

## HW 6

**Exercise 3.** Use the result of Remark 3 to determine the rates of convergence of  $e$  in  $L_2$  and  $H^1$  when  $m = 1$  and  $k = 2$  (i.e., quadratic elements).

$$\|e\|_s \leq c h^\beta \|u\|_{k+1}$$

$$\beta = \min(k+1-s, 2(k+1-m))$$

$$k=2 \quad m=1$$

for  $e$  in  $L_2$ ,  $s=0$

$$\therefore \beta = \min(3, 4) = 3$$

$$\therefore \|e\|_0 \leq c h^3 \|u\|_3 \rightarrow \text{rate of } 3$$

for  $e$  in  $H^1$ ,  $s=1$

$$\beta = \min(2, 4) = 2$$

$$\therefore \|e\|_1 \leq c h^2 \|u\|_3 \rightarrow \text{rate of } 2$$

**Exercise 4.** Determine the convergence rates of  $e$  in  $L_2$ ,  $H^1$ , and  $H^2$  for Bernoulli-Euler beam theory ( $m = 2$ ) and Hermite cubic shape functions ( $k = 3$ ).

$$m=2 \quad k=3$$

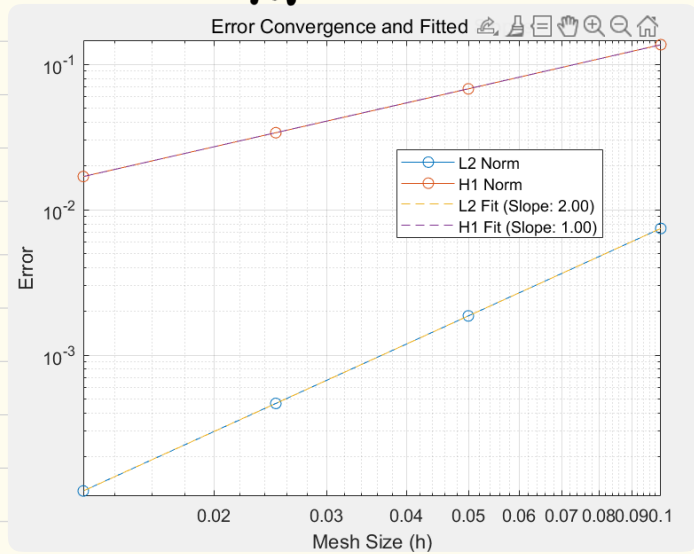
$$\|e\|_s \leq c h^\beta \|u\|_{k+1} \quad \beta = \min(k+1-s, 2(k+1-m))$$

$$\text{for } L_2, \quad s=0 \quad \beta = \min(4, 4) = 4$$

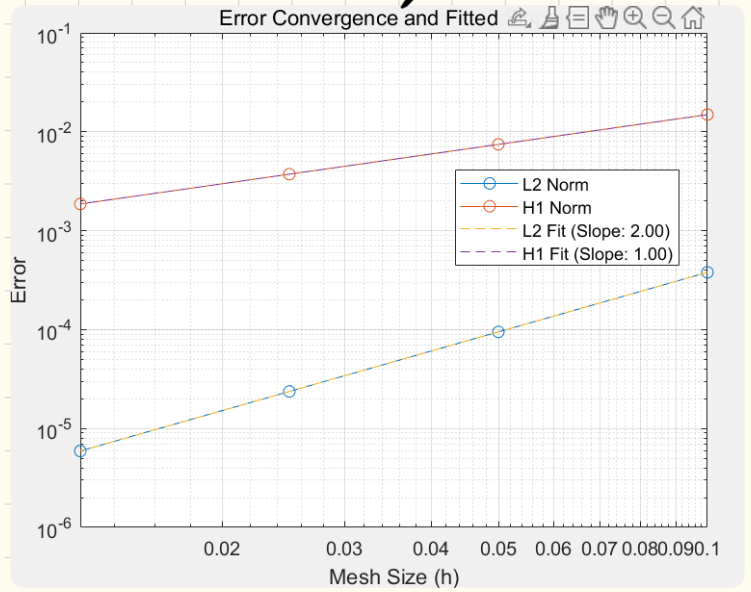
$$\text{for } H^1, \quad s=1 \quad \beta = \min(3, 4) = 3$$

$$\text{for } H^2, \quad s=2 \quad \beta = \min(2, 4) = 2$$

二. error:  
三角形



四边形



$$s=1 \rightarrow \beta=1$$

$$s=0 \rightarrow \beta=2$$

合理