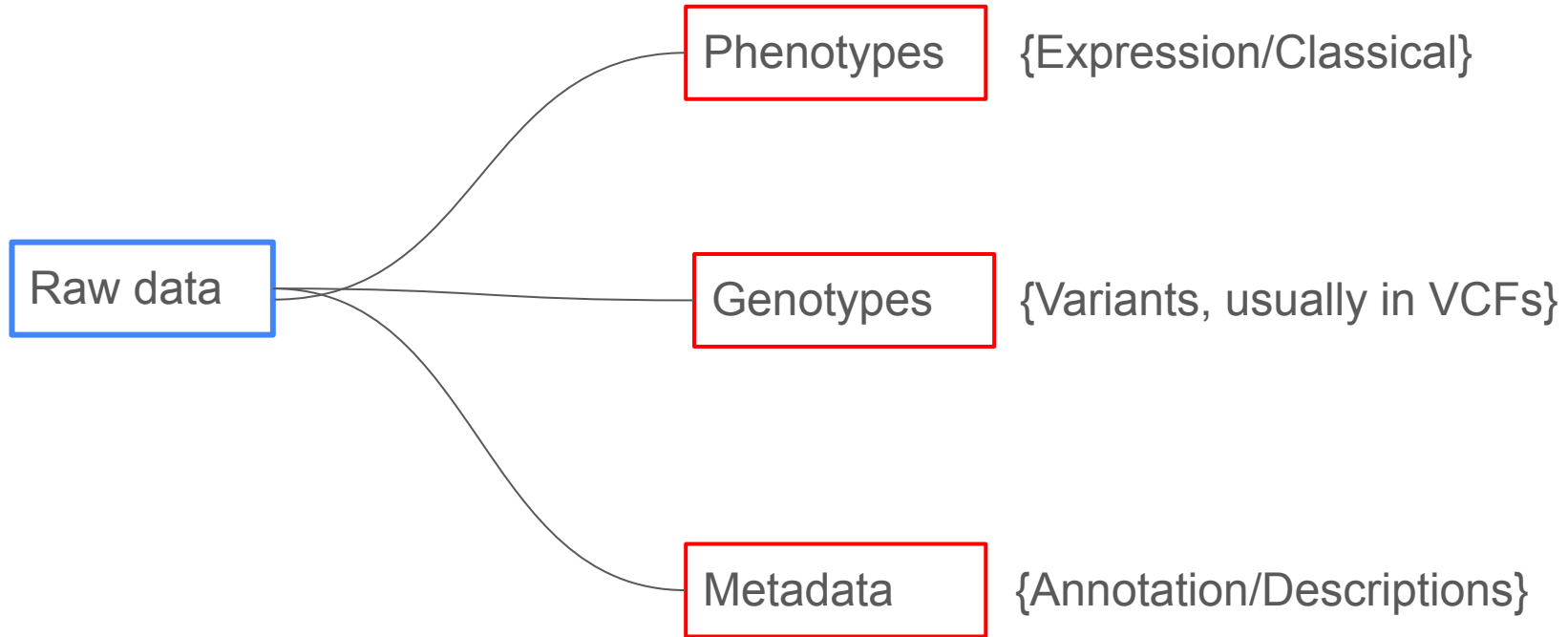
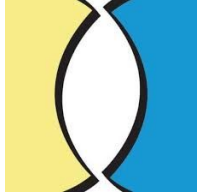
- A Web-Service for System Genetics
- Integrating large/diverse datasets (molecular, genotypes, and phenotypes)
- Curated data on model organisms



