

Practice Exercises

The following exercises are proposed to practice C programming. They are optional. They do not need to be submitted will not be graded.

1. Write a function that calculate the factorial of a positive integer. Display on the screen the Pascal triangle, which contains values of

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

Values of n increase along the lines and values of k increase along the columns. You may want to explore what `%d`, `%4d`, or `%6d` do inside “`printf`”.

2. The Taylor series of the sine function and the cosine function are given by

$$\sin(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \cdots = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$$

and

$$\cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \cdots = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!}$$

respectively. Write functions “`sinTaylor(N, x)`” and “`cosTaylor(N, x)`” that calculate the first N terms in the series. Include the mathematical library “`math.h`” at the beginning of your code so that the standard functions “`sin`” and “`cos`” are available. Verify that the errors

$$|\sin(x) - \sinTaylor(N, x)|$$

and

$$|\cos(x) - \cosTaylor(N, x)|$$

are bounded by the $(N+1)$ -th term (the first dropped term) in the corresponding Taylor series. Remember to use “`-lm`” at the end of your compilation command.

3. The golden-ratio algorithm can find the local maximum of a function on an interval $[a, b]$. The golden ratio is the number

$$g = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

which satisfies

$$\frac{1-g}{g} = g$$

The algorithm has the steps

- (a) Define

$$l = b - g(b - a) \quad \text{and} \quad r = a + g(b - a)$$

- (b) Substitute

$$\begin{aligned} b &\leftarrow r & \text{if } f(l) > f(r) \\ a &\leftarrow l & \text{if } f(l) \leq f(r) \end{aligned}$$

- (c) If $b - a < 10^{-6}$, then $(a + b)/2$ is accepted as the required solution; otherwise, go back to Step (a).

Implement the algorithm for $f(x) = \cos(x)$, $a = -100$, and $b = 10$.