当Docker遇到Intellij IDEA,再次解放了生产力~

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(给ImportNew加星标,提高Java技能)

转自: 陶章好

链接: https://juejin.im/post/5d026212f265da1b8608828b

Idea是Java开发利器,SpringBoot是Java生态中最流行的微服务框架,docker是时下最火的容器技术,那么它们结合在一起会产生什么化学反应呢?

一、开发前准备

- 1. Docker的安装可以参考https://docs.docker.com/install/
- 2. 配置docker远程连接端口

```
vi /usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service
```

找到 ExecStart, 在最后面添加 -H tcp://0.0.0.0:2375, 如下图所示

```
[Unit]
Description=Docker Application Container Engine
Documentation=https://docs.docker.com
BindsTo=containerd.service
After=network-online.target firewalld.service containerd.service
Wants=network-online.target
Requires=docker.socket
[Service]
Type=notify
 the default is not to use systemd for cgroups because the delegate issues still
# exists and systemd currently does not support the cgroup feature set required
  for containers run by docker
xecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock -H tcp://0.0.0.0:2375
ExecReload=/bin/kill -s HUP $MAINPID
TimeoutSec=0
RestartSec=2
Restart=always
```

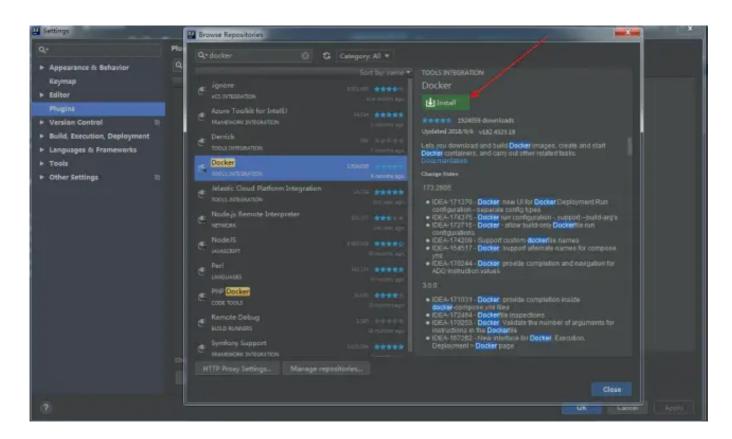
3. 重启docker

```
1 systemctl daemon-reload
2 systemctl start docker
```

4. 开放端口

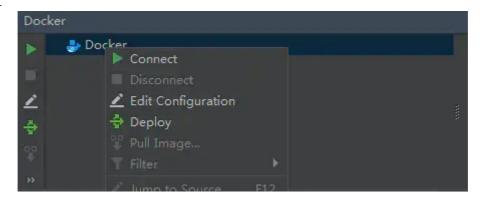
```
1 firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=2375/tcp --permanent
```