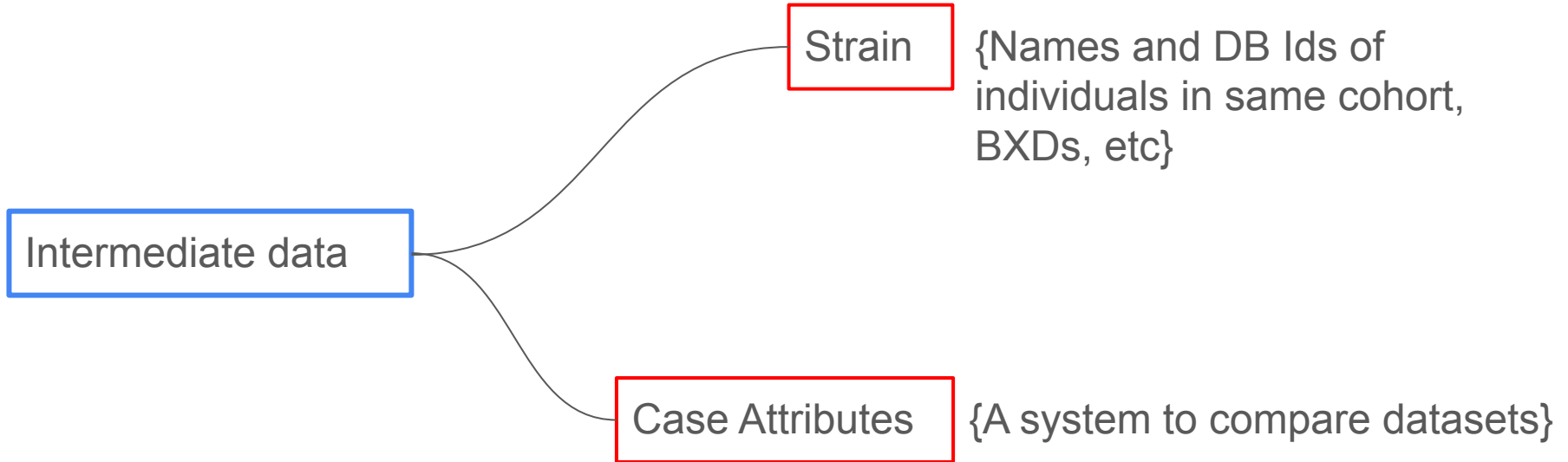
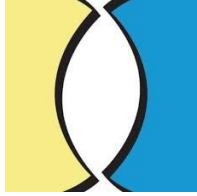
# Why GeneNetwork?

- Database storage to a number of the biological datasets
- QC checks prior to data uploads
- Contain tools for analysis (GWAS, mapping, statistics, etc)
- Data can be downloaded for research use

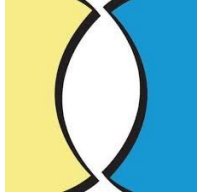
# What data GN2 expects?



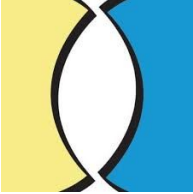
# What data GN2 expects?



# Quality checks prior to Uploading



- For phenotypes:
  - Log2 transformation and normalization (expression data mostly)
  - Numerical data
  - Empty cells to be filled with NAs string
  - At most, 6 decimal places



# Quality checks prior to Uploading

- For Genotypes:
  - Marker Ids (e.g rsxxxxx ids for snps, custom derivatives, etc)
  - Chromosomes
  - Variant positions (used to calculate physical maps{in base pairs})
  - Information on genetic maps

# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Genotypes

ID	WN1001	WN1002	WN1003	WN1004	WN1005	WN1006	WN1007
I_6313_SDP_14	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1
I_6314_SDP_14	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1
I_17860_SDP_JU1511	1	-1	-1	-1	0.5	-1	-1
I_17885_SDP_JU1511	1	-1	-1	-1	0.5	-1	-1

Map file (Variants)

name	Chromosome	position
I_6313_SDP_14	I	6313
I_6314_SDP_14	I	6314
I_17860_SDP_JU1511	I	17860
I_17885_SDP_JU1511	I	17885

Marker file (IDs, Xsomes, Positions)



# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Genotypes

- A command line tool is available to convert input geno data into GeneNetwork required format

“ ./Celegans\_genom\_processor.py geno\_file marker\_file output\_file”

- Where:
  - “./Celegans\_genom\_processor.py”, is the python tool
  - geno\_file=”path to Snoek\_mapfile.txt”
  - marker\_file=”path to Snoek\_markerfile.txt”
  - output\_file=”path to where the output file will be stored”
- More information on the tool is found in this link:

[Celegans\\_protocol\\_section01](#)

# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Phenotypes

- A command line tool is available to convert input pheno data into GeneNetwork required format

“ ./Celegans\_phenotype\_processor.py pheno\_file output\_file”

- Where:
  - “./Celegans\_phenotype\_processor.py”, is the python tool
  - pheno\_file=”path to Snoek\_phenotype.txt”
  - output\_file=”path to where the output file will be stored”
- More information on the tool is found in this link:

[Celegans\\_protocol\\_section02](#)

# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Metadata

- Information explaining the data provided, its essence, structure, and use
- Usually provided as part of supplementary information as used on a published research paper
- Or, customary to the data providers
- For phenotypes, there are several columns that are expected to be present for the metadata to be complete
- For more details, visit: [Celegans\\_protocol\\_section04](#)
- And for an example file format, visit: [Phenotype descriptions](#)

# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Genotypes

Chr	Locus	cM	Mb	WN1001	WN1002	WN1003	WN1004	WN1005	WN1006
I	I_6313_SDP_14	0.006313	0.006313	B	A	B	B	B	B
I	I_6314_SDP_14	0.006314	0.006314	B	A	B	B	B	B
I	I_17860_SDP_JU1511	0.01786	0.01786	B	A	A	A	H	A
I	I_17885_SDP_JU1511	0.017885	0.017885	B	A	A	A	H	A