5. Idea安装插件,重启

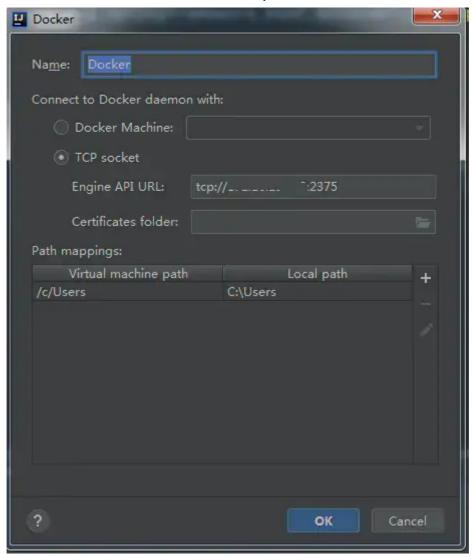


6. 连接远程docker

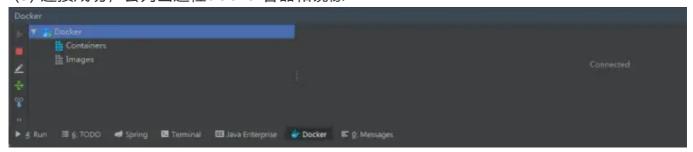
(1) 编辑配置



(2) 填远程docker地址



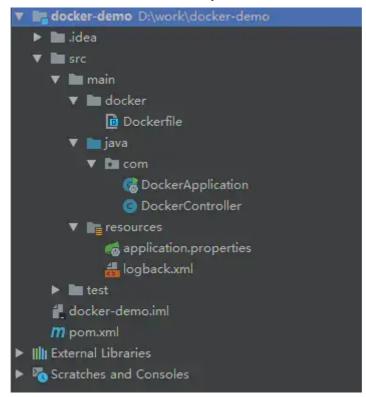
(3) 连接成功,会列出远程docker容器和镜像



二、新建项目

1. 创建springboot项目

项目结构图



(1) 配置pom文件

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
ct xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
                                 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
                                 xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0 http://wawen.apach
               <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
               <groupId>docker-demo
               <artifactId>com.demo</artifactId>
               <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT
               <parent>
                             <groupId>org.springframework.boot
                             <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId>
                             <version>2.0.2.RELEASE
                             <relativePath />
               </parent>
               cproperties>
                                 project.build.sourceEncoding>UTF-8/project.build.sourceEncoding>
                                 ct.reporting.outputEncoding>UTF-8/project.reporting.outputEncoding>UTF-8
                                 <docker.image.prefix>com.demo</docker.image.prefix>
                                 <java.version>1.8</java.version>
               </properties>
```

```
<build>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.springframework.boot
        <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
     </plugin>
   <plugin>
       <groupId>com.spotify</groupId>
       <artifactId>docker-maven-plugin</artifactId>
       <version>1.0.0
      <configuration>
          <dockerDirectory>src/main/docker</dockerDirectory>
          <resources>
            <resource>
                <targetPath>/</targetPath>
                <directory>${project.build.directory}</directory>
                <include>${project.build.finalName}.jar</include>
            </resource>
          </resources>
       </configuration>
   </plugin>
   <plugin>
        <artifactId>maven-antrun-plugin</artifactId>
        <executions>
             <execution>
                 <phase>package</phase>
                <configuration>
                    <tasks>
                        <copy todir="src/main/docker" file="target/${proj</pre>
                    </tasks>
                 </configuration>
                <goals>
                    <goal>run</goal>
                </goals>
                </execution>
        </executions>
    </plugin>
   </plugins>
</build>
```

```
<dependencies>
       <dependency>
          <groupId>org.springframework.boot
          <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
     <groupId>org.springframework.boot
          <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
          <scope>test</scope>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
          <groupId>log4j
          <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
          <version>1.2.17
       </dependency>
78 </dependencies>
79 </project>
```

(2) 在src/main目录下创建docker目录,并创建Dockerfile文件

(3) 在resource目录下创建application.properties文件

```
1 logging.config=classpath:logback.xml
2 logging.path=/home/developer/app/logs/
3 server.port=8990
```

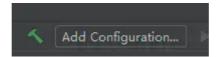
(4) 创建DockerApplication文件

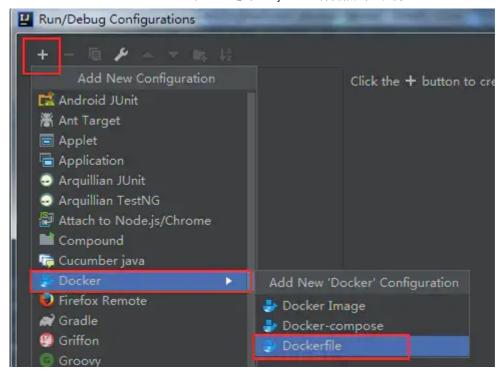
```
1 @SpringBootApplication
```

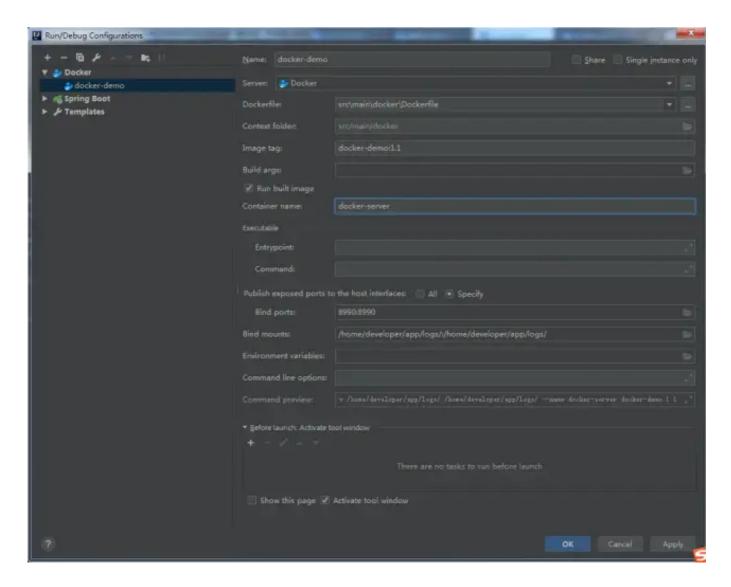
```
public class DockerApplication {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DockerApplication.class, args);
   }
}
```

(5) 创建DockerController文件

(6) 增加配置







命令解释

Image tag: 指定镜像名称和tag, 镜像名称为 docker-demo, tag为1.1

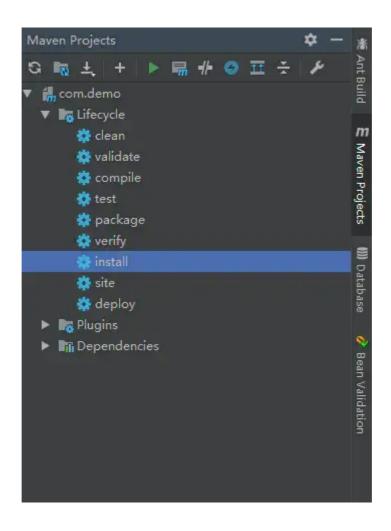
Bind ports: 绑定宿主机端口到容器内部端口。格式为[宿主机端口]:[容器内部端口]

Bind mounts:将宿主机目录挂到到容器内部目录中。格式为[宿主机目录]:[容器内部目录]。

这个springboot项目会将日志打印在容器

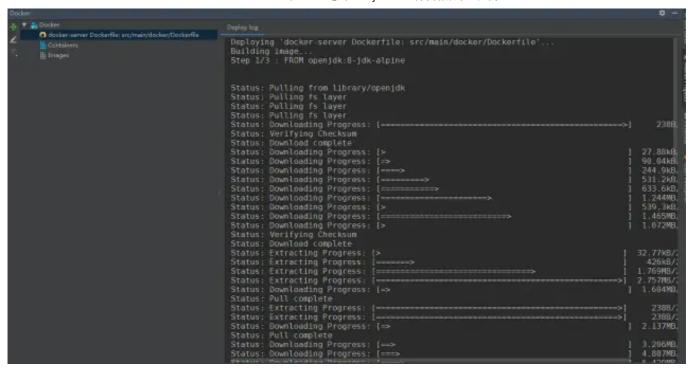
/home/developer/app/logs/ 目录下,将宿主机目录挂载到容器内部目录后,那么日志就会持久化容器外部的宿主机目录中。

(7) Maven打包

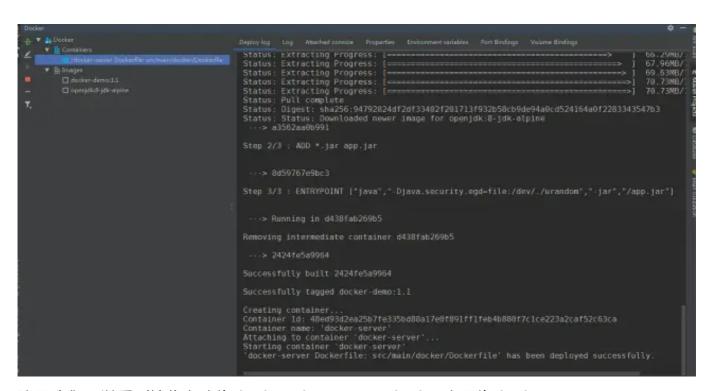


(8) 运行



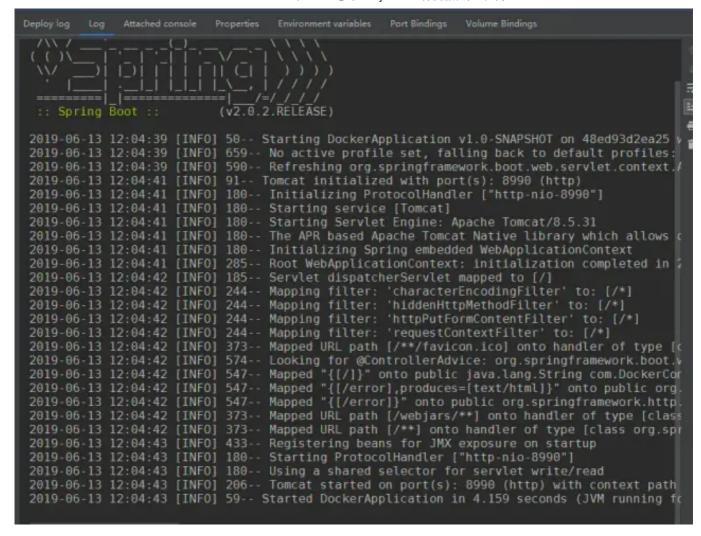


先pull基础镜像, 然后再打包镜像, 并将镜像部署到远程docker运行



这里我们可以看到镜像名称为docker-demo:1.1, docker容器为docker-server

(9) 运行成功

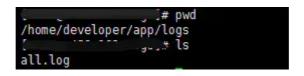


(10) 浏览器访问



Hello Docker!

(11) 日志查看



自此通过idea 部署springboot项目到docker成功!难以想象,部署一个Javaweb项目竟然如此简单方便!

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IDEA 上位? 不! Eclipse Theia 1.0 发布!

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踩坑了, JDK8中HashMap依然会产生死循环问题!

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