Output file

- The output file should have a .geno extension (i.e Snoek\_genotype.geno)
- The variants are encoded to letters to facilitate mapping analyses in GN2 (Part of QC standards in GN2)
- Metadata will be added on top of the output file

## Genotypes

## Genotype file with metadata

<div>@name:BXD</div> <div>@type:rjset</div> <div>@mat:B</div> <div>@pat:D</div> <div>@het:H</div> <div>@unk:U</div>																			
Chr	Locus	cM	Mb	BXD1	BXD2	BXD5	BXD6	BXD8	BXD9	BXD11	BXD12	BXD13	BXD14	BXD15	BXD16	BXD18	BXD19	BXD20	
	1rsm100000000001	0	3.00149B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs31443144	0.11	3.010274B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs6269442	0.21	3.492195B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs32285189	0.32	3.511204B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs258367496	0.43	3.659804B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs32430919	0.53	3.777023B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs36251697	0.64	3.812265B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs30658298	0.75	4.430623B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs31879829	0.85	4.518714B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		
	1rs36742481	0.96	4.776319B	B	D	D	D	B	B	D	B	B	D	D	B	D	D		

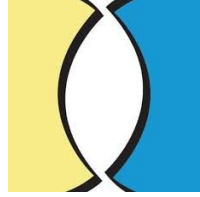
# Processing Input files (for C.elegans)

## Phenotypes

WN_ID	WN001	WN002	WN003	WN004
17_Rodriguez_2012_trait_1	204.333333	274.818182	240.916667	290.333333
SE	X	X	X	X
N	X	X	X	X
17_Rodriguez_2012_trait_2	12.372685	5.842593	10.578125	14.561921
SE	X	X	X	X
N	X	X	X	X
17_Rodriguez_2012_trait_3	54.852419	112.589358	66.874996	119.882013
SE	X	X	X	X
N	X	X	X	X
17_Rodriguez_2012_trait_4	3.134638	1.110597	4.271893	5.971903
SE	X	X	X	X
N	X	X	X	X
17_Rodriguez_2012_trait_5	154.454545	167.3	165.833333	197.909091
SE	X	X	X	X
N	X	X	X	X

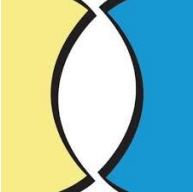
### A snapshot of a processed phenotype file

- Notice the “SE’ and ‘N’
- There are at most 6 decimal places



# Uploading Protocols are important .....

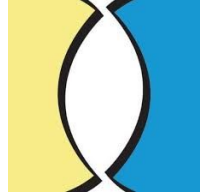
- Help with automation in data processing
- Varying nature of the raw datasets
- Guidelines to help individuals cross-check their datasets before uploading
- Saves time



# How to upload data to GeneNetwork

- A quick demonstration on how to use the uploader (currently being optimized)
  - Walk you through the process of Uploading new datasets using the uploader.
- The uploader will simplify steps involved in uploading data manually to GeneNetwork, therefore making it easy for even the non programmers to manage putting their data to GN.
- Link: <https://staging-uploader.genenetwork.org/>





# How to use GeneNetwork

- Let's get into a quick demonstration on how to use the Web Server:
  - Navigating menu search and global search
  - Mapping analyses (GEMMA, Rqtl2, etc)
- A brief explanation on the GeneNetwork homepage, then on with the live demo
- Link to gn2: <https://genenetwork.org/>

Genes / Molecules

Enter your search term here (ex: cytochrome AND P450)

Search

Global Search

## Select and Search

Species: Mouse (Mus musculus, mm10)

Group: BXD Family

Info

Type: Hippocampus mRNA

Info

Dataset: Hippocampus Consortium M430v2 (Jun06) PDNN

Get Any:

Enter terms, genes, ID numbers in the Search field.

Use \* or ? wildcards (Cyp\*a?, synap\*).

Use quotes for terms such as "tyrosine kinase".

[see more hints](#)

Combined:

Search

Lock Menu

## Tutorials

## Webinars &amp; Courses

In-person courses, live webinars and webinar recordings

## Tutorials

Tutorials: Training materials in HTML, PDF and video formats

## Documentation

Online manuals, handbooks, fact sheets and FAQs

## News

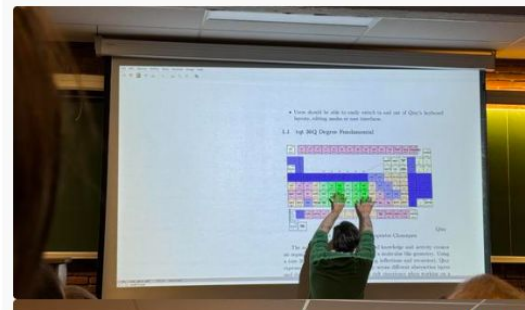
genenetwork

dentarg

@dentarg

2/2/2025, 4:02:30 PM

@indieterminacy killing it at #FOSDEM 2025



more news items...

Menu Search

## Advanced Commands

You can also use advanced commands. Copy these simple examples into the Get Any field for single term searches and Combined for searches with multiple terms:

- **POSITION=(chr1 25 30)** finds genes, markers, or transcripts on chromosome 1 between 25 and 30 Mb.
- **MEAN=(15 16)** in the **Combined** field finds highly expressed genes (15 to 16 log2 units)
- **RANGE=(1.5 2.5)** in the **Any** field finds traits with values with a specified fold-range (minimum = 1). Useful for finding "housekeeping genes" (**1.0 1.2**) or highly variable molecular assays (**10 100**).
- **LRS=(15 1000)** or **LOD=(2 8)** finds all traits with peak LRS or LOD scores between lower and upper limits.
- **LRS=(9 999 Chr4 122 155)** finds all traits on Chr 4 from 122 and 155 Mb with

## Links

- Github
  - [GN2 Source Code](#)
  - [GN3 Source Code](#)
  - [GN1 Source Code](#)
  - [System Maintenance Code](#)

GENENETWORK HOMEPAGE

## Select and Search

**Species:** Mouse (Mus musculus, mm10)

**Group:** BXD Family

**Type:** Hippocampus mRNA

**Dataset:** Hippocampus Consortium M430v2 (Jun06) PDNN

**Get Any:**

Enter terms, genes, ID numbers in the **Search** field.  
Use \* or ? wildcards (Cyp\*a?, synap\*).  
Use **quotes** for terms such as "tyrosine kinase".  
[see more hints](#)

**Combined:**

## Advanced Commands

You can also use advanced commands. Copy these simple examples into the Get Any field for single term searches and Combined for searches with multiple terms:

- POSITION=(chr1 25 30)** finds genes, markers, or transcripts on chromosome 1 between 25 and 30 Mb.
- MEAN=(15 16)** in the **Combined** field finds highly expressed genes (15 to 16 log2 units)
- RANGE=(1.5 2.5)** in the **Any** field finds traits with values with a specified fold-range (minimum = 1). Useful for finding "housekeeping genes" (**1.0 1.2**) or highly variable molecular assays (**10 100**).
- LRS=(15 1000)** or **LOD=(2 8)** finds all traits with peak LRS or LOD scores between lower and upper limits.
- LRS=(9 999 Chr4 122 155)** finds all traits on Chr 4 from 122 and 155 Mb with

## Tutorials

### Webinars & Courses

In-person courses, live webinars and webinar recordings

### Tutorials

Tutorials: Training materials in HTML, PDF and video formats

### Documentation

Online manuals, handbooks, fact sheets and FAQs

## News



## Links

- Github
  - GN2 Source Code
  - GN3 Source Code
  - GN1 Source Code
  - System Maintenance Code

## Global Search Syntax

GeneNetwork Intro Help Tools Collections 0 Source Code Sign in Register

### Global Search Queries

This page documents search queries as understood by our xapian search engine (aka "the global search").  
General xapian search query syntax is documented on the xapian website.  
• <https://getting-started-with-xapian.readthedocs.io/en/latest/concepts/search/queryparser.html>

The specifics of GeneNetwork's use of xapian differs slightly in the choice of prefixes and special syntax such as the synteny search. The examples below may help to illustrate it.

#### Free text search

Search for the term "cytochrome" in the free text.

cytochrome

Search for the term "cytochrome" and the term "P450" in the free text. Only results that have both are shown.

cytochrome AND P450

Search for occurrences of the term "cytochrome" near the term "P450" in the free text.

cytochrome NEAR P450

Search for the term "cytochrome" in the free text but exclude results that have the term "P450".

cytochrome -P450  
cytochrome NOT P450

#### Boolean filtering

Search for results pertaining to the human species.

## Menu search hacks

GENENETWORK HOMEPAGE

## Current challenges facing GeneNetwork....

- Uploading huge datasets
- Access and formatting metadata for data representation
  - Useful during queries
- Defining case Attributes
- Data processing protocols are custom to the data structure and organisation from source
  - Automation becomes a bit affected
  - More optimization needed time to time

Thank you  
for  
listening!



*Handwritten signature in red ink.*